



Chile

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Chile.

Date of release: 19 September 2025; Date of next planned release: 31 October 2025

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Chile¹ was **£1.9 billion** in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, an increase of 6.1% or £108 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024. Of this £1.9 billion:

- Total UK **exports** to Chile amounted to £1.2 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 (an increase of 1.9% or £23 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024);
- Total UK **imports** from Chile amounted to £658 million in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 (an increase of 14.8% or £85 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024).

Chile was the UK's 72nd largest trading partner in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 accounting for 0.1% of total UK trade.²

At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Chile** was £2.0 billion, 5.6% or £118 million lower than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Chile accounted for 0.1% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from Chile in the UK** are not available due to data disclosure.³

¹the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

²Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted](#) data.

³Investment data sourced from the ONS [ad-hoc data release](#) if not provided in the latest ONS [main FDI release](#).

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About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Chile. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade in goods between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

International statistics for goods traded with the world are published in the [UN Comtrade database](#) and services by [ITC Trademap](#).

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [UK trade in numbers](#) publication or the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

Contact Details

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Summary trade and investment statistics for Chile

UK trade with Chile, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)⁴

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024
Total trade	£1.9 billion	an increase of 6.1% or £108 million
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	72nd	
Total UK exports	£1.2 billion	an increase of 1.9% or £23 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	61st	
UK exports of goods (percentage of total UK goods exports)	£536 million (44.3%)	an increase of 11.9% or £57 million
UK exports of services (percentage of total UK services exports)	£674 million (55.7%)	a decrease of 4.8% or £34 million
Total UK imports	£658 million	an increase of 14.8% or £85 million
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	83rd	
UK imports of goods (percentage of total UK goods imports)	£515 million (78.3%)	an increase of 11.5% or £53 million
UK imports of services (percentage of total UK services imports)	£143 million (21.7%)	an increase of 28.8% or £32 million

'the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

UK trade with Chile, in current prices (based on the latest calendar year)⁵

Trade	Value in 2024	Change from 2023
Total trade	£1.9 billion	an increase of 9.2% or £157 million
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	71st	
Total UK exports	£1.2 billion	an increase of 4.2% or £48 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	62nd	
UK exports of goods (percentage of total UK goods exports)	£499 million (41.5%)	an increase of 1.8% or £9 million
UK exports of services (percentage of total UK services exports)	£703 million (58.5%)	an increase of 5.9% or £39 million
Total UK imports	£663 million	an increase of 19.7% or £109 million
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	82nd	
UK imports of goods (percentage of total UK goods imports)	£528 million (79.6%)	an increase of 17.9% or £80 million
UK imports of services (percentage of total UK services imports)	£135 million (20.4%)	an increase of 27.4% or £29 million

⁴Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

⁵Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

UK market share in Chile⁶

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2024	Change from 2023
Total UK market share	1.6%	an increase of 0.1 percentage points
UK market share for goods only	0.8%	unchanged
UK market share for services only	4.4%	an increase of 0.3 percentage points

UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with Chile⁷

UK FDI stock	Value at the end of 2023	Change from the end of 2022
Total UK outward FDI stock	£2.0 billion	a decrease of 5.6% or £118 million
Total UK inward FDI stock	Data not available due to data disclosure	Comparison not available

Economic statistics and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for Chile⁸

Economic statistics	2023	2024	2025	2026
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	0.5%	2.6%	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>2.2%</i>
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	16.8	16.4	<i>17.0</i>	<i>17.6</i>
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	335.6	330.2	<i>343.8</i>	<i>357.7</i>
Global GDP Ranking	47	46	<i>44</i>	<i>45</i>

Figures for 2025 and 2026 are forecast projections.

⁶UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the [market share section](#) in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

⁷FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics [ad-hoc data release for FDI with all partners](#).

