

## **Permitting Decisions- Variation**

We have decided to grant the variation for Danish Crown Bugle operated by Danish Crown UK Limited.

The variation is for the addition of biological treatment to the site's current effluent treatment plant. There is no change in volume of discharge to sewer or the hazardous chemicals. The addition of biological treatment is in conjunction with the existing effluent treatment onsite and is incorporated in that activity.

We have also corrected and updated the air emissions associated with the site.

We consider in reaching that decision we have taken into account all relevant considerations and legal requirements and that the permit will ensure that the appropriate level of environmental protection is provided.

## Purpose of this document

This decision document provides a record of the decision making process. It summarises the decision-making process to show how the main relevant factors have been taken into account. We have assessed the aspects that are changing as part of this variation, we have not revisited any other sections of the permit.

Unless the decision document specifies otherwise we have accepted the applicant's proposals.

Read the permitting decisions in conjunction with the environmental permit and the variation notice.

#### **Decision considerations**

#### **Confidential information**

A claim for commercial or industrial confidentiality has not been made.

The decision was taken in accordance with our guidance on confidentiality.

## Identifying confidential information

We have not identified information provided as part of the application that we consider to be confidential.

The decision was taken in accordance with our guidance on confidentiality.

#### Consultation

The consultation requirements were identified in accordance with the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations (2016) and our public participation statement.

We consulted the following organisations:

- Local authority Environmental health
- Health and safety executive
- UKHSA
- Local sewerage undertaker

No response was received from all consultees with the exception of UKHSA. The response can be found in the <u>consultation responses</u> section.

The application was publicised on the GOV.UK website.

No responses were received.

## The regulated facility

We considered the extent and nature of the facility at the site in accordance with RGN2 'Understanding the meaning of regulated facility', Appendix 2 of RGN2 'Defining the scope of the installation', Appendix 1 of RGN 2 'Interpretation of Schedule 1'.

The extent of the facility is defined in the site plan and in the permit. The activities are defined in table S1.1 of the permit.

#### The site

The operator has provided plans which we consider to be satisfactory.

These show the extent of the site of the facility including the discharge points.

The plan is included in the permit.

# Nature conservation, landscape, heritage and protected species and habitat designations

We have checked the location of the application to assess if it is within the screening distances we consider relevant for impacts on nature conservation, landscape, heritage and protected species and habitat designations. The application is not within our screening distances for these designations.

#### **Environmental risk**

We have reviewed the operator's assessment of the environmental risk from the facility.

The operator's risk assessment is satisfactory.

### **Operating techniques**

The operating techniques that the applicant must use are specified in table S1.2 in the environmental permit.

#### **General operating techniques**

We have reviewed the techniques used by the operator and compared these with the relevant guidance notes and we consider them to represent appropriate techniques for the facility.

The operating techniques that the applicant must use are specified in table S1.2 in the environmental permit.

#### **Odour management**

We have reviewed the odour management plan in accordance with our guidance on odour management.

We consider that the odour management plan is satisfactory, and we approve this plan.

We have approved the odour management plan as we consider it to be appropriate measures based on information available to us at the current time. The applicant should not take our approval of this plan to mean that the measures in the plan are considered to cover every circumstance throughout the life of the permit.

The applicant should keep the plans under constant review and revise them annually or if necessary sooner if there have been complaints arising from operations on site or if circumstances change. This is in accordance with our guidance 'Control and monitor emissions for your environmental permit'.

#### Raw materials

We have specified limits and controls on the use of raw materials and fuels.

## Improvement programme

Ongoing improvement conditions have been retained in the permit table S1.3.

#### **Emission limits**

An emission limit value has been included in the permit, table S3.1, for total volatile organic compounds (TVOCs). This is to bring the permit into line with the current best available techniques (BAT) requirements.

#### **Monitoring**

Monitoring has not changed as a result of this variation, with the exception of the inclusion of monitoring of TVOCs.

#### Reporting

We have deleted reporting in the permit for the following parameters: COD loss efficiency.

We made these decisions in accordance with the approach to all food, drink and milk sites.

#### Management system

We are not aware of any reason to consider that the operator will not have the management system to enable it to comply with the permit conditions.

The decision was taken in accordance with the guidance on operator competence and how to develop a management system for environmental permits.

#### **Growth duty**

We have considered our duty to have regard to the desirability of promoting economic growth set out in section 108(1) of the Deregulation Act 2015 and the guidance issued under section 110 of that Act in deciding whether to grant this permit variation.

Paragraph 1.3 of the guidance says:

"The primary role of regulators, in delivering regulation, is to achieve the regulatory outcomes for which they are responsible. For a number of regulators, these regulatory outcomes include an explicit reference to development or growth. The growth duty establishes economic growth as a factor that all specified regulators should have regard to, alongside the delivery of the protections set out in the relevant legislation."

We have addressed the legislative requirements and environmental standards to be set for this operation in the body of the decision document above. The guidance is clear at paragraph 1.5 that the growth duty does not legitimise noncompliance and its purpose is not to achieve or pursue economic growth at the expense of necessary protections.

We consider the requirements and standards we have set in this permit are reasonable and necessary to avoid a risk of an unacceptable level of pollution. This also promotes growth amongst legitimate operators because the standards applied to the operator are consistent across businesses in this sector and have been set to achieve the required legislative standards.

## **Consultation Responses**

The following summarises the responses to consultation with other organisations, and the way in which we have considered these in the determination process.

## Responses from organisations listed in the consultation section

Response received from UK Health Security Agency.

Brief summary of issues raised: That the operators' assessments and measure to prevent/control emissions to air from the site are sufficient to prevent off-site impacts.

Summary of actions taken: all assessments have been scrutinised and confirmation that there are no major changes to air emissions from the site.