



# EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS

**Claimant:** Mr G Petersons

**Respondent:** 1. KBB Distribution Ltd  
2. Amani Distribution Ltd

## JUDGMENT

### Employment Tribunal Procedure Rules 2024 – Rule 22

1. The second respondent has failed to present a valid response on time. The Employment Judge has decided that a determination can properly be made on the claim in accordance with Rule 22 of the Procedure Rules.
2. The second respondent is the correct respondent to the claim and the claim against the first respondent is dismissed.
3. The claimant was dismissed in breach of contract in respect of notice and the second respondent is ordered to pay damages to the claimant in the gross sum of **£1,034.34**.
4. The second respondent has failed to pay the claimant's accrued but untaken holiday entitlement and is ordered to pay the claimant the gross sum of **£824.24**.
5. The claimant was dismissed by reason of redundancy and is entitled to a redundancy payment of **£1,034.34** (1 x 2 x £515.17).
6. The complaint of unauthorised deduction from wages is dismissed upon withdrawal by the claimant.
7. Consequently, the second respondent must pay the claimant the total gross sum of **£2,892.92**.

Employment Judge Phil Allen

8 May 2025

JUDGMENT SENT TO THE PARTIES ON  
3 June 2025

AND ENTERED IN THE REGISTER

.....  
FOR THE TRIBUNAL OFFICE



## NOTICE

### THE EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS (INTEREST) ORDER 1990 ARTICLE 12

Case number: **6010157/2024**

Name of case: **Mr G Petersons** v **1. KBB Distribution Ltd**  
**2. Amani Distribution Ltd**

Interest is payable when an Employment Tribunal makes an award or determination requiring one party to proceedings to pay a sum of money to another party, apart from sums representing costs or expenses.

No interest is payable if the sum is paid in full within 14 days after the date the Tribunal sent the written record of the decision to the parties. The date the Tribunal sent the written record of the decision to the parties is called **the relevant decision day**.

Interest starts to accrue from the day immediately after the relevant decision day. That is called **the calculation day**.

The rate of interest payable is the rate specified in section 17 of the Judgments Act 1838 on the relevant decision day. This is known as **the stipulated rate of interest**.

The Secretary of the Tribunal is required to give you notice of **the relevant decision day**, **the calculation day**, and **the stipulated rate of interest** in your case. They are as follows:

**the relevant decision day** in this case is: **3 June 2025**

**the calculation day** in this case is: **4 June 2025**

**the stipulated rate of interest** is: **8% per annum**.

Paul Guilfoyle  
For the Employment Tribunal Office

## GUIDANCE NOTE

1. There is more information about Tribunal judgments here, which you should read with this guidance note:  
[www.gov.uk/government/publications/employment-tribunal-hearings-judgment-guide-t426](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/employment-tribunal-hearings-judgment-guide-t426)

If you do not have access to the internet, you can ask for a paper copy by telephoning the Tribunal office dealing with the claim.

2. The payment of interest on Employment Tribunal awards is governed by The Employment Tribunals (Interest) Order 1990. Interest is payable on Employment Tribunal awards if they remain wholly or partly unpaid more than 14 days after the **relevant decision day**. Sums in the award that represent costs or expenses are excluded. Interest starts to accrue from the day immediately after the **relevant decision day**, which is called **the calculation day**.
3. The date of the **relevant decision day** in your case is set out in the Notice. If the judgment is paid in full by that date, no interest will be payable. If the judgment is not paid in full by that date, interest will start to accrue from the next day.
4. Requesting written reasons after you have received a written judgment does **not** change the date of the **relevant decision day**.
5. Interest will be calculated as simple interest accruing from day to day on any part of the sum of money awarded by the Tribunal that remains unpaid.
6. If the person paying the Tribunal award is required to pay part of it to a public authority by way of tax or National Insurance, no interest is payable on that part.
7. If the Secretary of State has claimed any part of the sum awarded by the Tribunal in a recoupment notice, no interest is payable on that part.
8. If the sum awarded is varied, either because the Tribunal reconsiders its own judgment, or following an appeal to the Employment Appeal Tribunal or a higher court, interest will still be payable from **the calculation day** but it will be payable on the new sum not the sum originally awarded.
9. The online information explains how Employment Tribunal awards are enforced. The interest element of an award is enforced in the same way.