



## Burkina Faso

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Burkina Faso.

Date of release: 19 June 2025; Date of next planned release: 1 August 2025

**Total trade in goods and services** (exports plus imports) between the UK and Burkina Faso<sup>1</sup> was **£46 million** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 58.6% or £17 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Of this £46 million:

- Total UK **exports** to Burkina Faso amounted to £30 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of 87.5% or £14 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023);
- Total UK **imports** from Burkina Faso amounted to £16 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of 23.1% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

**Burkina Faso was the UK's joint 172<sup>nd</sup> largest trading partner** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK trade.<sup>2</sup>

In 2023, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in Burkina Faso was less than £500 thousand.

At the end of 2023, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from Burkina Faso was £4 million, 51.6% or £4 million lower than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Burkina Faso accounted for less than 0.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

<sup>2</sup>Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted](#) data.

<sup>3</sup>Investment data sourced from the ONS [ad-hoc data release](#) if not provided in the latest ONS [main FDI release](#).

# Contents

About these statistics	3
Summary trade and investment statistics for Burkina Faso	4
Trade with Burkina Faso, in current prices (ONS)	6
Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)	8
Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)	10
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)	11
Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)	12
UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)	13
Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)	14
Trade in Value Added (OECD)	15
Foreign Direct Investment with Burkina Faso (ONS)	16
Economic statistics (as reported by Burkina Faso)	17
Background Notes	21

## About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Burkina Faso. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade in goods between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [UK trade in numbers](#) publication or the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

## Contact Details

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## Summary trade and investment statistics for Burkina Faso

### UK trade with Burkina Faso, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)<sup>4</sup>

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
<b>Total trade</b>	£46 million	an increase of 58.6% or £17 million
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	Joint 172nd	
<b>Total UK exports</b>	£30 million	an increase of 87.5% or £14 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	166th	
UK exports of goods (percentage of total UK goods exports)	£12 million (40.0%)	a change of less than £1 million
UK exports of services (percentage of total UK services exports)	£18 million (60.0%)	an increase of 350.0% or £14 million
<b>Total UK imports</b>	£16 million	an increase of 23.1% or £3 million
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	Joint 171st	
UK imports of goods (percentage of total UK goods imports)	less than £1 million	a change of less than £1 million
UK imports of services (percentage of total UK services imports)	£16 million	an increase of 23.1% or £3 million

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

<sup>4</sup>Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

## UK market share in Burkina Faso<sup>5</sup>

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2023	Change from 2022
<b>Total UK market share</b>	0.3%	a decrease of 0.4 percentage points
UK market share for goods only	0.3%	unchanged
UK market share for services only	0.3%	a decrease of 1.8 percentage points

## UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with Burkina Faso<sup>6</sup>

UK FDI stock	Value at the end of 2023	Change from the end of 2022
Total UK outward FDI stock	Less than £500 thousand	Not available due to low investment
Total UK inward FDI stock	£4 million	a decrease of 51.6% or £4 million

## Economic statistics and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for Burkina Faso<sup>7</sup>

Economic statistics	2023	2024	2025	2026
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	3.0%	4.5%	4.3%	4.5%
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	21.2	24.0	27.1	29.6
Global GDP Ranking	121	122	115	115

Figures for 2025 and 2026 are forecast projections.

<sup>5</sup>UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the [market share section](#) in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

<sup>6</sup>FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics [ad-hoc data release for FDI with all partners](#).

<sup>7</sup>Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund [World Economic Outlook](#) databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

## Trade with Burkina Faso, in current prices (ONS)<sup>8 9 10</sup>

### Trade definitions

- **UK exports** - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to Burkina Faso.
- **UK imports** - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by Burkina Faso.
- **Total or 'bilateral' trade** - The value of total trade between the UK and Burkina Faso (exports plus imports).
- **Trade balance** - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- **Trade surplus** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Burkina Faso is greater than the value of UK imports from Burkina Faso.
- **Trade deficit** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Burkina Faso is less than the value of UK imports from Burkina Faso.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information.

