



## East Timor

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and East Timor.

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**Total trade in goods and services** (exports plus imports) between the UK and East Timor was **£14 million** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 27.3% or £3 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Of this £14 million:

- Total UK **exports** to East Timor amounted to £6 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (a change of less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023);
- Total UK **imports** from East Timor amounted to £8 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of 60.0% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

**East Timor was the UK's joint 203<sup>rd</sup> largest trading partner** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK trade.<sup>1</sup>

In 2023, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in East Timor was less than £500 thousand.

In 2023, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from East Timor was less than £500 thousand.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted](#) data.

<sup>2</sup>Investment data sourced from the ONS [ad-hoc data release](#) if not provided in the latest ONS [main FDI release](#).

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## About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and East Timor. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [UK trade in numbers](#) publication or the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

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## Summary trade and investment statistics for East Timor

### UK trade with East Timor, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)<sup>3</sup>

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
<b>Total trade</b>	£14 million	an increase of 27.3% or £3 million
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	Joint 203rd	
<b>Total UK exports</b>	£6 million	a change of less than £1 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	Joint 202nd	
UK exports in goods (percentage of total UK exports that were goods)	less than £1 million	a change of less than £1 million
UK exports in services (percentage of total UK exports that were services)	£6 million	a change of less than £1 million
<b>Total UK imports</b>	£8 million	an increase of 60.0% or £3 million
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	Joint 188th	
UK imports in goods (percentage of total UK imports that were goods)	less than £1 million	a change of less than £1 million
UK imports in services (percentage of total UK imports that were services)	£8 million	an increase of 60.0% or £3 million

<sup>3</sup>Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

## UK market share in East Timor<sup>4</sup>

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2023		Change from 2022
<b>Total UK market share</b>	0.6%	a decrease of 4.3 percentage points	
UK market share for goods only	0.0%	a decrease of 0.3 percentage points	
UK market share for services only	1.8%	a decrease of 11.6 percentage points	

## UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with East Timor<sup>5</sup>

UK FDI	Value in 2023		Change from 2022
Total UK outward FDI	Less than £500 thousand	Not available due to low investment	
Total UK inward FDI	Less than £500 thousand	Not available due to low investment	

## Economic statistics and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for East Timor<sup>6</sup>

Economic statistics	2023	2024	2025	2026
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	2.4%	4.1%	3.4%	3.2%
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6

East Timor was the 176<sup>th</sup> largest economy in 2024, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP).

<sup>4</sup>UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the [market share section](#) in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

<sup>5</sup>FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics [ad-hoc data release for FDI with all partners](#).

<sup>6</sup>Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund [World Economic Outlook](#) databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

## Trade with East Timor, in current prices (ONS)<sup>7 8 9</sup>

### Trade definitions

- **UK exports** - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to East Timor.
- **UK imports** - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by East Timor.
- **Total or 'bilateral' trade** - The value of total trade between the UK and East Timor (exports plus imports).
- **Trade balance** - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- **Trade surplus** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to East Timor is greater than the value of UK imports from East Timor.
- **Trade deficit** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to East Timor is less than the value of UK imports from East Timor.

**Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.**

**Note:** UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.

**Total trade** in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and East Timor was £14 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 27.3% or £3 million in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK exports** to East Timor amounted to £6 million (a change of less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK exports to East Timor in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, less than £1 million (less than 0.1%) were **goods** and £6 million (almost 100%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, UK **exports of goods** to East Timor changed by less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **exports of services** to East Timor changed by less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK imports** from East Timor were £8 million (an increase of 60.0% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK imports from East Timor in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, less than £1 million (less than 0.1%) were **goods** and £8 million (almost 100%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from East Timor changed by less than £1 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **imports of services** from East Timor increased by 60.0% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

