## Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Notes for Guidance: Export Health certificate for entry into the European Union or Northern Ireland of equine ova or embryos collected or produced after 20 April 2021 and dispatched from the embryo collection centre 8408

### October 2025

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No: 8408 NFG

EHC for dispatch to the EU or NI of consignments of ova and embryos of equidae collected or produced in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 after 20 April 2021 and dispatched by an embryo collection or production team by which the oocytes or embryos were collected or produced.

# NOTES FOR GUIDANCE (NFG) FOR THE CERTIFYING OFFICERS (CO) AND EXPORTERS

#### 1. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION

Regulation (EU)2016/429

Delegated Regulation (EU)2020/692

Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/999

Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/403

<u>Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/351 - Model EHC amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/403</u>

Any EU legislation referenced in the certificate must be complied with and EU legislation can be accessed on the following link. You should ensure you use the latest version: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

#### **Consolidated legislation**

Consolidated texts, which integrate the basic instruments of EU legislation with their amendments and corrections in a single, non-official document, are available. Each consolidated text contains a list of all legal documents taken into account for its construction.

You can search for consolidated texts by using the 'find results by document number' option on the European Commission website. Once you have selected the relevant legislation, click 'document information', and then scroll down to 'all consolidated versions' and select the most recent version.

#### https://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

Please note that the consolidated text may not contain the latest amendment to the legislation, as it takes several weeks for this to be updated.

Texts provided in this section are intended for information only. Please note that these texts have no legal value. For legal purposes please refer to the texts published in the 'Official Journal of the EU'.

#### **IMPORTANT**

These notes provide guidance to COs and exporters. The NFG should have been issued to you together with the relevant export certificate applicable to the dispatch to the EU or NI of consignments of ova and embryos of equidae collected or produced in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 after 20 April 2021 and dispatched by an approved embryo collection or production team of origin of the ova or embryos. The NFG should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with the health certificate.

We strongly suggest that exporters obtain full details of the importing country's requirements from the veterinary authorities in the country concerned, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

[Please note, policies are being reviewed. NFG will be further amended to provide specific guidance. Traders should look at NFGs regularly for any updates]

#### 2. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

There are three EHCs available for dispatch of consignments of ova and embryos of equidae to the EU or NI.

This certificate applies to ova and embryos of 2quidae collected or produced in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/429 and Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 after 20 April 2021 and dispatched by an embryo collection or production team by which the oocytes or embryos were collected or produced.

This certificate is to be completed according to the notes for the completion of certificates provided for in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235.

### 3. CERTIFICATION BY AN OV

In **England, Scotland and Wales**, this certificate must be signed by a Government Veterinary Officer (e.g. APHA, FSA or FSS employed veterinary officers) or by an OV appointed by APHA on behalf of Ministers in Defra, the Scottish Government or the Welsh Government and who hold the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ (V)) authorisation.

OVs must sign and stamp, with the OV stamp, the health certificate in ink of a different colour to that of the printing of the EHC. There is no requirement to sign and stamp in a specific colour.

The OV should keep a copy of the signed certificate and any supporting documents for at least two years after signature or receipt/dispatch of the consignment, whichever is later. These can be electronic copies.

EHC in foreign language/s of the EU Member States (MSs).

EHC should be in English and the foreign language of the Border Control Post (BCP) of entry in the EU. The original copy of the required EHC must accompany the consignment to the BCP of entry.

Listing of the EU MS BCPs can be found here: <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/vet-border-control/bip-contacts">https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/vet-border-control/bip-contacts</a> en

The foreign language certificate as received from the APHA Centre for International Trade at Carlisle or via the Export Heath Certificates Online system (EHCO) and bearing the same unique reference number as the English certificate, should be considered an official and accurate translations of the English, as published in EU legislation.

The (sub-) paragraphs / options and how they are numbered and formatted is identical in the English and foreign language editions and to the legislation published by the European Commission. Therefore, the same phrases/sentences in the foreign language versions as in the English version should be struck through and these deletions should be stamped and initialled in both versions. Both versions must also be <u>signed</u> (as opposed to being initialled) and stamped by the OV, the foreign language certificate is deemed to be a genuine and properly authorised translation of the English version.

This also applies to any instructions in the guidance notes to strike out certain paragraphs or to certify statements that the country is free of certain notifiable diseases etc.

Additional information can be found in APHA Official Veterinarian Training:

https://improve-ov.com/instructions/instructions.php

#### SIGNING AND STAMPING

When signing a certificate, the CO should ensure that the certificate contains no deletions or alterations, other than those which are indicated on the certificate to be permissible and any corrections to permitted entries, subject to such changes being initialled and stamped (in the margin) by the CO. Permissible deletions are normally indicated in the 'Notes' section at the end of the certificate, with the instruction 'Keep as appropriate' or 'delete if not applicable'.

