

Grant support for spruce management in the *Ips typographus* proactive spruce removal area



If you own woodland with spruce in the proactive spruce removal area, Forestry Commission grants can help you plan ahead, manage risk from *Ips typographus*, and invest confidently in the future of your woodland.

Woodland protection from spruce bark beetle

The eight-toothed spruce bark beetle (*Ips typographus*) is a serious pest of spruce trees recently found in parts of England. It mainly attacks weakened spruce but can spread to healthy trees, causing significant damage to woodlands and forestry. The beetle, particularly in association with blue stain fungus,

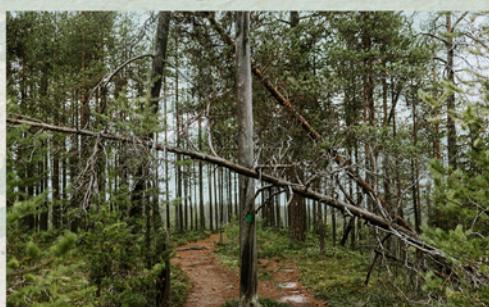
can weaken trees and reduce timber quality. In continental Europe, it has devastated spruce forests, and UK monitoring shows it can arrive on winds from the continent and could establish where conditions allow. Early detection, and management are essential to prevent outbreaks.

Proactive spruce management can:

- Reduce the risk of future infestations
- Protect tree health and woodland value
- Maximise timber use and potential income
- Give you greater flexibility and time to plan

Applications can be made individually or as a group, for woodland and non-woodland sites.

Ips typographus Demarcated Area



Spruce Site Assessment (SSA)

The Spruce Site Assessment offers a fixed payment of £2,000 to help you understand the amount and condition of spruce on your land, assess potential risks, and plan for felling and restocking.

Completing an SSA does not commit you to felling, but the information collected can also support future funding applications.

An SSA will help you to:

- Assess your spruce and identify susceptible material
- Plan ahead for felling, extraction and restocking
- Ensure plans meet *Ips typographus* demarcated area requirements
- Understand likely costs and funding options
- Contribute information to the national *Ips typographus* response

Tree Health Pilot: Proactive spruce removal

If you are in the proactive spruce removal area and do not have *Ips typographus*, you may be eligible for funding to fell and restock before infestation occurs, in line with your felling licence.

Funding available through the Tree Health Pilot

Felling and temporary infrastructure

- Priority spruce removal area: **80% of actual costs**
- Proactive area (outside priority area):
 - **40% of actual costs**, or
 - **80% of actual costs** where an SSA confirms susceptible spruce and is verified by the Forestry Commission
- Timber income is not deducted



Permanent infrastructure

- Up to 100% of actual costs for approved roads, tracks and loading areas
- Must be proportionate to spruce removed and agreed with a Forestry Commission Woodland Officer

Facilitation (group applications only)

- **£27 per hour (basic rate)**
- **£47.47 per hour** for environmental expertise
- Up to **£4,725 per month**

Grants for felling, infrastructure and biosecurity is **capped at £100,000** per application (excluding restocking and maintenance).

Restocking and maintenance

Funding is available to restock woodland sites and maintain new trees, using standard costs, capped per hectare by species and woodland type.

Native species (over 80% native):

- £6,000/hectare (ancient woodland)
- £4,720/hectare (other woodland)

Non-native species:

- £3,000/hectare (ancient woodland)
- £3,850/hectare (other woodland)

Maintenance payments are available for up to 5 years.

Trees planted outside woodland are funded at standard rates and maintenance payments are available for up to 3 years.

Find out more

Full scheme details are available on www.gov.uk/guidance/eight-toothed-european-spruce-bark-beetle-ips-typographus#thp

To start the process, submit a Tree Health Pilot: Proactive Spruce Removal Expression of Interest to thp.enquiries@forestrycommission.gov.uk

For Spruce Site Assessment enquiries:
SSAenquiries@forestrycommission.gov.uk

Support is available to help you manage spruce safely, sustainably and with confidence.

