	UNITED KINGDOM					ealth certificate to the EU
	I.1 Consignor/Exporter		I.	.2 Certificate refe	erence	I.2a
	Name					
	Address		I.	.3 Central Comp	etent Authority	
	1			EPARTMENT FO	OR ENVIRONMENT, AFFAIRS	
'	4		I.	.4 Local Compete	ent Authority	7 /
	Country	ISO country code			LANT HEALTH AGENCY	
_	1.5 Consignee/Importer		I.	.6 Operator resp	onsible for the consignment	t
	Name		N	lame		
ent	Address		A	Address		
Part I: Description of consignment	. 6					
ou	Country	ISO country code		Country		SO country code
cripti	I.7 Country of origin	ISO country code		.9 Country of des		ISO country code
: Des	I.8 Region of origin	Code	I.	.10 Region of des	tination	Code
rt I;	I.11 Place of dispatch	Registration/Approv	al No I.	.12 Place of desti	nation	Registration/Approval No
Par						
	Name		N	Vame		
	Address		A	Address		
	Country	ISO country code		Country		SO country code
	I.13 Place of loading		1	14 Date and time	e of departure	
	I.15 Means of transport		I.	.16 Entry Border	Control Post	
	☐ Aircraft ☐	l Vessel	I.	.17 Accompanyin	ng documents	
			T-	`ype	Cod	le
	□ Railway □	Road vehicle		Country	ISC	country code
		, 20		-		_
	Identification		C	Commercial docun	nent reference	A
İ	I.18 Transport conditions	Υ Ambient		Υ Chilled	Y. Froz	en
İ	I.19 Container number/Seal number					11
	Container No		Se	eal No		
	I.20 Certified as or for					
	☐ Germinal products					
	I.21		I.	.22 🗆 Fo	or internal market	
	Third country	ISO country code	I.	.23		
ŀ	I.24 Total number of packages	I.25 Total qu	uantity		1.26	

ITED KING			II.a Certifica	te reference
Descripti	on of consignment			
CN cod	e Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Туре	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre	er Identification mark	Date of collection/production	Test
CN cod	e Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Туре	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre	er Identification mark	Date of collection/production	Test
CN cod	e Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Туре	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre	er Identification mark	Date of collection/production	Test
CN cod	e Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Туре	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre	er Identification mark	Date of collection/production	Test
CN cod	e Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
Туре	Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre	er Identification mark	Date of collection/production	Test

II. Health information

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify that:

- IM. The semen described in Part I is intended for artificial reproduction and was obtained from donor animals which originate:
 - II.1.1. from a third country or territory, or zone thereof
 - II.1.1.1. authorised for the entry into the Union of semen of equine animals and listed in Annex XII to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404;
 - II.1.1.2. free from African horse sickness for at least 24 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch in accordance with Article 22(2), point (a), of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, and where no systematic vaccination against African horse sickness has been carried out for at least 12 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch in accordance with Article 22(4), point (b), of that Delegated Regulation;
 - II.1.1.3. where Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis was not reported for at least 24 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch;
 - II.1.2. from an establishment in a third country or territory, or zone thereof:
 - (1) either [II.1.2.1. where infection with *Burkholderia mallei* (glanders) was not reported for at least 36 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch;]
 - (1) or [II.1.2.1. where infection with *Burkholderia mallei* (glanders) was not reported for at least 6 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch, and the Commission has recognised the surveillance programme carried out in breeding equine animals in the establishment of origin to demonstrate absence of infection during that period;]
 - (1) either [II.1.2.2. where dourine was not reported for at least 24 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch;]
 - (1) or [II.1.2.2. where dourine was not reported for at least 6 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch, and the Commission has recognised the surveillance programme carried out in breeding equine animals in the establishment of origin to demonstrate absence of infection during that period;]
 - (1) either [II.1.2.3. where surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*) was not reported for at least 24 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch.]
 - (1) or [II.1.2.3. where surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*) was not reported for at least 6 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and until the date of its dispatch, and the Commission has recognised the surveillance programme carried out in breeding equine animals in the establishment of origin to demonstrate absence of infection during that period.]
- II.2. The semen described in Part I was obtained from donor animals which originate, prior to the date of entering the semen collection centre, from establishments:

II.2.1. in which

- (1) either [surra (Trypanosoma evansi) has not been reported during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen;]
- [surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*) has not been reported during the preceding 30 days prior to the date of collection of the semen and when the disease was reported in the establishments during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen, following the last outbreak, the establishments have remained under movement restrictions
 - [until the date on which the remaining animals in the establishments have been subjected to a test for surra with one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 3 of Annex I to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken at least 6 months after the date on which the last infected animal has been removed from the establishments;]]
 - (1) or [for at least 30 days from the date of cleaning and disinfection after the date on which the last animal of listed species in the establishments was either killed and destroyed or slaughtered.]]
- II.2.2. in which dourine has not been reported during the preceding 6 months prior to the date of collection of the semen, and [dourine has not been reported in the establishments during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen;]

 [dourine has been reported in the establishments during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen and [dourine has been reported in the establishments during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen and [dourine has been reported in the establishments during the preceding 2 years prior to the date of collection of the semen;]

following the last outbreak, the establishments have remained under movement restrictions

- (1) either [until the date on which the remaining equine animals in the establishments, except castrated male equine animals have been subjected to a test for dourine with the diagnostic method provided for in Part 8 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken at least 6 months after the date on which the infected animals have been killed and destroyed or slaughtered, or the infected entire male equine animals have been castrated;]]
- (1) or [for at least 30 days after the date on which the last equine animal in the establishments was either killed and destroyed or slaughtered, and the premises were cleaned and disinfected;]]

Part II: Certification

I.a Certificate reference

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II.2.3.	111	which	ìh

(1) either [equine infectious anaemia has not been reported in the establishments during the preceding 12 months prior to the date of collection of the semen;]

(1) or [equine infectious anaemia has been reported in the establishments during the preceding 12 months prior to the date of collection of the semen and following the last outbreak, the establishments have remained under movement restrictions

[until the date on which the remaining equine animals in the establishments have been subjected to a test for equine infectious anaemia with the diagnostic method provided for in Part 9 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken on two occasions with a minimum interval of 3 months after the date on which the infected animals have been killed and destroyed or slaughtered and the establishments were cleaned and disinfected;]]

(1) or [for at least 30 days after the date on which the last equine animal in the establishments was either killed and destroyed or slaughtered, and the establishments were cleaned and disinfected;]]

- in which during 30 days immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen no equine animal has shown signs of infection with equine arteritis virus and of contagious equine metritis.
- II.3. The semen described in Part I has been collected, processed and stored, and dispatched from the semen collection centre (2) which:
 - II.3.1. is approved and listed by the competent authority of the third country or territory;
 - II.3.2 complies with requirements as regards responsibilities, operational procedures, facilities and equipment set out in Part 1 of Annex I to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686.
- II.4. The semen described in Part I was obtained from donor animals which;
 - II.4.1. were not vaccinated against African horse sickness at least in 40 days immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen;
 - II.4.2. were not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis at least in 60 days immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen;
 - II.4.3. remained for at least 3 months immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen in a third country or territory, or zone thereof referred to in box I.7;
 - II.4.4. for at least 30 days immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen and during the collection period:
 - II.4.4.1. were kept in establishments not situated in a restricted zone established due to the occurrence of African horse sickness, infection with *Burkholderia mallei* (glanders) or of an emerging disease relevant for equine animals;
 - II.4.4.2. were kept in establishments where Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, dourine, surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*), equine infectious anaemia, contagious equine metritis (*Taylorella equigenitalis*), infection with rabies virus and anthrax have not been reported;
 - II.4.4.3. were not in contact with animals from establishments situated in a restricted zone due to the occurrence of diseases referred to in point II.4.4.1 or from establishments which do not meet the conditions referred to in point II.4.4.2;
 - II.4.5. were not used for natural breeding during at least 30 days immediately prior to the date of the first semen collection and between the dates of the first sample referred to in points II.4.8.1, II.4.8.2 and/or II.4.8.3. and until the end of the collection period;
 - II.4.6. did not show symptoms of transmissible diseases on the date of admission to the semen collection centre and on the date of collection of the semen;
 - II.4.7. are individually identified as provided for in Article 21(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692;
 - II.4.8. have been subjected to the following tests, referred to in Part 4, Chapter 1, point 1 (a), of Annex II, to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686, as follows:
 - (3) II.4.8.1. for infection with equine infectious anaemia (EIA), an agar-gel immuno-diffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) with a negative result;
 - II.4.8.2. for infection with equine arteritis virus (EVA),
 - (1) either [II.4.8.2.1. a serum neutralisation test with a negative result at a serum dilution of one in four;]
 - (1) and/or [II.4.8.2.2. a virus isolation test, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or real-time PCR with a negative result on an aliquot of the entire semen of the donor stallion;]
 - II.4.8.3. for contagious equine metritis (CEM), an agent identification test carried out on three specimens (swabs) taken from the donor stallion on two occasions with an interval of not less than 7 days at least from the penile sheath (prepuce), the urethra and the fossa glandis;