- Where the certificate contains optional or contextual statements, the statements which are not relevant shall be crossed out, individually initialled and stamped by the CO, or completely removed from the certificate.
- Permitted paragraphs and sections may be crossed out by applying a 'Z' across the section or paragraph rather than crossing out line by line.
- There is no requirement for a date and time to accompany each stamp. The date is only entered at the required entry field in Part I of the certificate, and at the end where the CO signs, stamps and dates that action.
- We are aware of some BCPs demanding that all handwritten information in Part 1 of the EHC is initialled and stamped, including handwritten scoring out of otherwise blank boxes. There is no legal requirement in EU legislation that all the hand-written information entered in the certificate must be signed and stamped. It is only in the case of correction, in any part of the certificate, or in the case of statements to be crossed out, that the certifier must add signature (or initials) and stamp. This has been confirmed by the European Commission. The Commission noted however, in the

case of a hand-written certificate, it is expected that the same one person completes the document. If not, the BCP might suspect that empty boxes were completed by another person after the certificate has been signed by the official.

You should consider checking with the specific BCP regarding their preference when it comes to the stamping and initialling of handwritten scoring out of otherwise blank boxes in Part I of the EHC.

- Clarification from the European Commission means that all pages (as opposed to sheets of paper) are signed and stamped once individually in place of fan stamping and in addition to any permitted alterations. There is no requirement to fan stamp.
- COs are reminded to consult the NFG prior to the certification of each EHC. NFG will be updated with this new information in due course.

Further Information COs should make sure they are familiar with all relevant guidance and other documents relating to EHCs and that they discuss requirements with exporters in advance.

See https://improve-ov.com/instructions/instructions.php?ta=8

You can also contact APHA's Centre for International Trade (CIT) on 03000 200 301.

#### PART I: DETAILS OF THE CONSIGNMENT

All boxes in Part I of the certificate must be completed. When a box is not applicable/optional, and not filled, please score it through.

Please use schedule to be attached to the certificate if there is not enough space to fill the information. See Section 'Addition of Schedules' below.

Please complete all the boxes in Part I of the certificate in accordance with the guidance laid down in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235, Amended by Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/2744.

The Harmonised System (HS) Code is a commodity classification system used as a basis for customs tariffs and for international trade statistics.

It is the exporter's responsibility to ensure that the HS code is entered correctly and accurately reflects the product(s) being consigned.

Further information on HS Codes can be found online at:

https://www.gov.uk/trade-tariff/sections and http://madb.europa.eu/madb/euTariffs.htm

'Test' has been added to I.27. Refer to the guidance within the Notes section for information on how to complete. If there is no available guidance, then COs are advised to seek advice from the BCP on what information should be included.

## **PART II: CERTIFICATION**

#### II. Health information

The OV signing the EHC must ensure that the animal health information set out in Part II of the health certificate have been complied with.

The OV signing the EHC must ensure that they are aware of the provisions of the relevant regulations (see Part I), and subsequent amendments, laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and entry into the EU or NI of animals, semen, ova and embryos.

The OV may also require, where appropriate, support certification and/or evidence from the authorised centre veterinarian due to his/her knowledge of the operations of the establishment and/or written declarations from the owner as appropriate, to facilitate certification of the certificate.

- **II.1** and **II.2** These attestations can be certified based on the notifiable disease clearance (see section 4 below) and on the basis that the UK is authorised for entry into the EU of oocytes embryos of equine animals and listed in the referred legislation. This should be checked by the OV. Support certification from the centre veterinarian can also be used.
- **II.3** This can be certified on the basis of approval of the collection/production team, personal knowledge of the OV and, if necessary, additional evidence obtained from the team veterinarian of the team described in Part I.

A list of approved ova/embryo collection teams in GB is available here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/livestock-and-equine-embryo-collection-approved-premises

and EU Website: Equine (europa.eu)

- **II.4** These attestations can be certified on the basis that vaccination against AHS and VEE is prohibited in the UK. based on the notifiable disease clearance and on support certification by the team veterinarian.
- **II.5** Can be certified on the basis of approval of the collection/production team, personal knowledge of the OV and, if necessary, additional evidence obtained from the team veterinarian of the team described in Part I. A list of approved ova/embryo collection teams in GB is available here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/livestock-and-equine-semen-collection-approved-premises

**II.6** - Does not apply to oocytes. Embryos must be conceived by artificial insemination or in vitro fertilisation only. The list of approved semen collection centres in Great Britain is available here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/livestock-and-equine-semen-collection-approved-premises

**II.7** - Is a mandatory attestation in case antibiotics were added, insert the name of the antibiotic(s) and its/their concentration.

#### 4. NOTIFIABLE DISEASE CLEARANCE

Some export certificates for animals and animal products will include statements that will require the OV to certify that specified zones or the entire country of origin are free from certain diseases.

COs must check the following sources of disease information for the United Kingdom immediately prior to certification, to ensure disease freedom statements can be certified:

- the Notifiable Disease Occurrence List for Great Britain (<u>ET171 Notifiable disease</u> occurrence list for Great Britain and Northern Ireland) available on <u>Official</u> Veterinarian Training.
- the UK Status for Non-Notifiable Diseases Relevant to Export Certification (<u>ET152</u>
  <u>UK status for non-notifiable disease relevant to export certification</u>) available on
  <u>Official Veterinarian Training</u>.

