## **Routine childhood immunisations**

From January 2026

Age due	Vaccines that protect against		Vaccine given a	Usual site¹	
	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (who influenzae type b (Hib) and hepatitis	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB (6 in 1 vaccine)	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh	
Eight weeks old	Meningococcal group B (MenB)	MenB	Bexsero	Thigh	
	Rotavirus gastroenteritis	Rotavirus	Rotarix <sup>2</sup>	By mouth	
	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (who influenzae type b (Hib) and hepatitis	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB (6 in 1 vaccine)	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh	
Twelve weeks old	MenB		MenB	Bexsero	Thigh
	Rotavirus	Rotavirus	Rotarix <sup>2</sup>	By mouth	
Sixteen weeks old	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (who influenzae type b (Hib) and hepatitis	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB (6 in 1 vaccine)	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis	Thigh	
	Pneumococcal (13 serotypes)	PCV	Prevenar 13	Thigh	
One year old (on or after the child's first birthday)	Pneumococcal MenB Measles, mumps, rubella, varicella		PCV MenB MMRV	Prevenar 13 Bexsero ProQuad or Priorix Tetra	Upper arm or thigh
Eighteen months old	Born on or after 1 July 2024 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, polio, Hib and hepatitis B Measles, mumps, rubella, varicella	Born on or before 30 June 2024 No appointment	DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB MMRV	Infanrix hexa or Vaxelis ProQuad or Priorix Tetra	Upper arm or thigh
Three years four months old or soon after			dTaP/IPV MMRV	REPEVAX ProQuad or Priorix Tetra	Upper arm
Boys and girls aged twelve to thirteen years	Cancers and genital warts caused by specific human papillomavirus (HPV) types		HPV	Gardasil 9	Upper arm
Fourteen years old	Tetanus, diphtheria and polio		Td/IPV REVAXIS		Upper arm
(school Year 9)	Meningococcal groups A, C, W and Y		MenACWY	MenQuadfi	Upper arm

Eligible paediatric age group	Influenza (each vear	LAIV (Live attenuated influenza vaccine)	Fluenz	
See annual flu letter at: www.gov.uk/government/collections/ annual-flu-programme	Influenza (each year from September)	<ul> <li>If LAIV is contraindicated or otherwise unsuitable use inactivated flu vaccine (check Green Book Chapter 19 for details)</li> </ul>	(Contains porcine gelatine)	Both nostrils

<sup>1.</sup> Intramuscular injection into deltoid muscle in upper arm or anterolateral aspect of the thigh.

<sup>2.</sup> Rotavirus vaccine should only be given after checking for SCID screening result.

Selective immunisation programmes						
Target group	Age and schedule	Disease	Vaccines required			
Babies born to mothers with hepatitis B¹	At birth, four weeks • if born before 1 July 2024 give additional dose at one year	Hepatitis B	Hepatitis B (Engerix B/HBvaxPRO)			
Infants in areas of the country with TB incidence >= 40/100,000	Within 28 days of birth	Tuberculosis	BCG Check SCID screening outcome before giving BCG			
Infants with a parent or grandparent born in a high incidence country <sup>2</sup> Within 28 days of birth		Tuberculosis	BCG Check SCID screening outcome before giving BCG			
	Age under 2 years  • if first ever flu vaccine give second dose at 4 weeks		Inactivated flu vaccine			
Children in a clinical risk group	Aged 2-8 years • if first ever flu vaccine give second dose at 4 weeks	Influenza	LAIV • if LAIV contraindicated or otherwise unsuitable give inactivated flu			
	Aged 9-17 years • only one dose required each flu season		LAIV • if LAIV contraindicated or otherwise unsuitable give inactivated flu			
	At any stage of pregnancy during flu season	Influenza	Inactivated flu vaccine			
Pregnant women	From 16 weeks gestation	Pertussis	Tdap (ADACEL) This vaccine given also provides protection against tetanus and diphtheria			
	From 28 weeks gestation	RSV	RSV vaccine (Abrysvo)			

<sup>1.</sup> Take blood for HBsAg on or after 12 months to exclude infection. For children born on or after 1 July 2024, test anytime between 12 and 18 months.

For vaccine supply information for the childhood programme please visit portal.immform.ukhsa.gov.uk and check vaccine update for all other vaccine supply information.





 $<sup>2. \</sup> Where the annual incidence of TB is >= 40/100,000 - see \ www.gov.uk/government/publications/tuberculosis-tb-by-country-rates-per-100000-people$