

### Germany

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Germany.

Date of release: 19 June 2025; Date of next planned release: 1 August 2025

**Total trade in goods and services** (exports plus imports) between the UK and Germany<sup>1</sup> was £146.4 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, a decrease of 2.1% or £3.2 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Of this £146.4 billion:

- Total UK **exports** to Germany amounted to £61.1 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of £17 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023);
- Total UK **imports** from Germany amounted to £85.3 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (a decrease of 3.6% or £3.2 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

**Germany was the UK's 2<sup>nd</sup> largest trading partner** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 accounting for 8.2% of total UK trade.<sup>2</sup>

At the end of 2023, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in Germany was £35.3 billion accounting for 1.9% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

At the end of 2023, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from Germany was £44.0 billion accounting for 2.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Investment data sourced from ONS publication on Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies.

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## **About these statistics**

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Germany. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the Trade and Investment Factsheets website on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.
- Trade statistics by commodity and service type.
- Trade in goods between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.
- Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.
- UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.
- Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.
- UK's Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with each investment partner.
- Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the Government update schedule for Official Statistics. The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the UK trade in numbers publication or the trade and investment core statistics book. These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all Official Statistics publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

### **Contact Details**

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# Summary trade and investment statistics for Germany

### **UK trade** with Germany, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)<sup>4</sup>

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Total trade	£146.4 billion	a decrease of 2.1% or £3.2 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	2nd	
Total UK exports	£61.1 billion	an increase of <0.1% or £17 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	2nd	
UK exports of goods (percentage of total UK goods exports)	£32.1 billion (52.5%)	a decrease of 5.2% or £1.8 billion
UK exports of services (percentage of total UK services exports)	£29.1 billion (47.5%)	an increase of 6.5% or £1.8 billion
Total UK imports	£85.3 billion	a decrease of 3.6% or £3.2 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	2nd	
UK imports of goods (percentage of total UK goods imports)	£71.8 billion (84.2%)	a decrease of 3.9% or £2.9 billion
UK imports of services (percentage of total UK services imports)	£13.5 billion (15.8%)	a decrease of 2.5% or £344 million

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on UK total trade (seasonally adjusted data).

# **UK market share in Germany**<sup>5</sup>

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2023	Change from 2022
Total UK market share	4.3%	an increase of 0.3 percentage points
UK market share for goods only	3.3%	an increase of 0.2 percentage points
UK market share for services only	6.8%	an increase of 0.4 percentage points

### UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with Germany<sup>6</sup>

UK FDI stock	Value at the end of 2023	Change from the end of 2022
Total UK outward FDI stock	£35.3 billion	a decrease of 14.2% or £5.8 billion
Total UK inward FDI stock	£44.0 billion	an increase of 3.9% or £1.6 billion

### **Economic statistics** and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for Germany<sup>7</sup>

Economic statistics	2023	2024	2025	2026
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	-0.3%	-0.2%	-0.1%	0.9%
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	53.6	55.0	55.9	57.8
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	4,527.0	4,658.5	4,744.8	4,911.7
Global GDP Ranking	3	3	3	3

Figures for 2025 and 2026 are forecast projections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the market share section in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics publication Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund World Economic Outlook databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

# Trade with Germany, in current prices (ONS)<sup>8 9 10</sup>

#### Trade definitions

- UK exports Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to Germany.
- UK imports Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by Germany.
- Total or 'bilateral' trade The value of total trade between the UK and Germany (exports plus imports).
- Trade balance The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- Trade surplus This occurs when the value of UK exports to Germany is greater than the value of UK imports from Germany.
- Trade deficit This occurs when the value of UK exports to Germany is less than the value of UK imports from Germany.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet quality and methodology report for more information.

