

# Justice in Numbers pocketbook May 2025



#### **Contents**

The information in this edition of the pocketbook represents the latest information available from Justice in Numbers on **29 May 2025**.

#### **Guidance**

This pocketbook contains a printable version of the information presented in Justice in Numbers. The QR code beneath each measure will take you to the relevant section of Justice in Numbers, where you can find additional trend data, as well as links to source material where additional context and caveats can be found to aid interpretation.

Some measures are presented as an annual trend, with data reported at fixed intervals. In some cases, more recent intermediate quarterly figures are published which do not align with these annual periods. These are highlighted in the 'Latest published data point' column of the Summary Tables, and above the relevant trend charts where applicable. The most recent and next publication dates are also listed for each measure. In cases where there is no next publication date listed, this is because a future publication date has not been announced.

Justice in Numbers can be accessed at https://data.justice.gov.uk/justice-in-numbers

# **Summary Tables**

#### **Headline measures**

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crime figures from Crime Survey for England and Wales	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	8.8 million	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	
Police recorded crime in England and Wales	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	6.7 million	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	
Estimated total cost of crime in England and Wales	2015/16	£58.9bn				23 July 2018	
Prison population	30-Jun- 2024	87,726	30-Jun- 2023	85,851	31 Mar 2025	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Probation caseload	31 Dec 2024	240,362	30 Sep 2024	240,497		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Proven reoffending rate	Apr - Jun 2023	27.5%	Jan - Mar 2023	26.5%		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2024	113,885	Jan - Dec 2023	102,022		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2024	74,651	31 Dec 2023	67,317		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2024	1,376,888	Jan - Dec 2023	1,362,078		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2024	1,090,431	Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,964		6 March 2025	5 June 2025 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2024	246,730	Jan - Dec 2023	235,321		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	345,553	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	297,021		13 March 2025	12 June 2025 9:30am

# **Public protection**

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Prison first receptions (quarterly)	Oct- Dec 2024	18,090	Jul-Sep 2024	18,805		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Prison population	30- Jun- 2024	87,726	30-Jun- 2023	85,851	31 Mar 2025	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Prison releases (quarterly)	Oct- Dec 2024	15,730	Jul-Sep 2024	14,920		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Individuals released on temporary licence	Oct- Dec 2024	4,113	Jul-Sep 2024	4,388		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Prison operational capacity	Jun 2024	88,818	Jun 2023	86,859		25 July 2024	
Prison staff in post (bands 3-5)	March 2025	22,737	March 2024	23,614		15 May 2025	21 August 2025 9:30am
Crowding	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	23.6%	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	22.9%		25 July 2024	
Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	217	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	114	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	852	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Self inflicted deaths	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	85	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	85	Dec 2024	24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		25 July 2024	
Barricades or prevention of access	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	1,827	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	1,371		25 July 2024	
Escapes from prison establishments and escorts	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	9	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8		25 July 2024	
Absconds	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	58	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	63		25 July 2024	
Electronic monitoring caseload	31 March 2024	20,084	31 March 2023	17,350	Jun 2024	18 July 2024	
Probation caseload	31 Dec 2024	240,362	30 Sep 2024	240,497		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Staff in post (Probation Service)	March 2025	21,022	March 2024	20,412		15 May 2025	21 August 2025 9:30am
Serious further offence convictions	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	287	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	296		31 October 2024	30 October 2025 9:30am

# **Reduce reoffending**

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Proven reoffending rate	Apr - Jun 2023	27.5%	Jan - Mar 2023	26.5%		24 April 2025	31 July 2025 9:30am
Housed on release from custody (MI014)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	85.7%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	86.3%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (MI015a)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	73.5%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	75.6%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Settled accommodation at 3 months post community disposal (MI015b)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	85.2%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	85.1%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (MI016)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	19.3%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	17.4%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Employed at 6 months post release from custody (MI017A)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	31.1%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	25.9%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Employed at 6 months post community disposal (MI017B)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	46.4%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	44.5%		25 July 2024	31 July 2025 9:30am
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		25 July 2024	
Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	4.3 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9.0 %		25 July 2024	

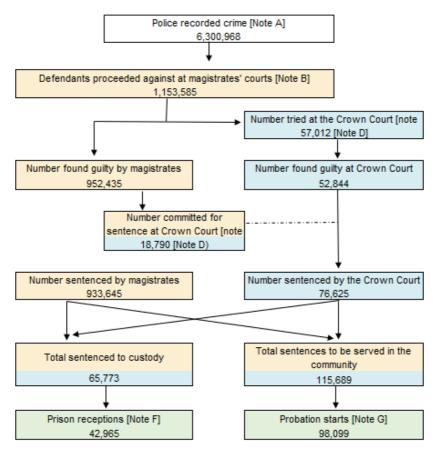
Description	Latest trend period		Previous trend period	Previous trend value	published	Last published	Next published
Prisoners completing treatment free from dependence	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	37.9%	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	35.5%		30 January 2025	

# Access to justice

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2024	113,885	Jan - Dec 2023	102,022		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2024	74,651	31 Dec 2023	67,317		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Crown courts cracked trials	Jan - Dec 2024	31%	Jan - Dec 2023	30%		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Crown courts ineffective trials	Jan - Dec 2024	25%	Jan - Dec 2023	27%		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2024	1,376,888	Jan - Dec 2023	1,362,078		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Employment tribunal disposals - single claims	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	30,441	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	32,262		13 March 2025	12 June 2025 9:30am
Employment tribunal disposals - multiple claims	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	72,182	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	38,314		13 March 2025	12 June 2025 9:30am
Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court	Q4 (Oct- Dec) 2024	767	Q3 (Jul- Sep) 2024	801		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2024	1,090,431	Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,964		6 March 2025	5 June 2025 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2024	246,730	Jan - Dec 2023	235,321		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	345,553	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	297,021		13 March 2025	12 June 2025 9:30am
Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	2,150 (£m)	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	1,847 (£m)		27 March 2025	26 June 2025 9:30am

# Flow through the Criminal Justice System - Year ending March 2022



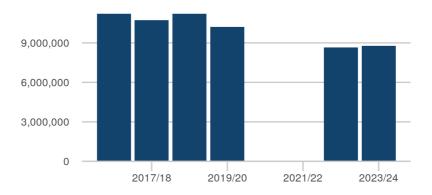
NOTES: Note A: Covers all indictable offences, including triable either way, plus a few closely associated summary offences. Excludes fraud offences recorded by Action Fraud/CIFAS/Financial Fraud Action UK. Note B: Includes males, females, persons where sex 'Not Stated and other offenders, i.e. companies, public bodies, etc. Note D: Defendants tried or sentenced at the Crown Court in a given year may have been committed for trial or sentence by a magistrate in a previous year. Note F: Prison receptions of offenders sentenced to immediate custody, excluding fine defaulters. Note G: Offenders starting Community Order or Suspended Sentence Order supervision by the Probation Service. Includes Suspended Sentence Orders without requirements.