⁸Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund [World Economic Outlook](#) databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

Trade with Chile, in current prices (ONS)^{9 10 11}

Trade definitions

- **UK exports** - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to Chile.
- **UK imports** - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by Chile.
- **Total or 'bilateral' trade** - The value of total trade between the UK and Chile (exports plus imports).
- **Trade balance** - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- **Trade surplus** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Chile is greater than the value of UK imports from Chile.
- **Trade deficit** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Chile is less than the value of UK imports from Chile.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information.

These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

Note: UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Chile was £1.9 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, an increase of 6.1% or £108 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024.

In the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, **total UK exports** to Chile amounted to £1.2 billion (an increase of 1.9% or £23 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024).

Of all UK exports to Chile in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, £536 million (44.3%) were **goods** and £674 million (55.7%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, UK **exports of goods** to Chile increased by 11.9% or £57 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024 while UK **exports of services** to Chile decreased by 4.8% or £34 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024.

In the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, **total UK imports** from Chile were £658 million (an increase of 14.8% or £85 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024).

Of all UK imports from Chile in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, £515 million (78.3%) were **goods** and £143 million (21.7%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from Chile increased by 11.5% or £53 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024 while UK **imports of services** from Chile increased by 28.8% or £32 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024.

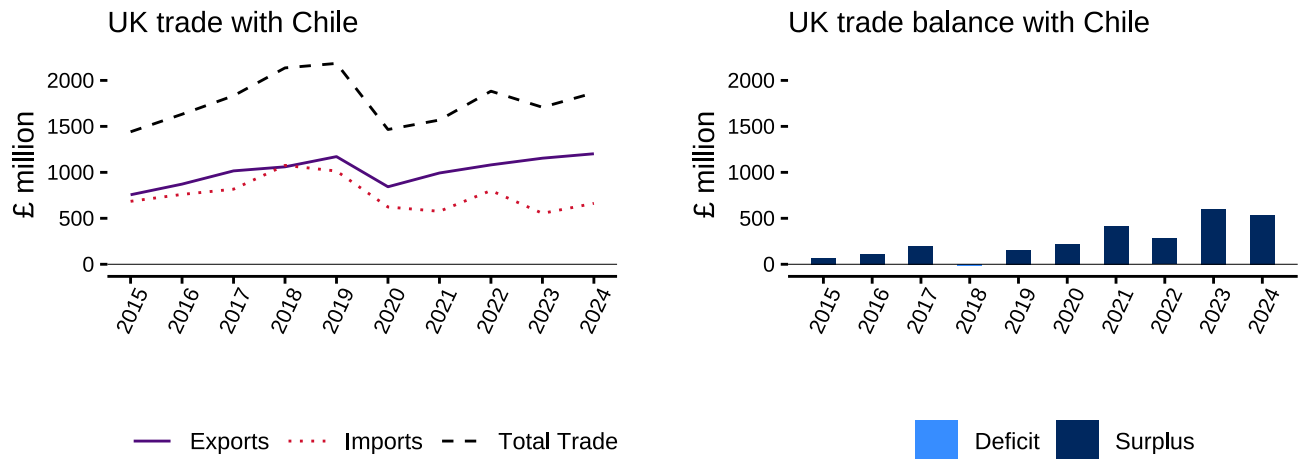
This means the UK reported a **total trade surplus** of £552 million with Chile, compared to a trade surplus of £614 million in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024. In the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, the UK had a **trade in goods surplus** of £21 million with Chile, compared to a trade in goods surplus of £17 million in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £531 million with Chile, compared to a trade in services surplus of £597 million in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024.

⁹Office for National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹⁰This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to Chile (reported by the UK) may not match the value of Chile imports from the UK (reported by Chile).

¹¹Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.'