#### These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

**Note:** UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.

**Total trade** in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Germany was £146.4 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, a decrease of 2.1% or £3.2 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK exports** to Germany amounted to £61.1 billion (an increase of £17 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK exports to Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, £32.1 billion (52.5%) were **goods** and £29.1 billion (47.5%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, UK **exports of goods** to Germany decreased by 5.2% or £1.8 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **exports of services** to Germany increased by 6.5% or £1.8 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the four quarters to the four quarters to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK imports** from Germany were £85.3 billion (a decrease of 3.6% or £3.2 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

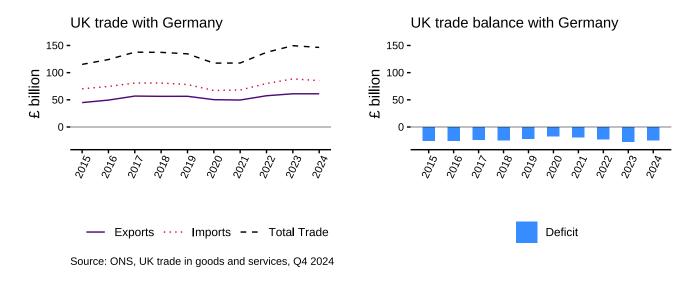
Of all UK imports from Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, £71.8 billion (84.2%) were **goods** and £13.5 billion (15.8%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from Germany decreased by 3.9% or £2.9 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **imports of services** from Germany decreased by 2.5% or £344 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

This means the UK reported a **total trade deficit** of £24.1 billion with Germany, compared to a trade deficit of £27.4 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, the UK had a **trade in goods deficit** of £39.7 billion with Germany, compared to a trade in goods deficit of £40.8 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £15.6 billion with Germany, compared to a trade in services surplus of £13.4 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Office for National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: UK total trade data (seasonally adjusted).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to asymmetries e.g. the value of UK exports to Germany (reported by the UK) may not match the value of Germany imports from the UK (reported by Germany).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.



The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of total trade	115.2	124.1	137.7	137.3	134.6	117.5	117.7	137.4	149.6	146.4
Value of exports	44.9	49.5	56.9	56.4	56.5	50.3	49.6	57.5	61.1	61.1
Value of imports	70.3	74.6	80.8	80.9	78.1	67.2	68.1	79.9	88.5	85.3
Trade balance	-25.4	-25.2	-23.9	-24.4	-21.6	-16.9	-18.5	-22.4	-27.4	-24.1

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, Germany was the UK's:<sup>11</sup>

- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest trading partner (accounting for 8.2% of total UK trade).
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> largest **goods** trading partner (10.8% of UK goods trade).
  - 3rd largest services trading partner (5.2% of UK services trade).
- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest export market (accounting for 7.0% of total UK exports).
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> largest **goods** export market (8.8% of UK goods exports).
- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest services export market (5.7% of UK services exports). • 2<sup>nd</sup> largest import market (accounting for 9.4% of total UK imports).
- Largest goods import market (12.1% of UK goods imports).

  - 5<sup>th</sup> largest services import market (4.3% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only<sup>12</sup> is published by the ONS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: UK total trade data (seasonally adjusted). <sup>12</sup>ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to April 2025: UK Trade data (seasonally adjusted).

# Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS) $^{13}$ $^{14}$

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The top 5 goods exported from the UK to Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
792 - Aircraft	£3.6 billion	11.1%	an increase of 15.1%
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£3.3 billion	10.3%	an increase of 3.5%
54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products	£2.2 billion	6.9%	an increase of 23.5%
78M - Cars	£2.0 billion	6.3%	a decrease of 27.7%
330 - Crude oil	£1.7 billion	5.2%	a decrease of 20.9%

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

The top 5 goods imported to the UK from Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

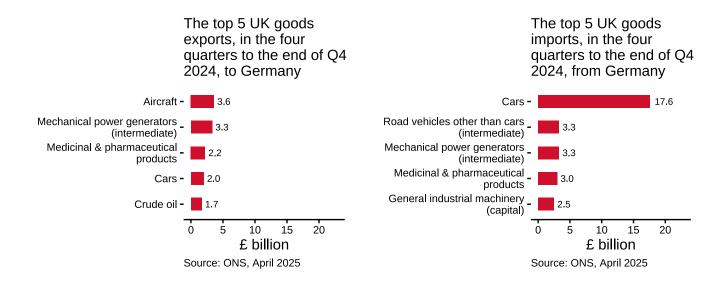
Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
78M - Cars	£17.6 billion	24.5%	a decrease of 12.3%
78I - Road vehicles other than cars (intermediate)	£3.3 billion	4.6%	a decrease of 2.9%
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£3.3 billion	4.6%	a decrease of 1.7%
54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products	£3.0 billion	4.2%	a decrease of 2.8%
74K - General industrial machinery (capital)	£2.5 billion	3.5%	a decrease of 3.8%

