

Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account 2019-20

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What we do...

The Arts Council of Wales is the country's official public body for funding and developing the arts.

Established by Royal Charter on 30 March 1994, we exist to support and develop the arts in Wales for the benefit of people throughout Wales, and to support Welsh arts internationally.

We are also a Welsh Government Sponsored Body (WGSB), a National Lottery Distributor, and a registered charity (number 1034245).

Our Royal Charter sets out our objectives. They are to:

- develop and improve the knowledge, understanding and practice of the arts;
- increase the accessibility of the arts to the public;
- work through the Welsh and English languages; and,
- work with other public bodies in Wales, and with the other Arts Councils in the UK, to achieve these aims.

A copy of our Royal Charter can be found on our website.

In usual times, people across Wales are enjoying and taking part in the arts in Wales every day. Covid-19 has, for the moment, meant that activity has had to pause. Nevertheless, we look forward to resuming our principal work – helping to support artists and reaching out to new and wider audiences.

We will do this by using the public funds that are given to us by the Welsh Government. We will also continue to distribute the money that we receive from the National Lottery.

By managing and investing these funds in creative activity, the Arts Council contributes to people's quality of life and to the cultural, social and economic well-being of Wales.

Take a look at our short animation explaining why The Arts Matter - <http://www.arts.wales>

Chair's statement

Creativity and healing for troubled times...

Chair, Phil George, reaffirms the Arts Council's mission to bring extraordinary arts activities within the reach of a wider cross section of people in Wales.

It might seem a luxury or worse, an irrelevance, to look back on the achievements of the last year in the arts of Wales and the work of the Arts Council. We are living through a cataclysmic crisis which fills us with anxiety and uncertainty about the future.

But I'm absolutely certain that the imaginative power, the challenging insights, the healing energies, the empathy and the sheer delight which the arts give will be crucial to our lives as we rebuild Wales following this pandemic. So, it's in that conviction that we look back to help us move forward.

We travelled through the last year with our plan "For the benefit of all" as our guide. The present crisis has made many organisations and individual artists concerned about current survival and future employment. But it has also sharply revealed the economic and opportunity inequalities in our society. We are determined to reach more widely and more deeply in the communities of Wales where people are too often effectively excluded from the life-transforming experience of the arts. Now more than ever is this an urgent matter.

I've seen the commitment to this vision in so many places. You see it in our remarkable community arts organisations. You see it in our support for Black History Month. You see it in theatres like Torch in Milford or Brycheiniog in Brecon, Sherman in Cardiff or Clwyd in Mold – venues buzz with classes and social engagement activity as well as exciting performances. It's there in the extensive outreach work of Wales Millennium Centre and the creation of performances with refugees by Welsh National Opera. And it's there in the work of Hijinx, Wales's specialist company in performances featuring talented actors with learning disabilities, who staged a remarkable site-located collaboration with National Theatre Wales called "Mission Control".

As we all become more familiar with our vulnerabilities at this time of disrupted human contact, we look back on a year of successfully driving forward our Arts and Health work, so rich in potential for the mental health and physical wellbeing of Welsh people. In close partnership with the Welsh NHS Confederation, it's been thrilling to see progress across the 7 Health Boards in setting up arts and health coordinators in each board. And before the pandemic demanded all his attention, we had begun a promising dialogue with the Chief Medical Officer about social prescribing and the arts.

Another example of major work in the mainstream of Welsh society is our ground-breaking and widely-praised "Creative learning through the arts" programme. I was delighted that this year saw the Minister for Education, Kirsty Williams MS, agreeing a second phase of the programme after its first 5-year unrolling. The creative problem-solving focus that's at the heart of the programme is really valuable in the preparation of teachers for the new curriculum and has shown its strengths in the response to home learning needs in the pandemic shutdown.

We're living through a global crisis, of course, and it will require global responses and collaboration. Wales has a proud internationalist tradition and our specialist arm Wales Arts International has been at the forefront of events showcasing the sporting, cultural and business talents of the nation. The most high-profile of these was the digitally-innovative arts presence at the Rugby Union World Cup in Japan where performers like Gruff Rhys featured alongside a new rugby-inspired piece, "Annwyl i mi", by our National Dance Company. The spine-tingling singing of "Calon Lân" by the children of Kitakyushu was just the beginning of an ongoing relationship with the city which is set to give important opportunities to Welsh artists.

Our international showcasing was also strong at the Edinburgh Festival this year. Whilst featuring a thrillingly diverse range of performance we also broke new ground with a clear commitment to environmental and climate responsibility in the way the Arts Council ran its presence in Edinburgh.

We're thinking hard about the balances that need to be struck in our international work, between sustaining connections and creative opportunities on the one hand and the reduction of our environmental impact on the other. This raises questions for other projects, such as our presence at the Venice Biennale, where once again we created a stir in 2019 with Sean Edwards's haunting and provocative group of pieces drawing on his family experience growing up in a Cardiff council estate.

The Venice show had Tŷ Pawb in Wrexham as its Welsh gallery partner. I hugely enjoyed visiting the fine new building in the heart of the town this year and seeing the extraordinary local textiles social history and fine new work set alongside a highly accessible Grayson Perry show. In a year when I also attended an international class Eleri Mills show in Oriel Davies, Newtown and the opening of the stunning Elysium artists-led gallery in Swansea, I felt that the visual arts were in strong and socially- engaged form.

Wales is a proudly bilingual nation and we continue to drive forward and set demanding targets for activity in the Welsh language. I saw some fine new theatre work in Welsh last year and the arts presence was full of contemporary edge at the National Eisteddfod in Llanrwst. It's also hugely exciting to see the strength and vitality of our bilingual folk music bands who are increasingly attracting attention at events like Celtic Connections. They need to be better known in Wales itself.

I've barely scratched the surface of the artistic wealth I experienced in Wales last year. This rich resource of creativity has been nurtured by the careful work of the Arts Council in close collaboration with Welsh Government, Local Authorities and other key partners. It must be sustained when the financial cost of this crisis is being processed. Our lives as citizens are enriched by the arts, filling us with delight and insight. The future needs them.

Phil George
Chair

Performance Report and Operational Review

<p>87%</p> <p>of children in Wales attended the arts</p> <p>(2018/19: 89%)</p> <p>Source: Children's Omnibus Survey</p>	<p>86%</p> <p>of children in Wales took part in arts activity</p> <p>(2018/19: 87%)</p> <p>Source: Children's Omnibus Survey</p>	<p>87%</p> <p>of adults in Wales attended the arts</p> <p>(2018/19: 85%)</p> <p>Source: Wales Omnibus Survey</p>
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<p>59,269*</p> <p>participatory sessions were run by our portfolio of funded organisations, resulting in attendances of</p> <p>763,064*</p>	<p>10,786*</p> <p>participatory sessions were run by our portfolio of funded organisations in Welsh, resulting in attendances of</p> <p>66,042*</p>	<p>7,690*</p> <p>arts events were run by our portfolio of funded organisations, generating attendances of</p> <p>2.89m*</p>
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<p>3,719</p> <p>Disabled Visitors Cards issued via our Hynt scheme</p> <p>(2018/19: 3,532)</p>	<p>15,166*</p> <p>participatory sessions run by our portfolio of funded organisations were targeted at people in the protected characteristics group</p>	<p>19,416</p> <p>Disabled Visitors now able to attend arts events through our Hynt scheme</p>
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* This data summarises the findings of the 2019/20 Arts Portfolio Wales (APW) Survey. APW organisations are required to complete a biannual survey as a condition of their funding agreements. There are currently 67 APW organisations but, as a result of the Covid-19 outbreak, only 50 organisations have been able to complete the survey by the extended deadline of 5 June. This data covers those 50 organisations only.

Chief Executive's statement

And then everything changed...

Chief Executive, Nick Capaldi, reflects on supporting the arts in response to the unexpected emergency of Coronavirus/Covid-19.

In the days following Christmas we were starting to hear rumours of an undefined new virus sweeping through the Chinese city of Wuhan. No immediate cause for alarm – it was something happening far away, and to other people. But we told ourselves that we needed to keep an eye on it in case it affected our growing programme of international work in China and the Far East.

Until that moment our international activities had been expanding fast. And to our regular attendance at trade fairs and showcases – from Sean Edwards' exciting presence at the Venice Biennale to barnstorming performances by Welsh bands at the Lorient Festival Interceltique – was added a major cultural programme in Japan to coincide with the Rugby Union World Cup.

These international activities were part of a wider partnership with the Welsh Government to support its newly published International Strategy. Our role was to promote the creativity and dynamism of Wales' cultural sector as we prepare for a post-Brexit world. Fewer Welsh artists than we would like are able to sustain a viable career by working in Wales alone, so we need to be out there working for Wales on the world stage.

Whether working overseas or closer to home, our touchstone remains the vision set out in our corporate plan – "For the benefit of all". Our purpose is clear. We have said, unequivocally, that we want to be part of a society that embraces equality and celebrates difference, wherever it's found in race, gender, sexuality, age, language, disability or affluence. This is no trendy tick-box nod to compliance, but something more fundamental. A generous, fair-minded and tolerant society is instinctively inclusive and values and respects the creativity of all its citizens. And publicly funded institutions – the Arts Council included – must reflect this.

These were to be the principles that would underpin the funding review that kicked off in Autumn 2019. Every five years, the Arts Council of Wales decides who will be included in its portfolio of revenue-funded arts organisations – a process that we call our Investment Review. The outcome expected of the Review this time was straightforward. Reflecting "For the benefit of all", the organisations that we would support in the future would be expected to reach out and connect across a more inclusive range of the Welsh public than is currently the case.

In the end, the Coronavirus/Covid-19 forced us to think again, with the Investment Review postponed for a year.

As soon as the scale of the Covid-19 emergency became clear, we moved quickly to respond with practical help and support – reacting and anticipating events as they unfolded. Our number one priority was to support people who work in the arts, including our own staff. Our immediate goal was to try and ensure that as strong a sector as possible could come out the other side of this crisis.

We changed the funding requirements for those individuals and organisations who had already received Arts Council funding to help alleviate pressure on them as best we could. And together with the Welsh Government, we reallocated money from existing budgets to create a new Resilience Fund for the Arts.

The challenge is immense. Our sector is largely made up of charities, community interest companies, social enterprises, and freelancers. Charitable organisations and individual creatives generally carry no sizeable reserves and, even when operating in normal circumstances, do not set out to make large surpluses. Any surplus that's made is generally re-invested into enhancing delivery and extending the impact of organisations' arts programmes.

The arts in Wales are also sustained by innumerable individual practitioners and creative professionals. Many of these are at risk of real hardship as booking and contracts are cancelled with no prospect in the immediate future of new work. Public health crises aren't equal opportunities events: the poorest, most marginalised and disabled are generally the worst affected, while the wealthy, connected and healthy are usually better able to weather the storm.

It's clear that we're seeing a profound questioning and re-formulation of values across all aspects of public life. Braver people aren't talking about a post-Covid-19 'new normal' – 'normal' being neither possible nor, perhaps, what the public wants or deserves.

'Normal' hasn't served us well for a while. The prominence given to the lived experiences of BAME people in these past few months has filled our newspapers and television screens. No-one can now be unaware of the disproportionate impact of the Covid-19 virus on BAME communities and disabled people. But if our culture is the reflection of who we are, then Black Lives Matter is telling us that we still haven't noticed that society is reinforcing discrimination and lack of equality. It shouldn't be this way, but sometimes it needs a crisis to focus our attention on those whose rights and needs are being almost casually ignored. A powerful coalition of disabled people warned through their "We Shall Not Be Removed" campaign that they faced a social and health emergency with their community of disabled artists becoming increasingly isolated and threatened by the Covid-19 pandemic. It was an important moment to pause and take note.

Given this, it feels indulgent to be looking into the future and trying to forecast even the next ten days, let alone what the longer-term might look like. Of course, we'll return to some familiar challenges. Pre-pandemic, climate crisis was the pre-eminent existential question of the decade ahead – and it still will be. But with travel suspended, will we find more sustainable ways of travelling to events and performances? Will Covid-19 push us toward a longer-term digital reliance? What appetite will there be for audiences to come together and congregate as they once did?

The consumption of the Arts online is being fuelled by fast and resilient responses from publicly funded cultural organisations in Wales. Many have been offering live-streamed concerts, dance classes, readings, clubs and choirs.

Thank goodness for that. Because the Arts have always provided relief and solace for people, especially in times of crisis. 'Live' has changed suddenly. But ultimately it's the artists themselves, as so often it is, who are taking the lead and inspiring us to experience new dimensions of expression and understanding that go just a little further in helping the rest of us to make sense of what's happening around us.

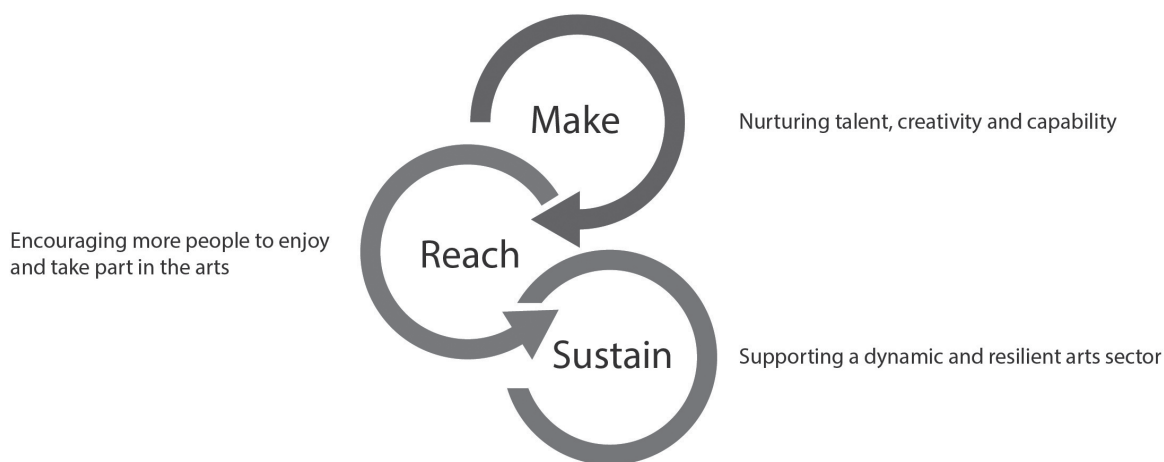
Perhaps some things don't change after all.

Nick Capaldi
Chief Executive

Make: Reach: Sustain

The principles that drive our work

Our strategy is rooted in a straightforward statement of the three principles that drive our work – **Make: Reach: Sustain.**



The greatest impact is achieved when these three things – Make: Reach: Sustain – fuse together in a single way of working.

When we talk about Make, we mean artistic creation. We want to foster an environment in which artists, arts organisations and creative people can create their best work.

If we Make well, we inspire. And by inspiring, it becomes more likely that people will enjoy and take part in the arts. We believe that the best experience of art happens when that chord is struck – when what is made, connects. This is what it means to Reach, and crucially to reach further and deeper than before.

If in doing this something of worth is created in what is made or who is embraced, then we must ask how we protect and Sustain these things in ways that will endure.

Make: Reach: Sustain

The ambitions of Make: Reach: Sustain are reflected in our three priorities:

- 1 Promoting Equalities as the foundation of a clear commitment to reach more widely and deeply into all communities across Wales.
- 2 Strengthening the Capability and Resilience of the sector, enabling creative talent to thrive.
- 3 Enabling the Arts Council to work more effectively, collaborating more imaginatively with like minded partners across Wales.

The Welsh Government's expectations of us are set out in an annual Remit Letter. The Remit Letter for 2019-20 set out four categories of activity. These are listed below with the Welsh Government's aims for each:

1 *United and Connected*

"Our aim is to build a nation where people take pride in their communities, in the Welsh identity and language, and our place in the world."

2 *Ambitious and Learning*

"Our aim is to instil in everyone a passion to learn throughout their lives."

3. Prosperous and Secure

"Our aim is a Welsh economy which delivers individual and national prosperity while spreading opportunity and tackling inequality."

4 *Healthy and Active*

"Our aim is to improve health and well-being in Wales, for individuals, families and communities... and to shift our approach from well-being to prevention."

As a Welsh Government Sponsored Body, we operate within a complex network of public policies, strategies and legislation. The most important of these is the Welsh Government's Well-being of Future Generations legislation. Well-being and sustainability are fundamental to our work. Our activities address all seven of the well-being goals.

1 A prosperous Wales

2 A resilient Wales

3 A healthier Wales

4 A more equal Wales

5 A Wales of more cohesive communities

6 A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh Language

7 A globally responsible Wales

We also adopt, in our planning and in the delivery of our work, the legislation's "five ways of working": Long-term, Prevention, Integration, Collaboration, Involvement.

Public benefit

Making the arts central to the life and well-being of the nation.

In setting our objectives, and in the planning of our work, Council members have given serious consideration to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit. Public benefit is at the centre of all aspects of our work. This commitment is strengthened by the Welsh Government's Well-being of Future Generations legislation.

As a Welsh Government Sponsored Body (WGSB) we allocate taxpayers' money for the benefit of the Welsh public.

The funding that we distribute has a number of public purposes:

- it helps to make sure that Welsh audiences are able to enjoy high quality arts activities
- it enables investment in the commissioning, production and exhibition of the arts, helping to sustain the careers of creative professionals in Wales
- it makes the arts more affordable, bringing them within reach of more people
- it encourages innovation and risk-taking, raising the quality and diversity of the arts made and promoted in Wales
- it furthers the cultural, social and economic priorities of the Welsh Government

Public funding also helps to address 'gaps' in the market by investing in those activities that the commercial sector either won't, or isn't able to, support. In all aspects, our funding is intended to encourage the best of the arts and to enable as many people as possible to enjoy and take part in these activities.

We undertake detailed research each year to assess the extent to which we're achieving these goals. In the pages that follow, we set out the key highlights of our work and the public benefit that these activities deliver.

Creative learning through the arts

Creative learning through the arts: an action plan for Wales 2015- 2020, has transformed teaching and learning in Wales over the last five years, by placing the arts and creativity at the heart of education. 2019-20 was the final year of the initial 5-year programme, developed and delivered in partnership with the Welsh Government.

A programme of extraordinary reach and impact, Creative learning through the arts has:

- engaged with over 1,110 schools across the whole programme
- involved 604 schools in intensive creative learning projects through the Lead Creative Schools Scheme
- provided opportunities for over 119,000 pupils to engage in arts and creative learning activities
- enabled more than 4,000 teachers to participate in professional development and training linked to developing creative skills in the expressive arts
- seen 1,400 creative professionals contracted to work in our schools

Evidence from schools alongside independent evaluation shows that the impact of the innovative approach to teaching and learning, developed through the programme, is having a positive impact on pupil engagement with learning as well as on their attainment.

In February 2020, the Arts Council of Wales in partnership with Welsh Government was delighted to announce a second phase for the programme. This reflects the fact that during the course of the programme, and specifically in this last year, the programme has been recognised as helping schools prepare for the advent of the new curriculum.

A further two years of funding will allow the programme to:

- engage with more schools and harness the knowledge and expertise of the schools already engaged in the Lead Creative Schools Scheme
- provide Continuing Professional Learning opportunities for teachers and artists
- support the development of creative skills in our learners
- continue to widen opportunities for learners to explore high quality arts and cultural experiences

Plans for this next phase of the programme are currently on hold due to the onset of Covid-19, but the programme is now beginning to deliver its main elements through online platforms.

Creative learning through the arts is providing creative, engaging and arts focussed learning to support teachers and pupils in both school and home settings.