#### **Headline measures**

# **Crime figures from Crime Survey for England and Wales**

Incidents of crime against households and adults estimated from the Crime Survey for England and Wales. Includes fraud and computer misuse. Figures are survey estimates and subject to sampling variance. Therefore, figures in this chart are rounded to the nearest 100,000 incidents. Due to the suspension of the CSEW, data are not available between the year ending March 2020 and the year ending March 2022.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 9.6 million incidents of crime estimated from the CSEW.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	11.2 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.7 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	11.2 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.2 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	8.8 million

Last published: 24 April 2025

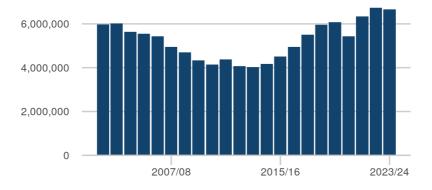
Source: Crime in England and Wales



#### Police recorded crime in England and Wales

Police recorded crime statistics based on data from all 43 forces in England and Wales (including the British Transport Police). All offences including fraud and computer misuse (recorded by Action Fraud or referred to the National Fraud Intelligence Bureau since April 2011).

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 6.6 million offences of crime recorded by police.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	5.0 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	5.5 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	6.0 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	6.1 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	5.4 million
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	6.3 million
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	6.7 million

Last published: 24 April 2025

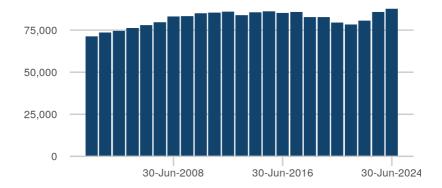
Source: Crime in England and Wales



#### **Prison population**

Total number of prisoners at a specific point in time each year. The time period for this measure refers to a single reference value or snapshot, in this case the population on a single day, rather than a duration such as 3 months or a year.

Latest published data: The prison population at 31 Mar 2025 was 87,919.



30-Jun-2017	85,863
30-Jun-2018	82,773
30-Jun-2019	82,710
30-Jun-2020	79,514
30-Jun-2021	78,324
30-Jun-2022	80,659
30-Jun-2023	85,851
30-Jun-2024	87,726

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

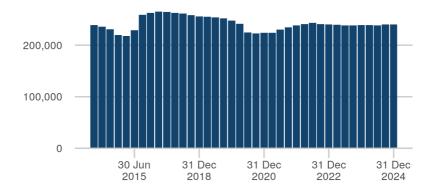
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### **Probation caseload**

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted once only in each total or sub-total even if they are subject to several types of probation supervision on the date shown. For example, if a person is subject to both a community order and a Supervision Default Order on the date shown, then the person would be counted once only within the overall total for all supervision.

The figure for 31 Dec 2024 is 240,362, down 135 from 30 Sep 2024



31 Mar 2023	239,518
30 Jun 2023	238,264
30 Sep 2023	238,163
31 Dec 2023	238,765
31 Mar 2024	238,993
30 Jun 2024	238,646
30 Sep 2024	240,497
31 Dec 2024	240,362

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

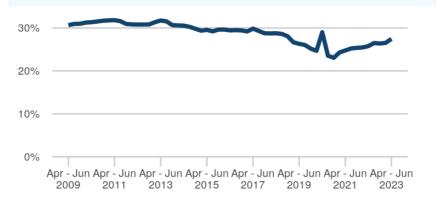
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). Although not directly affected by the operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this latest offender cohort period does overlap with a period of on-going recovery for the courts and with the Criminal Bar Association strikes.

The figure for Apr - Jun 2023 is 27.5%, up 0.9ppt from Jan - Mar 2023



Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%
Oct - Dec 2021	25.4%
Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%
Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%
Jul - Sep 2022	26.5%
Oct - Dec 2022	26.4%
Jan - Mar 2023	26.5%
Apr - Jun 2023	27.5%

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

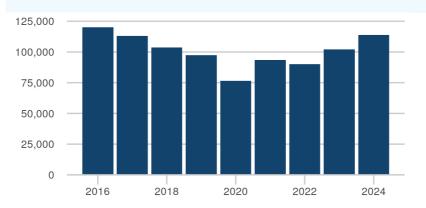
Source: Proven reoffending statistics



#### **Crown court disposals**

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

#### The figure for 2024 is 113,885, up 11,863 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	113,029
Jan - Dec 2018	103,625
Jan - Dec 2019	97,372
Jan - Dec 2020	76,561
Jan - Dec 2021	93,378
Jan - Dec 2022	90,065
Jan - Dec 2023	102,022
Jan - Dec 2024	113,885

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

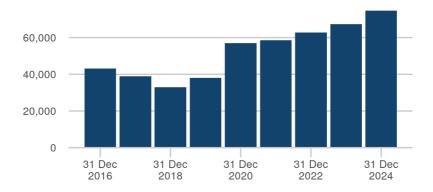
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### **Crown court outstanding**

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.

The figure for 31 Dec 2024 is 74,651, up 7,334 from 31 Dec 2023



31 Dec 2017	38,922
31 Dec 2018	32,983
31 Dec 2019	38,049
31 Dec 2020	56,993
31 Dec 2021	58,550
31 Dec 2022	62,670
31 Dec 2023	67,317
31 Dec 2024	74,651

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

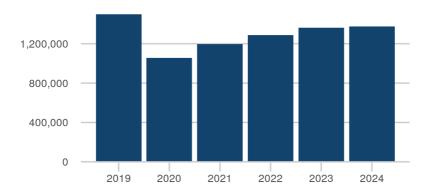
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

#### The figure for 2024 is 1,376,888, up 14,810 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2019	1,499,751
Jan - Dec 2020	1,056,793
Jan - Dec 2021	1,194,847
Jan - Dec 2022	1,287,609
Jan - Dec 2023	1,362,078
Jan - Dec 2024	1,376,888

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

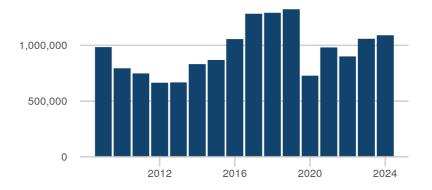
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgment.