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

The chart below shows the top 5 goods exported from the UK to Germany and the top 5 goods imported to the UK from Germany, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: UK trade release (non-seasonally adjusted). These statistics for exports and imports present the latest data from the ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>The commodities are categorised by the ONS based on SITC codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.



# Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)<sup>15 16 17</sup>

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The top 5 service types exported from the UK to Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total services exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Other Business Services	£11.4 billion	39.3%	an increase of 6.0%
Telecommunications, computer and information services		18.3%	an increase of 1.0%
Financial	£3.7 billion	12.7%	an increase of 34.5%
Intellectual property	£2.5 billion	8.8%	a decrease of 4.6%
Travel	£2.5 billion	8.6%	an increase of 15.8%

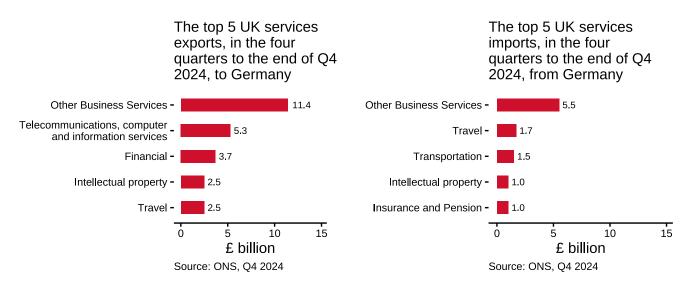
'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

The top 5 service types imported to the UK from Germany in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total services imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Other Business Services	£5.5 billion	40.9%	an increase of 3.2%
Travel	£1.7 billion	12.7%	an increase of 13.5%
Transportation	£1.5 billion	11.1%	a decrease of 13.5%
Intellectual property	£1.0 billion	7.5%	a decrease of 18.3%
Insurance and Pension	£997 million	7.4%	an increase of 28.1%

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

The chart below shows the top 5 service types exported from the UK to Germany and the top 5 service types imported to the UK from Germany, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: UK trade in services by partner country (non-seasonally adjusted).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>Data are classified on the EBOPS 2010 basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the UN Statistics Division website.

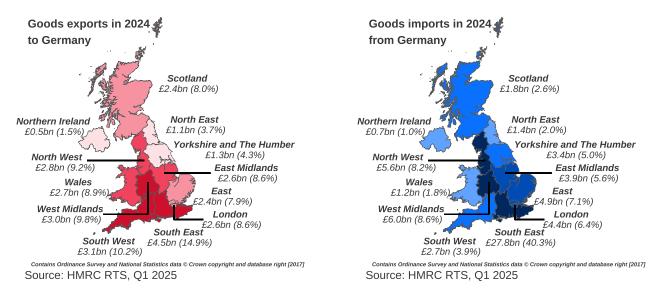
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>Service type data may be unavailable for some quarters, due to the suppression of figures for the confidentiality of individual traders.

# Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)<sup>18</sup> $_{19}$

#### **Regional trade definitions**

- UK regions The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- Regional trade data The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

The maps below show the value of UK goods exports and imports between each UK region and Germany in 2024. The maps are shaded with the 3 UK regions with the highest amount of trade as the darkest colour, and the 3 UK regions with the lowest amount of trade as the lightest colour.