Work includes the commissioning of artists from a range of arts disciplines to deliver online masterclasses and workshops, continuing to lead creative learning experiences. The team is also delivering online creative learning workshops and seminars as they continue to see the arts sector support schools as they develop creative approaches to teaching and learning.

An investment of £3m of Welsh Government and National Lottery funding distributed by the Arts Council of Wales extends the scheme for another two years.

Our performance

A year of strong performance against our corporate objectives

Our Operational Plan for 2019-20 provided the focus for our work. It contained 30 key tasks, each with its own targets. Progress was monitored throughout the year through quarterly progress reports that are presented to Council. We also meet quarterly with officials of the Welsh Government.

We successfully completed over half our tasks in 2019-20. At the end of the year:

- 17 tasks had been successfully completed
- 12 tasks were substantially complete
- 1 task was not completed



We completed many of the projects that we set at the beginning of the year. This helped us to demonstrate significant progress towards the achievement of our key objectives.

The overall results of this were as follows:

Attendance and Participation increased – finalised data from the 2018-19 APW survey highlighted that more people were enjoying and taking part in the arts

- 4.2 million people attending APW organisation events, up by 10% from the previous year
- 1.1 million participants took part in participatory arts sessions organised by APW organisations in 2018-19, up by 33% from the previous year.

During the six-month period 1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019:

- APW organisations delivered a total of 9,678 arts events, which generated attendances of 2.3 million
- 35,543 participatory arts sessions were delivered, with 398,859 participants

Night Out continued to reach into local communities across Wales – there were more events:

- the scheme funded 537 performances, up from 513 in 2018-19
- 321 different promoter groups representing 249 different venues and including 3,120 individual volunteers
- 28,298 people attended, with 60% of the performances in English, 27% through the medium of Welsh and 13% bilingual

We helped to build the capability of arts organisations – through investment from our Resilience programme:

- the programme supported 57 organisations
- independent evaluation concluded that the programme had been successful overall
- research into the marketing of Welsh language theatre work

New partnerships helped promote professional development for individuals – we collaborated with:

- Weston Jerwood Fund (7 bursaries agreed)
- Performing Rights Society Foundation (partnering on International Showcase Fund, Momentum and Beyond Borders)
- Creative & Cultural Skills
- Arts & Business Cymru
- BBC Cymru Wales

We continued implementation of our Strategic Equality Action Plan – priorities included:

- delivery of our Creative Steps programme, developing the capacity and resilience of 6 BAME and Disability-led organisations
- signing up to a Memorandum of Understanding with 10 other public bodies to agree a set of Strategic Equality Objectives that we would drive forward in partnership as part of our new Strategic Equality Plans 2020-2024
- expansion of our national ticketing access scheme, Hynt (now with over 19,000 members)

We successfully concluded the first phase of Creative learning through the arts – during the life of the programme:

- the total number of schools engaged with the whole programme to date is over 1,110 (76.8% of schools in Wales)
- there are more than 119,000 pupil beneficiaries to date
- the programme has been extended for a further two years, in partnership with the Welsh Government

We delivered an enhanced programme of Arts and Health – activities included:

- establishing a Memorandum of Understanding with the Welsh NHS Confederation
- promoting the arts as part of the Confederation's annual conference
- establishing specialist arts co-ordinator posts in each Health Board

We engaged in an extensive programme of international activity – this included:

- being present as an official Collateral Event of the 58th International Art Exhibition of La Biennale di Venezia which finished 3 weeks early due to unprecedented floods in Venice in November. Visitor numbers totalled 24,954.
- supporting the Welsh Government's launch of its new International Strategy in January 2020, leading the input of cultural stakeholders
- working with the British Council in Tokyo, we hosted an Arts & Healthy Ageing event in Japan
- we facilitated production of the "This is Wales Cultural Brand", and a new library of footage and arts content
- we co-hosted a Breton delegation with the Welsh Government and the Breton Regional Government for the St David's Day celebration by BBC National Orchestra of Wales with the Breton Symphony Orchestra
- making 11 Connect awards for organisations to participate in international networks
- providing information and intelligence on the potential implications of Brexit

We improved the robustness and resilience of our IT infrastructure – we strengthened two key areas:

- Cyber Security
- equipping staff with the technology to work remotely

We launched a new Arts Council website – it contains:

- an open data platform to publish data in an accessible format
- our diversity data, published here in line with Welsh Government's Public Service Equality Duty
- fully bilingual content that meets AAA accessibility standards. We increased our publication of material in alternative formats, including EasyRead and British Sign Language.

We promoted the National Lottery's 25th birthday celebration – reaching its peak in October and November 2019 we:

- hosted events promoting the arts
- highlighted transformational projects through the media and in special events

Where targets were substantially but not fully completed, the reason in most cases was the need to re-order key activities in response to the onset of Covid-19, prior to the year end.

The main projects affected were:

funding strategy – we had planned a significant review of the way that we fund key organisations and projects:

- the Investment Review 2020, our major review of funding to Portfolio Organisations, has been postponed
- we have deferred the final stages of our review of Lottery funding because existing funds were temporarily reallocated to Covid-19 response delays to some aspects of our Arts and Health strategy – we couldn't progress as quickly as we had hoped in some areas:
- our work with the Innovation Agency, Nesta and the Welsh NHS Confederation to instigate and support a series of '100 day challenges' within Health Boards has had to be re-scheduled

- our positive conversations with the Chief Medical Officer about Social Prescribing and the Arts have had to be put temporarily on hold

refurbishment of our Cardiff office – given the current funding constraints, this has been postponed indefinitely

The one task that was not completed refers to our implementation of a new grants management system and the technology that underpins and supports the online receipt and processing of funding applications. We did make good progress through most of the year in researching and identifying a suitable solution, although Covid-19 slowed us down a little in the last weeks of 2019-20. We're moving forward now at pace but, mindful of potential impact on our grant making activity during its installation, we felt it important to reflect the potential risks. Installation of the new system is now expected to take place in November 2020.

<div>1,417</div> <div>funding applications processed</div> <div>(2018/19: 1,356)</div>	<div>1,118</div> <div>schools involved across the <i>Creative Learning through the Arts</i> programme</div>	<div>604</div> <div>Lead Creative Schools in the Creative Learning through the Arts programme</div>
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<div>4,000</div> <div>teachers trained across the <i>Creative Learning through the Arts</i> programme</div>	<div>119,000</div> <div>learners involved across the <i>Creative Learning through the Arts</i> programme</div>	<div>537</div> <div>performances supported by the Arts Council's <i>Night Out</i> scheme</div> <div>(2018/19: 513)</div>
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<div>7.4%</div> <div>Arts Council running costs as a proportion of total income (whole Council)</div> <div>(2018/19: 6.9%)</div>	<div>We retained</div> <div>Green Dragon Level 5</div> <div>the highest category of environmental performance</div>	<div>960</div> <div><i>Collectorplan</i> loans to support the purchase of contemporary art</div> <div>(2018/19: 998)</div>
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Future generations

“The vision for Wales is that it should be a fair, prosperous and sustainable country, improving the quality of life of people in all its communities. If we’re to achieve this goal, we need to behave and do things differently. The Welsh Government’s well-being legislation challenges us to make better, more sustainable decisions and to plan carefully for the needs of future generations. It’s a challenge that we’re pleased to accept.”

Lhosa Daly

Chair, Future Generations Monitoring Group

The Well-being of Future Generation (Wales) Act 2015 is landmark legislation that aims to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales. The Arts Council of Wales is one of those public bodies named in the legislation that must comply with the legislation. However, we also see the legislation as an opportunity to promote the potential of the arts in helping to animate all the well-being goals.

We strive to undertake our work in a sustainable way, considering the impact that our work has for people living, experiencing and participating in the arts in Wales – now and in the future. In spite of being funded on an annual basis, we’re trying to avoid being trapped into a short-term view of delivery.

Activities undertaken by the Future Generations Monitoring Group during 2019-20 include:

1. Embedding the Future Generations five ways of working (Involve, Collaborate, Prevent, Integrate, Long-term), in our policies, strategies and in the delivery of our work, piloting the definition and delivery of our work in workshops with Audit Wales and the Future Generations Commissioner’s Office.
2. Applying the lessons learned through our Ideas: People: Places programme, recognising how the careful and respectful recognition of the assets that communities themselves possess is key to meaningful and sustained development.
3. Retaining our Green Dragon Level 5 Accreditation for environmental sustainability.
4. Extending the use of our information technology infrastructure to provide business and environmental benefits. All our staff are equipped with laptops and smartphones, enabling them to operate on a mobile basis. We’ve invested in high quality video conferencing capacity and promote its use as an alternative to travel.
5. Taking specific action to mitigate the environmental impact of our international activity.

Environmental performance

We promote the minimisation of waste amongst our staff by encouraging reduction, reuse and recycling and waste separation, reducing the amount sent to landfill.

WASTE	2019-20	2018-19
Non-financial (tonnes)		
Landfill	0.08	0.14
Reused/recycled	3.02	3.81

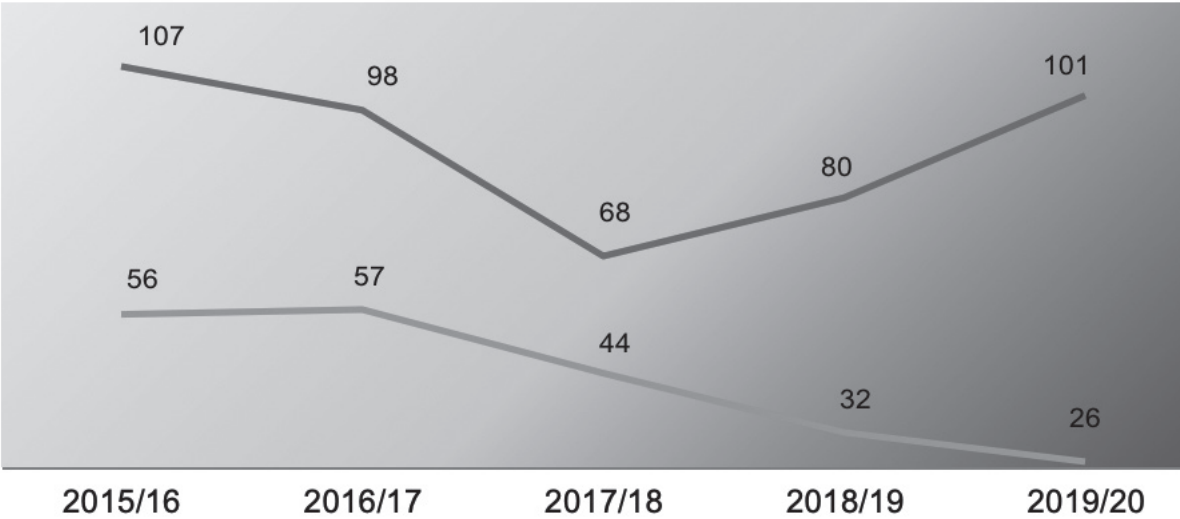
We reuse or recycle our surplus and redundant IT and office equipment. We use licensed and appropriate organisations to dispose of our waste.

All our major suppliers of office equipment and supplies have environmental policies and reporting mechanisms in place, and we consider environmental performance and awareness when selecting contractors and suppliers.

Managers and staff are provided with monthly reports analysing printing and copying activity, to encourage lower overall usage. Our internal reporting systems enable us to capture and measure details of our use of consumables, waste, energy, and staff travel, and thus our carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e) emissions so that staff can manage their consumption of resources.

CO₂e emissions (tonnes) - 5 year trend

— Energy: Greenhouse gases — Staff travel



ENERGY	2019-20	2018-19
Greenhouse gas emissions (CO ₂ e tonnes)		
Gross emissions, scope 2&3 (indirect)	26	32
Energy consumption (kWh)		
Electricity (renewable)	91,332	100,212
Gas	5,846	9,827
Financial indicators (£)		
Expenditure – energy	15,364	14,936
Water supply costs (office estate) – currently unable to assess, included in service charge	N/A	N/A

All three of our offices are leased on a shared occupancy basis, with certain costs included within our service charges. This restricts our ability to accurately assess our total environmental impact from energy usage. Our major use of electricity is in our Cardiff office and the landlord has confirmed that 100% of the supply is from verifiable Natural Renewable sources (wind, water and hydro).

We promote the use of environmentally friendly means of transport and encourage staff to make journeys by the most efficient means possible, taking account of both environmental and financial considerations. We have to balance this against the delivery of our strategic priorities to develop the arts in Wales, and to promote Welsh arts and artists internationally. This remains a significant practical challenge. As a result, there are inevitable fluctuations in the level of CO₂e emissions attributable to travel, especially when we are actively involved in international projects.

In a post-Brexit world, the international marketplace will be increasingly important. During this year, we undertook considerable programmes of international work, much of it supporting Welsh Government priorities in China and Japan. We work actively to lessen the environmental impact, for example by the maximisation of legacy activity in our Wales in Venice project or the development of an offsetting mechanism in partnership with the “Size of Wales” for our “Wales in Edinburgh” project.

STAFF TRAVEL	2019-20	2018-19
Travel emissions (CO ₂ e tonnes)		
Rail	9	10
Air ¹	72	47
Car/vans	20	23
Travel cost (£)		
Rail	37,883	39,344
Air	39,221	19,500
Car/vans	28,585	34,382
Travel (miles)		
Rail	128,827	135,984
Air	283,808	175,620
Car/vans	63,522	73,944

¹ Includes the influence of radiative forcing in air travel emissions to capture the maximum climate impact. Radiative forcing is a measure of the environmental impact of emissions of NO_x (nitrous oxides) and water vapour when emitted at high altitude

Equalities

“An inclusive, fair-minded and generous society is instinctively inclusive and strives for a whole society’s right to share and participate in the fruits of its cultural riches, especially when they are largely funded by the taxpayer. Delivering against the equality objectives of our corporate plan “For the benefit of all” continues to be our priority as we try to increase the pace of change.”

Andrew Miller

Chair, Equalities Monitoring Group

Achieving change remains challenging – we need to make faster progress towards achieving our goals. Nevertheless, we’ve started to see some progress towards diversifying audiences, participants and artists. Data received from our Arts Portfolio organisations in the first six months of the year showed increases in the number of exhibitions and film screenings that target disabled people and people from BAME backgrounds. There was also an increase in the number of events for disabled audiences by our presenting venues, but a decrease in the number of performances created by our touring companies. The opposite trend was appearing in relation to targeting people from BAME backgrounds, with an increase by our touring companies and a decrease amongst our presenting venues.

Participation figures from our Portfolio were showing significant increases in activity for disabled people and a very slight decrease in activity targeting people from BAME backgrounds. There were significantly increased sessions targeting LGB/transgender people.

Activities undertaken by the Equalities Monitoring Group during 2019-20 include:

1. Monitoring progress against Council’s equalities priorities, identifying for Council where more progress is required.
2. Signing up to a Memorandum of Understanding with ten other public bodies to agree a set of Strategic Equality Objectives that we would drive forward in partnership as part of our new Strategic Equality Plans 2020-2024.
3. Exploring the UK-wide ‘roll out’ of our national ticketing access scheme, Hynt (now with over 18,000 members).
4. Supporting 6 organisations on their business development journey, through our Creative Steps scheme. These organisations have been a mixture of disability-led and BAME-led.
5. Supporting 4 Wales-based disabled artists to achieve commissions through Unlimited Presents, and promoting more opportunities through our Night Out community touring scheme to programme shows that specifically target BAME communities.

Welsh language

“Nothing makes Wales more distinctive than the Welsh Language. It is part of what defines us as a nation and the Arts Council has a crucial role towards achieving the Welsh Government’s target of one million speakers by 2050.

We must find new and innovative ways of producing and promoting creativity through the medium of Welsh so that the language becomes an integral part of a thriving contemporary culture. We have committed to increase investment to help make it happen as a Council priority, but there’s more to do.”

Marian Wyn Jones

Chair, Welsh Language Monitoring Group

As a bilingual organisation, our commitment to the Welsh language is integral to our work. We promote vigorously the right of people to explore their own culture, their own creativity through the language of their choice, whether as consumer, participant or artist.

In its strategy, Cymraeg 2050, the Welsh Government notes its long-term target is to achieve 1 million Welsh Language speakers by 2050. We believe that in working through the arts, we can support Welsh Government to deliver on its strategic themes within this, particularly around:

1. An increase in the number of Welsh speakers
2. An increase in the use of Welsh
3. Creating favourable conditions within the arts sector for the language to thrive.

Activities undertaken by the Welsh Language Monitoring Group during 2019-20 include:

1. Monitoring progress against Council’s Welsh Language priorities, identifying for Council where more progress is required.
2. Ensuring successful implementation of the Welsh Language Standards.
3. Investing in Welsh Language Theatre by investing in 4 new productions, increasing Night Out presentations for families and young people through a co-production partnership between Theatr Genedlaethol Cymru and Theatr Iolo and supporting Pontio and Theatr Clwyd to continue their partnership for the delivery of Welsh Language work.
4. Working with the office of the Welsh Language Commissioner to develop a new online Bilingualism Promotion Pack for the arts sector.
5. Partnering with the National Centre for Learning Welsh to improve or refine the language skills of staff within the arts sector.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Managing our affairs effectively

As stewards of public funds we must operate in an efficient and accountable manner. Our priorities and funding decisions are agreed by Council in accordance with the policies and procedures that apply to our use of public funds. The Audit & Risk Assurance Committee's role is to ensure that we deliver on these commitments, doing so in ways that are transparent, accountable and that represent value for money. An extensive programme of internal audit assists us in this work.

Protecting the public's money

An important part of the Committee's work has been reviewing our defences against Fraud and Cyber-crime. Attempts to illegally gain access to our funds and ICT systems occur regularly. Council takes these issues very seriously and the Committee has been looking carefully at our policies and processes to ensure that they're robust and secure. There were no successful attacks during the year.

Taking risks: a balanced approach

Unauthorised access to our systems is just one of a range of potential risks that could compromise our performance and reputation. We expect the organisations that we fund to be well-managed and to represent good value for money. Our monitoring through the year assesses the extent to which this is the case. But we mustn't become so risk averse that we ignore important opportunities for innovation and growth. We aim to take appropriate but informed risks, as circumstances dictate. However, we wouldn't behave recklessly; neither would we wilfully squander public money nor endanger our reputation for prudent and effective delivery.

Our systems of internal control identify and prioritise the risks that could prevent us achieving Council's policies, aims and objectives. They evaluate the likelihood of the risks being realised, consider the impact should they occur, and seek to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. We continually seek to improve our internal control systems.

The Committee continued to review the robustness and suitability of this aspect of Council's work. As a result of feedback by the Committee, the Corporate Assurance Framework (CAF) was re-formatted and the integrated risks transferred to form a separate Corporate Risk Register. This provided members with greater clarity on the levels of assurance in operation across all of the Arts Council's business activity and any corresponding risks identified. The Committee reviews the Corporate Risk Register and Horizon Scanning section of the CAF at each of its quarterly meetings. The CAF is presented to Committee every 6 months.

Financial risk and capital management

The Council mainly holds financial instruments to finance its operations, for example trade debtors and trade creditors, and cash balances arising directly from its operations. The financial risk management of exposures arising from trading financial instruments, primarily trade debtors and trade creditors, is through a series of policies and procedures.

Fraud risk

The Arts Council, in common with most other organisations, is exposed to fraud risk on an increasing and ever more sophisticated scale. We note a potential for increased fraud risk given current circumstances with Covid-19.

These risks are managed as follows:

Liquidity risk – the Council is satisfied that it has sufficient liquid resources, in the form of cash at bank and agreed funding for 2019-20, to meet all current contracted commitments. The Council does not consider that its activities are exposed to any significant liquidity risk.

