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EXPORT OF OVINE & CAPRINE SEMEN TO MOROCCO

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OV's) and exporters and should have been issued to you together with export certificate 8827EHC. These Notes for Guidance (NFG) are not intended to operate as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 8827EHC.

Exporters are strongly advised to verify the requirements of the importing country by contacting the veterinary authorities, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

1. Scope of the Certificate

Export health certificate 8827EHC may be used for the export of ovine and caprine semen from the United Kingdom to the Kingdom of Morocco.

2. Official Signature

This certificate may be signed by an Official Veterinarian (OV) appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Scottish Government, Welsh Government or the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) Northern Ireland, who is on the appropriate panel for export purposes or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any ink colour **OTHER THAN BLACK**.

Certified Copy Requirements - England, Wales and Scotland

Guidance concerning return of certified copies of EHCs has changed and only specific certified copies are required to be returned to the APHA. Certifying OVs must return a certified copy of EHCs only for the following EHC types:

- if the exported commodity is cattle, pigs, sheep, goats or camelids;
- if the certificate was applied for manually and the application documents have been emailed to APHA and not applied for via the Exports Health Certificates Online (EHCO) system.

Certified copies should be emailed on the day of signature to the Centre for International Trade Carlisle (CITC) at the following address: certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk.

For certificates that have been issued to the Certifying OV via the EHCO system, the Certifying OV must complete the certifier portal with the status of the certificate and the date of signature.

A copy of all EHCs and supporting documentation certified must be retained for two years.

Certifying OVs are not required to return certified copies of other EHCs issued, however CITC may request certified copies of EHCs and supporting documentation in order to complete Quality Assurance checks or if an issue arises with the consignment after certification.

DAERA Export Health Certificates: Provision of certified copies

aPVPs certifying DECOL produced Export Health Certificates must return a legible, scanned copy of the final EHC to the relevant DAERA Processing Office within 1 working day of signing.

Good quality photographic copies will be accepted by the department, where obtaining a scanned copy is not feasible - for example, where 'on site' certification is undertaken and scanning facilities are not available.

For record purposes, a copy of the final Export Health Certificate and associated Support documents should be retained by the aPVP for a period of 2 years from the date of certification.

The Department will carry out periodic audits of all aspects of export certification to ensure that a high standard of certification is being maintained.

3. Obtaining an import permit

The exporter/agent should be aware of the requirements of the importing country particularly with respect to the requirement for an import permit. The import permit number should be given in the health certificate at paragraph IV.g).

4. Schedules

Paragraph I refers: A separate schedule may be used to identify the animals certified. This schedule must contain the same information as that required in paragraph I and paragraph I must be annotated "See attached schedule". Each page of the schedule must bear a page number and the health certificate reference number and must be signed, dated and stamped by the Official Veterinarian (OV).

The schedule must be stapled inside the health certificate and the OV should "fan" and stamp over the pages of the schedule and certificate. The top stapled corner of the schedule and certificate should be folded over and stamped also. Any blank spaces in the schedule or in paragraph I must be deleted with diagonal lines.

5. Notifiable disease clearance (form 618NDC)

Paragraphs V.1.1) and V.4.8.1) refer: OVs may certify these paragraphs on behalf of the Department provided written authority to do so has been obtained on form 618NDC from the APHA Centre for International Trade at Carlisle or the issuing office of DAERA in Northern Ireland.

For paragraphs V.2.1), V.2.2) (for contagious agalactia, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and peste de petits ruminants), V.2.3) (scrapie), V.2.7), V.3.5) (brucellosis, ovine epididymitis), V.3.6) (confirmed TB) - This can be certified based on completion of the internal support certificate (8827SPT) by the owner/centre veterinarian and APHA/DAERA veterinarian.

