Ministry of Housing,
Communities &
Local Government

Local Government Outcomes Framework

Priority outcomes and draft metrics

Headline priority outcomes

Homelessness and rough sleeping	Prevent and reduce homelessness and rough sleeping
Housing	Everyone has access to a decent, safe, secure, and affordable home
Multiple disadvantage	Improve the lives of adults experiencing multiple disadvantages
Best start in life	Improve early child health, family support and early education to give every child the best start in life
Every child achieving and thriving	Support all children and young people to achieve and thrive in school, at home and in their communities
Keeping children safe and family security (Children's Social Care)	Keep children safe in secure and loving homes and help more families to thrive together
Health and wellbeing	People live healthier lives for longer and health inequalities are reduced
Adult Social Care – Quality	Care users and carers experience high quality adult social care that is provided by a skilled workforce
Adult Social Care – Independence	Care users are supported to stay independent in their homes where possible, and have choice and control over their support
Adult Social Care - Neighbourhood health / integration	Care users are supported by joined up health and social care services at a neighbourhood level
Neighbourhoods	People feel safe and included in their local community and are satisfied with their local area as a place to live
Environment, Circular Economy and climate change	Support a healthier, more resilient natural and built environment, including responding to the risks and impacts of climate change to the benefit of communities
Transport and local infrastructure	Communities are connected with improved, healthier and greener public transport, enabled by well maintained, enhanced and delivered transport infrastructure
Contextual metrics	
Economic prosperity and regeneration	Foster local economic growth and prosperity
Child poverty	Reduce and alleviate child poverty to improve children's lives and life chances

Priority outcomes and draft metrics

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
Homelessness and rough sleeping Prevent and reduce homelessness and rough sleeping	• No. of households with children in temporary accommodation (MHCLG) • Number of families in B&B over 6 weeks (MHCLG) • Percentage of duties owed where homelessness was prevented (MHCLG) • Number of people sleeping rough on a single night (MHCLG) • Number of people sleeping rough over the month who are long term (MHCLG)	N/A
Housing Everyone has access to a decent, safe, secure, and affordable home	• Proportion of rental housing in LA area deemed decent (MHCLG) • Net additional dwellings (MHCLG) • House price to workplace-based earnings ratio (ONS) • Proportion of homes rated EPC C and above (ONS) • Social housing demand [placeholder]	• Enforcement action taken by local authorities against 11m+ buildings under the Housing Act 2004 (MHCLG) • Completed remediation for unique buildings (MHCLG) • Proportion of LA-owned social housing deemed decent (MHCLG) • Total new homes delivered as a % of existing total area stock (MHCLG) • Percentage of planning applications decided on time (dwellings) (MHCLG) • Year-on-year change in social rented dwellings held in LA Housing Revenue Account (HRA) (MHCLG) • Private Rented Sector enforcement [placeholder]

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
Multiple disadvantage Improve the lives of adults experiencing multiple disadvantage	• Proportion of people in substance use treatment also experiencing at least one other overlapping disadvantage, achieving significant progress in treatment (OHID) [placeholder] • Households with accommodation secured at end of prevention/relief duty for households also experiencing at least two areas of overlapping disadvantage (MHCLG) [placeholder]	• Proportion of prison leavers with a substance misuse need engaged in treatment within three weeks of release (DHSC/NDTMS) • Number of households unable to be supported at domestic abuse safe accommodations due to being unable to meet additional needs (MHCLG)
Best start in life Improve early child health, family support and early education to give children in every part of the country the best start in life	• Percentage of children with a good level of development up to 5 years old (DfE) (see early children's health measure included in health and wellbeing outcome)	• Take-up rate of 2yo disadvantage childcare offer (DfE) • Take-up rate of 3-4yo 15hrs childcare offer (DfE)
Every child achieving and thriving Support all children and young people to achieve and thrive in school, at home and in their communities	• Percentage of pupils meeting expected standards of reading / writing / maths at KS2 for LA maintained schools (DfE) • Key Stage 4 attainment 8 data for LA maintained schools (DfE - in development) • Percentage of young people (16 – 17) not in education, employment or training (DfE) • Percentage of SEN pupils meeting expected standards of reading / writing / maths at KS2 (DfE) • Young people supported to move into education, employment or training – SEN post-16 destinations (DfE) • Absence rate for SEN pupils (DfE) • Absence rate – persistent and severe absence (DfE)	• Percentage of SEND children supported in mainstream schools (DfE) • Ofsted report outcome for LA maintained schools [Placeholder] • Participation in sport and physical activity (age 5 - 16) (Active Lives Survey) • Participation in youth services [placeholder]