The samples were in no case taken earlier than 7 days (systemic treatment) or 21 days (local treatment) after antimicrobial treatment of the donor stallion and were placed in a transport medium with activated charcoal, such as Amies medium, before dispatch to the laboratory where they were subjected with a negative result to a test for:

- the isolation of *Taylorella equigenitalis* after cultivation under microaerophilic conditions for at least 7 days, set up within 24 hours after taking the specimens from the donor animal, or 48 hours where the specimens are kept cool during transport;]
- (1) and/or [II.4.8.3.2. the detection of the genome of *Taylorella equigenitalis* by PCR or real-time PCR, carried out within 48 hours after taking the specimens from the donor animal;]
- II.4.9. were subjected with the results specified in point II.4.8 in each case to at least one of the following testing programmes detailed in Part 4, Chapter I, points 1(b)(i), (ii) and (iii), of Annex II, to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686:

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(4) [II.4.9.1. The donor stallion was continuously resident at the semen collection centre for at least 30 days immediately prior to the date of the first collection and during the period of collection of the semen described in Part I, and no equine animal in the semen collection centre came during that time into direct contact with equine animals of lower health

The tests described in point II.4.8 were carried out on samples taken ⁽⁵⁾ from the donor stallion at least once a year at the beginning of the breeding season or prior to the date of the first collection of the semen intended for the entry into the Union of fresh, chilled or frozen semen and not less than 14 days following the date of the commencement of the residence period of at least 30 days immediately prior to the first semen collection.]

(4) [II.4.9.2.

The donor stallion was resident at the semen collection centre for at least 30 days immediately prior to the date of the first collection and during the period of collection of the semen described in Part I, but left the semen collection centre under the responsibility of the centre veterinarian for a continuous period of less than 14 days during the collection period, or other equine animals in the semen collection centre came into direct contact with equine animals of a lower health status than the donor stallion.

The tests described in point II.4.8 were carried out on samples taken ⁽⁵⁾ from the donor stallion at least once a year at the beginning of the breeding season or prior to the date of the first collection of the semen intended for the entry into the Union of fresh, chilled or frozen semen and not less than 14 days following the date of the commencement of the residence period of at least 30 days immediately prior to the date of the first collection, and during the period of collection of the semen intended for the entry into the Union of fresh, chilled or frozen semen, the donor stallion was subjected to the tests described in point II.4.8, as follows:

- (a) for equine infectious anaemia, one of the tests described in point II.4.8.1 was last carried out on a sample of blood taken (5) not more than 90 days prior to the date of collection of the semen described in Part I;
- (b) for infection with equine arteritis virus, one of the tests described
- (1) either [in point II.4.8.2 was last carried out on a sample taken (5) not more than 30 days immediately prior to the date of collection of the semen described in Part I;]
- (1) or [in point II.4.8.2.2, in case the non-shedder state of a donor stallion seropositive for infection with equine arteritis virus is confirmed, was carried out on an aliquot of the entire semen of the donor stallion taken (5) not more than 6 months prior to the date of collection of the semen described in Part I, and a blood sample taken (5) from the donor stallion during the last 6 months reacted with a positive result in a serum neutralisation test for infection with equine arteritis virus at a serum dilution of more than one in four;]
 - (c) for contagious equine metritis, the tests described in point II.4.8.3 were last carried out on three specimens (swabs) taken ⁽⁵⁾ not more than 60 days immediately prior to the date of the collection of the semen described in Part I
- (1) either [on two occasions.]]

status than the donor stallion

(1) or [on a single occasion and subjected to a PCR or real-time PCR.]]

(4) [II.4.9.3. The donor stallion did not meet the conditions set out in Part 4. Chapter I, points 1(b)(i) and (ii), of Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686 and the semen was collected for the entry into the Union as frozen semen. The tests described in points II.4.8.1, II.4.8.2 and II.4.8.3 were carried out on samples taken (5) from the donor stallion at least once a year at the beginning of the breeding season, and the tests described in points II.4.8.1 and II.4.8.3 were carried out on samples taken (5) from the donor stallion during the storage period of the semen of a minimum period of 30 days from the date of the collection of the semen and prior to the date of removal of the semen from the semen collection centre, not less than 14 days and not more than 90 days after the date of

(1) either [the tests for infection with equine arteritis virus described in point 1f.4.8.2 were carried out on samples taken (5) during the storage period of the semen of a minimum of 30 days from the date of the collection of the semen and prior to the date of removal of the semen from the semen collection centre or used, not less than 14 days and not more than 90 days after the date of the collection of the semen described in Part 1.]]

(1) or [the non-shedder state of a donor stallion seropositive for infection with equine arteritis virus was confirmed by virus isolation test, PCR or real-time PCR carried out with a negative result on samples of an aliquot of the entire semen of the donor stallion taken (5) twice a year at an interval of at least 4 months, and the donor stallion reacted with a positive result at a serum dilution of at least one in four in a serum neutralisation test for infection with equine arteritis virus.]]

II.4.10. underwent the testing provided for in point II.4.9 on samples taken on the following dates:

collection of the semen described in Part I, and

of	9	ne	Start o	date (5)		Г	ate of samplin	g for health te	sts (5)	
Identification		Donor residence	Semen	EIA II.4.8.1		EVA II.4.8.2		CEM II.4.8.3		
Identi	Toot	lest p	residence	collection	En T		Blood sample	Semen sample	1. sample	2. sample

UNITED KINGDOM

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- II.5. The semen described in Part I:
 - II.5.1. has been collected, processed and stored in accordance with animal health requirements set out in Part 1, points 1 and 2, of Annex III to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686;
 - II.5.2. is placed in straws or other packages on which the mark is applied in accordance with requirements provided for in Article 83, point (a), of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 and that mark is indicated in box I.27;
 - II.5.3. is transported in a container which:
 - II.5.3.1. was sealed and numbered prior to the date of dispatch from the semen collection centre under responsibility of the centre veterinarian, or by an official veterinarian, and the seal bears the number as indicated in box I.19;
 - [H.5.3.3. has been filled in with a cryogenic agent which has not been previously used for other products.]
- (1)(7) [II.6. Where antibiotic(s) were added to the semen:

II.5.3.2.

II.6.1. The following antibiotic or mixture of antibiotics has been added to the semen after final dilution, or is contained in the used semen diluents: (8)

has been cleaned and either disinfected or sterilised before use, or is single-use container;

II.6.2. Immediately after the addition of the antibiotic(s), and before any possible freezing, the diluted semen was kept at a temperature of at least 5°C, or under a time-temperature regime with a documented equivalent bactericidal activity.]

Notes

This animal health certificate is intended for the entry into the Union of semen of equine animals, including when the Union is not the final destination of the semen.

In accordance with the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Windsor Framework (see Joint Declaration No 1/2023 of the Union and the United Kingdom in the Joint Committee established by the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community of 24 March 2023, OJ L 102, 17.4.2023, p. 87) in conjunction with Annex 2 to that Framework, references to the Union in this animal health certificate include the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland.