Interest rate risk – cash and cash equivalent balances are held in instant access variable rate bank accounts which on average carried an interest rate of 0.5% (2018-19: 0.5%) in the year.

The Council does not consider that its activities are exposed to significant interest rate risks.

Foreign currency risk – changes to exchange rates following the 2016 EU Referendum have resulted in a reduction in the buying power of the pound overseas. Council is not currently exposed, to any significant degree, to foreign exchange risks and continues to monitor Brexit developments.

Cash flow risk - the Council is not exposed to any significant cash flow risks.

The risks to our performance: what they are and how we deal with them

Principal risks	Key mitigating actions
Coronavirus Staff contracting virus results in organisation/teams/services becoming inoperable Covid-19 has significant and long-term detrimental impact on Sector including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ individual artists and freelancers ■ organisations/Arts Portfolio Wales 	<p>All staff redeployed to work from home since 17 March 2020 and office closed. UK and Welsh Governments' direction on preventative measures observed. Daily Health Survey circulated to record current health and self-isolating status across all staff, monitored by HR, with results reported to Senior Leadership Team.</p> <p>Future 2020-21 provision of lottery programmes suspended to allow funds to be diverted to help protect Sector from impact of Covid-19 and subsequent longer-term repercussions.</p> <p>Additional funding secured from external partners, stakeholders and other sources.</p> <p>Resilience Fund designed to accommodate immediate and longer-term needs, including considerations other than those based on artistic activity and outputs (e.g. financial).</p> <p>Additional, regular guidance published on alternative sources of funding that may be available to individuals and organisations (e.g. Government emergency schemes).</p> <p>Arts Portfolio Wales (APW) organisations offered rescheduled revenue funded payments to ease cashflow considerations.</p>
Governance Poor management results in a significant failure to deliver the key objectives in corporate and operational plans	<p>Anticipated outcomes are clearly defined. We use project management disciplines to assist Council officers in the delivery of their work. A formal progress report is presented to Council each quarter. This report also forms the basis for Quarterly Monitoring Meetings between Council's senior leadership team and officials of the Welsh Government.</p>
Funding Cuts in public sector funding could damage the arts across Wales	<p>National Lottery income continues to be unpredictable. We manage the underlying trend of reducing levels of income for the Lottery good causes. We have also had to achieve further savings in our own running costs. This helps us to ensure that as much funding as possible is available for direct arts expenditure.</p> <p>A key area of risk is the continuing reduction in local authority arts funding. We're working with local authority partners to explore alternative strategies for protecting support for creative activity.</p>
Key arts organisations fail as a consequence of funding cuts or Covid-19	<p>Our APW accounts for the majority of our grant-in-aid funding. The Portfolio's artistic, financial and operational effectiveness is closely monitored by officers. Regular reports showing the risk assessment of each of our annually funded organisations are provided to our Audit & Risk Assurance Committee and to Council. When necessary, we take a pro-active approach to working directly with organisations that experience difficulties, investing time and expertise to help them to resolve matters of concern.</p>

Grants management Poor or fraudulent funding applications mean that public funds are not used for the purposes intended	<p>We take a risk-based approach to our assessment of applications and the monitoring of grants awarded. We use information collected from grant recipients as part of our monitoring procedures to ensure that the stated outcomes for which we provided funding were, in the end, actually achieved.</p> <p>Council takes fraud, corruption and maladministration very seriously and has policies to prevent, and deal with, both, including “Whistle-blowing” and Anti-fraud policies. These were reviewed during the year.</p>
Brexit Continuing uncertainty over the next phase of Brexit has a detrimental impact on the operation of our funded organisations	<p>We continue to monitor developments closely. We have convened a Task Group including representatives from the Welsh Government and UK Arts Councils. Between us we identify potential risks, lobby the UK Government and provide advice to the sector.</p>
Capital projects Poor management of key Lottery Capital projects causes delays that place additional funding burdens on the Arts Council	<p>We operate rigorous processes for project monitoring and the release of payments. Contractual agreements are in place protecting the Arts Council's investment and funding is paid out against certificated claims for work completed. Expert independent assessors provide technical reports that are used to brief Capital Committee (and ultimately Council).</p>
IT Unforeseen or unexpected outages compromise business continuity	<p>A full Disaster Recovery plan is in place and tested annually. Should an incident arise, alternative offsite IT facilities are available. Our staff are equipped to work remotely and have been doing so since 17 March with no significant IT issues.</p>
There is a breach in our IT security.	<p>Cyber security and IT penetration tests are conducted annually. We comply with IASME security standards.</p>
Personal Data Personal data is lost, compromised or stolen	<p>The Council has controls and policies in place to ensure data integrity. Encrypted IT systems ensure that the physical security of data is tightly controlled.</p>
Staffing Recurrent pressure to cut costs reduces staff capacity to an unacceptable level	<p>Delivering an expanding programme of activity with fewer staff is a continuing concern for Council. Progress against plans is carefully monitored and reviewed on a quarterly basis, and every effort is made to implement efficient business practices.</p>

Financial and business review

The Council has two principal funding sources: grant-in-aid from the Welsh Government; and, as one of the bodies responsible for the distribution of funds for good causes, a share of the proceeds raised by the National Lottery. The Council is required to account separately for its grant-in-aid and lottery distribution activities.

Grant making policies

The Council invites applications for recurrent and one-off grants from organisations and individuals and monitors the proper and effective use of those grants. As well as meeting the Council's strategic aims, applications must demonstrate benefit to the people of Wales across all regional, cultural and economic sectors. Recurrent grants are funded from grant-in-aid only but one-off grants may be funded from grant-in-aid or Lottery income. Under the terms of its Lottery Policy Directions the Council makes grants in support of capital and other projects under revenue schemes relating to the arts in Wales.

Capital grants, to organisations only, support the purchase, improvement, restoration, building or creation of an asset that will be used for the benefit of the public to develop the organisation's work.

Council delegates Lottery grant-making in a number of strategic areas to Ffilm Cymru Wales, Nesta, BBC Cymru Wales, Literature Wales, and Tŷ Cerdd. The terms of the external delegation are set out in formal agreements and satisfy the conditions of the Council's Statement of Financial Requirements.

The obligations of the Council's Accounting Officer are unchanged by the delegation. But he has satisfied himself that the organisations and their systems are suitable to undertake the delegated functions, including: the assessment of applications for funding; holding, accounting for and distributing Lottery money allocated to them by the Council for that purpose; and monitoring funded projects.

The delegation agreements allow for appropriate access to the delegates by the Council's internal auditors and by the Comptroller and Auditor General for the review of the operation of the delegated functions.

One-off grants are available to help fund time-limited artistic projects of high quality which best meet the Council's funding priorities. On-going monitoring of our grant aid programmes alerts us to any specific risk issues. Identified risks lead to an escalation of the level of monitoring and, if necessary, can result in the payment of funding being with-held and/or deferred.

Grants processed	2019-20	2018-19
Number of applications received:		
Capital schemes	11	16
Revenue schemes	654	705
	666	721
Number of grants made:	411	436
Value of grants made:	£000	£000
Capital schemes	1,406	1,098
Revenue schemes	9,305	8,629
	10,711	9,727
Grants payable at 31 March:		
Capital schemes	4,024	4,445
Revenue schemes	6,546	6,744
	10,570	11,189

Investment

Investment powers are governed by the Trustee Act 2000, the Framework Document issued by Welsh Ministers and the Financial Directions issued by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport. The Council's policy is to achieve the maximum return within these terms. Interest at a negotiated rate is received on all credit balances in the Council's current accounts. From time to time, higher rates may be available for restricted funds on long term deposit.

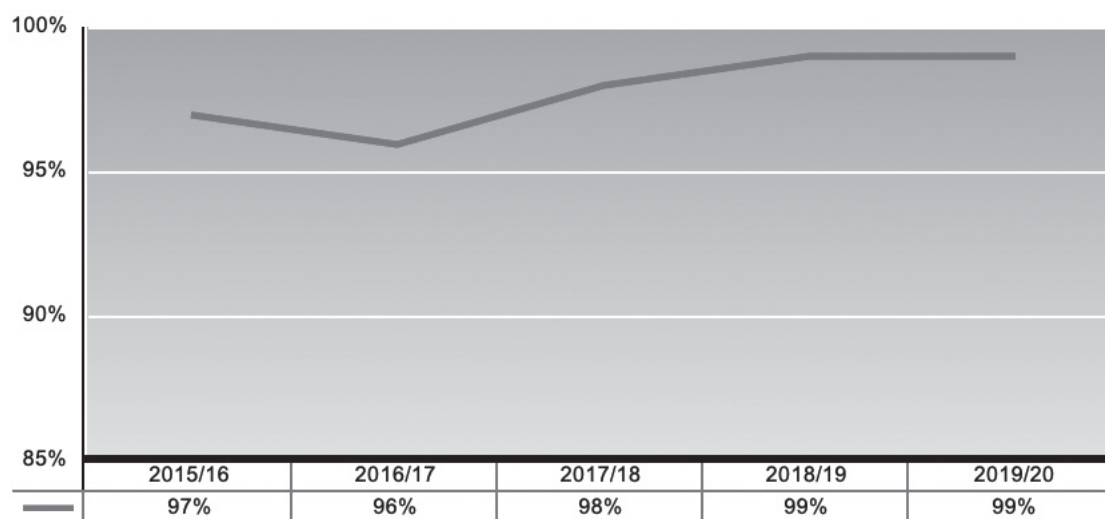
The Council's banking service is provided by Santander UK plc.

Balances held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund remain under the stewardship of the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport so, although the Council receives investment income on its share of such balances, the Council has no investment powers over the Fund.

Payment of creditors

Council follows the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, and the UK Government's Better Payment Practice Code. Council is required to pay suppliers' invoices not in dispute within 30 days of receipt of goods or services or valid invoice, whichever is the later.

We aim to pay all invoices, including disputed invoices once the dispute has been settled, in line with these terms. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Council paid 99% (2018-19: 99%) of all invoices within the terms of its payment policy.



In line with Welsh Government policy, the Council has a further aim to pay invoices within 10 days. For 2019-20, 95% (2018-19: 92%) of invoices have been paid within 10 days.

It is not anticipated that our policy will alter in future years and we will continue to adopt challenging performance targets.

Financial results

Headlines from the Lottery Distribution accounts:	2019-20 £000	2018-19 £000
Share of proceeds from the National Lottery	17,761	16,000
Net grants made	10,388	9,571
Excess of income over expenditure	3,268	2,376
Balance held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund at 31 March	18,036	14,894
Reserves at 31 March	7,963	4,695

Our National Lottery proceeds were higher than originally budgeted, largely due to spikes in income towards the end of the year. However, Council continues to monitor closely the trend in the share of proceeds received by the good causes and the potential impact on future Lottery-funded programmes.

The ring-fencing of funds for our ongoing Capital programme and the progress of development of those key projects continues to impact our annual cash flows. Council allocated a total of £22m for the programme in 2012-13 for a period of five years. However, a number of projects remain in development so the remaining budget allocation of approximately £5m has been rolled through to 2020-21.

Grant-making this year was also affected by our major public consultation and the migration to revised grant programmes from Autumn 2019. Then the final month of the year saw the first repercussions of the Covid-19 pandemic, when so many of our funded projects were adversely affected. We have worked to repurpose our funding since the end of the financial year, to provide support to the sector.

At year-end grants payable totalled £10.570m (2018-19: £11.189m). Undrawn funds in the National Lottery Distribution Fund plus cash and cash equivalents totalled £19.160m (2018-19: £16.267m). Our share of balances held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund increased by approximately 21% from last year.

The year ahead: 2020-21

We are operating in the most severe of times for our sector. The Covid-19 emergency means that our immediate aim for the future is to sustain and support our key organisations and artists in Wales whilst still focusing on the need to provide arts 'For the benefit of all...'

Impact on the arts

The current situation of a global pandemic is self-evidently very serious. Apart from the health and well-being of those working in the arts, the financial health of the organisations that they work for is also a significant concern. The suspension of live performance and public cultural activity is one of the most comprehensive shocks to society's sense of well-being, as well as to the economy.

2020-21 will be challenging for everyone, but especially venues. It will be particularly difficult for those commercially driven venues who achieve a high proportion of their income from ticket sales, retail income and other secondary spend. But it's not just about organisations. The arts in Wales are sustained by innumerable individual practitioners and creative professionals. Many of these are at risk of real hardship as bookings and contracts are cancelled.

With all this in mind, our objectives for 2020-21 are as follows:

Supporting the sector in 2020-21

2020-21 will see the Arts Council repurpose the majority of its lottery fund to respond to the initial threat to our sector and to help it find its way through the Coronavirus/ Covid-19 crisis.

Together with the Welsh Government, money from existing grant-in-aid and Lottery budgets has been reallocated to create an urgent response fund of £7.0 million – our Resilience Fund for the Arts in Wales. A £500,000 donation from the Freelands Foundation was also agreed in the early part of 2020-21.

In early 2020-21, the funding requirements for those individuals and organisations have been adjusted to help alleviate pressure for those who have already received Lottery funding. Many of these projects can no longer be delivered in their original form. We have written to all grant awardees to establish the precise status of their awards. We're being flexible and sensitive, our basic presumption being that if costs have been incurred these should be covered. For each project that can still be delivered we'll expect a satisfactory completion report before releasing the full amount awarded. However, if it's clear that funds awarded cannot be legitimately used, we're asking for the funds to be returned. Funds returned will go into the Resilience Fund.

The Resilience Fund has three 'strands':

- Urgent Response Fund for Individuals
- Stabilisation Fund for Individuals
- Stabilisation Fund for Organisations

In creating these funds we continue to adopt our strict checking processes and will include additional anti-fraud checks on applicants, utilising the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) 'AppCheck' tool.

The next steps for the Arts Council is to strategically develop a new path for the sector. This will need to be flexible to the ever-changing landscape, Governmental advice and the unpredictability of the virus.

As part of a national package to save the Arts announced by the UK Government, the Arts Council of Wales can draw down an additional £27.5m to fund further support in the sector, now known as the Cultural Recovery Fund. Applicants can apply from 17 August and we look to release the majority of the funding before Christmas 2020.

Whether attending, taking part or working in the arts as artist, employee or board member, we need to see Wales' wider population better represented in the activity that we fund. We've set specific targets, and these are set out in our Strategic Equality Action Plan.

Our approach will continue to reflect the Welsh Government's Well-being of Future Generations Act

The arts self-evidently contribute to our well-being and quality of life and we know that the arts can bring substance and imagination to the delivery of a wide range of civic strategies. Ensuring that we make a positive contribution to the well-being agenda remains a priority that informs all aspects of our work in 2020-21.

Sustainable development will be one of our central organising principles and we will put the well-being of the people of Wales, now and in the future, at the centre of our decision-making processes.

We will engage in the 5 ways of working to provide a holistic response to the future of the sector, engaging with a wide variety of stakeholders to lead the debate. Our achievements will also be underpinned by the Future Generations Monitoring Group which will look at how our activity will operate during and after the Coronavirus crisis.

Widening engagement

We need to change how we view public funding for the arts. This means doing more to recognise the self-expression and cultural interests of individuals and communities – everyday creativity.

Traditional definitions of culture, creativity and the arts can sometimes themselves be barriers to people taking part. We need to make sure our funding supports different kinds of arts and reaches a greater range of artists and communities.

We want more people in Wales to be able to choose to make the arts a part of their lives. Opportunity to engage and participate in the arts should not be determined by where you live. Yet evidence clearly shows that the benefits of public investment in the arts remain stubbornly limited to a small proportion of the population (usually the wealthiest, better-educated and least ethnically diverse, located in the more densely populated areas). We aspire to a society that embraces equality and celebrates difference, wherever it's found in race, gender, sexuality, age, language, disability, affluence or community.

A generous, fair-minded and tolerant society is instinctively inclusive and values and respects the creativity of all its citizens. And we know that the arts in Wales will be stronger, more exciting and more relevant if they embrace more people. The arts still tend to be seen as for the most privileged in society. We need to change this, especially as a post-Covid-19 society starts to re-engage with itself and with cultural activity.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Ensure all of our Lottery Funding programmes target supporting those organisations who reach wider communities and more diverse audiences especially amongst BAME and disabled and Welsh-speaking people. We will run a public campaign that promotes this.
2. Develop and implement new widening engagement programmes with the arts in Wales through the medium of Welsh and English languages, taking account of the feedback we receive from communities.
3. Extend the reach of the Night Out scheme through a pilot project with five Library services across Wales.

Build on our resilience and sustainability work

Resilience has a new meaning for 2020-21 with the sector in a precarious situation. In addition to the Stabilisation funds, Council will look at how we sustain the sector and protect the Arts in Wales, particularly as it is our sector which will be most affected by social distancing.

We continue to do all we can to persuade funding partners to keep faith with the arts and will continue to develop our relationship with local authorities and other funders.

Serious though the impact has been on organisations, we need also to recognise that public health crises aren't equal opportunities events: the poorest, most marginalised and disabled are generally the worst affected, while the wealthy, connected and healthy are usually better able to weather the storm. We therefore shouldn't forget Council's overall priority to pay particular attention to the needs of the least well off, urgent though the need for quick solutions will be.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Helping to protect the viability and financial stability of artists and arts organisations, especially those that are BAME and disability-led. A particular focus in 2020 will be trying to mitigate the impact of Coronavirus/ Covid-19.
2. Provide support for artists and arts organisations to develop the skills that enable them to work online and to collaborate successfully on a local, national and international basis for the duration of Coronavirus /Covid-19.
3. Support the outcome of the Welsh language visioning and mapping activity to develop audiences in Wales and internationally for Welsh language work.

Creative pathways

The quality of the work that we're supporting will continue to be something that we care deeply about. Through the public funding entrusted to us, we want to enable artists to use their best imagination, their most inquisitive curiosity, to create exciting and engaging work. It's about Art that's conceived with passion and imagination – Art that's well-crafted and produced, and which reaches out and touches us.

Creativity, integrity, imagination, innovation, commitment – these remain the important yardsticks by which we judge quality. However, Council has acknowledged that we must expand our field of vision to see the different contexts within which these qualities might exist.

But fish are only as healthy as the water they swim in. Artists and arts organisations need a supportive environment to prosper. We'll play a clearer and more entrepreneurial role in identifying, nurturing and promoting our country's best creative talent across all kinds of art, and at all stages in their professional development.

We know we can provide support at key moments in an artist's career. Whether working singly or together, locally or globally, our goal is to create the circumstances in which our artists are equipped with the skills and the opportunities to pursue viable, sustainable careers from a Welsh base.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Research, develop and promote an inclusive menu of workforce developments and opportunities for individual artists and creative professionals, particularly for BAME and disabled people, to make work and develop their professional skills and find employment in the arts in Wales. This includes our work with Creative Steps, Creative and Cultural Skills, the BBC, and our plans to develop Apprenticeship opportunities.
2. Establish partnerships, nationally and/or internationally, with at least two foundations or specialist providers to increase training, professional development and employability opportunities in the arts and creative sector.
3. Develop ways of monitoring and reporting on the impact of the commitment in our funding programmes for artists to be paid appropriately.

Promoting the benefits of Arts and Health

The importance of the Arts for Health and Well-being is becoming increasingly accepted. Through project activity that we've previously supported we've been able to demonstrate that Arts and Health work is having a beneficial impact across the full ranges of age, class and geography in Wales.

Our resources are small in relation to Health and before the crisis we had big plans to expand this programme.

However, the health sector is under immense pressure like it has never seen. This is why we're being clear about where our interventions will have most impact and work in 2020-21 will be about re-focusing on how arts can maximise health and well-being.