#### The data that are presented in the maps above for 2024 in £ billion are also given in the table below:

UK country or English region	North East	North West	Yorkshire and The Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
Value of goods exports to Germany	1.1	2.8	1.3	2.6	3.0	2.4	2.6	4.5	3.1	2.7	2.4	0.5
Percentage of total goods exports to Germany	3.7%	9.2%	4.3%	8.6%	9.8%	7.9%	8.6%	14.9%	10.2%	8.9%	8.0%	1.5%
Value of goods imports from Germany	1.4	5.6	3.4	3.9	6.0	4.9	4.4	27.8	2.7	1.2	1.8	0.7
Percentage of total goods imports from Germany	2.0%	8.2%	5.0%	5.6%	8.6%	7.1%	6.4%	40.3%	3.9%	1.8%	2.6%	1.0%

Note that these figures from HMRC are reported on a physical movement basis and are **not directly comparable** to trade data from ONS which are reported on a change of ownership basis. **Percentages will not total 100%** as data not allocated to a single UK country or English region are not presented.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: HMRC Regional Trade Statistics (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC interactive tables).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>Totals presented here will differ from overall HMRC trade figures due to the exclusion of trade in non-monetary gold and non-response estimates and the exclusion of data not allocated to a UK country or region. Figures for 2024 are provisional and subject to change.

# Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)<sup>20</sup>

#### Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

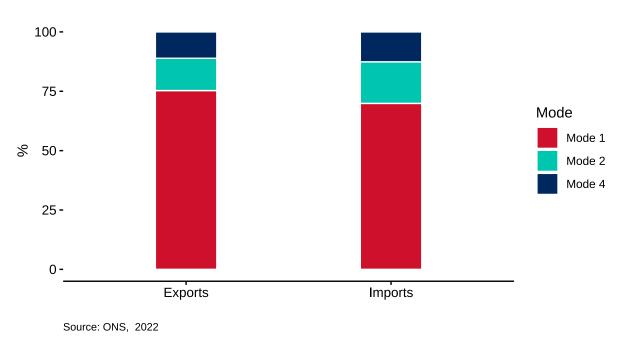
- Modes of Supply define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's General Agreement on Services categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- Mode 1 Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- Mode 2 Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- Mode 3 Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- Mode 4 Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

#### UK services exports to Germany by mode of supply in 2022:

- £17.8 billion of services exports to Germany were delivered by Mode 1 (75.3%).
- £3.2 billion of services exports were delivered by Mode 2 (13.6%).
- £2.6 billion of services exports were delivered by Mode 4 (11.1%).

#### UK services imports from Germany by mode of supply in 2022:

- £8.4 billion of services imports from Germany were delivered by Mode 1 (69.9%).
- £2.1 billion of services imports were delivered by Mode 2 (17.5%).
- £1.5 billion of services imports were delivered by Mode 4 (12.6%).



Proportion of total trade flows of services with Germany by Modes 1, 2, & 4 in 2022 (%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK

# UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD) $^{21\ 22}$

#### **Market Share definitions**

- **UK market share** Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by Germany. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- Market share methodology These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from ONS, divided by the value of total imports using data from UNCTAD. Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate <sup>23</sup>.

The UK's market share for Germany in 2023 was as follows:

- The total UK market share in Germany was 4.3% in 2023 for goods and services. This is an increase of 0.3 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Germany was 3.3% in 2023 for **goods only**. This is an increase of 0.2 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Germany was 6.8% in 2023 for **services only**. This is an increase of 0.4 percentage points from 2022.

The table below presents the UK's market share for Germany between 2014 and 2023. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total goods and services	5.3%	5.7%	5.5%	5.5%	5.1%	5.0%	4.9%	4.2%	4.0%	4.3%
Goods only	4.9%	5.2%	4.9%	4.8%	4.4%	4.4%	4.2%	3.4%	3.2%	3.3%
Services only	6.8%	7.3%	7.3%	7.5%	7.1%	6.5%	6.9%	6.7%	6.3%	6.8%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>ONS data source for market share: UK total trade data (seasonally adjusted).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>UNCTAD data source for market share: Goods and Services (BPM6): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual. Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the Bank of England

#### **Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)**

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

#### Businesses trading goods with Germany in 2024:

- In 2024, around 32,700 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to Germany.
- In 2024, around 50,600 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from Germany.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: UK trade in goods statistics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with Germany are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

# Trade in Value Added (OECD)<sup>27 28</sup>

#### Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent research report by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- UK forward linkages for exports Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- UK backward linkages for exports Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- Employment supported by exports This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

#### UK forward linkages for exports:

- In 2020, 1.1% of the total value added in gross exports from Germany originated in the UK.
- In 2020, 21.4% of the value added content in gross exports from Germany reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from Germany were United States (2.1%), China (1.9%), and France (1.3%).