The figure for 2024 is 1,090,431, up 31,467 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438
Jan - Dec 2021	980,474
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278
Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,964
Jan - Dec 2024	1,090,431

Last published: 6 March 2025 Next release: 5 June 2025

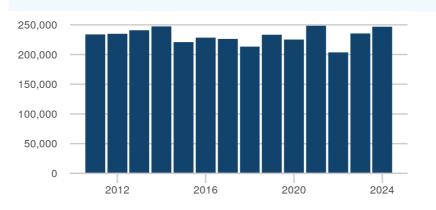
Source: Civil justice statistics



#### Family court - total cases disposed

Total cases disposed at family court.

#### The figure for 2024 is 246,730, up 11,409 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	226,092
Jan - Dec 2018	213,077
Jan - Dec 2019	233,032
Jan - Dec 2020	224,921
Jan - Dec 2021	248,474
Jan - Dec 2022	203,775
Jan - Dec 2023	235,321
Jan - Dec 2024	246,730

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

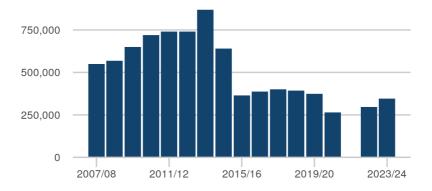
Source: Family court statistics quarterly



#### **Tribunals disposals - overall**

The overall total for 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24 is unavailable due to migration of some tribunals. An 'Interim Total' has been calculated. This is the sum of all the tribunals excluding those tribunals with data missing or incomplete i.e. Upper Tribunal (Immigration and Asylum Chamber). These tribunals are being migrated to a new case management system and will be made available as soon as possible. The interim total is not available for 2021/22 due to the employment tribunal being migrated to a new case management system.

Latest published data: In the 3 months to 31 Dec 2024 the interim total number of tribunals disposals was 76,681.



Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	386,709
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	400,659
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	392,575
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	373,642
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	263,572
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	297,021
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	345,553

Last published: 13 March 2025 Next release: 12 June 2025

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

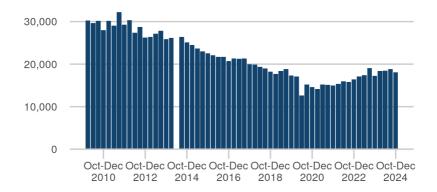


### **Public protection**

#### **Prison first receptions (quarterly)**

A first reception is a measure which counts a prisoner's first movement into custody following a court hearing for a particular set of offences committed, and therefore gives the best indication of the number of new prisoners in the reporting period.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2024 is 18,090, down 715 from Jul-Sep 2024



Jan-Mar 2023	17,128
Apr-Jun 2023	17,430
Jul-Sep 2023	19,028
Oct-Dec 2023	17,242
Jan-Mar 2024	18,344
Apr - Jun 2024	18,478
Jul-Sep 2024	18,805
Oct-Dec 2024	18,090

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management

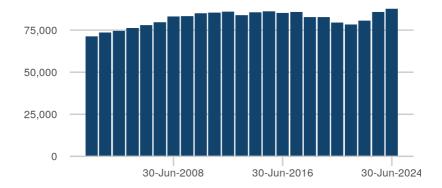
statistics quarterly



#### **Prison population**

Total number of prisoners at a specific point in time each year. The time period for this measure refers to a single reference value or snapshot, in this case the population on a single day, rather than a duration such as 3 months or a year.

Latest published data: The prison population at 31 Mar 2025 was 87,919.



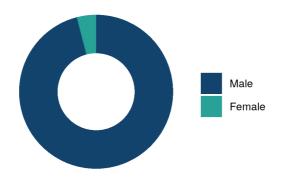
30-Jun-2017	85,863
30-Jun-2018	82,773
30-Jun-2019	82,710
30-Jun-2020	79,514
30-Jun-2021	78,324
30-Jun-2022	80,659
30-Jun-2023	85,851
30-Jun-2024	87,726

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### Prison population by sex: 31 Mar 2025



Male	84,351 prisoners
Female	3,568 prisoners

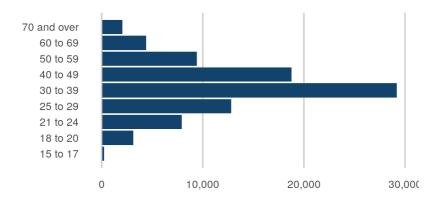
Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management

statistics quarterly



#### Prison population by age: 31 Mar 2025



15 to 17	243 prisoners
18 to 20	3,144 prisoners
21 to 24	7,916 prisoners
25 to 29	12,810 prisoners
30 to 39	29,188 prisoners
40 to 49	18,769 prisoners
50 to 59	9,401 prisoners
60 to 69	4,407 prisoners
70 and over	2,041 prisoners

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management

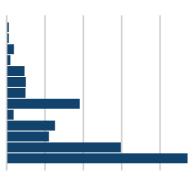
statistics quarterly



#### Prison population by offence group: 31 Mar 2025

Prison population under an immediate custodial sentence by offence group. Excludes remand and non-criminal prisoners.