#### For Great Britain:

In the absence of a specific Notifiable Disease Clearance (618NDC) from CITC: COs may certify that GB has disease free status or region free status for those diseases mentioned in the health certificate, once they have checked the disease list(s) for the last occurrence of the disease and have ensured it complies with the time frames in the certificate.

In the event of a disease outbreak that affects a CO being able to obtain their own disease clearance, CITC will notify COs to make it clear which disease freedom statements should not be certified and where necessary, will issue a 618NDC notifiable disease clearance if the EHC can continue to be issued for certain regions that retain free status.

In the event of a disease outbreak after the EHC and/or Notifiable Disease Clearance (618NDC) has been issued by APHA that affects the disease clearance, COs must not sign and issue the EHC and must contact CITC immediately for advice on whether certification can still take place. If a disease outbreak should affect the disease clearance procedures listed here for this EHC, a 618NDC clearance process will be reinstated by CITC, which will be issued with the EHC until a time when the disease clearance can be reinstated.

**NOTE:** This does not apply to Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSEs) or Bovine Tuberculosis (TB) freedom statements.

#### 5. COLLECTION OF EVIDENCE

Certification Support Officers may not be utilised for gathering evidence relating to this certificate.

#### 6. UK APPROVED ESTABLISHMENTS ELIGIBLE TO EXPORT TO THE EU

The exporting establishment must be listed as a 'UK approved establishment' and a list of UK approved establishments for import of germinal products to the EU, can be found on the European Commission's list of approved establishments' link below:

#### https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/semen-oocytes-embryos\_en

Please note that the list is updated regularly and ONLY establishments on the list are approved to export to the EU, and this does not include establishments with pending applications for approval.

If the final product contains germinal products from other establishments, then these establishments should also be listed as UK and/or EU approved establishments.

There are lists of approved establishments for other commodities, e.g. germinal products on the link above.

#### 7. UK APPROVED ESTABLISHMENTS TO EXPORT TO THE EU

The exporting establishment must be listed as a 'UK approved establishment' and a list of UK approved establishments for import of POAO to the EU or NI, can be found on the European Commission's list of approved establishments' link below:

https://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/international affairs/trade/non-eu-countries en

Please note that the list is updated regularly and ONLY establishments on the list are approved to export to the EU or NI, and this does not include establishments with pending applications for approval.

If the final product contains POAO from other establishments, or products were previously processed in different establishments in the production chain, then these establishments should also be listed as UK and/or EU approved establishments.

There are lists of approved establishments for other commodities, e.g. germinal products on the link above.

#### 8. ADDITION OF SCHEDULES

When the space in Part I or Part II of the certificate is insufficient to accommodate full details of the consignment a schedule may be used. In the relevant section of the certificate the CO should annotate the certificate 'see attached schedule'. A new schedule should be created (typed or clearly written) containing the same information as that required in the certificate. The schedule must include the certificate reference number on each page and must be signed, dated, and stamped by the CO in a colour other than the printed text on each page and under the last entry. The schedule forms part of the certificate. All pages of the certificate, including the schedule, must be sequentially numbered. Any blank spaces in the schedule or the certificate should be struck through with diagonal lines.

Further guidance is available here:

https://improve-ov.com/instructions/instructions.php?ta=8

#### 9. CERTIFIED COPIES OF EHCs

When completing export certification, the CO and, if applicable, FCCO must make photocopies of, or scan and save all documents they certify. OVs must retain copies of certification documents in accordance with RCVS Certification principles.

https://www.rcvs.org.uk/setting-standards/advice-and-guidance/code-of-professional-conduct-for-veterinary-surgeons/supporting-guidance/certification/

COs must retain copies of all export documentation for a period of two years. A certified copy of this EHC does not need to be returned to the APHA CITC. For the purposes of completing routine Quality Assurance checks on export certification, CITC may request certified copies of certification from COs.

Further details on Post Certifying Procedures, 'certified copies' of certification and the types of documents that should be retained by COs can be found on <u>APHA Official Veterinarian</u> Training.

### 10. LEGAL STATEMENT

References in this guidance to "assimilated EU Regulation" should be interpreted as references to assimilated law, as defined under the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018.

#### 11. DISCLAIMER

This certificate and NFG are provided on the basis of information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact APHA in Carlisle.

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PB 8408

# **Version History:**

# **EHC**

#### 2025

No significant changes

#### 2024

I.27: 'Test' added

II.1.1.2: removal of notifiable diseases

II.1.1.2: replaces previous II.1.1.3

II.1.1.3: replaces previous II.1.1.4

II.2.1 and II.2.2: amended to clarify timeframe for disease testing

II.2.3: 'or' option amended on timeframe

II.6: legislative reference to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/686 added

# **NFG**

### Version 4: Published 29 October 2025

References to Vet Gateway updated to Official Veterinarian Training throughout.

Notifiable Disease Clearance: Updated to align with other NFGs

**Legal Statement**: Wording updated.

#### **Version 3: Published August 2024**

Part I: 1.27 Guidance for addition of 'test' included

#### Version 2: Published 31 July 2024

Applicable Legislation: Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/351 added

Part I: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235, amended by Implementing

Regulation (EU) 2023/2744 added