These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

**Note:** UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.

**Total trade** in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Burkina Faso was £46 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 58.6% or £17 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK exports** to Burkina Faso amounted to £30 million (an increase of 87.5% or £14 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK exports to Burkina Faso in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, £12 million (40.0%) were **goods** and £18 million (60.0%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, UK **exports of goods** to Burkina Faso changed by less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **exports of services** to Burkina Faso increased by 350.0% or £14 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK imports** from Burkina Faso were £16 million (an increase of 23.1% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK imports from Burkina Faso in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, less than £1 million (less than 0.1%) were **goods** and £16 million (almost 100%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from Burkina Faso changed by less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **imports of services** from Burkina Faso increased by 23.1% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

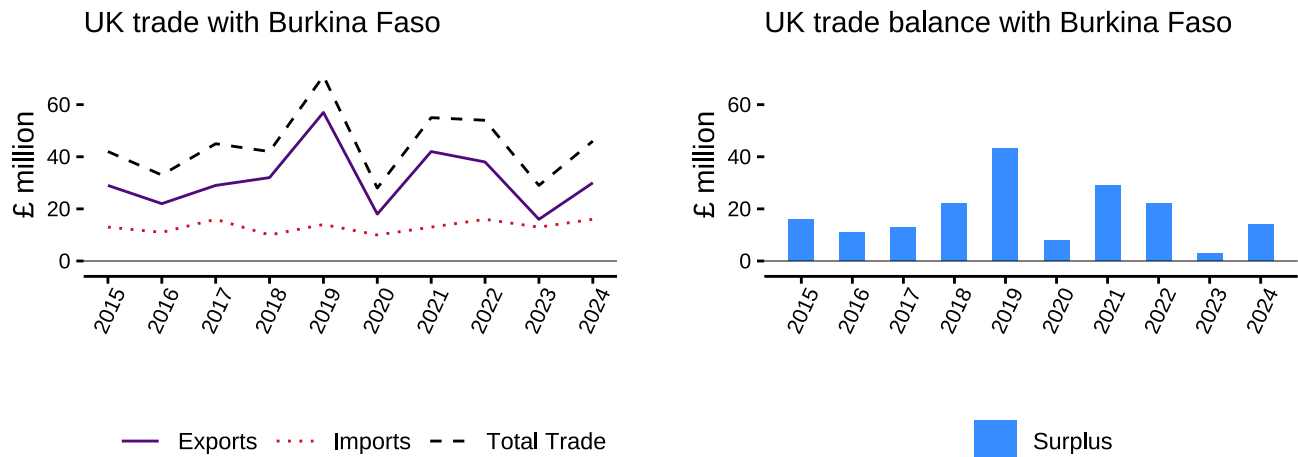
This means the UK reported a **total trade surplus** of £14 million with Burkina Faso, compared to a trade surplus of £3 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, the UK had a **trade in goods surplus** of £12 million with Burkina Faso, compared to a trade in goods surplus of £12 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £2 million with Burkina Faso, compared to a trade in services deficit of £9 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

<sup>8</sup>Office for National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>9</sup>This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to Burkina Faso (reported by the UK) may not match the value of Burkina Faso imports from the UK (reported by Burkina Faso).

<sup>10</sup>Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.'

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and Burkina Faso for each year between 2015 and 2024:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q4 2024

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ million:

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of total trade	42	33	45	42	71	28	55	54	29	46
Value of exports	29	22	29	32	57	18	42	38	16	30
Value of imports	13	11	16	10	14	10	13	16	13	16
Trade balance	+16	+11	+13	+22	+43	+8	+29	+22	+3	+14

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, Burkina Faso was the UK's:<sup>11</sup>

- **Joint 172<sup>nd</sup> largest trading partner** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK trade).
  - 173<sup>rd</sup> largest **goods** trading partner (less than 0.1% of UK goods trade).
  - 162<sup>nd</sup> largest **services** trading partner (less than 0.1% of UK services trade).
- **166<sup>th</sup> largest export market** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK exports).
  - Joint 162<sup>nd</sup> largest **goods** export market (less than 0.1% of UK goods exports).
  - 160<sup>th</sup> largest **services** export market (less than 0.1% of UK services exports).
- **Joint 171<sup>st</sup> largest import market** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK imports).
  - Joint 199<sup>th</sup> largest **goods** import market (less than 0.1% of UK goods imports).
  - 153<sup>rd</sup> largest **services** import market (less than 0.1% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only<sup>12</sup> is published by the [ONS](#).

<sup>11</sup>Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>12</sup>ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to April 2025: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).



## Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)<sup>13 14</sup>

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to Burkina Faso** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
72I - Specialised machinery (intermediate)	£1.4 million	-	a decrease of 38.9%
74I - General industrial machinery (intermediate)	£1.1 million	-	an increase of 35.9%
74K - General industrial machinery (capital)	£930 thousand	-	an increase of 3.3%
87K - Scientific instruments (capital)	£700 thousand	-	an increase of 27.3%
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£660 thousand	-	unchanged

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

The **top 5 goods imported to the UK from Burkina Faso** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
05 - Vegetables & fruit	£610 thousand	-	a decrease of 35.8%
71MI - Mechanical power generators (intermediate)	£120 thousand	-	-
9 - Unspecified goods	£70 thousand	-	an increase of 16.7%
87K - Scientific instruments (capital)	£40 thousand	-	a decrease of 20.0%
71MK - Mechanical power generators (capital)	£10 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period

'the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024' refers to the 12 months to the end of December 2024

**Note:** The percentage of the total UK imports and exports from Burkina Faso accounted for by the above commodities are not provided here. This is due to the value of total UK imports and exports of goods being rounded to the nearest £million, with commodity trade values being given to a greater level of accuracy. In some cases, this means the percentages above might sum to more than 100%.

**Note:** Percentage changes between the current and previous period that exceed 100% have been omitted. This is to avoid presenting small value changes from a low base as fast growing.

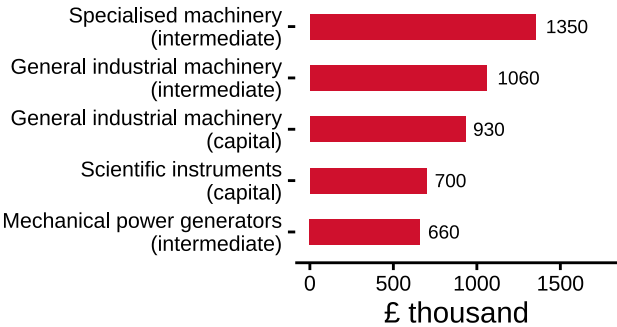
<sup>13</sup> Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for **exports** and **imports** present the latest data from the ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

<sup>14</sup> The commodities are categorised by the ONS based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.



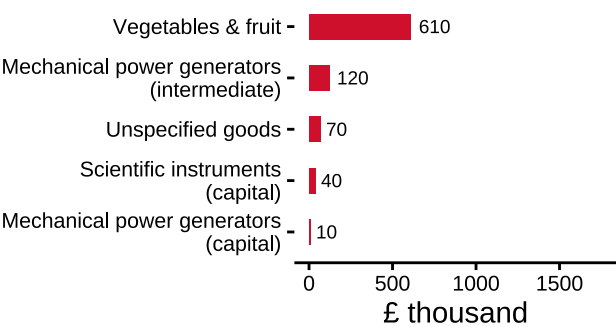
The chart below shows the top 5 goods exported from the UK to Burkina Faso and the top 5 goods imported to the UK from Burkina Faso, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK goods exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, to Burkina Faso



Source: ONS, April 2025

The top 5 UK goods imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, from Burkina Faso



Source: ONS, April 2025

Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)<sup>15</sup>

**Note:** Service type data for the trade in services between the UK and Burkina Faso in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 are not available from UK sources.

<sup>15</sup>Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

## Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)<sup>16</sup>

### Regional trade definitions

- **UK regions** - The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- **Regional trade data** - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

**Note:** Data for UK regions are not available from this source for Burkina Faso in 2024.

<sup>16</sup>HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC [interactive tables](#)).

## Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)<sup>17</sup>

### Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

- **Modes of Supply** define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's [General Agreement on Services](#) categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- **Mode 1** - Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- **Mode 2** - Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- **Mode 3** - Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) - this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- **Mode 4** - Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

### UK services exports to Burkina Faso by mode of supply in 2022:

- Data on services exports to Burkina Faso by mode of supply are not available from this source.

### UK services imports from Burkina Faso by mode of supply in 2022:

- Data on services imports from Burkina Faso by mode of supply are not available from this source.

<sup>17</sup>ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: [ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK](#)

## UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)<sup>18 19</sup>

### Market Share definitions

- **UK market share** – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by Burkina Faso. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- **Market share methodology** – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate <sup>20</sup>.