Key to this is aligning our work with the priorities of Government and the Health Boards and to respond to the challenge of making scalable interventions in key areas of well-being and health in the Welsh population. We are aiming to deliver a partnership approach which will be essential if our strategy is to succeed.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Explore ways in which we may continue to support the Health Boards across Wales through a nation-wide network of jointly funded Co-ordinator posts.
2. Support Y Lab (Nesta and Cardiff University) to work together to understand how arts interventions can play a more prominent role in the health and well-being of the people of Wales.
3. Work with partners, nationally and internationally, to research effective ways of embedding the arts within strategies for Social Prescribing.

Investing in young people and Creative Learning

An active engagement with the arts can transform the way children and young people learn and explore the world around them. It can change the way they see themselves – even what they dream of for the future – as well as helping them to develop the self-respect and worth that will be such an important part of their life skills for the future.

From the youngest age literacy and numeracy are seen to underpin academic success. Success in life depends on more – the integration of Creativity. Our strategy continues to be to pioneer ways in which more schools can draw on practical ways of bringing the excitement and inspiration of the arts into the classroom as embodied in our Creative Learning programme. Our new Creative Learning programme is launched in 2020-21 and will be working with Creative Agents, Creative Practitioners and schools on how we can make the most impact during and after lockdown.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Implement the first year of phase 2 of the Creative Learning programme, taking forward key elements from the initial programme and supporting the roll out of the new schools' curriculum that places Creativity and the Expressive Arts at its heart.
2. Through our Children and Young People Lottery programme, support 5 innovative projects that have young people as co-producers, who are from the most deprived communities and specifically those from BAME backgrounds and who are disabled.
3. Further support the establishment of Anthem. Music Fund Wales and its work with young people through exploring options for protecting the organisation against the immediate impact of Coronavirus considerations and futureproofing mechanisms.

Expanding our international activities

Working internationally is key to developing a dynamic and exciting, open and welcoming country with creativity at its heart. However, it was one of the first areas of our work to be affected by Coronavirus/Covid-19.

Because of the unpredictable nature of this world-wide pandemic, it is difficult to anticipate how quickly we will be able to resume our full programme of activity. However, after an extended period of inward-looking preoccupation, we believe it will be all the more important to re-appraise (and re-invigorate) international partnerships and ways of working.

Our arts, our culture and our languages give Wales its unique global personality. And this unique cultural context resonates with many other minority languages and cultures and our story is relatable around the world.

Creating a new cultural context that nurtures international understanding and tolerance through engaging with the diverse international communities in Wales, ensuring equalities of opportunities for all and sharing good practice in terms of inclusive work underpins our new international strategy. This becomes all the more important in a post-Brexit context, significantly delayed by Coronavirus/Covid-19, where we have to re-define our relationship with Europe.

Council's commitment to international working has never been more important. Arts Council of Wales' international strategy reflects the priorities of our Corporate Plan and is designed to support delivery of the Welsh Government's strategy. We're seeing an increasing number of organisations developing important programmes of international activity.

International activity can build cultural capital, raise profile and open up new markets. Whilst we recognise that international success is an important artistic 'kitemark', international work is not the preserve of the few. International artists and diverse cultures inspire and connect people in community halls all over Wales. Children and young people engage on a daily basis with music and art from all over the world through digital platforms.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Implement the actions in the Arts Council's International Strategy as part of a more formal partnership with the Welsh Government on international working reflecting the Government's recently published post international strategy.
2. Build cultural bridges with international communities living and working in Wales, capitalising on the potential of the UNESCO Decade of Indigenous Languages.
3. Maintain existing dialogue with the Welsh Government, partners and international networks to develop post-Brexit opportunities for the arts in Wales.

Understanding the impact of our investment

Research and evaluation is an essential part of our work. It informs our implementation and monitoring of policy, giving us a better understanding of the impact of our funding and developmental work.

We have a small research team, so it will be important that we develop partnerships to extend and enhance our research capability. We currently collect and hold a large amount of data, and we must integrate and share the use of our data to maximise organisational intelligence, reporting and efficiencies.

Our top 3 actions:

1. Publish research that demonstrates the impact of Arts Council investment.
2. Publish research which describes the extent and range to which the public in Wales is attending and taking part in the arts.
3. Monitor the impact of our Lottery funding and report annually.

Investment Review – postponed

We need to protect our flexibility and organisational capability to respond to the unexpected. We postponed the Investment Review due in 2020-21 for a year to free up officer time and to spare the Portfolio additional work in such difficult circumstances.

As a Welsh Government Sponsored Body, we also work within a strategic framework agreed with the Government

Current events have dissuaded the Welsh Government from issuing our usual annual Remit Letter for 2020-21. As well as confirming funding for the year, the Government usually sets out its expectations of us in this Letter. Instead, we have received a brief Interim Letter. We are mindful of the fact that our current level of funding is by no means guaranteed, and it may be reduced during the year to allow Welsh Government to reallocate to other areas of expenditure. Whilst understandable given the pressures resulting from the Coronavirus pandemic, any reductions now would have very significant (negative) implications for the sector. We regularly monitor our cash flow position and attend regular monitoring meetings with Welsh Government officers.

Another potential concern is the level of funding that will be provided by the National Lottery. It's impossible to predict what's likely to happen, although we've chosen for the time being to plan for reduced income.

2020-21 will prove to be a challenging year. However, we are convinced that we can make a real difference to the sector and to the people of Wales.

Nick Capaldi
Accounting Officer
4 September 2020

Endorsed on behalf of Council:

Phil George
Chairman
4 September 2020

Accountability Report

Corporate Governance

Our Trustees

Council Members who served since 1 April 2019 were:

	Attendance of Trustees at meetings during 2019-20			
	Council	Audit & Risk Assurance Committee	Capital Committee	HR & Remuneration Committee
	Number of meetings held:			
	6	5	3	4
Phil George, Chair from 1 April 2016	6			
Marion Wyn Jones from 1 April 2012 Vice Chair from 1 April 2017 Chair of Welsh Language Monitoring Group	5			
Iwan Bala from 1 November 2016 Member of Wales in Venice Advisory Committee	4			
Lhosa Daly from 1 April 2019 Member of Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (from May 2019) Chair of Future Generations Monitoring Group (from May 2020)	6	4		
Devinda De Silva from 1 April 2019 Member of Equalities Monitoring Group (from May 2019)	4			
Andy Eagle from 1 November 2016 Chair of Capital Committee Member of HR & Remuneration Committee to May 2019	4		2	2/2
Kate Eden from 1 April 2017 Chair of Audit & Risk Assurance Committee Member of HR & Remuneration Committee	6	5		4
Michael Griffiths OBE from 1 April 2012 Member of Audit & Risk Assurance Committee to May 2019 Chair of HR & Remuneration Committee	5	N/A		4

Attendance of Trustees at meetings during 2019-20				
	Council	Audit & Risk Assurance Committee	Capital Committee	HR & Remuneration Committee
	Number of meetings held:			
	6	5	3	4
Professor Tudur Hallam from 1 April 2019 Member of Welsh Language Monitoring Group (from May 2019)	6			
Melanie Hawthorne from 1 April 2012 to 1 February 2020 Chair of Future Generations Monitoring Group to 1 February 2020	2/4			
Gwennan Mair Jones from 1 April 2019 Member of Future Generations Monitoring Group (from May 2019)	4			
Alison Mears Esswood from 1 April 2019 Member of HR & Remuneration Committee (from May 2019)	5			2/3
Andrew Miller from 1 April 2012 Chair of Equalities Monitoring Group (from May 2019)	6			
Victoria Provis from 1 April 2019 Member of Capital Committee (from May 2019)	5		2	
Dafydd Rhys from 1 April 2017 Member of Audit & Risk Assurance Committee to June 2019 Member of Capital Committee (from May 2019)	6	2/2	3	
Dr Sarah Younan from 1 April 2019 Member of Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (from May 2019)	4	4		

Attendance of independent Committee members of meetings during 2019-20			
	Attendance of independent Committee members at meetings during 2019-20		
	Audit & Risk Assurance Committee	Capital Committee	HR & Remuneration Committee
	Number of meeting held		
	5	3	4
Andrew Butler	3		
Elid Morris	3		
Arwel Thomas	5		
Ruth Cayford		2	
Mark Davies		2	
Roland Wyn Evans		3	
Alan Hewson		3	
Valerie Ellis			0
Philip Westwood			4

In accordance with the Council's Code of Best Practice, members of Council and independent Committee members make declarations of interest in respect of directorships, memberships of boards of management (or equivalent) or employment which may conflict with their Arts Council of Wales' responsibilities. The register of interests of Members of Council and of independent Committee Members is available for public inspection, by appointment, at each of the Council's offices during normal working hours.

All financial transactions between members and the Council, other than the remuneration of the Chairman, are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements, *Related party transactions*.

Personal data related incidents

The Council has controls and policies in place to ensure data integrity. ICT systems ensure that the physical security of data is tightly controlled. As far as we are aware, no loss of data occurred during the period under review.

Our Chief Executive and Accounting Officer

Nick Capaldi

Our Offices

Mid and West Wales:
The Mount
18 Queen Street
Carmarthen
SA31 1JT

North Wales:
Princes Park II
Princes Drive
Colwyn Bay
LL29 8PL

South Wales
and national office:
Bute Place
Cardiff
CF10 5AL

Auditor

Comptroller and Auditor General
157-197 Buckingham Palace Road
London
SW1W 9SP

Internal auditors

Deloitte LLP
5 Callaghan Square
Cardiff
CF10 5BT

Solicitors

Geldards LLP
Dumfries House
Dumfries Place
Cardiff
CF10 3ZF

Bankers

Santander UK p.l.c.
9 Queen Street
Cardiff
CF10 2UD

Statement of Accounting Officer's responsibilities

Under Section 35 of the National Lottery etc. Act 1993 (as amended) the Council is required to prepare for each financial year a statement of accounts for its Lottery distribution activities in the form and on the basis determined by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport. The accounts are prepared on an accruals basis and must give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Council and of its income and expenditure, Statement of Financial Position and cash flows for the financial year.

In preparing the accounts, the Accounting Officer is required to comply with the requirements of the *Government Financial Reporting Manual* and in particular to:

- observe the Accounts Direction issued by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport, including the relevant accounting and disclosure requirements, and apply suitable accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- make judgements and estimates on a reasonable basis;
- state whether applicable accounting standards as set out in the *Government Financial Reporting Manual* have been followed, and disclose and explain any material departures in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis; and
- confirm that the Report and Financial Statements as a whole is fair, balanced and understandable and take personal responsibility for the Report and Financial Statements and the judgements required for determining that it is fair, balanced and understandable.

The Principal Accounting Officer for the Welsh Government has designated the Chief Executive as the Accounting Officer of the Council. The responsibilities of an Accounting Officer, including responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances for which the Accounting Officer is answerable, for keeping proper records and for safeguarding the Council's assets, are set out in *Managing Welsh Public Money* published by the Welsh Government and *Managing Public Money* published by HM Treasury.

As the Accounting Officer, I have taken all the steps that I ought to have taken to make myself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Council's auditor is aware of that information. So far as I am aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

Nick Capaldi
Accounting Officer
4 September 2020

Endorsed on behalf of Council

Phil George
Chairman

4 September 2020

Governance Statement

This Governance Statement is the personal responsibility of me, Nick Capaldi, the Arts Council of Wales' Accounting Officer and Chief Executive. It sets out the governance arrangements of the Arts Council of Wales.

It also describes how I've discharged my responsibilities for ensuring that we conduct our business, in respect of both exchequer and lottery activity, in accordance with the law. This includes providing the necessary assurances that we're adhering to proper standards and establishing the necessary safeguards to protect the use of public money.

I explain how these funds are properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively to support the delivery of our plans and priorities.

The legislative framework

We operate within a carefully prescribed and regulated legal environment. The Arts Council of Wales is accountable to the Welsh Government's **Deputy Minister for Culture, Sport and Tourism**. Our work is also subject to the scrutiny of Committees of the **Welsh Parliament**. We work within a framework that sets out the terms and conditions under which Welsh Ministers provide our grant-in-aid funding, and how we're able to use this funding. We manage our funds with probity and in the public interest and, along with other public bodies in Wales, adhere to the principles contained in *Managing Welsh Public Money*.

As a distributor of Lottery funds under the National Lottery etc. Act 1993 (as amended), we're accountable to the UK's Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport. Our financial directions are issued by the Secretary of State, and our policy directions by the Welsh Ministers. These set out how we must operate in respect of Lottery distribution activities.

We're required to account for Lottery distribution activity separately from the rest of our work, and we have appropriate arrangements in place to ensure that we produce two sets of published accounts. Our Lottery Distribution accounts are audited under contract to National Audit Office by Audit Wales. Audit Wales also audits our General Activities account.

As a charity we have to ensure that we comply with the requirements of the Charities Acts 1960, 2006, 2011 and 2016. As such, we follow guidance issued by the Charity Commission, acting solely to further our chartered and charitable objectives.

The activities we carry out in connection with our *Collectorplan* scheme are subject to the Consumer Credit Act and guidance issued by the Financial Conduct Authority.

We've designed our systems, processes and controls to take account of these various responsibilities. Within these frameworks we make independent decisions regarding the strategic direction of the organisation, grant funding, and other financial decisions.

Risk assessment and management is fundamental in our operations and this Governance Statement should be read in conjunction with the Principal risks and uncertainties section of the Performance Report.

Should the need arise, the **Public Services Ombudsman for Wales**, the **Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration**, the **Charity Commission**, the **Financial Conduct Authority**, the **Information Commissioner**, the **National Audit Office**, and **Audit Wales** are all able to investigate the Council's affairs.

Our Governance arrangements

We're governed by a Board of Trustees – Council – consisting of a Chair and up to seventeen other independent members, one of whom is appointed as Vice-Chair. Our Trustees are appointed by the Deputy Minister for Culture, Sport and Tourism through an open selection process. Appointments are usually for a three-year term, renewable for a maximum of two additional terms.

Each Trustee brings specific expertise and knowledge to the oversight and development of our activities. At the end of March 2020, our Council comprised of the Chair plus fourteen members. There had been no changes at the time of signing these accounts.

The Chair of Council is a remunerated position, at a rate set annually by the Welsh Government. All other Trustees provide their time and expertise on a voluntary basis. However, they are reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses incurred on Council business.

We promote values of good governance

We observe Lord Nolan's seven **Principles for Public Life** and strive to ensure that all of our employees, Trustees, Committee members and Arts Associates understand, apply and adhere to these Principles.

To support this, we have a **Code of Best Practice** which helps to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of members and officers are clearly defined. It also contains the expected standards of propriety that members and staff should adhere to. The Code is reviewed and updated at least every two years. You can find a copy on our website.

In accordance with the Code, each member of Council, of each Committee, and all Arts Associates and staff are required to complete an annual **Declaration of Interest** statement, and to ensure that changes in circumstances are notified promptly. They make declarations of interest in respect of directorships, memberships of boards of management (or equivalent) or employment which may conflict with their Arts Council of Wales' responsibilities. The register of interests is available for public inspection, by appointment, at each of the Council's offices during normal working hours. All financial transactions between members and the Council are disclosed in the financial statements under Related party transactions.

Council, the Audit & Risk Assurance Committee and HR & Remuneration Committee all carried out a **self-assessment review** of their performance during the year. The findings of these evaluations were positive. Areas identified for improvement are captured in action plans. In particular, Council's own annual self-assessment review concluded that the vast majority of its indicators of effectiveness were being met.

Council was content with progress made during the year to address areas identified in last year's review. Council recognised the importance of ensuring an appropriate mix and diversity of arts expertise and skills on the Trustee Board as new members are appointed. Particular areas of focus will include quality monitoring, encouraging further commitment to the Welsh language amongst funded organisations, and the effective use of information and communication technology.

The *Corporate governance in central government departments: code of good practice*, issued by HM Treasury, does not directly apply to the Arts Council of Wales. However, as Accounting Officer, I'm satisfied that the arrangements we have in place reflect good practice. I also believe that the Arts Council has complied with the principles of accountability, effectiveness, and leadership expressed within the Treasury's Code, in so far as they are relevant to Welsh Government Sponsored Bodies and Lottery Distributors. Council endorses this view.

Whistle-blowing

The Council has an established whistle-blowing policy which is brought to the attention of staff at induction and available within the Council's operational handbook and intranet. The policy is reviewed at least every three years. There were no reported incidents during the year.

Taking informed decisions

Decisions taken by our Council and Committees are informed by advice provided by Arts Council staff. Papers and reports produced by officers are expected to show clearly all relevant information needed to enable informed decisions to be taken. All key papers highlight: financial, HR and the Well-being of Future Generations Act's 5 ways of working; risks; and an assurance statement.

Papers are circulated in advance of each Council and Committee meeting; tabled items and verbal reports are only accepted in exceptional circumstances. Council was content during the year with the timeliness and quality of information provided for its use. In the rare instances where the information provided does not meet the required standards, the paper is rejected and a replacement commissioned. There were no instances of this happening in 2019-20.

Where appropriate and relevant, advice from officers is supplemented with specialist, expert advice and legal opinions. Council will continue to ensure that it has sufficient time and information to properly debate policy and consider the future direction of the organisation. Key policy proposals are put out to public consultation. Responses and feedback further inform discussions at Council before policies are finalised.

We provide funding to third parties

One of the Council's most important duties is the distribution of funding to develop and support the arts in Wales. We're a major distributor of funding – from the Welsh Government, the National Lottery and other sources, including, where applicable, European funds.

We've developed robust and accountable systems and procedures to support this key activity. Grant making and monitoring processes are reviewed annually by our internal auditors. Audit Wales also examines our grant making activities each year. All recommendations made by our internal and external auditors are monitored by our Audit & Risk Assurance Committee to ensure they're implemented on a timely basis.

Security of data

We hold large amounts of data and treat seriously our obligations under the **Data Protection Act** which incorporates the **General Data Protection Regulations** (GDPR). Our **ICT systems** and rules ensure that the security of data is tightly controlled. We regularly assess our security arrangements and have taken steps to make them more robust.

Neither the high-level review over IT controls carried out by our external auditors, nor our programme of internal audit reviews carried out during the year, nor the annual security review on behalf of Welsh Government, highlighted any matters of serious concern in this area. To the best of my knowledge and belief, no loss of data occurred during the year.

Complaints

Complaints about our work are investigated according to our Complaints policy. Sometimes our policy requires a complaint to be investigated by an Independent Complaints Reviewer. For reasons of openness and transparency, we publish all final reports from the Reviewer.

During 2019-20 we received a Complaint about the administration of our Arts Associates scheme. This complaint was referred to the Independent Complaints Reviewer who upheld the complaint. The Arts Council accepted the report's recommendations in full and apologised to the complainant. Changes have been made to the Arts Council's procedures to take account of the shortcomings identified and the full report has been published on our website.

Ministerial directions

As a Welsh Government Sponsored Body we are subject to non-statutory instruments, containing appropriate Directions. No Directions were issued to us during the year, nor were we issued with any Ministerial Directions in respect of our Lottery activities.