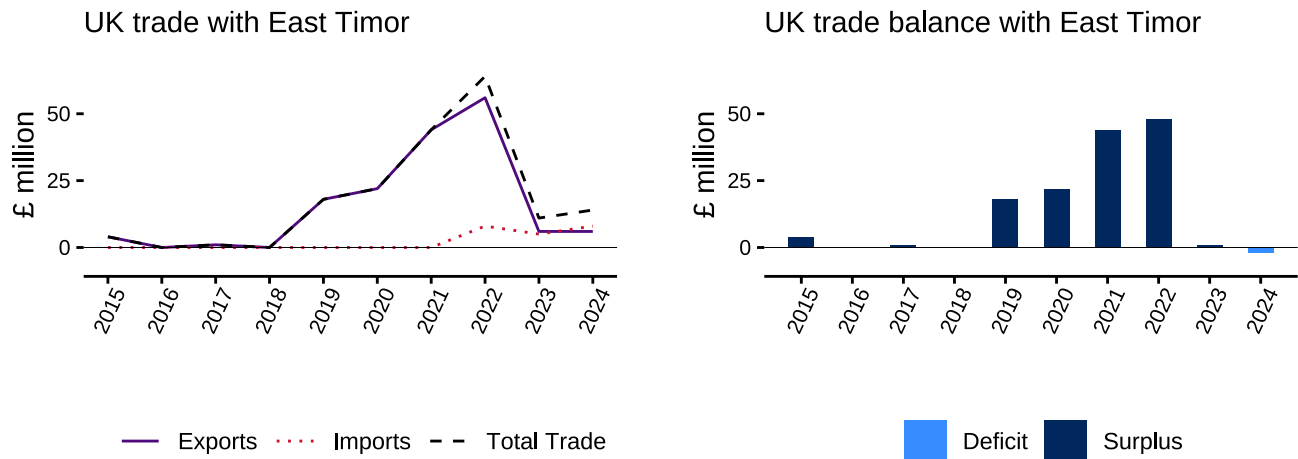
This means the UK reported a **total trade deficit** of £2 million with East Timor, compared to a trade surplus of £1 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, the UK had a **trade in goods balance** of less than £1 million with East Timor, compared to a trade in goods balance of less than £1 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 the UK reported a **trade in services deficit** of £2 million with East Timor, compared to a trade in services surplus of £1 million in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

<sup>7</sup> Office of National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>8</sup> This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to East Timor (reported by the UK) may not match the value of East Timor imports from the UK (reported by East Timor).

<sup>9</sup> Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and East Timor for each year between 2015 and 2024:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q4 2024

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ million:

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of total trade	4	0	1	0	18	22	44	64	11	14
Value of exports	4	0	1	0	18	22	44	56	6	6
Value of imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	8
Trade balance	+4	0	+1	0	+18	+22	+44	+48	+1	-2

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, East Timor was the UK's:<sup>10</sup>

- **Joint 203<sup>rd</sup> largest trading partner** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK trade).
  - Joint 219<sup>th</sup> largest **goods** trading partner (less than 0.1% of UK goods trade).
  - Joint 186<sup>th</sup> largest **services** trading partner (less than 0.1% of UK services trade).
- **Joint 202<sup>nd</sup> largest export market** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK exports).
  - Joint 217<sup>th</sup> largest **goods** export market (less than 0.1% of UK goods exports).
  - Joint 191<sup>st</sup> largest **services** export market (less than 0.1% of UK services exports).
- **Joint 188<sup>th</sup> largest import market** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK imports).
  - Joint 199<sup>th</sup> largest **goods** import market (less than 0.1% of UK goods imports).
  - Joint 172<sup>nd</sup> largest **services** import market (less than 0.1% of UK services imports).

**More timely data, for trade in goods only<sup>11</sup>**, show that UK exports of goods to East Timor did not change the 12 months to February 2025 in current prices, compared to the same period the previous year. UK imports of goods from East Timor did not change, in current prices, over the same period.

<sup>10</sup>Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>11</sup>ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to February 2025: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).



## Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)<sup>12 13</sup>

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to East Timor** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
1 - Beverages & tobacco	£160 thousand	-	a decrease of 50.0%
25 - Pulp & waste paper	£140 thousand	-	an increase of 16.7%
792 - Aircraft	£60 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period
78M - Cars	£40 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period
76K - Telecoms & sound equipment (capital)	£30 thousand	-	an increase of 50.0%

The **top 4 goods imported to the UK from East Timor** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
07 - Coffee, tea, cocoa etc	£200 thousand	-	an increase of 33.3%
26 - Textile fibres	£10 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period
87K - Scientific instruments (capital)	£10 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period
89OC - Other manufactures (consumer)	£10 thousand	-	Nil trade in previous period

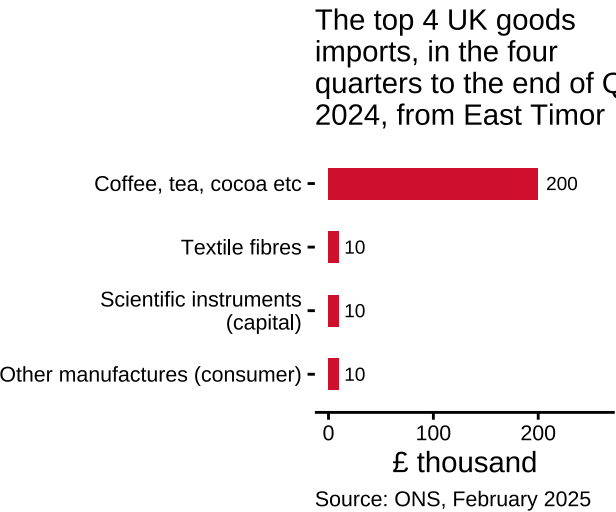
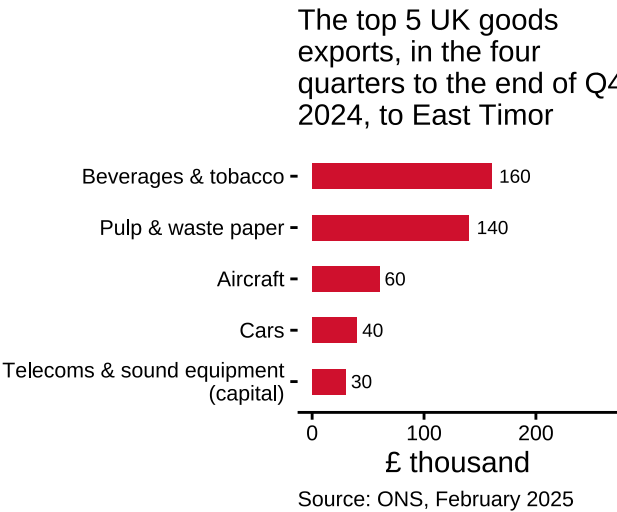
**Note:** The percentage of the total UK imports and exports from East Timor accounted for by the above commodities are not provided here. This is due to the value of total UK imports and exports of goods being rounded to the nearest £million, with commodity trade values being given to a greater level of accuracy. In some cases, this means the percentages above might sum to more than 100%.

<sup>12</sup> Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for **exports** and **imports** present the latest data from the February 2025 ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

<sup>13</sup> The commodities are categorised based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.



The chart below shows the top 5 products exported from the UK to East Timor and the top 4 products imported to the UK from East Timor, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.



Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)<sup>14</sup>

**Note:** Service type data for the trade in services between the UK and East Timor in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 are not available from UK sources.

<sup>14</sup>Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

# Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)<sup>15</sup>

**Regional trade definitions**

- **UK regions** - The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- **Regional trade data** - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

**Note:** Data for UK regions are not available from this source for East Timor in 2024.

<sup>15</sup>HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC interactive tables).

## Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)<sup>16 17</sup>

### Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

- **Modes of Supply** define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's [General Agreement on Services](#) categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- **Mode 1** - Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- **Mode 2** - Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- **Mode 3** - Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) - this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- **Mode 4** - Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

### UK services exports to East Timor by mode of supply in 2022:

- Data on services exports to East Timor by mode of supply are not available from this source.

### UK services imports from East Timor by mode of supply in 2022:

- Data on services imports from East Timor by mode of supply are not available from this source.

<sup>16</sup>ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: [ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK](#)

<sup>17</sup>Data included in this ONS release are experimental estimates.

## UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)<sup>18 19</sup>

### Market Share definitions

- **UK market share** – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by East Timor. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- **Market share methodology** – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate <sup>20</sup>.