The UK's market share for Burkina Faso in 2023 was as follows:

- **The total UK market share in Burkina Faso was 0.3% in 2023 for goods and services.** This is a decrease of 0.4 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Burkina Faso was 0.3% in 2023 for **goods only**. This is unchanged from 2022.
- The UK market share in Burkina Faso was 0.3% in 2023 for **services only**. This is a decrease of 1.8 percentage points from 2022.

The table below presents the UK's market share for Burkina Faso between 2014 and 2023. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total goods and services	1.8%	1.2%	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%	1.4%	0.5%	1.0%	0.7%	0.3%
Goods only	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	1.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
Services only	4.7%	2.4%	1.3%	1.6%	1.2%	1.3%	0.4%	2.5%	2.1%	0.3%

<sup>18</sup>ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>19</sup>UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

<sup>20</sup>Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the [Bank of England](#)

## Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)<sup>21 22 23</sup>

### Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

### Businesses trading goods with Burkina Faso in 2024:

- Data on the number of VAT-registered businesses exporting to Burkina Faso are not available from this source.
- Data on the number of VAT-registered businesses importing from Burkina Faso are not available from this source.

<sup>21</sup>HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: [UK trade in goods statistics](#).

<sup>22</sup>Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with Burkina Faso are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

<sup>23</sup>HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

## Trade in Value Added (OECD)<sup>24 25</sup>

### Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- **UK forward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- **UK backward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- **Employment supported by exports** - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

**Note:** Data for Burkina Faso on forward and backward linkages for exports in 2020 are not available from this data source.

### Employment supported by exports:<sup>26</sup>

- Data for Burkina Faso on employment supported by exports of 2020 are not available.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.7 million jobs in 2020 (20.6% of total UK employment). Data on the number of UK jobs supported by export activity to Burkina Faso in 2020 are not available.

<sup>24</sup> The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(origin of value added in gross exports\)](#), June 2024; and b) [Trade in employment \(TIM\) database](#), February 2024, indicators EXGR\_DEM.

<sup>25</sup> The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

<sup>26</sup> These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.



## Foreign Direct Investment with Burkina Faso (ONS)<sup>27 28 29</sup>

### Foreign direct investment definitions

- **Foreign direct investment (FDI)** - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- **FDI stock** - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in Burkina Faso), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a Burkina Faso parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** - It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

***Note:** The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.*

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the [ONS website](#).

#### UK outward FDI stock:

- In 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Burkina Faso** was less than £500 thousand.

#### UK inward FDI stock:

- At the end of 2023, the **stock of FDI from Burkina Faso in the UK** was £4 million, 51.6% or £4 million lower than the end of 2022. At the end of 2023, Burkina Faso accounted for less than 0.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock.

<sup>27</sup>Data for both inward and outward FDI between the UK and Burkina Faso are not available in the main ONS release ([Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#)). Therefore, an [ONS FDI ad-hoc data release](#) is used to provide the latest FDI data for Burkina Faso where it is unavailable in the main ONS release.

<sup>28</sup>Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

<sup>29</sup>This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to Burkina Faso (reported by the UK) may not match Burkina Faso inward FDI from the UK (reported by Burkina Faso). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

## Economic statistics (as reported by Burkina Faso)

### Trade and investment data for Burkina Faso (UNCTAD)<sup>30 31 32</sup>

The following data are reported by Burkina Faso and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Nominal exports	3.3	3.7	4.5	4.5	5.4	6.2	5.8	5.4
Nominal imports	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.0	4.8	5.8	6.8	7.3
Nominal trade balance	-0.8	-0.9	-0.7	-0.6	0.6	0.4	-0.9	-1.9
Inward FDI stock	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.5	3.0	3.2
Outward FDI stock	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4

<sup>30</sup>United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

<sup>31</sup>Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2016 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

<sup>32</sup>All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

## Economic data and projections for Burkina Faso (IMF)<sup>33 34</sup>

The following table presents economic statistics for Burkina Faso. Figures from 2025 onwards are forecast projections.