Our Governance Structure

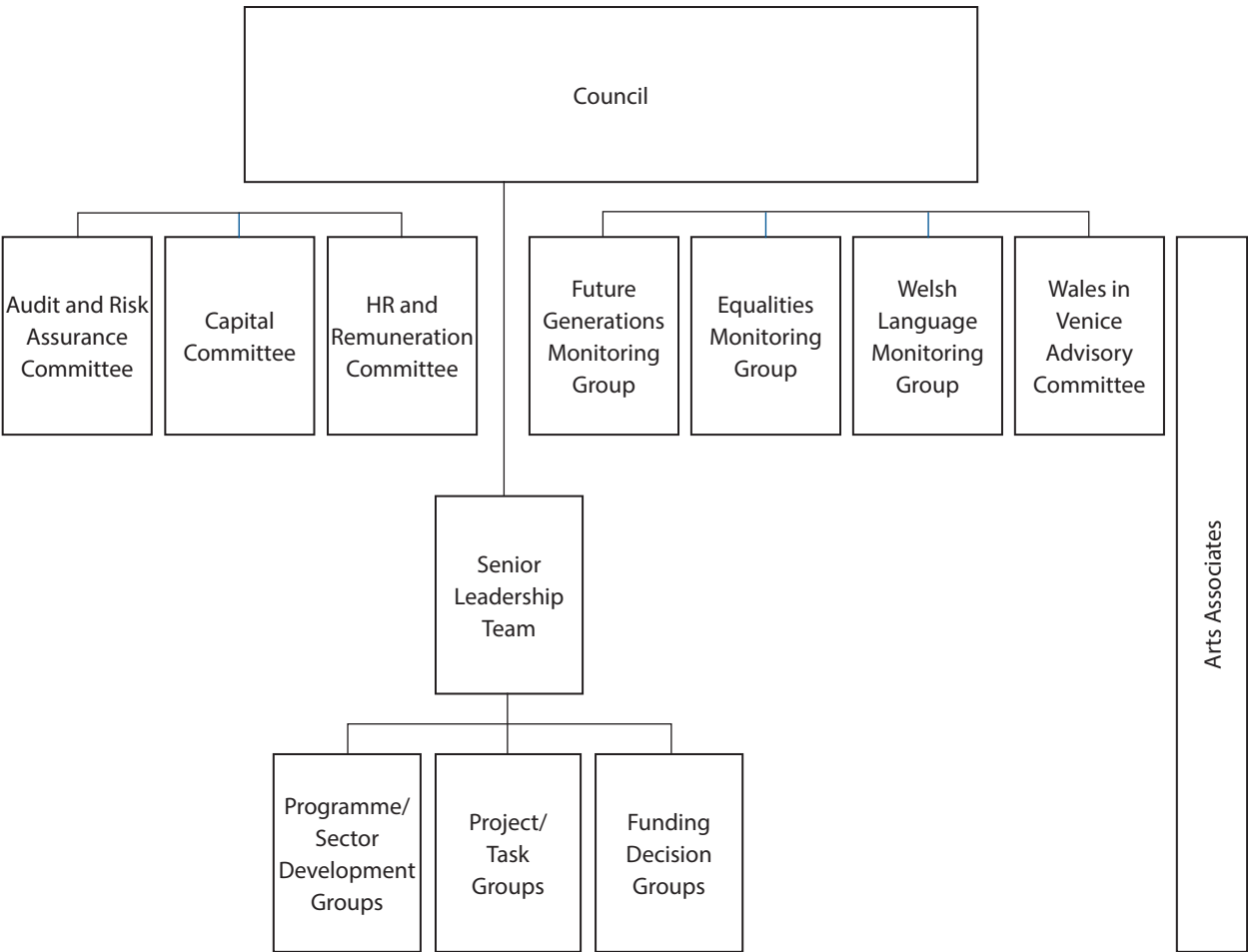
To help support its work, Council has appointed three committees to provide specialist advice. These are: Audit & Risk Assurance; Capital; and the HR & Remuneration committees. There is also an *ad hoc* advisory committee, to advise on Wales’ presence at the international Biennale of Art in Venice, and three internal monitoring groups.

Each Committee includes Council members, one of whom acts as Chair, and independent committee members appointed through an open selection process for their specialist skills and experience. The minutes of each Committee meeting are provided to Council for discussion and to note. Terms of reference for each committee, which are reviewed annually, can be found on our website.

All new members of Council and of each Committee undergo an induction process appropriate to their role and are encouraged to continue their development during their period of appointment.

Our three internal monitoring groups are – **Future Generations, Equalities** and **Welsh Language**. These help drive forward Council’s agenda in these areas. Council received minutes of each meeting.

During the year we recruited a new cohort of **Arts Associates**. The Associates, who began their work during 2019-20, support executive staff. Their specialist knowledge contributes to policy development, the assessment of grant applications, and advice to officers.



Council

Responsibilities	<p>Council is responsible for the strategic direction and management of our organisation. It is also responsible for ensuring, through the Chief Executive, that we operate within the various accountabilities required of us.</p> <p>Council members are responsible for key decisions on corporate policy: the formulation of our Corporate and Operational Plans, and any major alterations to the terms and conditions of service for staff.</p> <p>Council sets the annual budget, decides on the annual allocation of grants to organisations in the Arts Portfolio Wales, and approves all grants over £50,000 or, in the case of Lottery funded capital projects, over £250,000 and Resilience awards over £100,000. Decisions below these thresholds are delegated to authorised staff and to the Capital Committee.</p> <p>Members assist with Council Committees. They also attend arts events across Wales as representatives of Council.</p>
Council activities undertaken during 2019-20 include	<p>As part of its ongoing scrutiny of Governance, preparing and monitoring the Operational Plan for the year. Council also received and noted the Committees' year end reports to inform its Governance Statement as part of this Annual Report.</p> <p>Following detailed public consultation in 2018-19, approving the new Lottery Strategy Funding Programmes for the Autumn 2019 launch.</p> <p>Considering the terms and preparations for the Investment Review 2020 (now delayed due to Covid-19), informed by the outcomes of the public consultation exercise.</p> <p>Monitoring delivery of key projects, including the final year of Phase 1 of the <i>Creative Learning</i> programme and advocacy for the continuation of the programme for a further phase, the evaluation of the <i>Resilience</i> programme, the continued successful progress of the Arts and Health programme and the development stages for the National Gallery of Contemporary Art. International considerations included the Wales in Venice biennale and Cultural Mission to Japan.</p> <p>Endorsing the innovative partnership with Size of Wales to mitigate carbon footprint considerations for the This is Wales Edinburgh Showcase.</p> <p>Considering the Pay Review and, more recently, mitigating the impact of Covid-19 for the Sector and Arts Council officers.</p>
Frequency of meetings and attendance	<p>Council met 6 times during 2019-20 to discharge its responsibilities. During the year, members in total attended meetings on 78 out of a possible 94 occasions. Council meetings are normally held approximately every 6 weeks. Copies of agendas and minutes of our Council meetings can be found on our website.</p>

Our governance
response to
Covid-19

Protecting the well-being of our staff has been paramount. As concern grew about the spread of the virus we took an early decision to ban international travel and to restrict movement in the UK. And, as soon as it became clear that a strict policy of social distancing would be needed, we closed our offices and asked all staff to work from home.

Fortuitously, we were well-prepared for this shift in working practices. As part of the development of a more 'fleet of foot' organisation, we had been in the process of introducing an Agile Working policy. At the point at which 'lockdown' was enforced, all staff had already been equipped to work remotely. Due to locking down as early as possible, we have not experienced any severe sickness in staff and there have been no absences of key management personnel.

The majority of our internal processes are electronic and have worked well remotely. Physical signatures have been replaced with electronic signatures and email audit trails. The majority of the work programme for internal audit was completed before lockdown and smaller performance audits have been completed successfully remotely.

We were able to set up a number of virtual meeting rooms to host all our committee and Council meetings. Duties of each committee have remained the same and Council's ability to make decisions has not been compromised during the Coronavirus period. We have updated our Corporate Assurance Framework and Risk Register accordingly.

In terms of our risk appetite, we have had to react quickly to the demands of the sector to create emergency funding. In doing so, we had to adjust our processes in order to efficiently get the funds to where they were most needed. Ordinarily, grants are given after some development discussion with an Arts Council officer. Here, the officer would get to know the artist and help develop the project for funding. With the Urgent Response funds, individuals applied without any background involvement from officers. This meant an increased risk of people applying who were unknown to the Arts Council and a potentially heightened risk of fraud. To mitigate this risk, we used for the first time the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) 'AppCheck' tool which allowed us to background check applicants, agreeing applicants to the electoral register, checking their addresses and ensuring residency in Wales. All other background checks done pre-Covid were performed as well.

In terms of strategic planning and our equalities duties, we are committed still to our corporate priorities and this has formed part of the assessment process of the Urgent Response funds.

It is our view that the effectiveness of governance has not been compromised by the pandemic.

Audit and Risk Assurance Committee

Responsibilities	<p>As stewards of public funds we must operate in an efficient and accountable manner. Our priorities and funding decisions are agreed by Council in accordance with the policies and procedures that apply to our use of public funds. The Audit & Risk Assurance Committee's role is to ensure that we deliver on these commitments, doing so in ways that are transparent, accountable and resilient.</p> <p>An extensive programme of internal audit assists us in this work, assessing the quality of our delivery against the standards that we have set.</p>
Committee activities undertaken during 2019-20 include	<p>Strengthening the robustness and suitability of the management of Council's work by reviewing and updating our Corporate Assurance Framework and Corporate Risk Register. Improvements initiated by the Committee have given us a clearer view of the potential vulnerabilities in our operations.</p> <p>Reviewing our defences against Fraud and Cyber-crime. We're better able to withstand the increased number and sophistication of external attempts to breach our security.</p> <p>Scrutinising the organisational and financial health of Council's Arts Portfolio Wales, ensuring that appropriate remedial action is being taken to resolve any issues.</p> <p>Reporting to Council on the outcome of internal audit reviews commissioned by the Committee and monitoring the progress of recommendations for action.</p> <p>Understanding key aspects of Council's operations, such as Pensions, grant giving and our response to Covid-19, ensuring that the Committee is well-informed about Council's wider activities.</p>
Frequency of meetings and attendance	<p>The Committee met 5 times during 2019-20 to discharge its responsibilities. During the year, members in total attended meetings on 26 out of a possible 32 occasions. Committee meetings are normally held quarterly, with an additional meeting in early Summer.</p>

Capital Committee

“The Committee has been busy overseeing and monitoring the progress of building and refurbishment projects at different stages of development. This is challenging and detailed work. The Committee also welcomed the successful completion of the innovative Ideas: People: Places programme.”

Andy Eagle
Chair, Capital Committee

Responsibilities	<p>For more than two decades Council has been investing funds from the National Lottery into capital projects. Across Wales we're helping organisations to enhance and extend their activities by funding the creation of exemplary buildings, transforming the places in Wales where people enjoy and take part in the arts.</p> <p>Council ring-fenced approximately £22m for its most recent Capital programme, originally due to end on 31 March 2017. However, there were a number of key projects that were still in development and not in the position to apply for construction funding before this date. Capital Committee and Council agreed that the remainder of the budget could be rolled into 2017/18 and subsequently through to 2020-21.</p>
Committee activities undertaken during 2019-20 include	<p>Scrutinising 10 applications with a total request for funding of £6.4m. Nine applications were successful with a total awarded of £1.4m.</p> <p>Assisting the development of ambitious plans for the refurbishment of Theatr Clwyd.</p> <p>Overseeing the completion of <i>Ideas: People: Places</i>, our innovative programme of community-led regeneration. An evaluation of the programme has been commissioned and this will be completed in early 2020-21.</p> <p>Helping to reduce organisations' dependency on public subsidy through their participation in our Resilience programme.</p> <p>Ensuring that all capital projects in which Council invests meet Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method (BREEAM) sustainability standards.</p>
Frequency of meetings and attendance	<p>The Committee met 3 times during 2019-20 to discharge its responsibilities. During the year, members in total attended meetings on 17 out of a possible 21 occasions. Committee meetings are held approximately every 2 months, but with fewer meetings during the summer.</p>

HR Remuneration Committee

“Advising on the health and well-being of the Council’s staff is the Committee’s principal function. We encourage the development of progressive, forward-looking policies and practice and provide a positive and supportive challenge to the delivery by our staff of HR activities.”

Mike Griffiths

Chair, HR & Remuneration Committee

Committee activities undertaken during 2019-20 include	<p>Publication of a Pay Policy Statement. This includes a detailed breakdown of the make-up of our staff. It also addresses Gender Equality and Equal Pay reporting.</p> <p>Monitoring the progress of the comprehensive job evaluation review and development of proposals for a restructuring of pay and salary scales.</p> <p>Reviewing HR management information data to monitor the performance and well-being of Council staff.</p> <p>Setting levels of remuneration and monitoring the performance of the Chief Executive.</p> <p>Promoting staff well-being with the delivery of a two-day Mental Health First Aid course led by Disability Arts Cymru.</p>
Frequency of meetings and attendance	The Committee met 4 times during 2019-20 to discharge its responsibilities. Members in total attended on 16 out of a possible 21 occasions.

Audit outcomes

The findings of the National Audit Office are reported in a Management Letter addressed to Council. Our Audit & Risk Assurance Committee considers the findings and monitors them to ensure appropriate action is taken on a timely basis. Grant making will continue to be a primary focus of management and the Committee's attention.

Our internal auditor, Deloitte LLP, gave the following opinion in their annual report:

"Based on the conclusions of our work, we can provide the Arts Council with substantial assurance in relation to the organisation's arrangements for risk management, governance and internal control. Our opinion has not been limited by any shortfall in resources, absence of skills, or any significant limitation of scope of internal audit activity which would adversely affect our ability to form an opinion."

Overall assessment of governance and internal control

In my opinion, the Arts Council of Wales' systems of governance and internal control are sufficient to enable me to discharge my responsibilities as Accounting Officer.

Nick Capaldi
Accounting Officer
4 September 2020

Endorsed on behalf of Council
Phil George
Chairman
4 September 2020

Remuneration and Staff Report

“The health and wellbeing of the Council’s staff is the HR & Remuneration Committee’s principal function. We encourage the development of good forward-looking policies and practice and provide a positive and supportive challenge to the delivery of our HR activities.”

Mike Griffiths

Chair, HR & Remuneration Committee

Equal opportunities

The Council is committed to a policy of equality of opportunity in its employment practices. In particular, the Council aims to ensure that no potential or actual employee receives more or less favourable treatment on the grounds of age, disability, ethnic or national origin, gender, marital or parental status, nationality, political belief, race, religion or sexual orientation.

Each year Council publishes a Pay Policy Statement. This includes a detailed breakdown of the make-up of our staff. It also addresses Gender Equality and Equal Pay reporting.

Council ensures that appropriate facilities are available for disabled employees. Public signage also promotes the Council as a bilingual organisation.

Our HR policies

Council’s aim is to be a progressive, family-friendly employer. We operate a number of HR policies that reflect our legal obligations as an employer. Policies are reviewed on a regular basis and updated to reflect any relevant changes in legislation. The management of Council’s HR policies is monitored by the HR & Remuneration Committee.

Employee communication, consultation and negotiation

Council’s recognised trade union is Unite, with which it has established a procedural agreement; representatives of management and union meet regularly to discuss matters of current concern.

We undertake regular surveys of staff to identify any issues or areas for improvement.

Job Evaluation

During 2019-20 we worked with our union colleagues to undertake a comprehensive process of job review and evaluation. The process of reviewing, moderating and evaluating all job descriptions took the best part of the year, but has been completed. A joint proposal by the Senior Leadership Team and the Union Executive is ready to be put forward to Council and Welsh Government, but this step of the process is on hold until business as usual is resumed.

Remuneration

The terms of appointment of the Chair and Chief Executive are agreed with the Welsh Government.

The Council remunerates its remaining staff in accordance with an agreed pay and grading system.

Each year, in consultation with the recognised trade union, a Pay Remit is produced and submitted to the Welsh Government for approval. The resultant pay and conditions package is binding on the whole of the Council until the next round of negotiation. Increases under the Pay Remit are dependent on performance established by the Council's system of personal development reviews. The 2019-20 Pay Remit was agreed by Welsh Government at the end of March 2020.

With the approval of the Charity Commission the Chair is remunerated at a rate determined by the Welsh Government which reflects a minimum time commitment to Council business.

Annual increases of the Chair's salary are also advised by the Welsh Government but he receives no bonus payments and is not a member of the Arts Council's pension scheme.

The Chief Executive's remuneration consists of a basic salary plus eligibility for an annual bonus. Annual bonuses are recommended to Council by the HR & Remuneration Committee in consideration of the performance of the Chief Executive against a set of predetermined objectives. The Committee's recommendation that the Chief Executive be offered a full bonus was endorsed by Council. However, the Chief Executive waived his entitlement to a non- consolidated bonus for 2019-20 and has accepted the same level of consolidated increase as other eligible members of staff.

Council members are appointed by the Welsh Ministers for a period of three years and may be re-appointed for a further period. The current Chair, Phil George, took up the position on 1 April 2016 and is in his second term which expires on 31 March 2022.

The Chief Executive and Directors – the Senior Leadership Team – are all employed on permanent contracts on the Council's standard terms and conditions. They are entitled to thirteen weeks' notice of termination of employment.

The dates of commencement and termination of employment are:

Phil George Chairman	1 April 2016
Nicholas Capaldi Chief Executive	15 September 2008
Dr Katherine Davies Director of Arts Funding Services from 1 February 2012	24 August 1998 to 31 December 2019
Diane Hebb Director of Arts Engagement and Participation from 1 February 2012	13 January 1992
Siân Tomos Director of Arts Development from 1 February 2012	3 May 1994
Rebecca Nelson Director of Finance and Business Services	17 June 2019

Sickness absence

	2019-20	2018-19
Across the whole Council:		
Days lost as a result of sickness	556	579
Average number of employees (full time equivalent)	80.48	77.30
Average number of days lost per employee	6.91	7.49

This represented an absence rate of 2.74% (2018-19: 2.98%) based on 252 (2018-19: 251) working days.

Consultancy

During 2019-20 the Council paid consultancy costs of less than £1,000 (2018-19: £3,000) in relation to expert advice and opinion obtained to assist in strategic decision-making. An amount of less than £1,000 (2018-19: £2,000) is charged in these financial statements.

Staff costs (subject to audit)

	2019-20			2018-19
	Permanently employed	Other	Total	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Wages and salaries charged to Lottery distribution activity	771	37	808	750
Social security costs	76	3	79	80
Other pension costs ¹	347	5	352	357
Agency costs	-	1	1	4
	1,194	46	1,240	1,191

¹ Including a lump sum payment of £188,000 towards the pension deficit (2018-19: £170,000).

Staff numbers (subject to audit)

The average number of staff (full time equivalents) employed across the whole Council during the year was:

	No.	No.	No.	No.
Direct delivery of our activities	7	13	20	19
Recharged to direct delivery and in support of our operations	59	2	61	58
Agency staff costs	-	0	0	0
	66	15	81	77

Based on time apportionments, the average number of staff (full time equivalents) employed on Lottery distribution during the year was:

In support of our operations	24	-	24	23
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The balance of 57 (2018-19: 54) staff were employed on general activities.

Pension costs (subject to audit)

Most employees are members of the Arts Council Retirement Plan 1994 (ACRP). The fund is a defined benefit scheme. It is also a multi-employer scheme so the Council is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities. The scheme has therefore been accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme, in accordance with IAS 19.

An independent actuarial valuation of the ACRP normally takes place every three years. The most recent valuation, as at 31 March 2019, came into effect on 1 April 2020. The valuation introduced new contribution rates for the Council in respect of accruing benefits. It assumes a continuing requirement that a minimum level of payment be made each year towards the past service deficit, at a rate advised by the scheme actuary, until 31 March 2029.

