



DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS
SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT
WELSH GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ENVIRONMENT AND RURAL AFFAIRS NORTHERN IRELAND

No:

EXPORT OF EQUINE SEMEN TO BAHRAIN

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM (GREAT BRITAIN)

CERTIFYING VETERINARIAN: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

I. Information concerning the donor stallion

| | | | | | |
|----|----------------------|---|----------------|--------------|------------|
| a) | Stallion name | Tattoo/Microchip /Passport No (if any) * | Species | Breed | Age |
| | | | | | |

* If no passport or microchip number is supplied then a copy of the horses' identification document or silhouette should accompany this certificate

b) Name and address of stallion owner:

II. Transportation of the Semen

a) Name and address of exporter/consignor:

b) Name and address of consignee:

c) Means of transportation (Flight no., date etc):

d) Import Permit No:

III. Place of collection of the semen

a) Name and address of approved Semen Collection Centre where semen was collected:

b) Registration number of approved Semen Collection Centre:

c)* Name and address of approved Semen Storage Centre (if not stored at the above collection centre):

d)* Registration number of approved Semen Storage Centre:

e) Place of certification:

IV. Information concerning the semen

a) Fresh/Chilled/Frozen:

b) Date(s) of collection:

c) Number of containers/straws:

d) Identification numbers on containers/straws:

e) Identification numbers on flask including code on uniquely numbered tamper-proof seal:

V. Health information relating to the donor stallion and diagnostic tests and storage of semen

I, the undersigned official veterinarian certify that:

a) the Semen Collection Centre in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for trade to the Kingdom of Bahrain:

i) is approved and supervised by DEFRA according to the conditions of Chapter 1, Annex D of European Community Directive 92/65/EEC;

ii) is situated in Great Britain which,
- is considered African horse sickness free, as defined by WOAH, on the day the semen was collected until the date of semen dispatch, and
- had been free of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis during the period commencing two years prior to the day the semen was collected until the date of dispatch and
- had been free of glanders and dourine during the period commencing six months prior to the day the semen was collected until the date of dispatch

iii) contained during the period commencing 30 days prior to semen collection until the date the semen was despatched as fresh/chilled* semen or until the 30 days mandatory storage period for frozen semen elapsed* only equidae which as far as can be determined, were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis;

iv) was not subject to any prohibitions for notifiable disease reasons, on the day of collection;

b) Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallion and any other equidae located in the centre:

i) were continuously resident for three months on the territory (1), or in the case of regionalisation in a part of the territory (1), of the country of export which-

- was, during that period, considered free of African horse sickness, in accordance with WOAHA definitions,
- prior to the date of entry of the stallion to the semen collection centre, had been free of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for at least two years,
- prior to the date of entry of the stallion to the semen collection centre had been free of glanders and dourine for six months;
- ii) either originated from the territory of the country of export (1), or in the case of regionalization in a part of the territory (1), which, on the day of admission of the horse into the centre, had been free of vesicular stomatitis for six months

or
were tested by a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis on a blood sample taken on (2), this being within 14 days prior to entering the centre, with a negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 12 (1);

- i) originated from holdings which, on the day of admission onto the centre, and for 30 days prior to that day, were not subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons.

c) The semen described above was collected from a donor stallion, which, to the best of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain:

- i) showed no clinical signs of infectious disease on the day of admission to the Semen Collection Centre and to the best of my knowledge and based on a written declaration from the owner, had not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease in the 15 days prior to admission
- ii) did not show clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease on the day the semen was collected.
- iii) had not been used for natural service for at least 30 days prior to entry to the collection centre, and whilst on the collection centre.
- iv) had not, during the last 30 days prior to collection of the semen, been kept on holdings where there were any clinical signs of equine viral arteritis.
- v) had not, during the last 60 days prior to collection of the semen, been kept on holdings where there were any clinical signs of contagious equine metritis.
- vi) had not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease during the 15 days immediately preceding the collection of the semen.

FOR FRESH, CHILLED OR FROZEN SEMEN (1)

- d)* in the case of fresh/chilled/frozen* semen, the donor stallion was continuously resident on the collection centre for at least 30 days immediately prior to the semen collection and during the collection period. During that time no equidae on the centre came into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than the donor stallion;
- e)* in the case of fresh/chilled/frozen* semen, on (date), being at least 14 days after the donor stallion became resident on the collection centre and no more than 180 days prior to the date of semen collection, a blood sample*/entire semen sample* was taken from the said animal and sent to the Veterinary Laboratories Agency laboratory, Weybridge where it was submitted to the following test:
 - i)* **EITHER:** the serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis with a negative result at a dilution of 1:4
 - ii)* **OR:** the virus isolation test for EVA with a negative result on an aliquot of the entire semen

f)* in the case of fresh/chilled/frozen* semen, on (date), being at least 14 days after the donor stallion became resident on the collection centre and no more than 90 days prior to the date of semen collection, a blood sample was taken from the said animal and sent to the Veterinary Laboratories Agency laboratory, Weybridge where it was submitted to the agar gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test for equine infectious anaemia with a negative result;

g)* in the case of fresh/chilled/frozen* semen, on (date) and on (date), being at least 14 days after the donor stallion became resident on the collection centre and no more than 90 days prior to the date of semen collection, and both dates being at least 7 days but no more than 21 days apart, samples of pre-ejaculatory fluid or semen and swabs taken at least from the penile sheath, urethra and the urethral fossa were collected from the said stallion and submitted to a Government laboratory for bacteriological culture for contagious equine metritis with negative results in all cases;

***FOR FROZEN SEMEN ONLY (1)**

h) in the case of frozen semen, the semen was frozen and stored for a period of at least 30 days immediately following collection in facilities approved by DEFRA;

j)* in the case of frozen semen, on (date), being at least 14 days after and no more than 30 days after the collection of semen, a blood sample was taken from the said animal and sent to the Veterinary Laboratories Agency laboratory, Weybridge where it was submitted to the agar gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test for equine infectious anaemia with a negative result;

delete as applicable) in the case of frozen semen, on (date), being at least 14 days after but no more than 30 days after the collection of semen, a blood sample/entire semen sample* was taken from the said animal and sent to the Veterinary Laboratories Agency laboratory, Weybridge where it was submitted to the following test:

i) **EITHER:** the serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis with a negative result at a dilution of 1:4

ii) **OR:** the virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis with a negative result on an aliquot of the entire semen;

l)* in the case of frozen semen, on (date) and on (date), both dates being at least 14 days but no more than 30 days after the collection of the semen, and both dates being at least 7 days apart, samples of pre-ejaculatory fluid or semen; and swabs from the penile sheath, urethra and the urethral fossa were collected from the said stallion and submitted to a Government laboratory for bacteriological culture for contagious equine metritis with negative results in all cases;

FOR ALL SEMEN

m) in the case of all semen, the semen described was collected, processed, stored and transported under conditions which comply with the requirements of Chapter II and III of Annex D of Directive 92/65/EEC.

n) Whilst in the country of export the Semen was held only in storage facilities approved by the Competent Authority

Note (1): In the case of **frozen** semen either paragraphs V (d), (e), (f) and (g) or paragraphs V (j), (k) and (l) may be certified. Paragraph V (h) must be certified in all cases when frozen semen is exported.

* delete as applicable

Stamp

SignedRCVS

Name in block
letters:

Official Veterinarian

Date

Address
.....

V1.8923EHC APPLICATION