#### UK backward linkages for exports:

- In 2020, 1.5% of the total value added in gross exports from the UK originated in Germany.
- In 2020, 14.3% of the value added content in gross exports from the UK reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from the UK were United States (2.4%), Germany (1.5%), and China (1.2%).

#### Employment supported by exports:<sup>29</sup>

- Exporting activity in Germany supported 11.6 million jobs in 2020 (25.9% of total Germany employment). Exports to the UK supported around 608,900 jobs in Germany in 2020.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.7 million jobs in 2020 (20.6% of total UK employment). Exports to Germany supported around 497,900 jobs in the UK in 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup>The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) Trade in Value Added database (origin of value added in gross exports), June 2024; and b) Trade in employment (TiM) database, February 2024, indicators EXGR\_DEM.

 $<sup>^{28}</sup>$ The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.

# Foreign Direct Investment with Germany (ONS)<sup>30 31 32</sup>

#### Foreign direct investment definitions

- Foreign direct investment (FDI) Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- FDI stock The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. UK outward FDI stock provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in Germany), while UK inward FDI stock provides the total value of FDI by uK investors in the UK (investment of a Germany parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

**Note:** The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the ONS website.

#### UK outward FDI stock:

• At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Germany** was £35.3 billion, 14.2% or £5.8 billion lower than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Germany accounted for 1.9% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

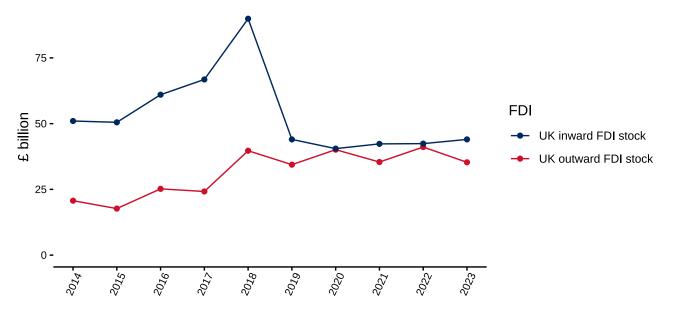
#### UK inward FDI stock:

• At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from Germany in the UK** was £44.0 billion, 3.9% or £1.6 billion higher than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Germany accounted for 2.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup>ONS data source for FDI statistics: Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup>Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup>This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to Germany (reported by the UK) may not match Germany inward FDI from the UK (reported by Germany). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.



Stock of foreign direct investment between the UK and Germany

Source: ONS, 2023 FDI main release. Data are on a directional basis, data suppression can cause breaks in the trends.

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
UK outward FDI stock	20.7	17.7	25.2	24.2	39.7	34.4	40.1	35.4	41.1	35.3
UK inward FDI stock	51.0	50.5	61.0	66.8	89.9	44.0	40.5	42.3	42.4	44.0

## Economic statistics (as reported by Germany)

### Trade and investment data for Germany (UNCTAD)<sup>33 34 35</sup>

The following data are reported by Germany and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

-	Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
	Nominal exports	1,469.7	1,588.2	1,724.7	1,680.8	1,541.1	1,857.5	1,900.4	1,956.2		
	Nominal imports	1,216.1	1,325.5	1,485.2	1,457.3	1,330.1	1,629.5	1,791.4	1,769.7		
	Nominal trade balance	253.7	262.6	239.5	223.5	211.0	228.1	109.1	186.5		
-	Inward FDI stock	794.5	963.1	940.6	963.6	1,153.1	1,105.4	1,091.6	1,128.3		
	Outward FDI stock	1,367.7	1,650.3	1,707.7	1,822.1	2,022.9	2,135.6	2,078.0	2,179.2		

<sup>34</sup>Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2016 can be found on the UNCTAD website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup>United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: Goods and Services (BPM6): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual; and for investment: Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup>All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

# Economic data and projections for Germany (IMF)<sup>36 37</sup>

The following table presents economic statistics for Germany. Figures from 2025 onwards are forecast projections.