Offence not recorded
Summary motoring
Summary non-motoring
Fraud offences
Miscellaneous crimes against society
Public order offences
Possession of weapons
Drug offences
Criminal damage and arson
Theft offences
Robbery
Sexual offences
Violence against the person



0	5,000	10,000	15,000	20,000

Violence against the person	23,586
Sexual offences	14,863
Robbery	5,509
Theft offences	6,323
Criminal damage and arson	899
Drug offences	9,531
Possession of weapons	2,454
Public order offences	2,490
Miscellaneous crimes against society	2,340
Fraud offences	476
Summary non-motoring	929
Summary motoring	276
Offence not recorded	260

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly

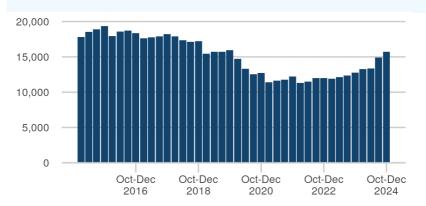
statistics quarterly



#### Prison releases (quarterly)

A release is defined as a release from prison where the prisoner has finished serving the custodial term of their sentence(s) and excludes: civil non-criminal prisoners; persons committed to custody for non-payment of a fine; releases to hospital; deported prisoners from HMPPS operated Immigration Removal Centres (IRCs); and releases following recall after release on licence, except occasions: where the offender has committed a new offence and is committed to custody for a new sentence and the subsequent release date falls after the sentence expiry date of the original sentence; or where upon release the offender is subject to the licence condition of the new custodial sentence.

#### The figure for Oct-Dec 2024 is 15,730, up 810 from Jul-Sep 2024



Jan - Mar 2023	11,887
Apr - Jun 2023	12,132
Jul - Sep 2023	12,351
Oct - Dec 2023	12,764
Jan - Mar 2024	13,289
Apr - Jun 2024	13,338
Jul-Sep 2024	14,920
Oct-Dec 2024	15,730

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

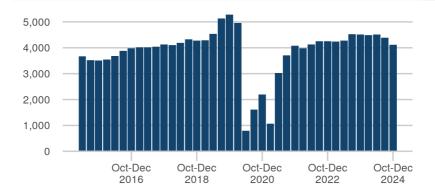
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### Individuals released on temporary licence

Release on Temporary Licence (ROTL) is the mechanism under which offenders may be released into the community, generally towards the end of their sentences, for rehabilitative purposes. It can play an important role in public protection by allowing risk management plans for offenders to be tested in the community under strict conditions before they are released. It also provides a valuable means of helping offenders prepare for their resettlement in the community by, for example, finding work or rebuilding links with their families, which helps to reduce reoffending.

#### The figure for Oct-Dec 2024 is 4,113, down 275 from Jul-Sep 2024



Jan - Mar 2023	4,234
Apr - Jun 2023	4,282
Jul - Sep 2023	4,520
Oct - Dec 2023	4,508
Jan-Mar 2024	4,489
Apr - Jun 2024	4,512
Jul-Sep 2024	4,388
Oct-Dec 2024	4,113

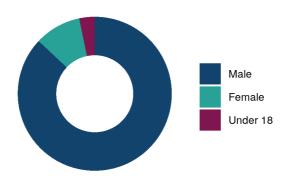
Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### Prison type - male / female: February 2024

Prisons count by male, female and children (under 18 years old) establishments. Peterborough Female and Peterborough Male are counted as two establishments, but are managed under a single contract. Oakhill Secure Training Centre is listed in the linked publication but not counted here as a prison.



Male	107 prisons
Female	12 prisons
Under 18	4 prisons

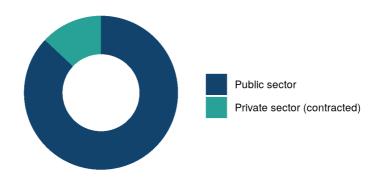
Last published: 24 January 2024

Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers



#### Prison type - public / private: February 2024

Prisons count by ownership. Note that Peterborough Female and Peterborough Male are counted as two establishments, but are managed under a single contract. Therefore the number of private prison contracts is one fewer than the number of private prisons shown here. Oakhill Secure Training Centre is listed in the linked publication but not counted here as a prison.



Public sector	107 prisons
Private sector (contracted)	16 prisons

Last published: 24 January 2024

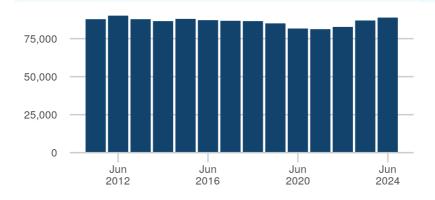
Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers



#### Prison operational capacity

The operational capacity of a prison is the total number of prisoners that an establishment can hold taking into account control, security and the proper operation of the planned regime. This measure reports the useable operational capacity of the estate, which is the sum of all establishments' operational capacity less an operating margin. Figures are taken on the last working Friday of June each year, meaning the time period refers to this single day.

#### The figure for Jun 2024 is 88,818, up 1,959 from Jun 2023



Jun 2017	86,849
Jun 2018	86,491
Jun 2019	85,056
Jun 2020	81,749
Jun 2021	81,154
Jun 2022	82,759
Jun 2023	86,859
Jun 2024	88,818

Last published: 25 July 2024

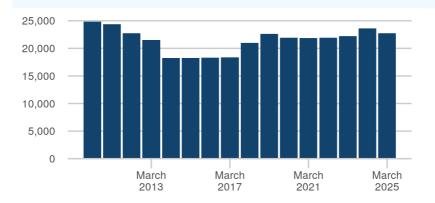
Source: Prison population statistics



#### Prison staff in post (bands 3-5)

The chart shows Band 3-5 prison officer staff (full time equivalent) at the end of each financial year.

The figure for March 2025 is 22,737, down 878 from March 2024



1,007
2,594
,900
1,879
,935
2,218
3,614
2,737

Last published: 15 May 2025 Next release: 21 August 2025

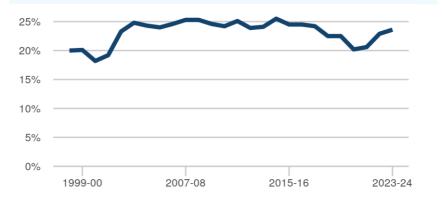
Source: HM Prison & Probation Service workforce quarterly



#### Crowding

Percentage of prisoners held in crowded accommodation.