On the assumption that the recommended amounts would be paid to the Plan, the actuary's opinion was that the resources of the scheme are likely in the normal course of events to meet in full the liabilities of the scheme as they fall due. The key financial assumptions used were:

- Retail Prices Index (RPI) increases - Market Implied RPI Inflation curve with allowance for 0.3% per annum (p.a.) inflation risk premium
- Consumer Prices Index (CPI) increases - RPI curve less 1.0% p.a.
- Pension increases - equal to the relevant inflation assumption
- Salary increases – in line with CPI inflation
- Discount rate (past service) - market implied gilt yield curve plus 1.25% per annum
- Discount rate (future service) - market implied gilt yield curve plus 1.60% per annum

Contributions by the Council and its employees were:

For staff joining the Plan:	Council		Employees	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
up to 31 August 2006	21.4%	21.4%	6.0%	4.5%
on or after 1 September 2006	21.4%	21.4%	6.0%	6.0%

In addition, the Council made a lump sum payment of £400,000 during the year (2018-19: £372,000) and it was agreed with the actuaries that no further deficit payments would be needed until the next revaluation. In total, £188,000 towards the deficit is charged in these financial statements (2018-19: £193,000).

From 1 April 2020 contributions changed to:

	Council	Employees
For all staff	20.9%	6.0%

The Council also pays 0.2% of pensionable salary in respect of each life assurance only member.

Under Auto Enrolment legislation all eligible employees are required to join a qualifying pension scheme, unless they formally opt out. We have a defined contribution scheme, The People's Pension, as an alternative option for employees who are not members of the ACRP. The Council contributed 5% and the employee 3% during the year. These rates may change in the future, in line with the requirements of the legislation.

The Chief Executive and Directors are responsible for directing the Council's activities. Their actual emoluments and pension benefits were as shown in the following tables.

The amount of pension benefits for the year which contributes to the single total remuneration figures is calculated in a similar way to the method used to derive pension values for tax purposes, and is based on information received from the actuary of the Arts Council Retirement Plan 1994.

The value of pension benefits is calculated as follows:

$(\text{real increase in pension}^* \times 20) + (\text{real increase in any lump sum}) - (\text{contributions made by member})$

*excluding increases due to inflation or any increase or decrease due to a transfer of pension rights

This is not an amount which has been paid to an individual by the Council during the year, it is a calculation which uses information from the pension benefit table. These figures can be influenced by many factors, e.g. changes in a person's salary, whether or not they choose to make additional contributions to the pension scheme from their pay, and other valuation factors affecting the pension scheme as a whole.

The single total remuneration figures of the Senior Leadership Team (subject to audit):

Name Position	2019-20			2018-19		
	Emoluments band £'000	Pension benefits £'000	Single total remuneration £'000	Emoluments band £'000	Pension benefits £'000	Single total remuneration £'000
Nicholas Capaldi Chief Executive	95-100	24	120-125	95-100	16	110-115
David Alston Director of Arts to 31 January 2019 <i>Full year equivalent</i>	–	–	–	65-70	9	75-80
Katherine Davies Director of Arts Funding Services to 31 December 2019 <i>Full year equivalent</i>	55-60	16	70-75	70-75	2	70-75
Diane Hebb Director of Arts Engagement	70-75	19	90-95	70-75	9	80-85
Rebecca Nelson Director of Finance and Business Services from 17 June 2019 <i>Full year equivalent</i>	55-60	13	65-70	–	–	–
Siân Tomos Director of Arts Development	70-75	22	95-100	70-75	6	75-80
Gwyn Williams (0.6 FTE) Director of Finance and Business Services to 31 March 2019	–	–	–	40-45	10	50-55

The pension benefits of the Senior Leadership Team (subject to audit):

Name Position	2019-20	2019-20	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20
	Real increase in pension and related lump sum at age 65	Total accrued pension at age 65 as at 31/03/20 and related lump sum	Cash Equivalent ¹ Transfer Value at 31/03/20 or date of leaving if earlier	Cash Equivalent Transfer Value at 31/03/19	Real increase ² in Cash Equivalent Transfer Value
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Nicholas Capaldi Chief Executive	Pension 0-2.5 Lump sum 2.5-5	Pension 10-15 Lump sum 40-45	309	264	22
Katherine Davies Director of Arts Funding Services to 31 December 2019	Pension 0-2.5 Lump sum 0-2.5	Pension 25-30 Lump sum 85-90	630	574	14
Diane Hebb Director of Arts Engagement	Pension 0-2.5 Lump sum 2.5-5	Pension 15-20 Lump sum 50-55	400	355	18
Rebecca Nelson Director of Finance and Business Services from 17 June 2019	Pension 0-2.5 Lump sum 0-2.5	Pension 0-5 Lump sum 0-5	12	N/A	9
Siân Tomos Director of Arts Development	Pension 0-2.5 Lump sum 5-7.5	Pension 25-30 Lump sum 80-85	600	527	20

1 Cash Equivalent Transfer Values - A Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV) is the actuarially assessed capitalised value of the pension scheme benefits accrued by a member at a particular point in time. The benefits valued are the member's accrued benefits and any contingent spouse's pension payable from the scheme. A CETV is a payment made by a pension scheme or arrangement to secure pension benefits in another pension scheme or arrangement when the member leaves a scheme and chooses to transfer the benefits accrued in their former scheme. The pension figures shown relate to the benefits that the individual has accrued as a consequence of their total membership of the pension scheme, not just their service in a senior capacity to which disclosure applies. The figures include the value of any pension benefit in another scheme or arrangement which the individual has transferred to the Arts Council Retirement Plan 1994. They also include any additional pension benefit accrued to the member as a result of their purchasing additional pension benefits at their own cost. CETVs are calculated within the guidelines and framework prescribed by the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries and do not take account of any actual or potential reduction to benefits resulting from Lifetime Allowance Tax which may be due when pension benefits are drawn.

2 Real increase in CETV - This reflects the increase in CETV effectively funded by the employer. It does not include the increase in accrued pension due to inflation, contributions paid by the employee (including the value of any benefits transferred from another pension scheme or arrangement) and uses common market valuation factors for the start and end of the period.

The Chairman is remunerated for his services but receives no bonus payments and is not a member of the pension scheme. Other Council and Committee Members receive no payment for their services. An aggregate amount of £15,216 (2018-19: £10,136) was reimbursed to 14 (2018-19: 10) Council members for travel and subsistence costs incurred on Council business. The aggregate amount allocated to Lottery Distribution activities was £6,993 (2018-19: £4,734).

The total actual emoluments of the Chairman and Chief Executive were made up of (subject to audit):

	2019-20 £	2018-19 £
Chairman		
Salary	43,810	43,810
Chief Executive		
Salary	99,346	99,341
Employer's pension contribution	21,260	21,259
	120,606	120,600

32% (2018-19: 32%) of the Chairman's and 30% (2018-19: 30%) of the Chief Executive's emoluments are charged in these financial statements and the remainder to general activities.

Reimbursed travel and subsistence expenses incurred and defrayed whilst on Council business:

Chairman	£4,631	£3,628
Chief Executive	£5,963	£9,188

47% (2018-19: 46%) of the Chairman's and Chief Executive's expenses are charged in these financial statements and the remainder to general activities.

The median annual remuneration (full time equivalents) at 31 March was (whole Council) (subject to audit):

£33,063	£33,062
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The range of annual remuneration (full time equivalents) at 31 March was (whole Council) (subject to audit):

£21,013 to £99,346	£21,012 to £99,341
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The ratio between the median annual remuneration and the annual remuneration of the highest paid member of staff was (whole Council) (subject to audit):

1:3	1:3
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Staff composition at 31 March

(full time equivalents) (whole Council)

	2020			2019		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Senior Leadership Team	1	3	4	2	3	5
Portfolio Managers/Heads of Department	6	8	14	6	8	14
Senior Officers	9	7	16	9	5	14
Officers/Development Officers	7	21	28	9	22	31
Team Co-ordinators/Personal Assistants	2	14	16	2	14	16
	25	53	78	28	52	80
	32%	68%		35%	65%	

Compensation schemes - exit packages (whole Council) (subject to audit):

Exit package cost band	Number of compulsory redundancies		Number of other departures agreed		Total number of exit packages by cost band	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Up to £10,000	4	-	-	-	4	-
£10,001 to £25,000	1	-	-	-	1	-
Total number of exit packages	5	-	-	-	5	-
Total cost (£'000)	32	-	-	-	32	-

Redundancy costs are determined in accordance with the provisions of the Council's redundancy policy. The Council usually pays exit costs when employment ends but provides for the exit costs in full at the point when there is sufficiently detailed information to do so.

None of the costs are charged in these financial statements, all are charged to general activities.

Parliamentary Accountability and Audit Report

Remote contingent liabilities

The Council is an admitted employer of the Arts Council Retirement Plan 1994. The Plan is a funded, defined benefit, multi-employer scheme where the participating employers are unable to identify their shares of the underlying assets and liabilities.

In the event of the withdrawal of an employer, the debt triggered under section 75 of the Pensions Act 1995 would be calculated using the solvency shortfall of the entire Plan, not the employer's own asset share and liabilities. Also, in the event of Plan wind up, as the Plan is a "last man standing" arrangement all employers would be jointly and severally liable for the total shortfall in the Plan.

It is not practical to estimate the financial impact.

Losses, special payments and gifts

The Council incurred no losses during the year and made no special payments or gifts.

Fees and charges income

The Council has no material income of this kind.

Nick Capaldi
Accounting Officer
4 September 2020

Endorsed on behalf of Council:

Phil George
Chairman

4 September 2020

The Certificate and Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General to the Houses of Parliament and the Members of the Senedd

Opinion on financial statements

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account for the year ended 31 March 2020 under the National Lottery etc. Act 1993. The financial statements comprise: the Statements of Comprehensive Net Income, Financial Position, Cash Flows and Changes in Equity, and the related notes, including the significant accounting policies. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them. I have also audited the information in the Accountability Report that is described in that report as having been audited.

In my opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of the net income for the year then ended; and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the National Lottery etc. Act 1993 and Secretary of State directions issued thereunder.

Opinion on regularity

In my opinion, in all material respects the expenditure and income recorded in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions recorded in the financial statements conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis of opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and Practice Note 10 'Audit of Financial Statements of Public Sector Entities in the United Kingdom'. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my certificate. Those standards require me and my staff to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Revised Ethical Standard 2016. I am independent of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit and the financial statements in the UK. My staff and I have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require me to report to you where:

- the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Arts Council of Wales has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Responsibilities of the Council and Accounting Officer for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Accounting Officer's Responsibilities, the Arts Council of Wales and the Accounting Officer are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My responsibility is to audit, certify and report on the financial statements in accordance with the National Lottery etc. Act 1993.

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account to cease to continue as a going concern.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

In addition, I am required to obtain evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the income and expenditure reported in the financial statements have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Other Information

The Council and the Accounting Officer are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in the Report accompanying the financial statements, other than the parts of the Accountability Report described in that report as having been audited, the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters

In my opinion:

- the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited have been properly prepared in accordance with Secretary of State directions made under the National Lottery etc. Act 1993;
- in the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Arts Council of Wales Lottery Distribution Account and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, I have not identified any material misstatements in the Performance Report or the Accountability Report; and
- the information given in the Performance Report and Accountability Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which I report by exception

I have nothing to report in respect of the following matters which I report to you if, in my opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for my audit have not been received from branches not visited by my staff; or
- the financial statements and the parts of the Accountability Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- I have not received all of the information and explanations I require for my audit; or
- the Governance Statement does not reflect compliance with HM Treasury's guidance.

Report

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

Gareth Davies
Comptroller and Auditor General

10 September 2020

National Audit Office
157-197 Buckingham Palace Road
Victoria
London SW1W 9SP

Statement of Comprehensive Net Income for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Notes	2019-20 £000	2018-19 £000
Expenditure			
Management and administration:			
Staff costs	2a	1,240	1,191
Other operating costs	2b	665	618
		1,905	1,809
Expenditure on the arts:			
Grants made		10,711	9,727
Less: Lapsed and revoked grants		(323)	(156)
Net grants made	7	10,388	9,571
Delegated distributors	9	2,038	1,686
Other arts awards	3	45	275
Direct costs of grant making	2c	256	421
		12,727	11,953
Total expenditure		14,632	13,762
Income			
Share of proceeds from the National Lottery	4	17,761	16,000
Investment income on balances in the National Lottery Distribution Fund	4	86	82
Interest receivable		10	14
Grants recoverable		43	42
Total income		17,900	16,138
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		3,268	2,376

There are no discontinued activities and there have been no acquisitions during the year. There are no gains or losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 65 to 74 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2020

	Notes	31 March 2020 £000	31 March 2019 £000
Non-current assets:			
Trade and other receivables	5a	150	150
Current assets:			
Financial assets:			
Investments – balance held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund	4	18,036	14,894
Trade and other receivables	5b	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	8	1,124	1,373
Total current assets		19,160	16,267
Total assets		19,310	16,417
Trade payables and other current liabilities – amounts falling due within one year:			
Trade and other payables	6	(298)	(217)
Other liabilities:			
Delegated distributors	6	(479)	(316)
Grants	6	(8,104)	(9,725)
Total payables and other current liabilities		(8,881)	(10,258)
Non-current assets plus net current assets		10,429	6,159
Trade payables and other non-current liabilities – amounts due after more than one year:			
Grants	7	(2,466)	(1,464)
Assets less liabilities		7,963	4,695
Equity/Reserves:			
Net Expenditure account		7,963	4,695

The notes on pages 65 to 74 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Arts Council of Wales and signed on its behalf by

Nick Capaldi
Accounting Officer
4 September 2020

Phil George
Chairman
4 September 2020

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2020

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	3,268	2,376
Bank interest	(10)	(14)
(Increase)/Decrease in the balance held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund	(3,142)	725
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	–	1
Increase /(Decrease) in trade and other payables and other liabilities	244	(586)
Decrease in grants payable	(619)	(3,761)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(259)	(1,259)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Bank interest	10	14
Net cash inflow from investing activities	10	14
Cash and cash equivalents		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalent balances	(249)	(1,245)
Balance at 1 April	1,373	2,618
Balance at 31 March	1,124	1,373

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Balance at beginning of year	4,695	2,319
Net income for the year	3,268	2,376
Balance at end of year	7,963	4,695

The notes on pages 65 to 74 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

a Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention. They have been prepared in a form directed by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport with the consent of HM Treasury, in accordance with Section 35(3) of the National Lottery etc. Act 1993, and with the consent of Welsh Ministers.

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as interpreted for the public sector context within the Government Financial Reporting Manual issued by HM Treasury.

IFRS 16 is a new accounting standard that sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. It is generally effective from 1 January 2019 but for UK public sector bodies has been deferred until 1 April 2021.

Impact of standards not yet effective

The application of any new or amended IFRS is governed by their adoption by the Government Financial Reporting Manual. The Council applies changes to standards when they become effective. There are no known material impacts from IFRS changes that have been issued and are not yet effective on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

b Recognition of income and expenditure

All income is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with use of the resources.

c General activities

These financial statements do not cover the Council's general activities, funded mainly by grant-in-aid, for which separate financial statements have been prepared.

d Grants

Grants are accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure and, until paid, as liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if:

- i they have been formally approved by Council, or under delegated authority; and
- ii formal written notification (including email or other electronic communication) has been issued to the intended recipients; and
- iii the offers are free from any conditions under the Council's control.

Grants payable within one year of the year end are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as current liabilities. Those payable more than one year after the Statement of Financial Position date are shown as such.

Grants which have been formally approved by Council, or under delegated authority, which do not meet the definition of liabilities are not included in expenditure in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure or as liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position but are disclosed in note 7.

e *National Lottery Distribution Fund*

Balances held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund remain under the stewardship of the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport. However, the share of these balances attributable to the Council is as shown in the accounts at amortised cost and, at the Statement of Financial Position date, has been certified by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport as being available for distribution by the Council in respect of current and future commitments.

f *Pensions*

The Council is an admitted employer of the Arts Council Retirement Plan 1994. The pension scheme provides defined benefits to Council employees. The costs of the Council's contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives.

The Plan is a funded, defined benefit, multi-employer scheme where the participating employers are unable to identify their shares of the underlying assets and liabilities. The scheme has therefore been accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme, in accordance with IAS 19. The Council has made payments to fund a deficit relating to past service. If further deficit payments are needed, following future revaluations, the Council will recognise a provision for the present value of contributions payable in accordance with the terms of any relevant funding agreement. A share of all contributions towards the deficit is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure.

The Council also has a defined contribution scheme, The People's Pension, as an alternative option to meet the needs of Auto Enrolment legislation. The scheme is accounted for in accordance with IAS 19.

g *Taxation*

Non-recoverable Value Added Tax arising from expenditure is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure or capitalised as a fixed asset where applicable.

h *Apportionment of management and administration costs from the General Activities Account*

The Council incurs costs which support both its general activities and lottery distribution functions. In accordance with its Financial Directions the Council apportions indirect costs properly between these two areas of activity with reference to the time spent on, or the consumption of the relevant resources by, the respective activities.

The apportionments are usually reviewed every two years and whenever there is a significant change to the staff structure or the programmes of activity.

i *Financial Instruments*

Financial assets: Trade receivables and other current assets do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by any appropriate loss allowance. Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash in hand and cash at bank and on short term deposit on instant access terms.

Financial liabilities: Trade payables and other current liabilities are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

2 Costs in support of our operations

a Management and administration: Staff costs

	2019-20		2018-19
	Permanently employed	Other	Total
	£000	£000	£000
Wages and salaries charged to Lottery distribution activity	771	37	808
Social security costs	76	3	79
Other pension costs ¹	347	5	352
Redundancy payments	–	–	–
Agency costs	–	1	1
	1,194	46	1,240
			1,191

1 Including payments totalling £188,000 towards the pension deficit in 2019-20 (2018-19: £193,000).

b Management and administration: Other operating costs

	2019-20	2018-19
	£'000	£'000
Staff related costs	87	62
Infrastructure	327	298
Office running costs	5	16
Professional and consultancy fees	82	100
Lottery promotion	16	17
Irrecoverable VAT	81	73
Charge for use of fixed assets	27	12
Auditor's remuneration – Audit ¹	21	21
Internal audit	8	10
Council and committee meetings, including travel and subsistence	11	9
	665	618

1 The audit fee is for audit services and no non-audit services were provided.

Management and administration costs are apportioned between the Council's general activities and Lottery distribution accounts with reference to the time spent on, or the consumption of, the relevant resources by the respective functions. The rates applied differ according to the expenditure heading and geographical region but the average charge to Lottery activities was 47% (2018-19: 46%).

c Expenditure on the arts: Direct costs of grant making

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Assessors' fees	18	33
Resilience Fund support	195	333
Creative Conversations	-	5
<i>Criw Celf</i>	-	2
Creative Steps	-	2
Creative Wales Awards – scheme expenses	-	1
NDLF Central administration	6	-
Irrecoverable VAT	37	45
	256	421

3 Other arts awards

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Cross Border Touring	-	115
Beyond Borders awards in association with PRS Foundation	45	40
Unlimited awards in association with Arts Council England	-	120
	45	275

4 National Lottery Distribution Fund

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Balance held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund (NLDF) at 1 April	14,894	15,619
Allocation of Lottery proceeds	17,761	16,000
Investment income receivable	86	82
Drawn down in the year	(14,705)	(16,807)
Balance held in the National Lottery Distribution Fund at 31 March	18,036	14,894

The balance in the National Lottery Distribution Fund at 31 March 2020 is in accordance with the Interim Certificate issued by the Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport.

