

EXPORT OF SHEEP/GOATS FOR BREEDING TO ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OV's) and exporters and should have been issued to you together with export certificate 8805EHC. These Notes for Guidance (NFG) are not intended to operate as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 8805EHC.

Exporters are strongly advised to verify the requirements of the importing country by contacting the veterinary authorities, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

1. Scope of the Certificate

Export health certificate 8805EHC may be used for the export of sheep and/or goats for breeding purposes from the United Kingdom to St. Kitts and Nevis. The scrapie requirements at Paragraph IV f) (iii) may be certified on the basis of the scrapie support certificate 8805SPT and further guidance below. 8805SPT should not accompany the consignment to St Nevis and Kitts as it is a support certificate only.

It is not permitted to export sheep or goats from Great Britain for fattening or slaughter. This applies to journeys from, and transit journeys through, Great Britain to destinations outside the UK, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man.

2. Certification by an Official Veterinarian (OV)

This certificate may be signed by an OV appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Scottish Government, Welsh Government or the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) Northern Ireland, who is on the appropriate panel for export purposes or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

OVs should sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any colour OTHER THAN BLACK.

Under the Animal Welfare (Livestock Exports) Act 2024, it is an offence to export sheep or goats for slaughter and fattening, beginning in or transiting through Great Britain to a third country.

If the OV has suspicions that the consignment is being exported for fattening or slaughter in contravention of section 1 of the Animal Welfare (Livestock Exports) Act 2024, this should be reported as soon as possible to APHA by calling 03000 200 301.

In your report, please detail the following:

- EHC and journey log reference number Location and address of inspection, including CPH number
- Name and address of transporter and journey organiser
- Transporter authorisation number Details of the animals in the consignment (number, species, age)
- The reason for your concern Any relevant additional information

Certified Copy Requirements - England, Wales and Scotland

Guidance concerning return of certified copies of EHCs has changed and only specific certified copies are required to be returned to the APHA. Certifying OVs must return a certified copy of EHCs only for the following EHC types:

- if the exported commodity is cattle, pigs, sheep, goats or camelids;

- if the certificate was applied for manually and the application documents have been emailed to APHA and not applied for via the Exports Health Certificates Online (EHCO) system.

Certified copies should be emailed on the day of signature to the Centre for International Trade Carlisle (CITC) at the following address: certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk.

For certificates that have been issued to the Certifying OV via the EHCO system, the Certifying OV must complete the certifier portal with the status of the certificate and the date of signature.

A copy of all EHCs and supporting documentation certified must be retained for two years.

Certifying OVs are not required to return certified copies of other EHCs issued, however CITC may request certified copies of EHCs and supporting documentation in order to complete Quality Assurance checks or if an issue arises with the consignment after certification.

DAERA Export Health Certificates: provision of certified copies

Authorised Private Veterinary Practitioners (aPVPs) certifying DAERA Export Certification On-Line (DECOL) produced EHCs must return a legible, scanned copy of the final EHC to the relevant DAERA Processing Office within 1 working day of signing.

Good quality photographic copies will be accepted by the Department where obtaining a scanned copy is not feasible - for example, where 'on site' certification is undertaken and scanning facilities are not available.

For record purposes, a copy of the final Export Health Certificate and associated Support documents should be retained by the aPVP for a period of 2 years from the date of certification.

The Department will carry out periodic audits of all aspects of export certification to ensure that a high standard of certification is being maintained.

3. Obtaining an import permit

The exporter/agent should be aware of the requirements of the importing country particularly with respect to the requirement for an import permit. The import permit number should be given in the health certificate at paragraph III c).

4. Schedules

Paragraph I refers: Separate schedules may be used to provide the information required. The schedules must contain the same information as that required in paragraph I and paragraph I must be annotated "See attached schedule". Each page of the schedules must bear a page number and the health certificate reference number and must be signed, dated and stamped by the Official Veterinarian (OV).

The schedules must be stapled inside the health certificate and the OV should "fan" and stamp over the pages of the schedules and certificate. The top stapled corner of the schedules and certificate should be folded over and stamped also. Any blank spaces in the schedules or in paragraph I must be deleted with diagonal lines.