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
	• First time entrants to youth justice system (MoJ) • Percentage of youth offenders reoffending (MoJ)	
Keeping children safe and family security (Children's Social Care) Keep children safe in secure and loving homes and help more families to thrive together	• Rate of looked after children per 10,000 children (for unaccompanied asylum-seeking children and non-unaccompanied asylum-seeking children) (DfE) • Persistent absence for Children in Need Only (CINO), Child Protection Plans Only (CPPO) and Children Looked After (CLA) (DfE) • Educational attainment at KS2 (expected standard in read / writing / maths) and KS4 (average attainment 8) for CINO, CPPO and CLA (DfE) • Percentage of children who cease being looked after due to moving into Special Guardianship Order (SGO) or Care Arrangement Order (CAO) (DfE) • Percentage of child protection plans which are a second or subsequent plan (DfE) • Percentage of child protection plans which were longer than 2 years (DfE) • Percentage of looked after children with 3 or more placements during the year (DfE) • Percentage of children living in foster, residential care, or secure children's homes (DfE) • Percentage of care leavers in education, employment or training (DfE) • Percentage of care leavers in suitable accommodation (DfE)	• Percentage of local authority spend not on children looked after (CLA) (DfE) • Workforce vacancy rates (DfE)

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
Health and wellbeing People live healthier lives for longer and health inequalities are reduced	• Healthy life expectancy at birth (Fingertips) • Slope Index of Inequality in life expectancy at birth (Fingertips) • Smoking: Percentage of successful quitters (To be published on Fingertips) • Child health: Percentage achieving good level of development at 2-2.5 year review (Fingertips) (see early children's health measure also included in best start in life outcome) • Drugs and alcohol: Rate of alcohol specific mortality (directly standardised rate (dsr) per 100,000) (Fingertips) • Obesity: Year 6 obesity prevalence (Fingertips) • Physical inactivity: Percentage of adults who are physically inactive (Fingertips) • Sexual health: Under 18 conception rate (Fingertips) • Oral health: Percentage of 5-year-olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay (Fingertips)	• Smoking: Percentage of local population who smoke provided with support to quit (To be published on Fingertips) • Drugs and alcohol: Proportion of the opiate and/or crack prevalent population (15-64) and the proportion of alcohol dependent population (18 and over) that are not in treatment (unmet need) (NDTMS) • Sexual health: HIV testing rate per 100,000 (Fingertips) • CVD prevention: Proportion of NHS health checks completed across the eligible population (Fingertips)
Adult Social Care – Quality Care users and carers experience high quality adult social care that is provided by a skilled workforce	• Care recipient quality of life (adjusted to account for LA impact) (1B) (ASCOF) • Carer quality of life (1C) (ASCOF) • Overall satisfaction of carers with social services (for them and the person they care for) (1E) (ASCOF) • Overall satisfaction of care recipients with their care and support (1D) (ASCOF) • Proportion of section 42 safeguarding enquiries where a risk was identified, and the reported	• Workforce turnover: Proportion of staff in the formal care workforce leaving their role in the past 12 months (6A) (Skills for care)