6. Additional Support Assurances required to enable certain paragraphs to be signed by the Official Veterinarian.

Paragraphs V.2.2) (for pulmonary adenomatosis and caseous lymphadenitis), V.2.3) (paratuberculosis), V.2.4), V.2.5), V.2.6), V.2.7), V.3.5), V.3.6), V.4.1), V.4.3), V.4.4), V.4.6) (all sub-paragraphs), V.4.7) (all sub-paragraphs), V.4.8.2), V.4.8.3), V.4.9) (all sub-paragraphs), V.4.10) (both sub-paragraphs, as applicable), V.5.1), V.5.2), V.5.3), V.5.4), V.5.5) and V.5.6) refer - OVs may certify these paragraphs based on personal knowledge of the flock(s)/herd(s) of origin of the animals or supporting certification from a private veterinarian with knowledge of the flocks(s)/herd(s) of origin; or in the case of the semen collection centre, supporting evidence from the centre veterinarian.

Paragraph V.5.2)- Exclusion of serum products or ruminant based products from semen extenders or antibiotics enables this clause to be certified, pending verification or evidence supplied by the centre veterinarian.

7. **Scrapie, tuberculosis and livestock identification**

Paragraph V.1.2) - This paragraph can be certified on the basis that scrapie is notifiable in the UK and the UK TSE Regulation (including Regulation 999/2001) in the UK sets out requirements for the control and eradication of TSEs. This includes implementation of the feed ban and requirement for positive scrapie cases to be destroyed. The surveillance and monitoring system (e.g. active and passive surveillance) in UK is in accordance with the WOAH code.

Paragraphs V.1.3) and V.4.2) - This paragraph can be certified based on the implementation of the Livestock (Records, Identification and Movement) regulations (as applicable in each devolved administration) in the UK.

Paragraphs V.2.3) and V.2.6) - The references to 'no case of scrapie has been reported for at least 7 years' and 'clinically free of tuberculosis for at least 3 years' must be certified based on APHA/DAERA checks and completion of 8827SPT. Clinical freedom of TB in the flock/herd shall include flocks/herds that have not been subject to official TB related restrictions in the last 3 years prior to movement.

8. **Laboratory tests**

The OV must ensure that any laboratory carrying out pre-export testing is officially approved for this purpose by Defra or DAERA.

In Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland), the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the APHA Laboratory, New Haw, Weybridge, Addlestone, Surrey, KT15 3NB, (Tel: 01932 341111). Some tests are carried out at APHA Lasswade, Pentlands Science Park, Bush Loan, Penicuik, Midlothian, EH26 0PZ, (Tel: 0131 445 6169). Certain specialist tests are carried out at regional APHA laboratories.

In Northern Ireland, the majority of pre-export testing is carried out at the Veterinary Sciences Division (VSD) Laboratory, Stormont, Belfast, BT4 3SD (tel: 028 9052 0011).

If tests for bluetongue are required, samples must be sent to the Pirbright Institute. Guidance on submission of samples, including the submission forms to use, can be found at:
http://www.pirbright.ac.uk/files/quick_media/Diagnostic%20Price%20List.pdf

For operational reasons however, the laboratories involved may change periodically. Accordingly, the OV is advised to check with the APHA or VSD to determine to which laboratories samples should be sent for testing. Samples should always be sent to the laboratory concerned sufficiently in advance of the export date to enable the tests to be carried out and reported. If in doubt as to the procedures for collection, the requirement for transport medium if any, dispatch of samples and the length of time a test is likely to take, the OV should seek the advice of the relevant laboratory.

9. **Sealing of the transport container**

Paragraph V.5.5) refers: The semen must be secured within a cryogenic container by a tamper-evident seal applied in such a way that the container cannot be opened without breaking the seal. The number on the seal must be entered at paragraph IV.f) on the health certificate.

If it is necessary to top up the container, *the additional liquid nitrogen used must meet the requirements of the certificate*. Topping up should be done in the presence of an Official Veterinarian (OV) who

must apply a new tamper-evident seal. The OV must endorse paragraph IV.f) on the health certificate with the new seal number, giving name and signature and dating and stamping the endorsement in the margin of the certificate in any ink colour **other than black**.

10. Disclaimer

This certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country.

If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade at Carlisle, via the link below:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/animal-and-plant-health-agency/about/access-and-opening#centre-for-international-trade-carlisle>

or, in the case of Northern Ireland, DAERA at Dundonald House, Belfast.