

# EXPORT OF PIGS FOR BREEDING AND PRODUCTION TO JERSEY AND THE BAILLIWICK OF GUERNSEY

## NOTES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF EXPORTERS AND THE OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

### IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OV) and exporters. The Notes for Guidance (NFG) should have been issued to you together with export certificate 6305EHC. The NFG should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 6305EHC. We strongly suggest that exporters obtain full details of the importing country's requirements from the veterinary authorities in the country concerned, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

#### 1. Certification by an Official Veterinarian (OV)

This certificate may be signed by an OV appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Scottish Government or the Welsh Government, who is on the appropriate panel for export purposes or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

OVs should sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any colour **OTHER THAN BLACK**.

#### **Certified Copy Requirements - England, Wales and Scotland**

Guidance concerning return of certified copies of EHCs has changed and only specific certified copies are required to be returned to the APHA. Certifying OVs must return a certified copy of EHCs only for the following EHC types:

- if the exported commodity is cattle, pigs, sheep, goats or camelids;
- if the certificate was applied for manually and the application documents have been emailed to APHA and not applied for via the Exports Health Certificates Online (EHCO) system.

Certified copies should be emailed on the day of signature to the Centre for International Trade Carlisle (CITC) at the following address: [certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk](mailto:certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk).

For certificates that have been issued to the Certifying OV via the EHCO system, the Certifying OV must complete the certifier portal with the status of the certificate and the date of signature.

A copy of all EHCs and supporting documentation certified must be retained for two years.

Certifying OVs are not required to return certified copies of other EHCs issued, however CITC may request certified copies of EHCs and supporting documentation in order to complete Quality Assurance checks or if an issue arises with the consignment after certification.

#### 2. Official Identification

All pigs exported from Great Britain must be identified in accordance with The Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 2011 (PRIMO) and equivalent legislation in Wales and Scotland.

Identification is by means of an ear tag or tattoo bearing the letters "UK" and the official herd mark of the holding on which the mark is applied (which need not necessarily be the premises from which the pigs are being exported if pigs were marked on a previous holding). The mark must also include a unique individual animal number

#### 3. Schedule of Number and Identification of Animals

A schedule may be used to identify the certified animals but it must contain the information identifying each individual animals as requested. Separate pages of a schedule must each be numbered with the corresponding Health Certificate number and with a page number and must be individually stamped and signed by the certifying veterinarian. Unused blank space on the schedules must be rendered void by making diagonal lines after drawing a line

under the last valid entry and signature. All separate pages must be made indivisible from the health certificate by stapling securely and fanning and over stamping separate pages of certificate and schedule.

4. **Isolation Premises**

All animals for export must be held in isolation on the premises of origin/or other suitable premises for at least 21 days prior to export..

Exporters should be reminded that before the OV can approve premises the following conditions must be met:-

Requirements:-

a. The isolation accommodation must comprise of an airspace separate from any airspace in which any other livestock are present, and be as remote as practicable from any other livestock.

b. The interior of the isolation building must be capable of being thoroughly cleansed and disinfected, and must be cleansed and disinfected using an approved disinfectant immediately before the animal(s) to be exported are placed therein.

c. No drainage or effluent produced by/derived from other livestock may pass through the isolation accommodation.

d. Any person who requires to enter the isolation accommodation must first put on overalls and boots reserved exclusively for use in the isolation accommodation.

e. A footbath containing an approved disinfectant, diluted in accordance with the manufacturers instructions must be located at the entrance. Any person entering must first wash and disinfect their boots using the footbath.

5. **No paragraph V (i)**

Note that the paragraph notation in the certificate reads V h) to V j) with paragraph V i) omitted. This is intentional as roman numeral 'i' is used to number indented paragraphs. (Use of both i) and i. could lead to confusion where advice related to specific paragraphs is given in Notes for Guidance).

6. **Disclaimer**

This certificate is provided based on information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, in Carlisle; see the link below.

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contact-apha>

7. **WELFARE**

Exporters and transporters must comply with all the legislation for the welfare of live animals during transport. The welfare conditions required during transport, are set out in Council Regulation EC No 1/2005 (as retained), implemented in England by The Welfare of Animals (Transport) (England) Order 2006, with parallel legislation in Scotland and Wales.

If transported by air, animals should also be transported in accordance with International Air Transport Association (IATA) standards.

Information about welfare during transport in Great Britain and the necessary requirements can be obtained from the Animal and Plant Health Agency:

Welfare in Transport Team  
Centre for International Trade  
Eden Bridge House  
Lowther Street, Carlisle  
CA3 8DX  
Phone: +44 (0) 3000 200 301  
E-mail: [WIT@apha.gov.uk](mailto:WIT@apha.gov.uk)