

Level 2 Asylum Syllabus

Immigration law	Detailed learning objective
Detailed knowledge of the structure and sources of immigration law, including the framework of the immigration legislation	The key principles of immigration control - the right of abode, entry clearance and the relevance of being a visa national, leave to enter and leave to remain
Knowledge of the procedure for making applications under the immigration rules	Effective navigation of the rules to enable determination of which immigration rule is applicable to a client's case
Knowledge of the structure and operation of the immigration rules	 The main categories of entry under the immigration rules – visitors, students, points-based immigration with system and other work and business visas, partners, adult dependent relatives, the operation of Appendix FM, long residence, Appendix EU, EU (family permit), and victims of domestic abuse The key concepts within the immigration rules –financial requirements, maintenance, accommodation, the definition of public funds, intention to leave the country at the end of a period of leave, intention to live together permanently, and the points-based system and their relevant appendices How to identify whether a particular category of entry can lead to settlement, whether switching is permitted, and what period of leave an applicant under a particular rule can anticipate receiving The mandatory and discretionary general grounds for refusal within Part 9 of the immigration rules
Awareness of the scope for	The concept of leave to remain outside the immigration rules
applications outside the rules	Where to locate policies operating outside the immigration rules

Knowledge of the appropriate application forms, fees and supporting documentation	 The appropriate application form for each category of entry, fees for immigration applications, and what documentation should be obtained to ensure that the criteria of the immigration rules are satisfied The consequences of failure to make an application within time or on the appropriate prescribed form The procedures that people who are subject to immigration control who wish to marry in the United Kingdom must follow The operation of the statutory extension of leave to remain when an application is made
Detailed knowledge of the personnel and terminology relating to immigration law	The common terms encountered in immigration as appear from time to time in the glossary of the Immigration, Nationality and Refugee Law Handbook of the Joint Council for the Welfare of Immigrants
Detailed knowledge of the types of immigration decision that may be made in an individual's case dependent upon the stage of the entry or expulsion process that they have reached	 Extensions, variations and curtailments of leave Indefinite leave to remain and the grant of citizenship Awareness of illegal entry, overstaying, administrative removal and removal directions, and deportation orders

Asylum law and practice	Detailed learning objective
Detailed knowledge of the requirements of the 1951 Convention according to Article 1A(2) for persons with a single nationality	 The constituents of the refugee definition – i.e. the meaning of well-founded fear, persecution, convention reason, state protection, including an ability to recognise which facts of a client's claim are relevant to each of these concepts Incorporation of Refugee Convention definitions into UK primary legislation The existence and operation of the exclusion clauses The importance of taking instructions without creating discrepancies and addressing any inconsistencies which arise, and in anticipating common issues in relation to the Home Office approach to credibility The importance of addressing issues of plausibility when preparing statements

Detailed knowledge of the procedure for making an asylum application – applications, screening, substantive interviews	 The procedure for claiming asylum in the United Kingdom Procedures at Home Office interviews The meaning of key terms and abbreviations The "one stop" procedure The circumstances, test and remedies relating to fresh claims for asylum The main sources of country information The procedure in national security cases
	 Key Home Office policies regarding policy and practice Issues surrounding vulnerable people, including minors, trafficking victims and those who are mentally incapacitated
Detailed knowledge of safe third country procedures	 The Home Office policy to remove asylum seekers to safe third countries The limited grounds on which, and means by which, such decisions can be challenged
Detailed knowledge of consequences of grant of refugee status	 Family reunion for refugees and the procedure for obtaining travel documents The form of leave granted to refugees and the route to settlement The safe return review process
Awareness of the procedures for asylum seeking children	 The procedures and principles regarding accompanied children and unaccompanied asylum seeking Children as set out in the Home Office asylum guidance policy documents Operation of the best interests of the child principle
Awareness of provisions relating to benefits and support for asylum seekers	 Eligibility for NASS support to a person making an asylum claim for the first time Eligibility for NASS support for a person with child dependants The availability of support from local authorities under Section 21 of the National Assistance Act 1948 Which decisions of NASS are capable of appeal, and which can only be challenged by way of judicial review
Knowledge of leading cases relating to the interpretation of the refugee convention by the courts	As set out by the Courts and Tribunals in reported cases from time to time

Human rights and humanitarian protection	Detailed learning objective
Detailed knowledge of Articles 2 and 3 of the ECHR	 Ability to identify whether Articles 2 and 3 of the ECHR are applicable to the facts of a client's case, both in terms of expulsion from the country and treatment within the UK Arguing an evidence-backed case under Article 3 ECHR including appreciation of the need to show a minimum level of severity for the Article to be engaged The standard of proof for human rights arguments The circumstances in which fresh claims on human rights grounds might be made Rights of trafficking victims Operation of the best interests of the child principle
Detailed knowledge of Article 8 of the ECHR	 Article 8 ECHR and the right to family and private life The notion of qualified rights and proportionality The consequences of making a successful case on human rights grounds based on Article 8 ECHR under and outside the immigration rules
Detailed knowledge of consequences of grant of leave to remain	 Humanitarian protection and discretionary leave to remain: their length, terms, procedure on expiry and access to settlement Family reunion and access to travel documents for persons with humanitarian protection and discretionary leave to remain