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and Chile for each year between 2015 and 2024:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q1 2025

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ million:

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of total trade	1441	1632	1833	2136	2185	1466	1569	1883	1708	1865
Value of exports	756	872	1016	1060	1171	843	993	1081	1154	1202
Value of imports	685	760	817	1076	1014	623	576	802	554	663
Trade balance	+71	+112	+199	-16	+157	+220	+417	+279	+600	+539

In the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, Chile was the UK's:¹²

- **72nd largest trading partner** (accounting for 0.1% of total UK trade).
 - 61st largest **goods** trading partner (0.1% of UK goods trade).
 - 74th largest **services** trading partner (0.1% of UK services trade).
- **61st largest export market** (accounting for 0.1% of total UK exports).
 - 55th largest **goods** export market (0.1% of UK goods exports).
 - 58th largest **services** export market (0.1% of UK services exports).
- **83rd largest import market** (accounting for 0.1% of total UK imports).
 - 66th largest **goods** import market (0.1% of UK goods imports).
 - 103rd largest **services** import market (less than 0.1% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only¹³ is published by the [ONS](#).

¹²Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹³ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to July 2025: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)^{14 15}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to Chile** in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 were as follows:

Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£76.1 million	14.2%	-
54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products	£56.7 million	10.6%	an increase of 12.3%
1 - Beverages & tobacco	£42.6 million	7.9%	a decrease of 3.2%
72K - Specialised machinery (capital)	£38.0 million	7.1%	-
74K - General industrial machinery (capital)	£30.4 million	5.7%	an increase of 88.7%

'the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

The **top 5 goods imported to the UK from Chile** in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 were as follows:

Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024
05 - Vegetables & fruit	£224.7 million	43.2%	an increase of 20.6%
1 - Beverages & tobacco	£163.7 million	31.5%	a decrease of 0.8%
64 - Paper & paperboard	£20.5 million	3.9%	an increase of 20.5%
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£19.2 million	3.7%	-
68 - Non-ferrous metals	£17.6 million	3.4%	an increase of 29.2%

'the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

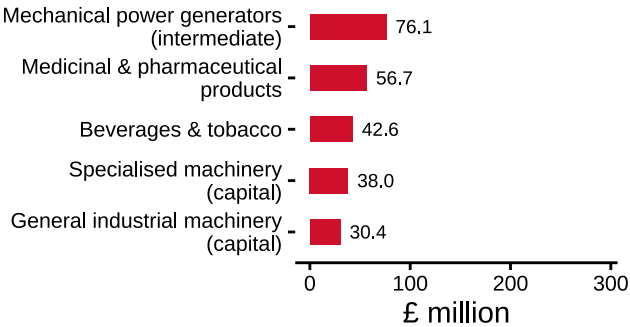
Note: Percentage changes between the current and previous period that exceed 100% have been omitted. This is to avoid presenting small value changes from a low base as fast growing.

¹⁴Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for [exports](#) and [imports](#) present the latest data from the ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

¹⁵The commodities are categorised by the ONS based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.

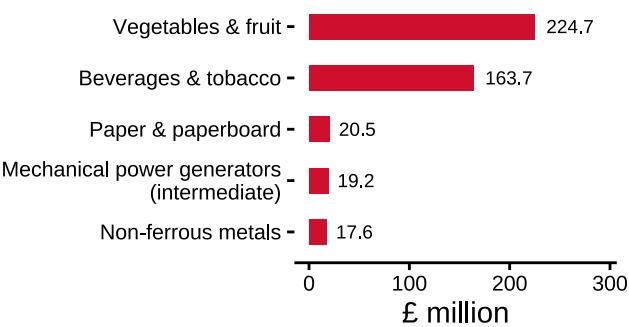
The chart below shows the top 5 goods exported from the UK to Chile and the top 5 goods imported to the UK from Chile, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK goods exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, to Chile



Source: ONS, July 2025

The top 5 UK goods imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, from Chile



Source: ONS, July 2025

Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)^{16 17 18 19 20}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 service types exported from the UK to Chile** in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 were as follows:

Service type	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025	Percentage of total services exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024
Other Business Services	£162 million	24.0%	a decrease of 7.4%
Insurance and Pension	£141 million	20.9%	an increase of 14.6%
Travel	£90 million	13.3%	an increase of 7.1%
Transportation	£83 million	12.3%	a decrease of 3.5%
Intellectual property	£64 million	9.5%	a decrease of 26.4%