This animal health certificate shall be completed in accordance with the notes for the completion of certificates provided for in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235.

Part I

Box reference I.11: "Place of dispatch": Indicate the unique approval number and the name and address of the semen collection

centre of dispatch of the consignment of semen. Only semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article

233(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 on the Commission website:

https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/semen/equine_en

Box reference I.12: "Place of destination": Indicate the address and unique registration or approval number of the establishment of

destination of the consignment of semen.

Box reference I.19: Seal number shall be indicated.

Box reference I.24: Total number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers

Box reference I.27: "Type": Indicate semen.

"Identification number": Indicate the identification number of each donor animal

"Identification mark": Indicate the mark on the straw or other packages where some of the consignment is

laced.

"Date of collection/production": Indicate the date on which semen of the consignment was collected in the

following format: dd.mm.yyyy.

"Approval or registration number of plant/establishment/centre": Indicate the unique approval number of the

semen collection centre where the semen of the consignment was collected.

"Quantity": Indicate the number of straws or other packages with the same mark.

"Test": Indicate "Yes, see points II.4.9 and II.4.10".

Part II:

Guidance for the completion of the table in point II.4.10:

Abbreviations:

EIA-1 Equine infectious anaemia (EIA) testing first occasion

EIA-2 EIA testing second occasion

EVA-B1 Infection with equine arteritis virus (EVA) testing on a blood sample first occasion

EVA-B2 EVA testing on a blood sample second occasion

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Certificate reference

	EVA-S1	EVA testing on a semen sample first occasion
	EVA-S2	EVA testing on a semen sample second occasion
	CEM-11	Contagious equine metritis (CEM) testing first occasion first sample
	CEM-12	CEM testing first occasion second sample taken 7 days after CEM-11
	CEM-21	CEM testing second occasion first sample
	CEM-22	CEM testing second occasion second sample taken 7 days after CEM-21
Torot	mantinum.	

For each semen identified in column A of the table and indicated in box I.27, the test programme (point II.4.9.1, II.4.9.2 and/or II.4.9.3) shall be specified in column B of the table, and columns C and D of the table shall be completed with the dates required.

The dates when samples were taken for laboratory testing prior to the first collection of the semen described in Part I as required by points II.4.9.1, II.4.9.2 and II.4.9.3, shall be entered in the upper line of columns 5 to 9 of the table, this being the boxes marked with EIA-1, EVA-B1 or EVA-S1 and CEM-11 and CEM-12 in the example below.

The dates when samples were taken for repeat laboratory testing as required in accordance with point II.4.9.2 or II.4.9.3 shall be entered in the lower line of columns 5 to 9 of the table, this being the boxes EIA-2, EVA-B2 or EVA-S2 and CEM-21 and CEM-22 in the example

9	ne	Start	date	Date of sampling for health tests					
Identi fication semen	programme	Donor	Semen	EIA II.4.8.1	EVA II.4.8.2		CEM II.4.8.3		
Identi	Test p		collection	EIA II.4.0.1	Blood sample	Semen sample	1.sample	2.sample	
A	В	ВСВ		EIA-1	EVA-B1	EVA-S1	CEM-11	CEM-12	
			EIA-2	EVA-B2	EVA-S2	CEM-21	CEM-22		

- (1) Delete if not applicable.
- (2) Only semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 233(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 on the Commission website: https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/semen/equine_en
- (3) The agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equine animals which continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equine animals and their semen, oocytes and embryos were introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.
- (4) Cross out the programmes that do not apply to the consignment.
- (5) Insert date in table in point II.4.10 (follow guidance in Part II of the Notes).
- Applicable for frozen semen.
- (7) Mandatory attestation in case antibiotic(s) were added.
- (8) Insert the name(s) of the antibiotic(s) added and its (their) concentration or the commercial name of the semen diluent containing antibiotic(s).

Official veterinarian	
Name (in capital letters)	
Date	Qualification and title
Stamp	Signature
	•