The UK's market share for East Timor in 2023 was as follows:

- **The total UK market share in East Timor was 0.6% in 2023 for goods and services.** This is a decrease of 4.3 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in East Timor was 0.0% in 2023 for **goods only**. This is a decrease of 0.3 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in East Timor was 1.8% in 2023 for **services only**. This is a decrease of 11.6 percentage points from 2022.

The table below presents the UK's market share for East Timor between 2014 and 2023. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total goods and services	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	2.1%	1.9%	4.7%	4.9%	0.6%
Goods only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Services only	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	4.4%	3.3%	11.0%	13.3%	1.8%

<sup>18</sup>ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

<sup>19</sup>UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

<sup>20</sup>Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the [Bank of England](#)

## Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)<sup>21 22 23</sup>

### Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

### Businesses trading with East Timor in 2024:

- Data on the number of VAT-registered businesses exporting to East Timor are not available from this source.
- Data on the number of VAT-registered businesses importing from East Timor are not available from this source.

### Businesses trading with the world in 2024:

- In 2024, around 122,000 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to the world.
- In 2024, around 256,400 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from the world.

<sup>21</sup>HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: [UK trade in goods statistics](#).

<sup>22</sup>Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with East Timor are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

<sup>23</sup>HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

## Trade in Value Added (OECD)<sup>24 25</sup>

### Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- **UK forward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- **UK backward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- **Employment supported by exports** - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

**Note:** Data for East Timor on forward and backward linkages for exports in 2020 are not available from this data source.

### Employment supported by exports:<sup>26</sup>

- Data for East Timor on employment supported by exports in 2020 are not available.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.7 million persons in 2020 (20.6% of total UK employment). Data on the number of UK jobs supported by export activity to East Timor in 2020 are not available.

<sup>24</sup> The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(origin of value added in gross exports\), June 2024](#); and b) [Trade in employment \(TIM\) database, February 2024](#), indicators EXGR\_DEM.

<sup>25</sup> The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

<sup>26</sup> These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.



## Foreign Direct Investment with East Timor (ONS)<sup>27 28 29</sup>

### Foreign direct investment definitions

- **Foreign direct investment (FDI)** - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- **FDI stock** - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in East Timor), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a East Timor parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** - It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

***Note:** The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.*

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the [ONS website](#).

#### UK outward FDI stock:

- In 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in East Timor** was less than £500 thousand.
- In 2023, the total UK FDI abroad was £1.9 trillion. In 2023, the **top destination for UK FDI** was United States, accounting for 26.7% of the total UK outward FDI stock, followed by Netherlands (14.8%) and Luxembourg (7.6%).

#### UK inward FDI stock:

- In 2023, the **stock of FDI from East Timor in the UK** was less than £500 thousand.
- In 2023, the total FDI in the UK in was £2.1 trillion. In 2023, the **top investor in the UK** was United States, accounting for 34.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock, followed by Luxembourg (9.1%) and Jersey (7.9%).

<sup>27</sup>Data for both inward and outward FDI between the UK and East Timor are not available in the main ONS release ([Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#)). Therefore, an [ONS FDI ad-hoc data release](#) is used to provide the latest FDI data for East Timor where it is unavailable in the main ONS release.

<sup>28</sup>Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

<sup>29</sup>This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to East Timor (reported by the UK) may not match East Timor inward FDI from the UK (reported by East Timor). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

## Economic statistics (as reported by East Timor)

### Trade and investment data for East Timor (UNCTAD)<sup>30 31 32</sup>

The following data are reported by East Timor and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Nominal exports	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	1.6	2.8	1.9	0.7
Nominal imports	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.2
Nominal trade balance	-1.1	-1.0	-0.9	-0.3	0.1	1.5	0.5	-0.5
Inward FDI stock	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0
Outward FDI stock	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0

<sup>30</sup>United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

<sup>31</sup>Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2016 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

<sup>32</sup>All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

## Economic data and projections for East Timor (IMF)<sup>33 34</sup>

The following table presents economic statistics for East Timor. Projections include assumptions of the effects of COVID-19 and may be subject to change in the future. Estimated data, as well as projections up to 2030, are presented in italics and are subject to revision.