Nationality	Detailed learning objective
Detailed knowledge of the process and legal framework of naturalisation/ registration	 The modes of obtaining nationality – by operation of law, by registration, and naturalisation The procedure for making an application for naturalisation as a British citizen The procedure for making an application for registration as a British citizen for children born in the United Kingdom

Appeals	Detailed learning objective
Knowledge of the structure and remedies available in the Tribunal	 The structure of the First tier and Upper Tribunal Immigration and Asylum Chambers
	 The consequences of a successful appeal including the possibility of further challenges by the Home Office
Detailed knowledge of the time limits for appealing	 Identifying the date of service of a decision at first instance, and calculating the time limit for any subsequent appeal
Knowledge of the remedies available before the High Court	 The processes related to judicial review, including the Civil Procedure Rules Chapter 54, and related practice directions The ability to assess if a case is suitable for judicial review
	 The ability to prepare a pre-action protocol letter The ability to know when to refer a case to a suitably qualified person

Detention and bail	Detailed learning objective
Knowledge of the circumstances in which detention is thought to be justified by the immigration authorities and the factors to be taken into account in determining whether detention is the right course of action	 The procedures that accompany detention The reasons for detention and the factors to be taken into account in a detention case The categories of cases where detention will be permissible only in exceptional circumstances
Knowledge of the main provisions relating to bail	 The procedure for seeking Secretary of State immigration bail and the factors which will be taken into account The likely conditions to be set on bail The circumstances in which there will be no power to detain an individual
Awareness of the remedies before the High Court	Judicial review and habeas corpus

Offences	Detailed learning objective
Knowledge of the major offences under the immigration legislation	 Offences under the Immigration Act 1971 – illegal entry, overstaying and breaching conditions (section 24), deception (section 24A(1)-(3)), facilitating (section 25(1), harbouring (section 25(2)), helping asylum seeker to enter UK (section 25A) and offences regarding administration of 1971 Act (section 26(1)) Offences under sections 2 and 35 of the Immigration and Asylum (Treatment of Claimants Act 2004) Offences connected with support under section 105 of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 Offences regarding employment under sections 15, 21 and 25 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006
	 Offences regarding possession of false identity documents under sections 4 and 7 of the Identity Documents Act 2010

Welfare and support	Detailed learning objective
Awareness of the main provisions relating to benefits/support for persons subject to immigration control	The effect of the main provisions on welfare and support is to exclude certain persons subject to immigration control from obtaining certain benefits
Knowledge of the circumstances in which employment is prohibited for persons subject to immigration control	 The circumstances in which employment is prohibited for persons subject to immigration control The circumstances in which employment is prohibited for asylum seekers

Ethics	Detailed learning objective
Knowledge of the professional and ethical rules relating to confidentiality and conflicts, the	 Knowledge of the principles which define IAA Level 2 work and awareness of work that is restricted to advisers registered at a higher level which should be referred or signposted

independence of the legal
representative, their duty to act in the
best interests of the client, to
maintain a proper standard of work
and their duty to the Court

 The duty of care owed by a legal representative to clients and to upholding UK law, including issues around conflict of interest and confidentiality, acting in the client's best interests and appropriately and professionally in their dealings with the Home Office and other legal representatives, as laid down in the IAA Code of Standards

Essential skills and abilities	Detailed learning objective
Communication skills	 Ability to identify the need for and use of appropriate interpreters
	 Ability to communicate to a high standard in written English with the client,
	Home Office and other agencies so as to be able to:
	 Identify to whom an enquiry relates to, establish their wishes and intentions and the relevant facts of the case
	 Communicate advice clearly, giving reasons and explaining options
	 Draft letters and complete application forms clearly and accurately in plain English
	 Produce clear, pertinent and effective written representations
	 Use correct terminology and enclose the appropriate evidence, or provide a clear explanation why it has not been provided
Casework skills	 Ability to identify if it is appropriate for an application to be made and, if so, the appropriate application to be made according to the client's circumstances
	Ability to assess the merits of the case presented
	 Awareness of the cultural, gender and disability issues that may arise in the
	course of a case and the ability to deal sensitively with these issues
	 Ability to identify vulnerable clients and to make appropriate provisions (including referral)
	 Ability to identify the range of evidence needed to support an application
	 Ability to identify and use the most up to date and relevant information,
	including case-law
	Awareness of and a commitment to follow established good practice

 Ability to act with an appropriate sense of urgency Awareness of the limitations of competence and when to refer cases on to a
suitably qualified adviser

Definitions:

- **Detailed knowledge** An adviser will be familiar with and understand specific information and have the skills, training and experience to know and apply its fullest implication to a client's case
- **Knowledge** An adviser will be familiar with and understand information and have the skills to apply it directly to a problem or case
- **Understanding** An adviser will be able to identify and comprehend information and be able to summarise and apply it to a problem or a case
- **Awareness** Knowing general concepts, topics, procedures and methods without needing to be able to apply the information directly. An adviser should be able to identify the limits of their awareness. They should also be able to identify and refer to relevant sources of information for more in-depth knowledge