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Change in exports (%)	-0.4	-10.1	-8.0	4.0	0.3	1.5	1.0	1.9	2.1
Change in imports (%)	4.4	1.4	7.1	4.6	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.6	5.6
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-7.2	-8.6	-6.4	-2.1	-2.0	-3.6	-4.4	-4.9	-5.6
Global GDP ranking (current prices)	121	121	122	115	115	113	112	112	112
GDP in current prices (billion \$USD)	19.6	21.2	24.0	27.1	29.6	31.5	33.8	36.4	39.1
Change in real GDP (%)	1.5	3.0	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.9	5.0
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	59.6	63.6	68.0	72.8	77.8	83.0	88.9	94.9	101.6
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	13.8	0.9	4.2	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Population (million)	22.7	23.3	23.8	24.5	25.1	25.7	26.4	27.0	27.7
Total investment (% of GDP)	15.1	16.6	18.6	17.1	17.5	18.4	18.9	18.8	19.3
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	7.9	7.9	12.2	15.0	15.4	14.8	14.5	13.9	13.8
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	-10.4	-6.6	-5.7	-4.3	-3.6	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	56.4	52.7	52.7	50.2	49.8	49.9	49.3	48.6	48.2

<sup>33</sup>International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in the [World Economic Database, April 2025](#).

<sup>34</sup>Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2022, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

## Top goods traded with the world by Burkina Faso, in current prices (UN Comtrade)<sup>35 36</sup>

Data presented here show the top commodities traded with the world, not solely the UK, by Burkina Faso. These data are based on a different commodity classification system to the ONS commodity data used earlier in this factsheet, and the two sections should therefore not be directly compared.

### Top goods exported to the world by Burkina Faso in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods exported
1	71 - Precious stones and metals	4.6	82.4%
2	52 - Cotton	0.3	5.9%
3	08 - Edible fruit and nuts	0.1	2.6%
4	12 - Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits	0.1	1.9%
5	25 - Salt; sulfur; earths and stone	0.1	1.3%
6	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	0.1	1.0%
7	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	0.0	0.7%
8	15 - Animal or vegetable fats and oils	0.0	0.7%
9	07 - Edible vegetables	0.0	0.5%
10	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	0.0	0.4%
	<b>All goods exported</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Top goods imported from the world by Burkina Faso in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods imported
1	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	2.6	41.1%
2	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	0.5	7.5%
3	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	0.4	6.3%
4	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	0.4	5.5%
5	30 - Pharmaceutical products	0.3	4.2%
6	10 - Cereals	0.2	3.8%
7	73 - Articles of iron or steel	0.2	3.2%
8	25 - Salt; sulfur; earths and stone	0.2	3.2%
9	72 - Iron and steel	0.1	2.2%
10	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	0.1	1.9%
	<b>All goods imported</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>35</sup>United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online [UN Comtrade Database](#). The data reported above are for 2024, but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>36</sup>Data are classified using the [Harmonized System](#) and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

## Top services traded with the world by Burkina Faso, in current prices (ITC Trade Map)<sup>37 38 39</sup>

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by Burkina Faso.

### Top services exported to the world by Burkina Faso in 2021:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD million	% of total services exported
1	Construction	120	21.5%
2	Financial services	95	17.1%
3	Transport	87	15.6%
4	Travel	82	14.7%
5	Government goods and services n.i.e.	70	12.6%
	<b>All services exported</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Top services imported from the world by Burkina Faso in 2021:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD million	% of total services imported
1	Transport	606	42.8%
2	Other business services	149	10.6%
3	Insurance and pension services	146	10.3%
4	Financial services	121	8.5%
5	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	105	7.4%
	<b>All services imported</b>	<b>1416</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>37</sup>International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online [ITC Trade Map tool](#). The data above are for 2021, but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>38</sup>Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

<sup>39</sup>Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

## Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#).

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As a requisite of publishing as Official Statistics, a [quality and methodology report](#) has been produced which outlines the quality of these factsheets, as well as providing more information on the methodology of the data sources presented here. This report contains hyperlinks to information on the strengths and weaknesses for each data source. Statistics contained in the factsheets from UK data providers all come from Official Statistics publications, with some sources also being from National Statistics publications.

Future updates of these factsheets can be found on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). These scheduled updates are in line with significant updates from UK data providers when they release new data. Unscheduled releases of the factsheets may also be necessary to accommodate data updates where little or no advanced notice are given, such as in the case of international data updates. Please see the data update schedule and revisions policy in the [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. Please note that there may be occasions where more recent data than is provided here can be found directly from the data providers.

The Department for Business and Trade welcome any feedback or comments on these factsheets, please send these to [statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk](mailto:statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk).



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