The figure for 2023-24 is 23.6%, up 0.7ppt from 2022-23



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	24.5%
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	24.2%
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	22.5%
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	22.5%
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	20.2%
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	20.6%
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	22.9%
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	23.6%

Last published: 25 July 2024

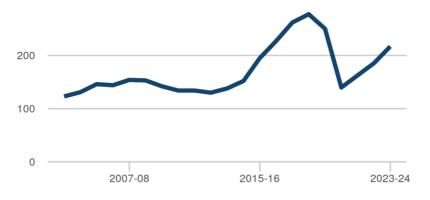
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



#### Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including fights between prisoners. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside the Ministry of Justice have changed the way safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 233 prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	227
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	262
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	277
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	250
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	140
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	163
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	217

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

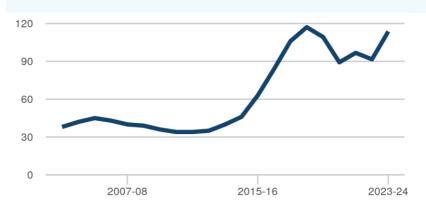
Source: Safety in custody statistics



#### Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including attacks on staff. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside Ministry of Justice have changed the way safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 122 assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	84
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	106
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	117
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	109
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	89
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	97
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	114

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

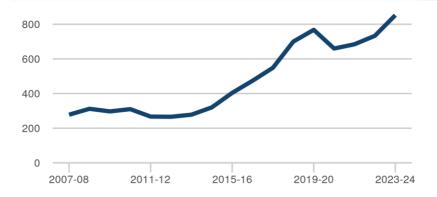
Source: Safety in custody statistics



#### Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners

Self-harm in prison covers a wide range of severity and type of incident, including cutting, overdose or hanging.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 910 self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	474
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	549
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	700
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	768
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	660
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	684
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	852

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

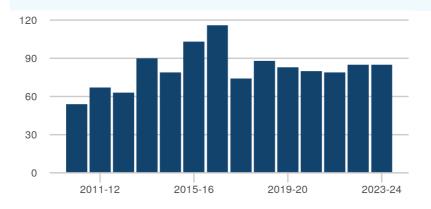
Source: Safety in custody statistics



#### Self inflicted deaths

The number of self inflicted deaths in prisons. As classification of deaths may change following inquest or as new information emerges, numbers may change from time to time. Please see the most recent publication for the most up to date figures. Self-inflicted death statistics are typically reported one quarter ahead of other measures, so to maintain consistency, the values and dates presented reflect data from the previous quarter.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2024 there were 89 self-inflicted deaths.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	116
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	74
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	88
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	83
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	80
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	79
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	85
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	85

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

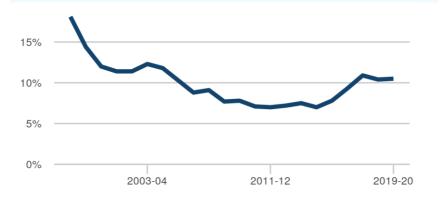
Source: Safety in custody statistics



## Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the HMPPS Annual Digest 2018 to 2019 for more details.

#### The figure for 2019-20 is 10.5 %, up 0.1ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

Last published: 25 July 2024

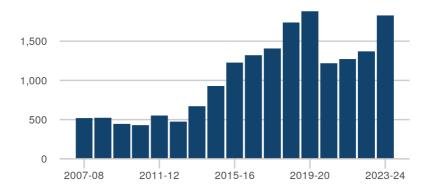
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



### **Barricades or prevention of access**

The number of incidents where one or more offenders deny access to all or part of a prison to those lawfully empowered to have such access, by use of a physical barrier.





Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	1,320
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	1,406
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	1,737
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	1,882
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	1,217
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1,273
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	1,371
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	1,827

Last published: 25 July 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



# Safety Audit/Risk Management Audit: 1 - Performance of serious concern

An announced audit to determine how effectively the prison is assessing and managing risks of violence and self-harm. The audit is carried out approximately every three to four years. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment. The Safety Audit has now replaced the Risk Management Audit, however, in those prisons where a Safety Audit has not taken place yet, the Risk Management Audit score is used.



4 - Outstanding performance	3 prisons
3 - Good performance	57 prisons
2 - Performance of concern	32 prisons
1 - Performance of serious concern	1 prisons

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

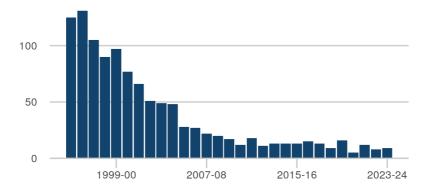
Source: Prison performance ratings



#### **Escapes from prison establishments and escorts**

A prisoner escapes from prison if they unlawfully gain their liberty (for 15 minutes or more) by breaching the secure perimeter of a closed prison, or if during prison staff escort, overcome the control of escorting staff and leave the escort, the van or the building (hospital etc.). Those who escape for less than 15 minutes and commit an offence are also recorded as an escape. Escapes are monitored to analyse the frequency across the estate and identify any trends nationally, also taking into consideration the management of risk to the public. This total consists of escapes from establishments, HMPPS escorts, contractor escorts and includes escapes by Category A prisoners. For a further breakdown please see the HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest.

### The figure for 2023-24 is 9, up 1 from 2022-23



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	15
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	13
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	16
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	5
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	12
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	9

Last published: 25 July 2024

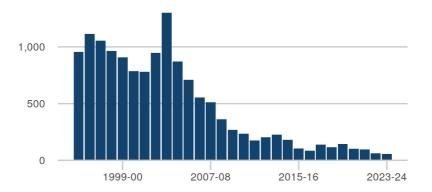
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



#### **Absconds**

An abscond is an escape that does not involve overcoming a physical security restraint such as that provided by a wall or fence, locks, bolts or bars, a secure vehicle, handcuffs or the direct supervision of staff. Absconds are monitored to analyse the frequency across the open estate and identify any trends nationally also taking into consideration, the management of risk to the public. It is only possible to abscond from open prison conditions.

#### The figure for 2023-24 is 58, down 5 from 2022-23



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	86
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	139
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	117
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	143
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	101
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	95
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	63
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	58

Last published: 25 July 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



### **Security audit: 1 - Performance of serious concern**

An internal audit that assesses, on a four point scale, the level to which effective security procedures are adhered to within each prison. There is no structured frequency for how often the security audit takes place, with the exception of long term high security prison establishments which are audited annually. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment.



4 - Outstanding performance	31 prisons
3 - Good performance	64 prisons
2 - Performance of concern	17 prisons
1 - Performance of serious concern	6 prisons

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

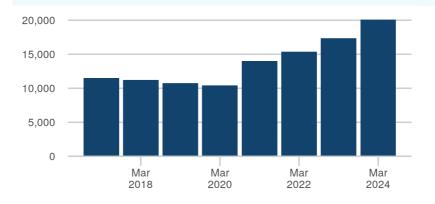
Source: Prison performance ratings



## **Electronic monitoring caseload**

Total caseload.

