



# Filling in your deputy report form

## Personal welfare decisions



## About the deputy report form

Why do you need to fill in the deputy report form?

The deputy report form:

- tells us about decisions you've made for the person you're acting for (called "P" in this guide which is the term used in the Mental Capacity Act 2005)

Sometimes OPG needs extra information. We might ask you to tell us more or ask a Court of Protection visitor to visit you and P to find out more.

## What happens if you don't send us your form or there are concerns?

By law, you **must** complete a deputy report form each year or when asked to do so by OPG.

If you don't fill in and send OPG your deputy report when required, or if there are concerns because of it, we may review your deputyship. Ultimately, this could lead to us applying to the Court of Protection to remove you as a deputy and appoint another deputy instead.

## Worries and concerns

If there is anything about being a deputy that is worrying you, tell us about it in your report form on page 7. We will contact you and try to help. For a quicker response, call or email your OPG case manager.

## Contact OPG

- Telephone: 0300 456 0300
- Calling from outside the UK: +44 (0)203 518 9639
- Relay UK (if you cannot hear or speak on the phone): 18001 0300 123 1300
- Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm; Wednesday 10am to 5pm
- Email: [customerservices@publicguardian.gov.uk](mailto:customerservices@publicguardian.gov.uk)

## Is this your first year as a deputy?

We know that the first year of being a deputy can be difficult. Get in touch with your OPG case manager for help with understanding your duties:

Send your completed form to:

Office of the Public Guardian  
PO Box 16185  
Birmingham  
B2 2WH

## Filling in the form

### Section 1: Deputy and information related to P

#### Reporting period (page 1)

Your reporting period is on the letter we sent you with your report form. Each one usually lasts 12 months, starting from the date when your court order is issued (not the date you receive it). You'll find that date on the first page of your court

Helpline  
0300 456 0300



order. For example, if your court order is dated 10 June, the reporting period is 10 June to 9 June of the following year.

Sometimes we might ask you to send reports more often than once a year.

## Does P spend time at more than one address?

It's helpful for us to have an up-to-date record of where P spends their time. So, we need to know about any other place where P spends a reasonable amount of time. If there is somewhere P spends weeks at a time, then let us know on page 8.

This is because we may need to organise a visit to P.

## Section 2: Decisions made over the reporting period

In this section, we ask you about:

- P's mental capacity to make personal welfare decisions over the reporting period – whether their mental capacity has changed or stayed the same during that time
- significant decisions you made for P during the reporting period

You need to consider if P's mental capacity has got better or is improving, and why. If P has regained capacity, you may need to make an application to the Court of Protection for your deputyship to be discharged.

'Mental capacity' means being able to make a specific decision at the time that it needs to be made.

### Significant decisions: deputy decisions (page 2)

You need to list all the important decisions you made for P during the reporting period that had an impact on their health, care or other circumstances.

We'd also like you to tell us about decisions you know about that someone else has made. This might be a care worker, GP or someone from the local authority.



A significant decision might be about:

- moving P to another nursing or care home
- changing their day centre
- agreeing to medical treatment
- who P lives with
- making a complaint about P's care or treatment

You do not need to include small, day-to-day decisions here.

### Significant decisions: P's involvement (page 2)

Tell us whether or not P was involved in making the decision and how you supported P to make the decision. Don't leave this section blank. If P has limited mental capacity and can't make any decisions, tell us about that here.

Mental capacity can change. P may be able to make some types of decisions but not others – or only make decisions at some times.

You **must** help P make all or part of a decision if they can. You should only make a decision if P can't make it when they need to. For advice on involving P in making decisions, see chapter 5 of the Mental Capacity Act Code of Practice, available at [www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code](http://www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code)

## Section 3: People you consulted

Write down the details of people you consulted in helping P, such as:

- care home, social services or local authority staff
- family members
- close friends of P
- GP and other health staff

We may need to contact them if something happens, and we have to carry out an investigation.

If possible, you should talk to people who know P well or work closely with them. Talk to them about P's wishes, feelings, beliefs and values.