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Change in exports (%)	3.2	0.2	-1.0	-2.0	-0.5	1.7	2.9	2.9	2.7
Change in imports (%)	7.1	-0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	2.2	3.6	3.5	3.3
Current account balance (% of GDP)	3.8	5.6	5.7	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.4
Global GDP ranking (current prices)	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	4,166.9	4,527.0	4,658.5	4,744.8	4,911.7	5,083.2	5,251.9	5,416.0	5,575.7
Change in real GDP (%)	1.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.7
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	49.7	53.6	55.0	55.9	57.8	59.8	61.7	63.7	65.5
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	5,687.3	5,876.4	6,004.6	6,161.0	6,353.7	6,564.5	6,781.9	6,971.9	7,151.7
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	8.7	6.0	2.5	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9
Population (million)	83.8	84.5	84.7	84.9	85.0	85.0	85.1	85.1	85.1
Total investment (% of GDP)	23.0	21.7	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.3	21.5	21.5	21.5
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	26.9	27.2	26.8	26.2	26.0	26.2	26.1	26.0	25.9
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	-2.1	-2.5	-2.8	-3.0	-3.5	-3.9	-4.1	-4.3	-4.4
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	65.0	62.9	63.9	65.4	67.0	68.5	70.4	72.5	74.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their World Economic Outlook reports. The latest data presented here can be

found in the World Economic Database, April 2025. <sup>37</sup>Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2022, can be found on the IMF website.

# Top goods traded with the world by Germany, in current prices (UN Comtrade)<sup>38 39</sup>

Data presented here show the top commodities traded with the world, not solely the UK, by Germany. These data are based on a different commodity classification system to the ONS commodity data used earlier in this factsheet, and the two sections should therefore not be directly compared.

#### Top goods exported to the world by Germany in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods exported
1	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	285.2	16.9%
2	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	272.6	16.1%
3	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	181.8	10.7%
4	30 - Pharmaceutical products	126.1	7.5%
5	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	85.9	5.1%
6	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	67.4	4.0%
7	88 - Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof	36.3	2.1%
8	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	35.6	2.1%
9	38 - Miscellaneous chemical products	35.6	2.1%
10	73 - Articles of iron or steel	35.2	2.1%
	All goods exported	1691.4	100.0%

#### Top goods imported from the world by Germany in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods imported
1	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	207.8	14.5%
2	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	174.9	12.2%
3	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	147.8	10.3%
4	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	118.3	8.3%
5	30 - Pharmaceutical products	80.2	5.6%
6	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	50.1	3.5%
7	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	49.5	3.5%
8	29 - Organic chemicals	41.8	2.9%
9	72 - Iron and steel	28.9	2.0%
10	73 - Articles of iron or steel	27.4	1.9%
	All goods imported	1433.3	100.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup>United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online UN Comtrade Database. The data reported above are for 2024, but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup>Data are classified using the Harmonized System and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

# Top services traded with the world by Germany, in current prices (ITC Trade Map) $^{40}$ $^{41}$ $^{42}$

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by Germany.

#### Top services exported to the world by Germany in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services exported
1	Other business services	53.5	28.2%
2	Transport	45.2	23.8%
3	Travel	29.4	15.5%
4	Financial services	19.8	10.4%
5	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	17.9	9.4%
	All services exported	189.8	100.0%

#### Top services imported from the world by Germany in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services imported
1	Travel	65.0	29.0%
2	Other business services	60.6	27.1%
3	Transport	54.2	24.2%
4	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	17.0	7.6%
5	Financial services	11.6	5.2%
	All services imported	224.0	100.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online ITC Trade Map tool. The data above are for 2022, but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup>Data are classified on the EBOPS 2010 basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the UN Statistics Division website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup>Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

## **Background Notes**

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the Trade and Investment Factsheets website. All of these factsheets are published as Official Statistics as defined by the UK Statistics Authority.

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The Department for Business and Trade welcome any feedback or comments on these factsheets, please send these to statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk.



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