Latest published data: As at June 2024, the total caseload was 20,893.



31 March 2017	11,490
31 March 2018	11,205
31 March 2019	10,771
31 March 2020	10,422
31 March 2021	13,996
31 March 2022	15,394
31 March 2023	17,350
31 March 2024	20,084

Last published: 18 July 2024

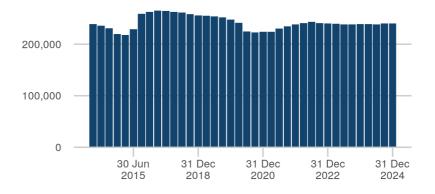
Source: Electronic Monitoring Statistics Publication



#### **Probation caseload**

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted once only in each total or sub-total even if they are subject to several types of probation supervision on the date shown. For example, if a person is subject to both a community order and a Supervision Default Order on the date shown, then the person would be counted once only within the overall total for all supervision.

The figure for 31 Dec 2024 is 240,362, down 135 from 30 Sep 2024



31 Mar 2023	239,518
30 Jun 2023	238,264
30 Sep 2023	238,163
31 Dec 2023	238,765
31 Mar 2024	238,993
30 Jun 2024	238,646
30 Sep 2024	240,497
31 Dec 2024	240,362

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

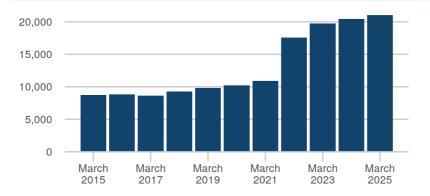
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



#### Staff in post (Probation Service)

Full time equivalent staff in post for the Probation Service (PS) at the end of each financial year. (Workforce data for private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies is not published). During November and December 2019, over 1,200 PS staff moved to the Community and Interventions directorate, part of HMPPS HQ and areas services. In the same quarter, over 300 staff in Wales were transferred from privately run CRCs to HMPPS, into the new "PS Wales UM transition". In late June 2021, more than 7,000 staff from private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRC) came together with probation staff already in the public sector in the new Probation Service.

#### The figure for March 2025 is 21,022, up 610 from March 2024



March 2018	9,261
March 2019	9,844
March 2020	10,224
March 2021	10,897
March 2022	17,551
March 2023	19,740
March 2024	20,412
March 2025	21,022

Last published: 15 May 2025 Next release: 21 August 2025

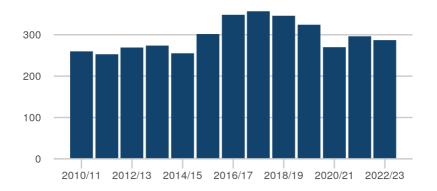
Source: HM Prison & Probation Service workforce quarterly



#### Serious further offence convictions

SFO conviction figures are reported by the date of SFO notification. This is the date on which the supervising probation region notifies HM Prison and Probation Service (HMPPS) that an offender under its supervision has appeared in court charged with an offence which qualifies for an SFO review.

## The figure for 2022/23 is 287, down 9 from 2021/22



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	302
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	348
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	357
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	346
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	324
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	270
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	296
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	287

Last published: 31 October 2024 Next release: 30 October 2025

Source: Proven reoffending statistics

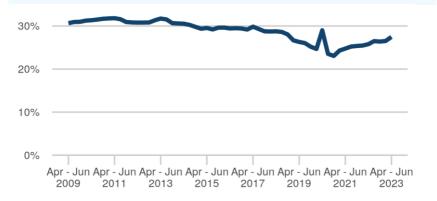


# **Reduce reoffending**

#### Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). Although not directly affected by the operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this latest offender cohort period does overlap with a period of on-going recovery for the courts and with the Criminal Bar Association strikes.

The figure for Apr - Jun 2023 is 27.5%, up 0.9ppt from Jan - Mar 2023



Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%
Oct - Dec 2021	25.4%
Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%
Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%
Jul - Sep 2022	26.5%
Oct - Dec 2022	26.4%
Jan - Mar 2023	26.5%
Apr - Jun 2023	27.5%

Last published: 24 April 2025 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Proven reoffending

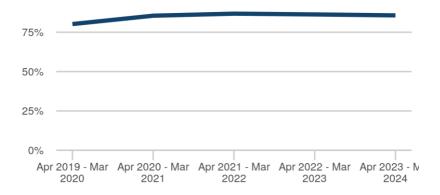
statistics



## Housed on release from custody (MI014)

The proportion of individuals in settled or temporary accommodation on the night of release from custody.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 85.7%, down 0.6ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	80.2%
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	85.5%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	86.8%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	86.3%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	85.7%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender

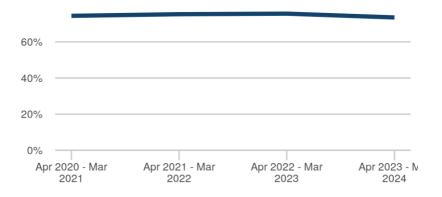
**Accommodation Outcomes** 



# Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (MI015a)

The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post release for custodial sentences.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 73.5%, down 2.1ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	74.4%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	75.3%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	75.6%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	73.5%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender

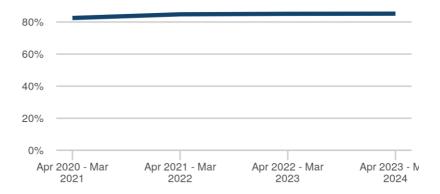
**Accommodation Outcomes** 



# Settled accommodation at 3 months post community disposal (MI015b)

The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post disposal for community sentences.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 85.2%, up 0.1ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	82.5%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	84.8%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	85.1%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	85.2%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

Source: Offender

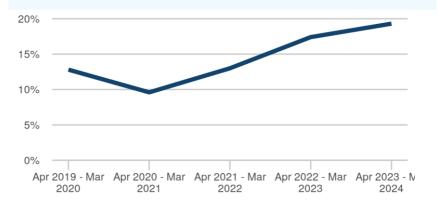
**Accommodation Outcomes** 



## Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (MI016)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six weeks after release from custody.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 19.3%, up 1.9ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	12.8%
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	9.6%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	13.0%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	17.4%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	19.3%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