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
	outcome was that the risk was reduced or removed (4B) (ASCOF)	
Adult Social Care – Independence Care users are supported to stay independent in their homes where possible, and have choice and control over their support	• Proportion of people who received reablement during the year, who previously were not receiving services, where no further request was made for ongoing support (2A) (ASCOF) • Proportion of people receiving long-term support living in their home or with family (2E) (ASCOF) • Proportion of people who use services who report having control over their daily life (3A) (ASCOF) • Proportion of care users and carers who have found it easy to find information about services/support (3C) (ASCOF) • Proportion of carers who report that they have been involved in discussions about the person they care for (3B) (ASCOF) • Proportion of people using social care who receive direct payments (3D) (ASCOF)	• Access to LA arranged or funded care by age and setting (nursing, residential and community) per 100,000 adults in England (DHSC)
Adult Social Care - Neighbourhood health / integration Care users are supported by joined up health and social care services at a neighbourhood level	• Proportion of people 65 and over discharged from hospital into reablement and who remained in the community within 12 weeks of discharge (2D) (ASCOF) • Number of adults (18-64) whose long-term support needs are met by admission to residential and nursing care homes (per 100,000 population) (2B) (ASCOF) • Number of adults (65+) whose long-term support needs are met by admission to residential and	N/A

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
	nursing care homes (per 100,000 population) (2C) (ASCOF)	
Neighbourhoods People feel safe and included in their local community and are satisfied with their local area as a place to live	• Percentage agree adults in their communities can be trusted (DCMS) • Anti-social behaviour [placeholder] • People feel they can influence local decisions (DCMS) • People are satisfied with community / cultural facilities [placeholder] (DCMS) • People are satisfied with their local area as a place to live (DCMS)	• Fly tipping enforcement actions per incident (Defra) • Access to green spaces [placeholder] (DEFRA) • Physical visits of people into library premises per population [placeholder] (ACE)
Environment, Circular Economy and Climate Change Support a healthier, more resilient natural and built environment, including responding to the risks and impacts of climate change to the benefit of communities	• Deaths attributable to particulate air pollution (particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometres in diameter [PM2.5]) (Fingertips) • Percentage of total household waste sent for recycling/ compost/ reuse (Defra) • Percentage of total household waste that is collected separately as food waste (Defra) • Flood protection [placeholder] (Defra) • Biodiversity [placeholder]	N/A

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
Transport and local infrastructure Communities are connected with improved, healthier and greener public transport, enabled by well maintained, enhanced and delivered transport infrastructure	• Connectivity score for public transport to key services • Passenger journeys on buses (DfT) • Passenger journeys on light rail for LAs in scope (DfT) • Percentage of adults who walk or cycle for travel purposes at least once per week (DfT) • Killed or seriously injured per billion vehicle miles (DfT) • Percentage of local authority motorways and A roads that should be considered for maintenance (DfT) • Percentage of B and C roads that should be considered for maintenance (DfT) • Proportion of the *local unclassified* roads that should be considered for maintenance (% red) (DfT)	• Public EV charging devices per 100,000 population (DfT) • Vehicle kilometres on local bus services (DfT)

Priority outcomes	Draft metrics for sector engagement	
	Outcome measures (data source)	Output measures (data source)
Contextual priority outcomes	Contextual metrics	
Economic prosperity and regeneration Foster local economic growth and prosperity	• Gross value added per hour worked (ONS) • Gross median weekly pay (ONS) • Employment for 16-19 year olds ONS) • Employment rate 16-64 year olds (ONS) • Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) average score (MHCLG) • Births of new enterprises (ONS) • Deaths of enterprises (ONS) • Number of high growth enterprises (ONS) • Business density (ONS) • Business survival rate (ONS) • Reducing poverty [placeholder] • Employment support [placeholder]	
Child poverty Reduce and alleviate child poverty to improve children's lives and life chances	• Children in low-income families (DWP)	