'the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

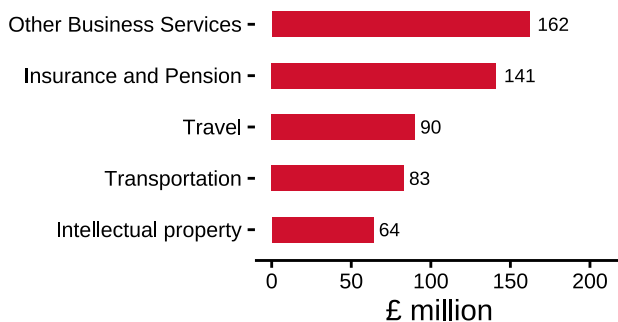
The **top 5 service types imported to the UK from Chile** in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025 were as follows:

Service type	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025	Percentage of total services imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q1 2024
Other Business Services	£20 million	13.9%	Unavailable due to suppressed data
Travel	£10 million	6.9%	Unavailable due to suppressed data
Financial	£8 million	5.6%	Unavailable due to suppressed data
Insurance and Pension	£2 million	1.4%	Unavailable due to suppressed data
Telecommunications, computer and information services	£1 million	0.7%	Low trade in previous period

'the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025' refers to the 12 months to the end of March 2025

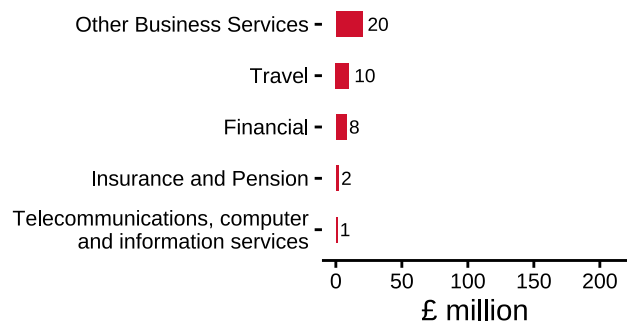
The chart below shows the top 5 service types exported from the UK to Chile and the top 5 service types imported to the UK from Chile, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK services exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, to Chile



Source: ONS, Q1 2025

The top 5 UK services imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q1 2025, from Chile



Source: ONS, Q1 2025

¹⁶Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹⁷Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

¹⁸Service type data may be unavailable for some quarters, due to the suppression of figures for the confidentiality of individual traders.

¹⁹Percentage comparisons cannot be provided for service exports and imports where the value, for the previous period, is less than £500 thousand. This is due to the value of services exports and imports being rounded to the nearest £million.

²⁰Where data suppressions prevent a comparison between the current and previous four quarters, the above tables will state "Unavailable due to suppressed data" in the comparison column.

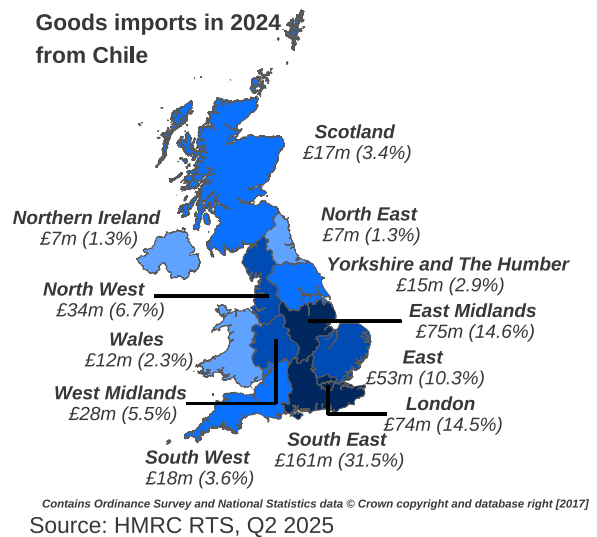
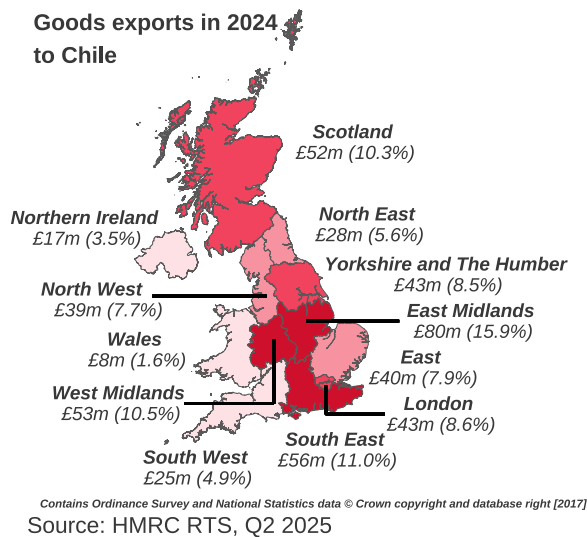
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)²¹