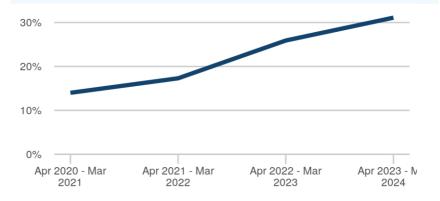
Source: Offender employment outcomes



## Employed at 6 months post release from custody (MI017A)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post release for custodial sentences.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 31.1%, up 5.2ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	14.0%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	17.3%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	25.9%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	31.1%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

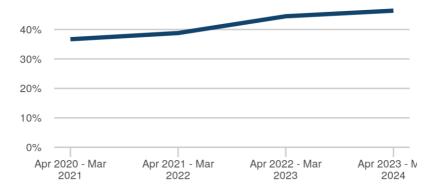
Source: Offender employment outcomes



## Employed at 6 months post community disposal (MI017B)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post disposal for community sentences.

The figure for Apr 2023 - Mar 2024 is 46.4%, up 1.9ppt from Apr 2022 - Mar 2023



Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	36.7%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	38.8%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	44.5%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	46.4%

Last published: 25 July 2024 Next release: 31 July 2025

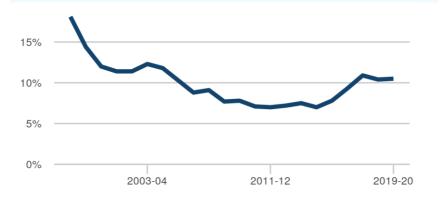
Source: Offender employment outcomes



## Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the HMPPS Annual Digest 2018 to 2019 for more details.

#### The figure for 2019-20 is 10.5 %, up 0.1ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

Last published: 25 July 2024

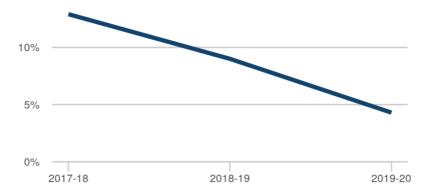
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



# Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure includes tests for new psychoactive substances ("NPS"), as defined in the Psychoactive Substances Act 2016. Note this measure replaces "random mandatory drug testing including new psychoactive substances".

The figure for 2019-20 is 4.3 %, down 4.7ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2017 to Mar 20	018 12.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 20	9.0 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 20	020 4.3 %

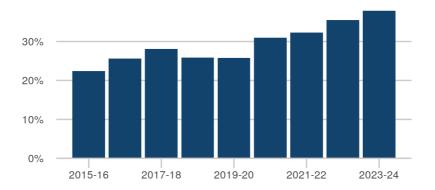
Last published: 25 July 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest

# Prisoners completing treatment free from dependence

The percentage of adults exiting treatment free from dependence on drugs or alcohol.

The figure for 2023-24 is 37.9%, up 2.4ppt from 2022-23



Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	25.6%
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	28.1%
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	25.9%
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	25.8%
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	31.0%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	32.3%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	35.5%
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	37.9%

Last published: 30 January 2025

Source: Substance misuse treatment in secure settings

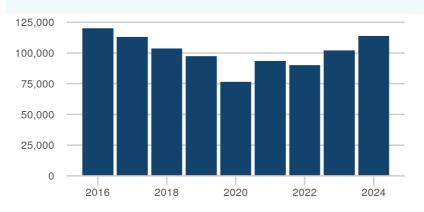


# **Access to justice**

### **Crown court disposals**

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

#### The figure for 2024 is 113,885, up 11,863 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	113,029
Jan - Dec 2018	103,625
Jan - Dec 2019	97,372
Jan - Dec 2020	76,561
Jan - Dec 2021	93,378
Jan - Dec 2022	90,065
Jan - Dec 2023	102,022
Jan - Dec 2024	113,885

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

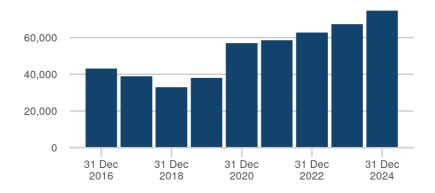
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### **Crown court outstanding**

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.

The figure for 31 Dec 2024 is 74,651, up 7,334 from 31 Dec 2023



31 Dec 2017	38,922
31 Dec 2018	32,983
31 Dec 2019	38,049
31 Dec 2020	56,993
31 Dec 2021	58,550
31 Dec 2022	62,670
31 Dec 2023	67,317
31 Dec 2024	74,651

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

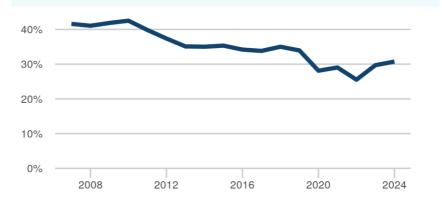
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### **Crown courts cracked trials**

Cracked trials as a percentage of total trials.

## The figure for 2024 is 31%, up 1ppt from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	34%
Jan - Dec 2018	35%
Jan - Dec 2019	34%
Jan - Dec 2020	28%
Jan - Dec 2021	29%
Jan - Dec 2022	26%
Jan - Dec 2023	30%
Jan - Dec 2024	31%

Last published: 27 March 2025 Next release: 26 June 2025

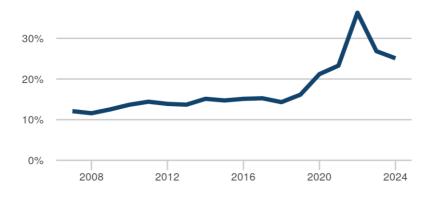
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### **Crown courts ineffective trials**

Ineffective trials as a percentage of total trials.