If you didn't consult anyone, you need to tell us why you didn't.

You've been sent an extra sheet in case you need more space. Photocopy it as many times as you need.



## Section 4: Contact with P

We ask questions about who visits P so we can be sure they are not isolated. Not every deputy is able to visit P regularly. But there should be someone who could tell you if anything was wrong with P. This might be a family member or friend you speak to regularly who visits P.

## Section 5: P's personal welfare

In this section we ask you about:

- how P's care is paid for, and who provides the care
- when P's care plan was last reviewed
- P's general health, and any medical or care appointments or reviews
- activities and social events P took part in

We don't need to know about every single appointment or minor incident. We want a general understanding of P's health, and a record of any significant incidents or appointments.

For example, a person with epilepsy might regularly have seizures. We wouldn't need to know about each one, but you could tell us that they had a few seizures over the course of the year which may be normal for that person.

However, if a person with an ongoing condition got worse very quickly, or had a major accident, we would want to know about that.

## Section 6: Concerns and changes

Tell us about any concerns you may have now, and changes you think may happen in the next reporting period.

If you need a quicker answer, call or email your OPG case manager. Your letters from OPG have your case manager's contact details.

**If you think that P is in immediate danger, call the police on 999.**

## Section 7: Any other information

If you want to tell us anything that's not been raised elsewhere in the form, put it here. You don't have to fill in this section.

Helpline  
0300 456 0300



## Section 8: Deputy's declaration

You must read the declaration on page 9 before you sign and date it.

You're signing to say that, as far as you know, you have given correct information. If you have any doubts, contact your case manager before signing.

You must be aware of your duties as set out in your court order, the Mental Capacity Act 2005 and the Mental Capacity Act Code of Practice. The Code of Practice has advice and examples for deputies.

You can find it at [www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code](http://www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code)

## What happens next?

Once you've filled in your report with as much information as you can, send it to:

Office of the Public Guardian

PG Box 16185

Birmingham

B2 2WH

When we have reviewed your report, we'll send you an acknowledgement letter. This will have the dates for the next reporting period. We may ask for more information. This might be:

- an update on the client's living arrangements
- details of other people involved in P's care
- other documentary evidence

We usually ask for more information by telephone, and if necessary, follow up with a letter.

## Glossary

**Best interests:** deputies should always consider what action is in P's best interests when making a decision. You should also take into consideration P's past and present wishes and think about consulting others.

**Case number:** every letter from the Office of the Public Guardian will have your case number: look for 'OPG reference'. Your case number is also on the first page of your court order in the top right-hand corner.



**Code of Practice:** a guide to the Mental Capacity Act available in print from OPG or at [www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code](http://www.gov.uk/opg/mca-code) The code contains much valuable information for deputies.

**Court of Protection visitor:** someone who is appointed to report to the Court of Protection or Public Guardian on how deputies are carrying out their duties.

**Deputy:** you – the person the Court of Protection has appointed to look after P's affairs.

**Lay deputy:** a non-professional deputy, such as a husband, wife, child, partner or friend.

**Mental capacity:** the ability to make a decision about a particular matter at the time the decision needs to be made. The legal definition of a person who lacks mental capacity is set out in section 2 of the Mental Capacity Act.

**The Mental Capacity Act 2005:** the act is designed to protect people who can't make decisions for themselves. This could be due to a mental health condition, a severe learning disability, a brain injury or a stroke. The act's purpose is to allow adults to make as many decisions as they can for themselves and for a deputy or others to make decisions on their behalf.

**P:** the person you have been appointed by the Court of Protection to help make decisions.

**Personal welfare deputy:** a deputy appointed by the Court of Protection to manage the health and care of P.

**Professional deputy:** someone who charges for being a deputy, such as a solicitor, accountant or local authority deputy.

**Property and affairs deputy:** a deputy appointed by the Court of Protection to manage the financial affairs of the client.

**Reporting period:** the period of time covered by your deputy report (it's usually 12 months).