5 Trade and other receivables

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
<i>a Non-current assets</i>		
Other receivables	150	150
<i>b Current assets</i>		
Grants recoverable	-	-

6 Trade payables and other current liabilities – amounts falling due within one year

	2019-20	2018-19
	£000	£000
Trade and other payables:		
Trade payables	64	11
Due to the Arts Council of Wales General Activities account:		
for apportioned costs ¹	200	146
Accruals and deferred income	34	60
Sub-total: Trade and other payables	298	217
Other liabilities:		
Delegated distributors ²	479	316
Grants (note 7)	8,104	9,725
Sub-total: Other liabilities	8,583	10,041
Total current liabilities	8,881	10,258
1 The amount due to the Arts Council of Wales General Activities account is made up of:		
Recharges of apportioned costs		
– Staff	114	98
– Overheads	59	36
– Charge for use of assets	27	12
	200	146
2 The Council has delegated Lottery funds (note 9) to the following distributors:		
Undrawn funds at 31 March		
– Ffilm Cymru Wales (for film)	405	243
– Literature Wales (for writers' bursaries)	74	73
	479	316

7 Grants

	£000	£000	2019-20 £000	2018-19 £000
	Capital	Revenue schemes	Total	Total
Payable at 1 April	4,445	6,744	11,189	14,950
Grants made in the year	1,406	9,305	10,711	9,727
Amounts not taken up	(39)	(284)	(323)	(156)
Charged to Statement of Comprehensive Net Income / Expenditure	1,367	9,021	10,388	9,571
Grants paid in the year	(1,788)	(9,219)	(11,007)	(13,332)
Payable at 31 March ¹	4,024	6,546	10,570	11,189
Falling due within one year to:	1,988	6,116	8,104	9,725
Falling due after more than one year:	2,036	430	2,466	1,464
	4,024	6,546	10,570	11,189
¹ Ageing of grants payable:				
2019-20	-	-	-	9,725
2020-21	1,988	6,116	8,104	1,413
2021-22	1,736	401	2,137	51
2022-23	300	29	329	-
	4,024	6,546	10,570	11,189

Grants approved but not formally offered at 31 March
which are not recognised in the Statement of
Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure and Statement
of Financial Position

109	-
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8 Cash and cash equivalents

	2019-20 £000	2018-19 £000
The following balances at 31 March were held at:		
Commercial banks and cash in hand	1,124	1,373

9 Delegated Lottery distributors

The Council has fully operational delegation agreements in place with the following bodies for the distribution of Lottery funds:

	Ffilm Cymru Wales for film	Nesta for Digital R&D projects	BBC Cymru Wales for the Horizons scheme	Literature Wales for writers' bursaries	Tŷ Cerdd for for community & Welsh music	2019-20 Total	2018-19 Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Undrawn funds at 1 April	243	–	–	73	–	316	861
Delegated for the year	1,480	267	115	96	80	2,038	1,686
	1,723	267	115	169	80	2,354	2,547
Drawn down in the year	(1,318)	(267)	(115)	(95)	(80)	(1,875)	(2,231)
Undrawn funds at 31 March	405	–	–	74	–	479	316
Grants recorded as payable by the delegated distributors at 31 March	695	–	–	84	–	779	1,497

Full lists of the grants administered by the delegated distributors during 2019-20 are included in the annexes to this Annual Report.

10 Contingent asset

Sale of Olympic Park

The National Lottery Distributors are entitled to receive a share of receipts from the sale of land on Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park in return for their contribution of an additional £675m to the funding of the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games. This was announced in 2007. The arrangements are set out in a legal agreement between the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport and the Greater London Authority (GLA) dated 29th March 2012 which sets out the distribution of funds between the GLA and the Lottery Distributors via the Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport (DCMS). Land sales are likely to take place over a lengthy period, estimated to be from 2019-20 to 2036-37. DCMS estimates the first payments to the Lottery Distributors will be in the early to mid-2020s.

11 Events after the reporting period

Authorisation of these financial statements for issue

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Accounting Officer on the same date as the Comptroller and Auditor General certified them.

12 Financial instruments

International Financial Reporting Standard 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, requires disclosure of the role which financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks the Council's function faces in undertaking its role.

Liquidity risks – In 2019-20 £17,761,000 or 99.2% of the Council's Lottery distribution income was derived from the National Lottery (2018-19: £16,000,000 or 99.2%). Of the remaining income £86,000 or 0.5% was derived from investment returns from the balance held with the National Lottery Distribution Fund (2018-19: £82,000 or 0.5%) and £53,000 or 0.3% from other investment income and sundry income (2018-19: £56,000 or 0.3%). The Council does not consider that its Lottery Distribution function is exposed to any significant liquidity risk, and is satisfied that the balance within the National Lottery Distribution Fund and projected future Lottery proceeds are sufficient to meet its hard commitments.

Interest rate risks – The financial assets of the Lottery are invested in the National Lottery Distribution Fund, which invests in a narrow band of low risk assets such as government bonds and cash. The Council has no control over the investment of funds in the National Lottery Distribution Fund. Cash and cash equivalents which are drawn down from the Fund to pay grant commitments and operating costs are held in an instant access, variable rate bank account which on average carried an interest rate of 0.5% in the year (2018-19: 0.5%). The cash and cash equivalents balance at the year end was £1,124,000 (2019: £1,373,000). The Council does not consider that its Lottery Distribution function is exposed to significant interest rate risks.

Foreign currency risk – The lottery distribution function of the Council is not exposed to any significant foreign exchange risks.

Cash flow risk – The Council is not exposed to any significant cash flow risks.

13 Related party transactions

Public bodies

The Council is a Welsh Government sponsored body.

The Welsh Parliament/Welsh Government is regarded as a related party and details of transactions with the Welsh Parliament/Welsh Government are given in the separate accounts covering the Council's general activities.

The National Lottery Distribution Fund is administered by the Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport which is regarded as a related party. During the year the Council had no material transactions with the Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport other than those shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure.

Delegated Lottery distributors

As disclosed in note 9, Ffilm Cymru Wales, Nesta, BBC Cymru Wales, Literature Wales and Tŷ Cerdd are delegated distributors of the Council's Lottery funding. During the year the Council had no material transactions with them other than those shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Net Income/Expenditure.

Individuals

Members of Council, Committees, staff or other related parties (being close family members) undertook financial transactions (listed below) with the Council in its role as Lottery distributor during the year.

Where the individuals and/or their close family were members of the Boards of Management (or equivalent) or were senior employees of organisations offered Lottery grants or other Lottery payments by the Council in 2019-20 in all such cases, in accordance with the Council's Code of Best Practice, the individual concerned withdrew from any meeting where there was a discussion or decision regarding funding.

Under the Council's Code of Best Practice an interest is deemed to persist for a minimum period of one year after the individual has left the position which created the interest. This policy is reflected in the disclosures which follow.

Financial transactions with the Council in respect of its general activities are recorded in the separate accounts covering those activities.

Council members

Member Role	Organisation	Transaction 2019-20 (number)	Total value 2019-20 £	Balance outstanding at 31 March 2020 £
Iwan Bala Member	Butetown Artists Group – Bay Art	Grant (1)	49,110	40,761
Devinda De Silva Employment	National Theatre Wales	Grant (1)	6,064	3,659
Board member	August 012	Grant (2)	76,900	19,795
Board member	Dirty Protest	Grant (1)	10,000	1,000
Andy Eagle Employment	Chapter	Grant (3)	275,947	260,645
Marian Wyn Jones Non-Executive Director	Betsi Cadwaladr Health Board	Grant (0)	Nil	3,000
Board member	Canolfan Gerdd William Mathias	Grant (1)	5,000	Nil
Council member	Bangor University	Grant (2)	80,000	78,469
Gwennan Mair Employment	Theatr Clwyd	Grant (1)	11,486	133,562
Drama board member	Eisteddfod Genedlaethol	Grant (1)	75,000	75,000
Victoria Provis Council member	University of Wales Trinity Saint David	Grant (1)	198,100	108,950
Dafydd Rhys Employment	Aberystwyth Arts Centre	Grant (3)	38,280	31,089

Committee members

Member Role	Organisation	Transaction 2019-20 (number)	Total value 2019-20 £	Balance outstanding at 31 March 2020 £
Ruth Cayford Employment	Cardiff Council (St David's Hall)	Grant (1) Invoice (3)	99,738 697	154,307 Nil
Roland Evans Employment	Gwynedd County Council	Grant (0)	Nil	34,142

Members of the Senior Leadership Team

Member Role	Organisation	Transaction 2019-20 (number)	Total value 2019-20 £	Balance outstanding at 31 March 2020 £
Katherine Davies Employment (Family member)	Cardiff Council (St David's Hall)	Grant (1) Invoice (3)	99,738 697	154,307 Nil

Other members of staff

Member Role	Organisation	Transaction 2019-20 (number)	Total value 2019-20 £	Balance outstanding at 31 March 2020 £
Rachel England Member	Cardiff Deaf Centre	Grant (1)	6,570	Nil
Eluned Haf Director (Family member)	Canolfan Gerdd William Mathias	Grant (1)	5,000	Nil
Gillian Hughes Employment (Family member)	Awen Cultural Trust	Grant (3)	85,000	58,902
Ian McAndrew Board member	Sound Progression	Grant (2)	47,750	3,000
Judith Musker Turner Band Member (Family member)	Calan	Grant(1)	17,260	1,726

Annexes (not forming part of the financial statements)

National Lottery Policy Directions

The Welsh Ministers, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 26(1) of the National Lottery etc. Act 1993, and having consulted with the Arts Council of Wales pursuant to Section 26(5) of that Act, have issued the following Directions:

- 1 In these Directions any reference to a section is a reference to a section of the National Lottery etc. Act 1993 as amended by the National Lottery Act 1998.
- 2 The Arts Council of Wales shall take into account the following matters in determining the persons to whom, the purposes for which and the conditions subject to which it distributes money under section 25(1):

Generic

- A the need to ensure that money is distributed under section 25(1) for projects which promote the public good or charitable purposes and which are not intended primarily for public gain;
- B the need to ensure that it considers applications which relate to the complete range of activities falling within section 22(3)(b) and in respect of which it has the power to distribute money, taking into account:
 - i its assessment of the needs of the arts and arts activities and its priorities for the time being for addressing them;
 - ii the need to ensure that all regions of Wales have access to funding;
 - iii the scope for reducing economic and social deprivation at the same time as creating benefits for the arts;
- C the need to further the objectives of sustainable development;
- D the need for money distributed under section 25(1) to be distributed only to projects where they are for a specific, time-limited purpose;
- E the need:
 - i in all cases, for applicants to demonstrate the financial viability of the project for the period of the grant;
 - ii where capital funding or setting up costs are sought, for a clear business plan beyond the period of the grant, incorporating provision for associated running and maintenance costs;
 - iii in other cases, for consideration to be given to likely availability of other funding to meet any continuing costs for a reasonable period after completion of the period of the Lottery award, taking into account the size and nature of the project, and for Lottery funding to be used to assist progress towards viability beyond the period of the grant wherever possible;
- F the desirability of supporting the development of long term financial and managerial viability of organisations in the arts. In taking this into account the Arts Council shall have regard to Direction D;
- G the need to require an element of partnership funding and/or contributions in kind, from other sources, commensurate with the reasonable ability of different kinds of application, or applicants in particular areas to obtain such support;
- H the desirability of working with other organisations, including other distributors, where this is an effective means of delivering elements of its strategy;

- I the need to ensure that its powers to solicit applications under section 25(2)(A) are used in connection with the pursuit of strategic objectives;
- J the need to obtain such information as it considers necessary to make decisions on each application, including independent advice when required;
- K the need to operate within the distinctive policy context in Wales, adding value where appropriate to Welsh Government strategies, to enable the development of opportunities for everyone to flourish within a more successful and sustainable Wales;
- L the need to promote access to the arts for people from all sections of society;
- M the need to promote knowledge of, and interest in, the arts by children and young people;
- N the need to encourage new talent, innovation, and excellence, and to help develop new skills;
- O the need to support volunteering and encourage volunteering in the arts;
- P the need to involve the public and local communities in making policies and setting priorities;

Specific

- Q the need to promote and support throughout Wales the cultural significance of the Welsh language and the bilingual nature of Wales, including giving effect to the principle of equality between the English and Welsh languages. This should include the addition of specific conditions on the Welsh language in grant offers, an effective monitoring and overseeing of the performance of grant recipients with regard to those conditions;
- R the need to ensure coherent monitoring, evaluation and reporting systems that support quality service delivery, and to maintain accountability by providing an annual report on the Arts Council of Wales' lottery funding activity to the Welsh Government. This report should include an analysis of grants made, and the distribution of these by size, type, geographical area, and art form.

Dated: 1 October 2012

Lottery Distribution – Grants 2019-20

Net of offers not taken up or withdrawn

Grants to Organisations

Capital grants

Awen Cultural Trust	£35,000
Carmarthenshire County Council	£1,000,000
Chapter Cardiff Ltd.	£218,997
Clwb Ifor Bach	£25,000
Cwmni'r Frân Wen	£29,638
Ffotogallery	£21,015
Llantarnam Grange Arts Centre	£11,088
Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council	£40,000
Torch Theatre Company Limited	£25,000
	£1,405,738

Arts and Health - Open Lottery

CwmafanFest	£10,000
The Escape Artists North Wales CIC	£9,500
	£19,500

Arts and Health - Open Lottery

Cwmni'r Frân Wen	£50,000
engage (National Association for Gallery Education)	£31,800
Stephens and George Charitable Trust	£10,000
Venue Cymru	£82,000
	£173,800

Commissioning, Making and Presenting - Open Lottery

Abergavenny Writing Festival C.I.C.	£4,090
Adverse Camber (2 awards)	£34,744
Arcade Campfa	£30,000
Articulture	£5,000
August 012 Limited (2 awards)	£76,900
Aurav Disha	£4,688
Avant Cymru	£9,000
Bale and Thomas (2 awards)	£25,350
Ballet Cymru	£42,884
Bardd	£4,977
Beyond the Border Storytelling Festival	£80,000
Brecon Beacons Music Trust	£13,000
Brecon Jazz Club / Brecon Jazz Music Trust	£5,000
Butetown Artists	£49,110
Butetown Arts & Culture Association	£50,000
CAN YOU CIC IT?	£9,000
Canolfan Gerdd William Mathias Cyf	£5,000

Cardiff Animation Festival	£10,000
Cardiff Deaf Centre	£6,570
Chapter Cardiff Ltd.	£34,950
Chippy Lane Productions	£5,000
Citrus Arts	£29,996
Company of Sirens (2 awards)	£28,000
Contemporary Cymru	£10,000
Cowbridge Music Festival	£25,000
Criw Brwd	£30,000
Cwlwm Celtaidd Wales' Interceltic Festival	£5,000
CwmafanFest	£5,000
Cwmni Pendraw	£4,500
Cwmni Pluen Company	£4,650
Cwmni Siamas CYF	£5,000
Cwmni Theatr Arad Goch	£4,912
Cwmni Theatr OMB	£11,615
Cwmni'r Frân Wen	£44,360
Cymru - Brasil	£4,087
Dawns i Bawb	£2,475
Deborah Perkin Media Ltd (DPML)	£10,000
Eisteddfod Genedlaethol Cymru	£75,000
FIO (3 awards)	£124,601
Fishguard and West Wales International Music Festival	£40,000
FOCUS Wales (2 awards)	£80,000
g39	£62,500
Gagglebabble	£8,750
Green Man Trust Ltd	£65,000
Gregynog Festival	£15,200
Gŵyl Beaumaris Festival	£5,000
Gŵyl Ogwen	£2,097
Gwyn Emberton Dance	£5,000
Gwyn Hall - Celtic Leisure	£5,000
Helpa Gelf Cyfyngedig	£18,127
Hummadrud	£3,705
International Ceramics Festival	£5,000
Jukebox Collective	£5,000
Lighthouse Theatre Ltd	£30,000
Llangollen International Musical Eisteddfod	£80,000
Maindee Festival Association	£4,250
Menter Caerffili	£5,000
Mercator International	£14,124
Mercury Theatre Wales	£5,000
Mewn Cymeriad/In Character	£20,000
Mid Border Community Arts Ltd (2 awards)	£10,500
Mid Wales Opera	£96,884
MOSTYN	£25,000
North Wales International Music Festival	£39,000
Opera'r Ddraig	£37,300

operasonic cyf	£30,000
Os Nad Nawr (2 awards)	£14,440
Papertrail / Llwybr Papur (2 awards)	£50,000
Peak	£8,910
Pontio Arts	£50,000
PowderHouse	£30,515
Presteigne Festival of Music and the Arts Ltd	£37,000
Red Oak Theatre	£4,694
Riverside Festival Association	£3,750
Sain (Recordiau) Cyf	£5,000
Sesiwn Fawr Dolgellau	£19,000
Shape Arts	£30,000
Small World Theatre Ltd	£29,197
Span Arts Ltd	£29,001
St. Davids Cathedral Festival	£19,000
St. David's Hall	£99,738
Stiwt Arts Trust Ltd.	£28,500
Striking Attitudes	£5,000
Tabernacl (Bethesda) Cyf	£30,200
tactileBOSCH Projects	£20,520
Taking Flight Theatre Company	£69,789
The Devil's Violin Co	£41,576
The Gate Arts and Community Centre	£5,000
The Jones Collective (2 awards)	£115,370
The Romani Cultural Arts Company	£27,000
The Successors of the Mandingue Ltd	£10,000
The Welsh Chamber Orchestra Ltd.	£50,000
Theatr Brycheiniog	£30,000
Theatr Colwyn	£27,200
Theatr Genedlaethol Cymru	£30,000
Theatr na nÓg	£50,000
Theatr3	£9,750
Theatrau Sir Gâr	£45,000
Tin Shed Theatre Co. (2 awards)	£67,535
TRIONGL	£16,350
University of Wales Trinity Saint David (2 awards)	£190,000
Vale of Glamorgan Festival	£70,000
Vertical Dance Kate Lawrence	£42,988
Visual Arts Group Wales	£5,000
Wye Valley Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)	£25,000
Ystradgynlais Miners' Welfare and Community Hall Trust Ltd	£43,800
	£3,132,719

Creative Pathways - Criw Celf

Arts Active Trust	£185,235
Llantarnam Grange Arts Centre	£75,500
Mission Gallery	£140,000
MOSTYN	£186,045

Powys County Council	£60,000
	£646,780

Creative Pathways - Open Lottery

Aberjazz	£12,500
Afro Cluster	£5,000
Artis Community Cymuned (2 awards)	£14,400
Arts & Business Cymru (2 awards)	£60,000
Avant Cymru	£24,800
Calan	£17,260
Clwb Ifor Bach	£5,000
Coleg Cambria	£18,250
Community Music Wales	£36,408
Dance Umbrella	£5,000
English Folk Dance and Song Society (EFDSS)	£5,000
Eternal Community Media	£8,714
Ffilm Cymru Wales	£5,000
Hay Festival of Literature and the Arts Ltd (3 awards)	£102,163
Henry's Funeral shoe	£1,875
Hijinx Theatre	£40,251
Leeway Productions	£28,550
NoFit State Circus (2 awards)	£34,730
Ransack Dance Company	£10,000
Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council	£30,000
Rubicon Dance	£18,989
Sherman Theatre	£50,198
Taking Flight Theatre Company	£12,929
trac - Music Traditions Wales	£48,720
Tŷ Cerdd - Music Centre Wales	£30,000
	£625,737

Equalities - Creative Steps

Butetown Arts & Culture Association (2 awards)	£30,000
FIO	£85,000
G-Expressions	£35,800
Sound Progression	£30,000
	£180,800

Equalities -Open Lottery

Action in Caerau and Ely	£45,000
Age Cymru	£34,544
Glynn Vivian Art Gallery	£52,250
	£131,794

Resilience and Sustainability

Aberystwyth Arts Centre	£12,540
Chapter Cardiff Ltd.	£22,000
Galeri Caernarfon Cyf	£10,000
National Theatre Wales	£6,064

Theatr Genedlaethol Cymru	£2,500
Ystradgynlais Miners' Welfare and Community Hall Trust Ltd	£6,500
	£59,604