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Change in exports (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in imports (%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current account balance (% of GDP)	12.7	-8.5	-26.3	-21.2	-23.6	-31.0	-32.2	-33.1	-33.8
Change in real GDP (%)	4.0	2.4	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	7.8	6.7	6.6	7.0	7.4	7.7	8.1	8.5	8.9
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	7.0	8.4	2.1	0.4	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Population (million)	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Total investment (% of GDP)	10.6	20.5	15.1	16.0	17.1	19.0	19.5	19.8	20.2
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	-31.7	-37.3	-44.3	-51.0	-51.1	-52.6	-53.2	-53.6	-53.9
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	7.9	12.4	13.2	13.9	13.6	13.4	13.3	13.4	13.8

East Timor was the 176<sup>th</sup> largest economy in 2024, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP). The UK was the 6<sup>th</sup> largest economy in 2024.<sup>35</sup>

<sup>33</sup>International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in the [World Economic Database, April 2025](#).

<sup>34</sup>Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2022, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

<sup>35</sup>GDP ranking based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD. Some GDP values for partners are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

## Top goods traded with the world by East Timor, in current prices (UN Comtrade)<sup>36 37</sup>

Data presented here show the top commodities traded with the world, not solely the UK, by East Timor. These data are based on a different commodity classification system to the ONS commodity data used earlier in this factsheet, and the two sections should therefore not be directly compared.

### Top goods exported to the world by East Timor in 2023:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD million	% of total goods exported
1	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	110	67.4%
2	88 - Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof	19	11.7%
3	09 - Coffee, tea and spices	16	9.5%
4	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	6	3.5%
5	89 - Ships, boats and floating structures	4	2.6%
6	73 - Articles of iron or steel	3	1.9%
7	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	1	0.5%
8	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	1	0.5%
9	12 - Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits	1	0.4%
10	08 - Edible fruit and nuts	0	0.3%
	<b>All goods exported</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Top goods imported from the world by East Timor in 2023:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD million	% of total goods imported
1	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	191	21.0%
2	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	98	10.7%
3	10 - Cereals	78	8.6%
4	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	60	6.6%
5	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	51	5.6%
6	72 - Iron and steel	31	3.4%
7	22 - Beverages, spirits and vinegar	29	3.1%
8	19 - Preparations of cereals etc.	28	3.1%
9	02 - Meat and edible meat	28	3.1%
10	25 - Salt; sulfur; earths and stone	26	2.9%
	<b>All goods imported</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>36</sup> United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online [UN Comtrade Database](#). The data reported above are for 2023, but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>37</sup> Data are classified using the [Harmonized System](#) and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

## Top services traded with the world by East Timor, in current prices (ITC Trade Map)<sup>38 39 40</sup>

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by East Timor.

### Top services exported to the world by East Timor in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD million	% of total services exported
1	Travel	43	75.6%
2	Government goods and services n.i.e.	12	21.9%
3	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	1	1.3%
4	Transport	1	1.2%
	<b>All services exported</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Top services imported from the world by East Timor in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD million	% of total services imported
1	Government goods and services n.i.e.	91	14.7%
2	Transport	72	11.6%
3	Travel	54	8.7%
4	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	6	1.0%
	<b>All services imported</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>38</sup>International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online [ITC Trade Map tool](#). The data above are for 2022, but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

<sup>39</sup>Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

<sup>40</sup>Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

## Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#).

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As a requisite of publishing as Official Statistics, a [quality and methodology report](#) has been produced which outlines the quality of these factsheets, as well as providing more information on the methodology of the data sources presented here. This report contains hyperlinks to information on the strengths and weaknesses for each data source. Statistics contained in the factsheets from UK data providers all come from Official Statistics publications, with some sources also being from National Statistics publications.

Future updates of these factsheets can be found on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). These scheduled updates are in line with significant updates from UK data providers when they release new data. Unscheduled releases of the factsheets may also be necessary to accommodate data updates where little or no advanced notice are given, such as in the case of international data updates. Please see the data update schedule and revisions policy in the [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. Please note that there may be occasions where more recent data than is provided here can be found directly from the data providers.

The Department for Business and Trade welcome any feedback or comments on these factsheets, please send these to [statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk](mailto:statistics@businessandtrade.gov.uk).



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