#### The figure for 2024 is 25%, down 2ppt from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	15%
Jan - Dec 2018	14%
Jan - Dec 2019	16%
Jan - Dec 2020	21%
Jan - Dec 2021	23%
Jan - Dec 2022	36%
Jan - Dec 2023	27%
Jan - Dec 2024	25%

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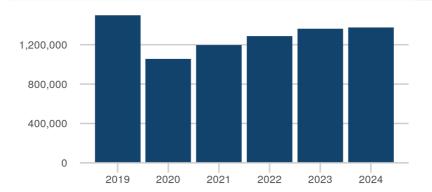
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



## Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

#### The figure for 2024 is 1,376,888, up 14,810 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2019	1,499,751
Jan - Dec 2020	1,056,793
Jan - Dec 2021	1,194,847
Jan - Dec 2022	1,287,609
Jan - Dec 2023	1,362,078
Jan - Dec 2024	1,376,888

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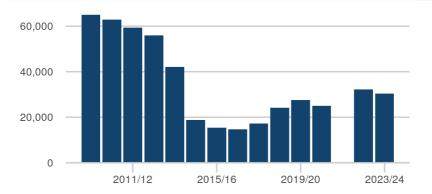
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### **Employment tribunal disposals - single claims**

Employment tribunals are independent judicial bodies established to resolve disputes between employers and employees over employment rights. From July 2022, the Employment Tribunal (ET) migrated to a new case management system (ECM Reform) for Single cases only. The data presented from this time has been amalgamated with the ECM legacy system to provide a combined total for Receipts, Disposals and Open Caseload. This data is produced from a combination of systems (ECM Reform and ECM Legacy) using a temporary tactical solution. We estimate there is a slight overcounting of approximately 4,000 Receipts across the series in total since July 2022, and 3,000 open cases. We aim to revise the figures later this year following migration of all data to the reform system. Data for 2021/22 is missing due to this tribunal being migrated to a new case management system.

Latest published data: In the 3 months to 31 Dec 2024 there were 9,615 single claims employment tribunal disposals.



Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	14,755
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	17,221
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	24,200
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	27,576
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	25,068
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	

Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	32,262
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	30,441

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Source: Tribunals statistics

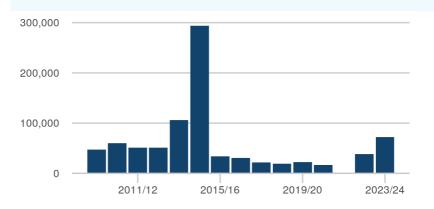
quarterly



### **Employment tribunal disposals - multiple claims**

The large number of employment tribunal multiple claims disposals in 2014/2015 is due to a very large multiple airlines case covering 71,000 jurisdictions and relating to the Working Time Directive ending. Data for 2021/22 is missing due to this tribunal being migrated to a new case management system.

Latest published data: In the 3 months to 31 Dec 2024 there were 4,344 multiple claims employment tribunal disposals.



Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	30,422
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	21,450
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	19,394
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	22,641
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	16,554
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	38,314
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	72,182

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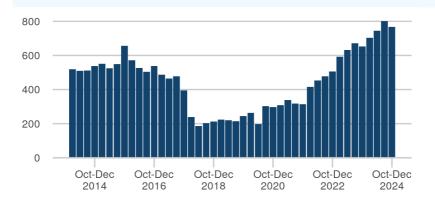
Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly



# Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court

Cases arriving at the Crown Court. Data from the Crown Court cases received, disposed and outstanding tool.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2024 is 767, down 34 from Jul-Sep 2024



Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2023	593
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2023	632
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2023	672
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2023	652
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2024	703
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2024	745
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2024	801
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2024	767

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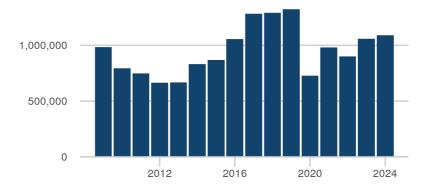
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



#### Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgment.

The figure for 2024 is 1,090,431, up 31,467 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364	
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142	
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750	
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438 980,474	
Jan - Dec 2021		
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278	
Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,964	
Jan - Dec 2024	1,090,431	

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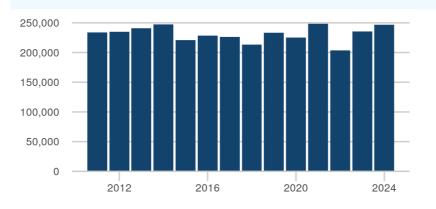
Source: Civil justice statistics



## Family court - total cases disposed

Total cases disposed at family court.

### The figure for 2024 is 246,730, up 11,409 from 2023



Jan - Dec 2017	226,092
Jan - Dec 2018	213,077
Jan - Dec 2019	233,032
Jan - Dec 2020	224,921
Jan - Dec 2021	248,474
Jan - Dec 2022	203,775
Jan - Dec 2023	235,321
Jan - Dec 2024	246,730

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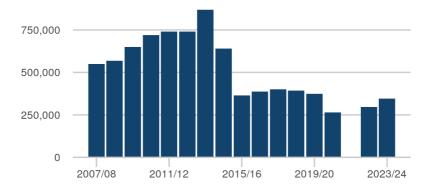
Source: Family court statistics quarterly



#### Tribunals disposals - overall

The overall total for 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24 is unavailable due to migration of some tribunals. An 'Interim Total' has been calculated. This is the sum of all the tribunals excluding those tribunals with data missing or incomplete i.e. Upper Tribunal (Immigration and Asylum Chamber). These tribunals are being migrated to a new case management system and will be made available as soon as possible. The interim total is not available for 2021/22 due to the employment tribunal being migrated to a new case management system.

Latest published data: In the 3 months to 31 Dec 2024 the interim total number of tribunals disposals was 76,681.



	Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	386,709
	Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	400,659
	Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	392,575
	Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	373,642
	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	263,572
	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	
	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	297,021
	Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	345,553

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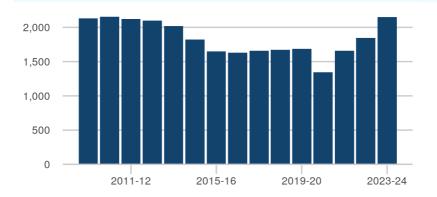
Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly



## Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)

The closed-claim measure of expenditure shows the total value of payments made to legal aid providers in relation to pieces of work that are completed in each period, even where a portion of the work may have taken place over previous periods. Most expenditure figures in the legal aid statistics are shown on this basis.

The figure for 2023-24 is 2,150 (£m), up 303 (£m) from 2022-23



Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	1,628 (£m)
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	1,660 (£m)
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	1,671 (£m)
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	1,684 (£m)
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	1,345 (£m)
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	1,658 (£m)
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	1,847 (£m)
Apr 2023 - Mar 2024	2,150 (£m)

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Source: Legal aid statistics