International Opportunities Fund

Ballet Nimba	£2,400
Davis & Jones	£5,000
Galeri Caernarfon Cyf	£3,150
Gwyn Emberton Dance (2 awards)	£7,840
Mavron Quartet	£2,000
NoFit State Community Circus Ltd	£3,500
Pam Lai?	£4,900
The Llanarth Group Limited	£2,535
Theatr na nŌg	£5,000
Tŷ Cerdd - Music Centre Wales	£2,391
University of Wales Trinity Saint David (2 awards)	£8,100
UPROAR	£4,997
Winding Snake Productions	£5,000
	£56,703

Wales and the World - Open Lottery

Wales Millennium Centre	£80,000
	£80,000

Wales and the World - Wales in Edinburgh

Theatr Clwyd	£11,486
	£11,486

Widening Engagement - Open Lottery

3 G's Development Trust	£30,000
Aber Valley YMCA	£5,000
Aberystwyth Arts Centre	£25,740
Arcade Campfa	£5,000
Artes Mundi Prize Limited	£55,000
Articulture	£60,605
Arts Connection - Cyswllt Celf	£5,000
Awen Cultural Trust	£50,000
Ballet Cymru	£57,600
Bridgend Town Council	£9,800
Canolfan Ucheldre Centre	£27,500
Chippy Lane Productions	£6,182
Community Heart Productions	£4,200
Conwy County Borough Council	£30,800
Creu Cymru - The Development Agency for Theatres and Arts Centres in Wales	£39,500
Denbighshire County Council	£30,000
Elysium Gallery	£44,779
FIO	£30,000
Foundation for Community Dance	£29,968
Galeri Caernarfon Cyf	£5,000

G-Expressions	£30,000
Glynn Vivian Art Gallery	£29,250
Hafren	£15,000
Hayaat Women Trust	£3,356
Inside Out Cymru	£15,775
Llanast Llanrwst	£5,000
Llangollen Fringe Festival	£25,000
Llanover Hall Community Arts	£3,725
Made In Roath	£40,000
Melville Centre for the Arts CIC	£15,000
Menter Caerdydd	£40,000
Menter Iaith Bro Morgannwg	£5,000
Merthyr Tydfil Leisure Trust	£51,740
Mess up the Mess Theatre Company	£29,444
Music Theatre Wales	£16,750
NEW Dance	£30,000
North East Wales Sinfonia C.I.C.	£27,369
Oriel Davies Gallery	£9,900
Pontio Arts	£30,000
Race Council Cymru	£129,790
Ruthin Craft Centre	£10,000
Sound Progression	£17,354
South Riverside Community Development Centre Ltd.	£3,750
Strata Florida Trust	£5,272
The Aloud Charity	£30,000
The Escape Artists North Wales CIC	£17,500
The Forget-me-Not Chorus Cardiff	£5,000
the*kickplate*project	£15,655
trac - Music Traditions Wales	£29,729
Tŷ Cerdd - Music Centre Wales	£22,020
Tŷ Pawb	£137,050
Urdd Gobaith Cymru	£35,000
Wrexham Community Choir CIC	£3,000
Ystradgynlais Miners' Welfare and Community Hall Trust Ltd (2 awards)	£15,000

£1,450,103
Arts Portfolio Wales

£353,850

National Youth Arts Wales

£353,850
India Wales

£20,897

Mercator International

£20,897
Ideas, People, Places

£27,930

CARN

£27,930

Creative Learning through the Arts Programme

£1,300,000

Arts Council of Wales (General Activities)

£1,300,000**Total Grants to Organisations****£9,708,571**

Grants to Individuals

Commissioning, Making and Presenting - Open Lottery

Ackers, Stacey (Anastacia)	£2,983
Ahmun, Shakeera	£1,725
Allen, Connor	£21,266
Asprou, Kyriacos	£4,982
Awst, Manon	£10,000
Back, Stephanie	£56,150
Baker, Denise	£3,000
Barrett, Karina	£4,447
Birditt, Angus D.	£9,000
Bower, Ric	£5,000
Bowers, Richard	£4,970
Bowman, Elen	£2,700
Boyd, Patrick	£3,000
Bradley, Nerida	£2,700
Brett, Jessie	£3,000
Briton, Jesse (2 awards)	£17,350
Campbell, Kathryn	£23,087
Ceidiog Hughes, Gethin	£5,000
Charles, Clare	£1,925
Cliffe, Justin	£25,388
Constantini, Lucy May	£3,000
Crerar, John	£2,965
Davies, Leigh	£4,750
de Nasty, Ming	£5,000
Dowmunt, Zosia	£3,000
Dyson, Catherine	£2,800
Edwards, Alix	£3,000
Elidyr, Elan	£2,500
Fahiya, Danielle	£3,000
Gingell, Zoe	£6,000
Goldberg, Maud	£5,000
Hardy-Griffith, Rebecca	£9,800
Hartley, Matt	£3,000
Hartwig, Johana	£2,985
Hefin, Ioan	£3,000
Hobson, Louise	£23,945
Hughes, Sian	£3,000
Huws, Catrin Fflur	£3,000
Izzard, Mari	£3,000
James, Dafydd	£20,197

James, Lesley	£3,000
James, Verity	£5,000
Jones, Ceri	£3,000
Jones, Dan	£3,000
Jones, Lucia	£7,634
Jones, Sian Elen	£2,970
Kaleta, Olga	£3,000
Kouyaté, N'famady	£3,000
Lloyd, Ben	£17,000
Lowe, Rhiannon	£10,000
Martinez de Lecea, Nerea	£5,000
May, Daniel	£18,207
McGregor, Huw	£9,939
Morris, Sherrall	£3,600
Munn, Carri	£3,000
O'Reilly, Kaite	£25,000
Owen, Karen	£3,000
Owen, Rhiannon	£10,702
Parsons, Alex Marshall	£3,000
Pasotra, Tina	£3,000
Pasut, Melissa	£13,000
Payne, Katie (2 awards)	£28,591
Philp, Jack	£3,000
Preece, Zoe	£25,000
Razi, Mehdi	£3,000
Redd, Matt	£3,000
Rees, Marc	£3,000
Roberts, Paul John	£5,000
Sabin, Caroline	£47,930
Salt, Katie	£3,000
Schneidermann, Clémentine	£10,000
Self, Keiron	£3,000
Smith, Rachael	£5,680
Smith-Williams, Rebecca	£3,000
Strigner, Elly	£3,000
Taylor-Beales, Rachel	£20,102
Thomas, Sita	£3,000
Wagstaff (Stage name - Peri Thomas), Peri Jessica	£3,000
Webster, Catrin	£24,501
Whittaker, Paul (2 awards)	£5,400
Wilkin, Neil	£25,000
Williams, Ali	£38,850
Williams, Bedwyr	£40,000
Williams, Ceriann	£10,000
Williams, Susan	£2,800

£794,521
Creative Pathways - Open Lottery

Buick, Adam	£5,000
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Chambers, Gareth	£1,954
Crawford, Kizzy	£4,950
Dias, Natalia	£2,000
Dowmunt, Zosia	£9,930
Evans, Daniel	£4,695
Harris, Christopher (2 awards)	£12,775
Hillard, Ainsley	£10,000
James, Sian	£6,800
Jarvis, Bethan Eleri	£4,408
Keehan, Bridget	£4,690
Leigh, Megan	£858
Lerner, Jessica	£3,810
Llwyd, Owain	£1,990
Lowe, Krystal	£2,864
Norris, Linda	£1,653
Pritchard, John Ceri	£9,614
Rowlands, Siân	£2,000
Soave, George	£2,254
	£92,245

Equalities -Open Lottery

Hampton, Annabelle	£4,271
	£4,271

International Opportunities Fund

Adams, Susan	£4,977
Bird-Jones, Christine	£2,815
Booth, Helen	£3,257
Brooker, Julia	£4,870
Burgess, Cefyn	£5,000
Cardew, Hazel	£2,431
Charles, Eric Ngalle	£3,000
Christie, Sam	£315
Creighton Griffiths, Benjamin	£3,691
Davies, Rhodri	£5,000
Dewis, Adeola	£3,055
Elfyn, Menna	£1,072
Evans, Lisa	£1,088
Griffiths, Noelle	£3,730
Hereford, Luke	£2,200
Himsworth, Rhys	£5,000
Holgate Smith, Rosalind	£4,463
Jonathan Powell	£4,100
Jones, Catrin	£1,749
Kelly, Rebecca Wyn	£2,213
Lewis, Anna	£1,840
Lizalde Cano, Jorge	£510
Marfoggia, Matteo	£4,995
McReynolds, Richard	£979
Norris, Linda	£2,140

Orrell, Jeanette	£5,000
Parnell, Heather	£4,938
Price, Valerie Coffin	£1,390
Rees, Marc	£2,500
Roberts, Elen	£587
Skoulding, Zoe (2 awards)	£1,905
Soley, Daniel	£940
Taylor, Suzanna	£2,815
Wright, Joanna	£882
Wright, Matt	£4,250
	£99,697

Wales and the World - Open Lottery

Hiscott, Amber	£2,649
	£2,649

Total Grants to Individuals**£993,383****Total Grants Offered Net of Offers Not Taken Up Or Withdrawn****£10,701,954****Grants Administered by Ffilm Cymru Wales****Development**

Alex Melhuish	£15,000
Artemisia Films Ltd	£14,000
Fire Party	£17,000
Free Wheeling Films	£14,000
Mad as Birds	£5,000
Martha Stone Productions	£5,000
Medeni Griffiths	£15,000
New Black Films	£15,000
Perfect Motion Rob Alexander	£10,000
Severn Screen Ltd	£12,000
Shoot from the Hip Films/David Evans	£11,980
Standoff Pictures	£14,250
Sweetdoh	£15,000
Truth Department (Dewi Gregory)	£15,000
West End Stage	£12,500
	£190,730

Production

Artemisia Films Ltd	£95,000
Heart of Darkness	£10,000
Let there be rock Limited	£1,000
Perfect Motion Rob Alexander	£123,000
Silver Salt Films	£200,000
SPV Cinema One SPV4 Ltd (2 awards)	£114,998
	£543,998

Exhibition Festivals

Aberystwyth Arts Centre	£10,000
Clwyd Theatr Cymru	£14,500
Theatr Colwyn	£10,100
The Festivals Company Ltd	£12,500
Kotatsu Japanese Animation Festival	£3,500
Prestatyn and Melieden Community Action Group	£17,500
Wales One World Film Festival Ltd	£11,000
	£79,100

Exhibition Cinema Funding

Aberystwyth Arts Centre	£15,044
Age Cymru	£3,098
Cardiff Community Housing Association	£3,303
Cardiff Animation Festival	£7,440
Cymmer Community Library	£4,330
Focus Wales	£3,500
Galeri Caernarfon	£12,000
Theatre Gwaun	£5,000
Neuadd Ogwen	£8,000
Pontardawe Arts Centre	£6,500
Pontio	£10,000
Taliesin Arts Centre	£8,000
The Welfare Ystradgynlais	£2,685
	£88,900

Total Grants From Ffilm Cymru Wales

Net Of Offers Not Taken up or Withdrawn	£902,728
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Grants Administered by BBC Cymru Wales**Horizons: Launchpad Fund**

Adwaith	£1,200
Ailsa Tully	£1,000
Al Moses	£1,100
Alffa	£500
Asha Jane	£1,175
Big Thing	£600
Blackelvis	£1,000
bloom!	£750
Breichiau Hir	£850
Chasing Shadows	£500
Corey Austin	£1,100
Cynefin	£850
DD Darillo	£900
Dead Method	£1,000
Denuo	£1,500
Dienw	£1,200
Endaf	£1,000

GG Fearn	£500
HANA2K	£1,200
Juice Menace	£1,500
Lucas J Rowe	£1,350
Luke RV	£1,000
Lunar Bird	£700
MACY	£1,000
Mantaraybryn	£1,000
Melin Melyn	£1,000
Natty Paynter	£400
Noah Bouchard	£500
Panic Shack	£1,375
Red Telephone	£1,000
Rosehip Teahouse	£1,000
Sonny Winnebago	£750
Telgate	£600
	£31,100

**Total Grants from BBC CYMRU WALES
net of offers not taken up or withdrawn**

£31,100

**Grants Administered by Literature Wales
Writers' Bursaries**

Angela V. John	£3,000
Angharad Tomos	£3,000
Catrin Kean	£3,000
Efa Lois	£3,000
Elan Grug Muse	£3,000
Faye Rhiannon Latham	£3,000
Geraint Lewis	£3,000
Jonathan Edwards	£3,000
Karen Owen	£3,000
Laura Wainwright	£3,000
Llŷr Titus	£3,000
Luned Aaron	£3,000
Mari Ellis Dunning	£3,000
Megan Angharad Hunter	£3,000
Morgan Owen	£3,000
Rachel Dawson	£3,000
Rebecca Parfitt	£3,000
Rhys Trimble	£3,000
Sadia Pineda Hameed	£3,000
Sharon Marie Jones	£3,000
	£60,000

Support Fund Bursary

Bev Lennon	£600
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	£600
Other support to writers	
152 awards	£11,485
	£11,485
Total Grants from Literature Wales net of offers not taken up or withdrawn	£72,085
Grants Administered by Tŷ Cerdd	
New music commissions	
Ardwyn Singers	£900
Beyond the Border: Wales International Storytelling Festival	£1,000
Canolfan Gerdd William Mathias	£2,000
Cantorion Creigiau	£500
City Music Foundation London	£750
Côr Persain	£250
National Youth Arts Wales	£1,000
newCELF	£800
Republic of the Imagination	£1,600
Theatr FelinFach / Côr Cardi-Gân	£750
UPROAR	£2,000
Wallace Collection	£2,000
Welsh Chamber Orchestra	£750
Young Music Makers of Dyfed	£1,080
	£15,380
Youth funding	
Bangor Music Festival	£2,000
Burry Port Town Band	£400
Brecon Beacons Music Trust	£1,250
Ffrindiau Ysgol Llandudoch	£500
Mid Wales Music Trust	£1,250
Butetown Culture & Arts	£2,000
Forte Project	£1,800
Cardiff Guitar Festival	£1,000
Crickhowell Choral Society	£400
Deiniolen Silver Band	£400
Eisteddfod Caerdydd	£1,000
Mid Wales Music Trust	£1,000
North Wales International Music Festival	£500
Operasonic Cyf	£1,000
Penrhys Pilgrimage	£1,500
Rhondda Fach Youth Band	£1,000
Rhyl Music Club	£500
Trac	£1,000
Tredeggar House Folk Festival	£2,000
Treherbert & District Band	£500
UPROAR	£1,000
Vale of Glamorgan Festival	£2,000

West Wales Brass Band Association	£750
Young Music Makers of Dyfed (2 awards)	£2,250
	£27,000

Programming Welsh music

Bangor University	£750
Cardiff Guitar Festival (2 awards)	£1,420
City of Cardiff Symphony Orchestra	£350
Côr Meibion Penybontfawr	£450
Fishguard Festival	£750
Friends of St Augustines Church	£500
Green Man Trust	£300
Gregynog Festival	£600
Gŵyl Gerdd Bangor Music Festival	£700
Llandaff Cathedral Choral Society	£300
Mavron Quartet	£900
National Youth Arts Wales	£300
North Wales International Music Festival	£650
Penarth Pier Pavilion	£600
Philomusica of Aberystwyth	£1,000
Presteigne Festival	£1,000
Sound Affairs	£1,000
Vale of Glamorgan Festival	£700
	£12,270

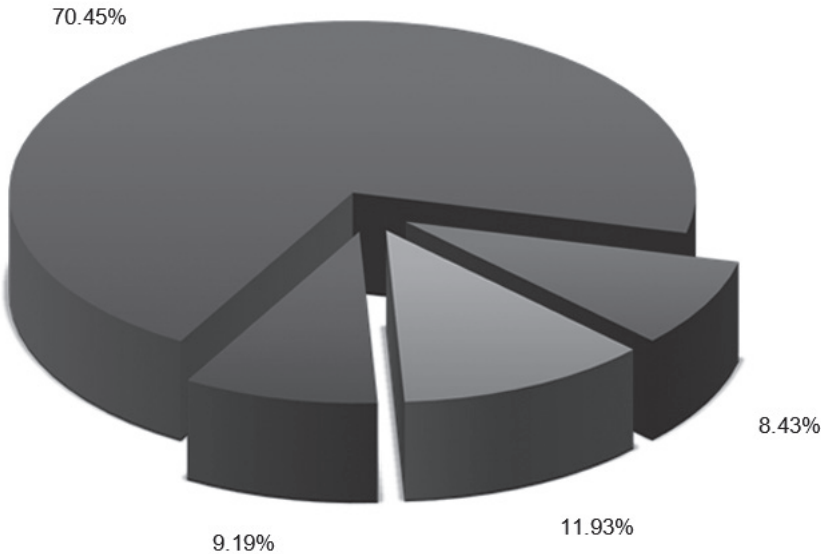
Music in Communities

Aberhonddu and District Male Choir	£250
Aberystwyth Showtime Singers	£500
Aberystwyth Silver Band	£500
All Saints Church Ammanford	£250
Bridgend Male Voice Choir	£450
Brynmaur Amateur Operatic Society	£500
Canton Chorus	£450
Côr Bro Ogwr	£500
Gower Festival	£375
Llandaff Cathedral Choral Society	£300
Montgomeryshire County Music Festival	£500
Pontardulais Brass Band	£400
Span Arts	£500
Tabernacl Music Society Bridgend	£300
Wrexham Business Group	£450

	£6,225
Composer in Residence	
Bangor Music Festival	£2,000
Côrdydd	£2,000
Forget-me-not Chorus	£2,000
Hijinx Theatre (2 awards)	£3,000
Lighthouse Theatre	£2,000
Parama 2	£2,000
Strata Florida	£2,000
Vale of Glamorgan Festival	£2,000
	£17,000
Total Grants from Tŷ Cerdd	
net of offers not taken up or withdrawn	£77,875

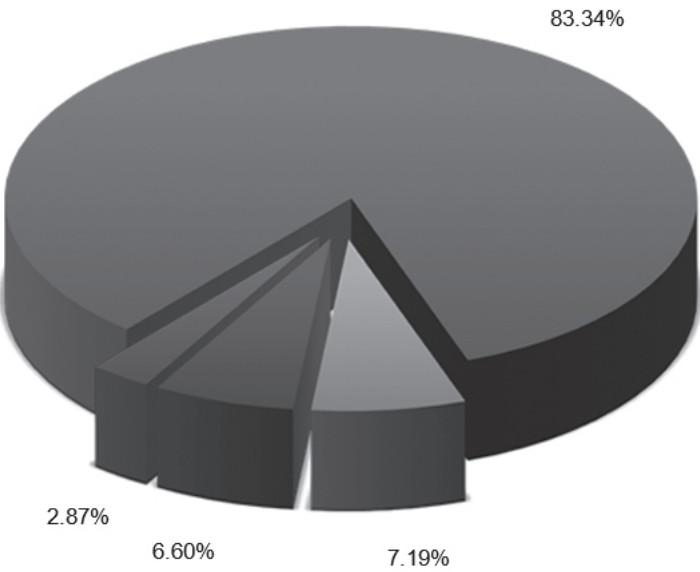
GRANTS BY TYPE

- Project grants to organisations
- Project grants to individuals
- Capital grants
- Grants administered under delegated authority



DELEGATED AUTHORITY GRANTS

- Grants administered by BBC Cymru Wales
- Grants administered by Ffilm Cymru Wales
- Grants administered by Tŷ Cerdd
- Grants administered by Literature Wales



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