5. Laboratory tests

The OV must ensure that any laboratory carrying out pre-export testing is officially approved for this purpose by DEFRA or DAERA. Such approval is given on the basis that these tests are carried out in accordance with the Terrestrial Manual of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH).

In Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland), the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the APHA Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Addlestone, Surrey, KT15 3NB, (Tel: 01932 341111). Some

tests are carried out at APHA Lasswade, Pentlands Science Park, Bush Loan, Penicuik, Midlothian, EH26 0PZ, (Tel: 0131 445 6169). Certain specialist tests are carried out at regional APHA laboratories.

In Northern Ireland, the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the Veterinary Sciences Division (VSD) Laboratory, Stormont, Belfast, BT4 3SD (tel: 028 9052 0011).

For operational reasons however, the laboratories involved may change periodically. Accordingly, the OV is advised to check with the VLA or VSD to determine to which laboratories samples should be sent for testing. Samples should always be sent to the laboratory concerned sufficiently in advance of the export date to enable the tests to be carried out and reported. If in doubt as to the procedures for collection, the requirement for transport medium if any, dispatch of samples and the length of time a test is likely to take, the OV should seek the advice of the relevant laboratory.

6. Notifiable disease clearance (form 618NDC)

Paragraph IV. b) refers: OVs may certify paragraph IV. b) on behalf of the Department provided written authority to do so has been obtained on form 618NDC from the AHVLA Centre for International Trade (CIT) at Carlisle or the issuing office of DAERE in Northern Ireland.

7. Additional Support Assurances required to enable certain paragraphs to be signed by the Official Veterinarian.

Paragraphs IV.(a), IV.(d), IV.(e), IV.(g) and IV.(h) refer: OVs may certify these paragraphs based on personal knowledge of the herd(s) of origin of the animals for export or supporting certification from a private veterinarian with knowledge of the herd(s) of origin.

8. Scrapie

Paragraph IV.f) refers.

IV.f) (i)

Although the WOH Animal Health Code does not currently have any recommendations for **eradicating** scrapie, it does recommend that surveillance and monitoring is in place to establish the scrapie free status of an establishment - see Article 14.8.5 https://www.woah.org/en/what-we-do/standards/codes-and-manuals/terrestrial-code-online-access/?id=169&L=1&htmlfile=chapitre_scrapie.htm on the basis of which the scrapie risk associated with the international trade in sheep and goats can be managed. This subparagraph can therefore be certified on the basis that scrapie is notifiable in the UK and the retained EU TSE Regulation (No 999/2001) and the implementing Regulation in the UK goes beyond WOH in that it sets out requirements for the control and eradication of TSEs as well.

IV.f) (ii)

The WOH Code Chapter on scrapie sets out the criteria for a scrapie free establishment. In practice, any holding that has a negligible (classical scrapie) risk status under the SRUC scrapie monitoring scheme (SMS) can be deemed to meet the WOH criteria. <https://www.sruc.ac.uk/business-services/what-is-your-goal/veterinary-laboratory-services/sheep-and-goat-health-schemes/scrapie-monitoring-for-export/>

IV.f) (iii)

The details of the parents and siblings must be established and if necessary (e.g. if the parents/siblings cannot be traced to establish they are still alive), subjected to a thorough search of Defra's **Scrapie Notification Database (SND)**, as follows:

SND checks: The owner/exporter must complete forms 8805SPT for submission to the certifying OV. The OV must then forward them to

Carlisle CIT who would arrange for the details (the identity of the animals, their parents and full siblings) to be checked to establish whether scrapie has been confirmed in the parents/full siblings and whether the animals are the progeny/full sibling of any case in which scrapie has been confirmed. If satisfactory, a veterinary officer will complete paragraph II of the 8805SPTs and return them to the OV. **If such a check is necessary, the certifying OV must allow good time for the search to be completed before paragraph IV f) (iii) can be signed.**

9. **Disclaimer**

This certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time, and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, Carlisle or DAERA, via the link or e-mail address below:

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contact-apha>

DAERA - Email: vs.implementation@daera-ni.gov.uk