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Regional trade definitions

- **UK regions** - The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- **Regional trade data** - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

The maps below show the value of UK goods exports and imports between each UK region and Chile in 2024. The maps are shaded with the 3 UK regions with the highest amount of trade as the darkest colour, and the 3 UK regions with the lowest amount of trade as the lightest colour.



The data that are presented in the maps above for 2024 in £ million are also given in the table below:

UK country or English region	North East	North West	Yorkshire and The Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
Value of goods exports to Chile	28	39	43	80	53	40	43	56	25	8	52	17
Percentage of total goods exports to Chile	5.6%	7.7%	8.5%	15.9%	10.5%	7.9%	8.6%	11.0%	4.9%	1.6%	10.3%	3.5%
Value of goods imports from Chile	7	34	15	75	28	53	74	161	18	12	17	7
Percentage of total goods imports from Chile	1.3%	6.7%	2.9%	14.6%	5.5%	10.3%	14.5%	31.5%	3.6%	2.3%	3.4%	1.3%

Note that these figures from HMRC are reported on a physical movement basis and are **not directly comparable** to trade data from ONS which are reported on a change of ownership basis. **Percentages will not total 100%** as data not allocated to a single UK country or English region are not presented.

²¹HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC interactive tables).

²²Totals presented here will differ from overall HMRC trade figures due to the exclusion of trade in non-monetary gold and non-response estimates and the exclusion of data not allocated to a UK country or region. Figures for 2024 are provisional and subject to change.

Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)²³

Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

- **Modes of Supply** define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's [General Agreement on Services](#) categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- **Mode 1** - Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- **Mode 2** - Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- **Mode 3** - Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) - this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- **Mode 4** - Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

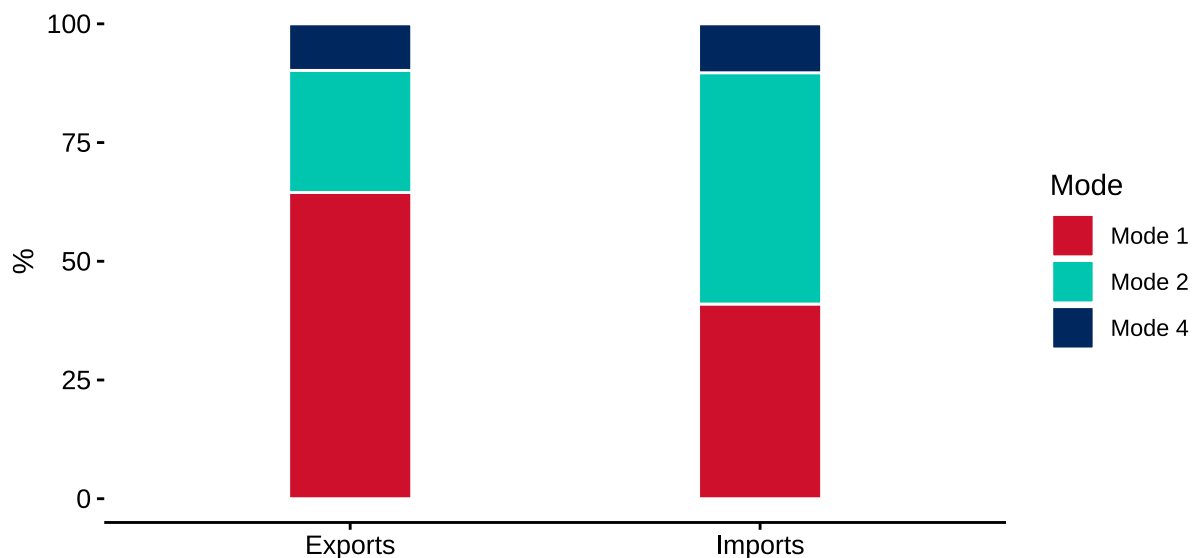
UK services exports to Chile by mode of supply in 2022:

- £376 million of services exports to Chile were delivered by Mode 1 (64.5%).
- £150 million of services exports were delivered by Mode 2 (25.7%).
- £57 million of services exports were delivered by Mode 4 (9.8%).

UK services imports from Chile by mode of supply in 2022:

- £48 million of services imports from Chile were delivered by Mode 1 (41.0%).
- £57 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 2 (48.7%).
- £12 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 4 (10.3%).

Proportion of total trade flows of services with Chile
by Modes 1, 2, & 4 in 2022 (%)



Source: ONS, 2022

²³ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: [ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK](#)

UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)^{24 25}

Market Share definitions

- **UK market share** – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by Chile. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- **Market share methodology** – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate ²⁶.

The UK’s market share for Chile in 2024 was as follows:

- **The total UK market share in Chile was 1.6% in 2024 for goods and services.** This is an increase of 0.1 percentage points from 2023.
- The UK market share in Chile was 0.8% in 2024 for **goods only**. This is unchanged from 2023.
- The UK market share in Chile was 4.4% in 2024 for **services only**. This is an increase of 0.3 percentage points from 2023.

The table below presents the UK’s market share for Chile between 2015 and 2024. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total goods and services	1.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.6%	1.8%	1.6%	1.3%	1.1%	<i>1.4%</i>	<i>1.6%</i>
Goods only	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.5%	1.0%	0.9%	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%
Services only	3.2%	3.8%	3.3%	3.6%	3.3%	4.3%	3.4%	3.1%	<i>4.1%</i>	<i>4.4%</i>

²⁴ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

²⁵UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

²⁶Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the [Bank of England](#)

Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)^{27 28 29}

Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

Businesses trading goods with Chile in 2024:

- In 2024, around 2,400 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to Chile.
- In 2024, around 600 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from Chile.

²⁷ HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: [UK trade in goods statistics](#).

²⁸ Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with Chile are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

²⁹ HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

Trade in Value Added (OECD)^{30 31}

Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- **UK forward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- **UK backward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- **Employment supported by exports** - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

UK forward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, 0.2% of the total value added in gross exports from Chile originated in the UK.**
- In 2020, 12.3% of the value added content in gross exports from Chile reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from Chile were United States (2.7%), China (1.9%), and Brazil (1.2%).

UK backward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, less than 0.1% of the total value added in gross exports from the UK originated in Chile.**
- In 2020, 14.3% of the value added content in gross exports from the UK reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from the UK were United States (2.4%), Germany (1.5%), and China (1.2%).

Employment supported by exports.³²

- Exporting activity in Chile supported 1.6 million jobs in 2020 (20.6% of total Chile employment). Exports to the UK supported around 23,700 jobs in Chile in 2020.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.7 million jobs in 2020 (20.6% of total UK employment). Exports to Chile supported around 7,000 jobs in the UK in 2020.

³⁰The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(origin of value added in gross exports\)](#), June 2024; and b) [Trade in employment \(TIM\) database](#), February 2024, indicators EXGR_DEM.

³¹The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

³²These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.

