

EXPORT OF Canine Semen TO Lithuania

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE (NFG) FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

IMPORTANT: The certificate is provided based on information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, in Carlisle, see the link below.

[Contact APHA - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](http://www.gov.uk)

This document should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with 9132 EHC.

Scope of the certificate

This certificate may be issued for the export of canine semen to Lithuania where the certification takes place in Wales, Scotland or England, i.e. Great Britain only.

A note on the English text and translation:

Please note that this certificate is taken from an English translation provided by Lithuanian Authorities and the English text is therefore constrained by their model certificate.

Country of origin

Although the certificate has been prepopulated with UNITED KINGDOM, this certificate should and can only be issued for animals that are certified in England, Scotland and Wales (i.e. Great Britain).

Certification

The basic principles of certification apply and although this is not a harmonised EU level EU entry certificate, the general requirements that the EU specifies for its harmonised certificates for Part I of the certificates should be followed i.e. Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235 Chapter 4 Annex I.

Entry BCP

Official designation number of the BCP should be used, list for reference provided here: [Designated Border Control Posts \(BCPs\) \(europa.eu\)](#).

Place of loading

In the case of traveling by plane, write "name of the airport". In case of traveling by sea, write "name of the port". In case of traveling by land, write "name of the establishment where the products are loaded onto means of transport".

Means of transport

Select one or more of the following means of transport for animals or goods leaving the country of dispatch, and indicate its identification:

- aircraft (indicate the flight number);
- ship (indicate the ship name and number);
- railway (indicate the train identity and wagon number);
- road vehicle (indicate the registration number with trailer number, if applicable).

In the case of a ferry, tick 'ship' and identify the road vehicle(s) with registration number (with trailer number, if applicable), in addition to the name and number of the scheduled ferry.

Marking and identification -

Reference text for marking and identification to establish tracing information is copied below and was correct at time of publication. Specifically note the requirement for country ISO code 'GB' for products collected, processed and stored in England, Scotland and Wales. Please verify via EUR-Lex <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX:32020R0686&qid=1650619542331> the latest version of this text:

1.Operators collecting, producing, processing or storing germinal products of dogs or cats, of terrestrial animals other than bovine, porcine, ovine, caprine or equine animals kept at confined establishments or of animals of the family Camelidae or Cervidae **shall mark each straw** or other package in which semen, oocytes or embryos, whether or not separated into individual doses, are placed, stored and transported in such a way that the following information can be readily established:

(a) the date of collection or production of those germinal products;

(b) the species, where necessary subspecies, and identification of the donor animal(s);

(c) one of the following:

(i) the address of the establishment of collection or production, processing and storage of those germinal products;

(ii) where the establishment of collection or production, processing and storage of those germinal products was assigned with a unique registration number, the unique registration number which shall include the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code of the country in which the establishment is registered;

(iii) where the establishment of collection or production, processing and storage of those germinal products is a confined establishment, the unique approval number which shall include the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 code of the country in which the approval is granted;

(d) any other information.

2. In case of sex-sorting of semen at an establishment other than the establishment of its collection or production, the operator of the establishment of collection or production of that semen shall supplement the information referred to in paragraph 1 with information which permits the identification of the establishment where that semen was sex-sorted.

3. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, where the semen of the animals referred to in paragraph 1 is frozen in pellets, the operator may mark the goblet containing semen pellets of a single donor instead of marking each individual pellet in that goblet.

4. Where a single straw or another package contains semen collected from more than one donor animal, the operator shall ensure that the information, referred to in paragraph 1, includes the identification of all donor animals.

In Point 1.27, Identification number is the ID of the donor and identification mark is the marking of the straw.

II Health information:

II.1 - the donor dog must be examined at the time of the semen collection and must be clinically healthy from infectious diseases including Parvovirus.

II.2 - OV must verify that dog has valid vaccination against Rabies at the time of the semen collection.

Donor animal needs to be vaccinated against Rabies Vaccine needs to be used in accordance with manufacturer instructions. Rabies vaccination must be within the validity period at the time of semen collection. If the vaccination has been carried out by another veterinary surgeon, the owner/exporter must provide satisfactory evidence to the OV in the form of a valid certificate. OV should keep copies of the rabies vaccination certificate for their own records.

II.3 - OV to add name of the product to the certificate in this section. OV should verify information about the product used, as batch (or lot) number and an expiration date.

OV should also verify that extender is not posing a disease risk, in that any products of animal origin used in the diluent was obtained from sources which presented no animal health risk or was so treated prior to use that such risk was prevented.

If required for certification of this paragraph, OV can request all the relevant information from exporter in writing.

DISCLAIMER

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<https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/animal-and-plant-health-agency/about/access-and-opening#specialist-service-centres-ssc>