Foreign Direct Investment with Chile (ONS)^{33 34 35}

Foreign direct investment definitions

- **Foreign direct investment (FDI)** - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- **FDI stock** - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in Chile), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a Chile parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** - It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

Note: The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the [ONS website](#).

UK outward FDI stock:

- At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Chile** was £2.0 billion, 5.6% or £118 million lower than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Chile accounted for 0.1% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

UK inward FDI stock:

- At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from Chile in the UK** are not available due to data disclosure.

³³Data for both inward and outward FDI between the UK and Chile are not available in the main ONS release ([Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#)). Therefore, an [ONS FDI ad-hoc data release](#) is used to provide the latest FDI data for Chile where it is unavailable in the main ONS release.

³⁴Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

³⁵This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to Chile (reported by the UK) may not match Chile inward FDI from the UK (reported by Chile). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

Economic statistics (as reported by Chile)

Trade and investment data for Chile (UNCTAD)^{36 37 38}

The following data are reported by Chile and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nominal exports	78.1	84.1	77.3	79.6	100.6	107.0	<i>103.1</i>	<i>110.9</i>
Nominal imports	76.2	87.0	82.3	68.1	102.6	118.3	99.5	98.6
Nominal trade balance	1.9	-2.9	-5.1	11.4	-2.0	-11.3	3.7	12.3
Inward FDI stock	245.7	241.0	245.5	248.9	238.5	252.4	265.7	267.0
Outward FDI stock	107.8	107.1	118.0	119.9	129.9	137.0	143.1	143.0

³⁶United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

³⁷Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2017 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

³⁸All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

Economic data and projections for Chile (IMF)^{39 40}

The following table presents economic statistics for Chile. Figures from 2025 onwards are forecast projections.

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Change in exports (%)	0.9	0.5	6.2	3.6	3.0	2.6	2.0	2.0	2.1
Change in imports (%)	1.9	-10.6	1.9	3.7	2.9	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.1
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-8.8	-3.1	-1.5	-2.1	-2.4	-2.7	-2.8	-2.9	-3.0
Global GDP ranking (current prices)	46	47	46	44	45	45	45	45	46
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	301.3	335.6	330.2	343.8	357.7	373.2	389.2	405.8	422.8
Change in real GDP (%)	2.2	0.5	2.6	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	15.2	16.8	16.4	17.0	17.6	18.3	19.0	19.7	20.4
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	619.3	645.0	678.0	710.2	741.5	772.2	806.6	840.3	875.1
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	11.6	7.6	3.9	4.4	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	7.9	8.7	8.5	8.1	8.1	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.5
Population (million)	19.8	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.5	20.6	20.7
Total investment (% of GDP)	25.8	23.4	23.2	23.3	23.7	23.9	24.1	24.3	24.4
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	16.9	20.2	21.8	21.3	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.4	21.4
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	1.4	-2.3	-2.7	-2.0	-1.1	-0.7	-0.7	-1.1	-1.0
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	37.9	39.4	42.0	43.0	43.4	43.2	43.5	43.5	44.3

³⁹International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in the [World Economic Database, April 2025](#).

⁴⁰Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2022, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#).

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As a requisite of publishing as Official Statistics, a [quality and methodology report](#) has been produced which outlines the quality of these factsheets, as well as providing more information on the methodology of the data sources presented here. This report contains hyperlinks to information on the strengths and weaknesses for each data source. Statistics contained in the factsheets from UK data providers all come from Official Statistics publications, with some sources also being from National Statistics publications.

Future updates of these factsheets can be found on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). These scheduled updates are in line with significant updates from UK data providers when they release new data. Unscheduled releases of the factsheets may also be necessary to accommodate data updates where little or no advanced notice are given, such as in the case of international data updates. Please see the data update schedule and revisions policy in the [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. Please note that there may be occasions where more recent data than is provided here can be found directly from the data providers.

The Department for Business and Trade welcome any feedback or comments on these factsheets, please send these to statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk.



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