



DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENT, FOOD AND RURAL AFFAIRS  
SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT  
WELSH GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ENVIRONMENT AND RURAL AFFAIRS NORTHERN IRELAND

No: .....

EXPORT OF DAY OLD POULTRY<sup>(1)</sup> TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

HEALTH CERTIFICATE

EXPORTING COUNTRY: UNITED KINGDOM GREAT BRITAIN & NORTHERN IRELAND)

ISSUING COMPETENT AUTHORITY: (\*)APHA (GB) / (\*)DAERA (N. IRELAND)

FOR COMPLETION BY: OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

I. Number and identification of the day old poultry

a)

Number	Identification	Breed

b) United States of America (USA) import Permit No:

II. Origin of the day old poultry

a) Name and address of exporter:

b) Address(es) of all flock(s) of origin:

c) Address of hatchery / hatcheries:

**III. Destination of the day old poultry**

a) Name and address of consignee in USA:

b) Means of transportation:

**IV. Health Information**

I, the undersigned, certify that the day old poultry described above meet the following requirements:

- a) During the 90 days prior to export, the animals to be exported and their flocks of origin, were:
- (i) as far as it has been possible to determine, not exposed to **highly pathogenic avian influenza** (HPAI) or **Newcastle disease** (avian paramyxovirus-1);
  - (ii) not in any country, region or zone established because of the detection of Newcastle disease or HPAI in commercial poultry;
  - (iii) inspected on the premises of the flocks of origin and the hatchery prior to movement for export and were found to be clinically free of signs of communicable diseases of poultry;
  - (iv) During the 90 days prior to export, the flock of origin of the day old poultry to be exported had no contact with:
    - a. poultry or other avians of a lesser health status than the requirements specified in this certificate;
    - b. wild birds;
- b) The consignment did not originate from, or (based on the route plan and declaration provided by the exporter) travel through, any zones within the APHIS-defined European Poultry Trade Region<sup>(2)</sup> that were restricted for outbreaks of Newcastle disease or HPAI in commercial poultry for the following period of time, whichever is later:

~~1)\* until the restrictions were lifted by the national competent authority; or~~

2)\* 90 days after depopulation of all affected premises, followed by cleaning and disinfection of the last affected premises, in that zone.

[Note: only 1) applies if the restrictions had been placed for Newcastle disease or HPAI in racing pigeons, backyard flocks or wild birds.]

- c) on (date), being within 30 days prior to the date of shipment, fresh environmental samples were collected at random within the shed in which the flock(s) of origin were housed and were tested bacteriologically for the presence of **Salmonella enteritidis** at a laboratory approved under a national control programme for salmonella implementing European Council Regulation 2160/2003, and the samples gave a negative result in every case and there was no evidence or knowledge of *Salmonella enteritidis* present in the flock;

The flock(s) of origin remained closed and was (were) environmental tested at least once every 30 days. Not less than 2 consecutive tests have occurred on the premises of the flock of origin, prior to export of day old poultry from this flock. There was no use of *S. enteritidis* modified live vaccines;

- ◆d)\* (delete in the case of turkeys)  
within 90 days prior to the date of export at least 5 percent, or a minimum of 150 birds in each flock of origin were tested for **egg drop syndrome (EDS, or adenovirus 127)** with negative results in each case;
- e)\* (delete in the case of waterfowl species)  
The flock(s) of origin were tested negative within the previous 90 days for **Avian Metapneumovirus** [also known as Turkey Rhinotracheitis (TRT), Avian Rhinotracheitis, or Swollen Head]; tested by using 30 birds per house by any of the following methods: \*rRT-PCR, or \*ELISA, or \*serology. The flock(s) of origin **\*are/are not vaccinated** against this disease;
- f)\* **EITHER** (i) the day old poultry have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease (avian paramyxovirus), using vaccines that do not contain any velogenic strains of Newcastle disease;  
  
Name of vaccine manufacturer and date of vaccination:  
  
**OR** (ii) the day old poultry have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease;
- g) the animals for export have not been vaccinated against any H5 or H7 subtype of avian influenza;
- h) I have received a written declaration from the owner/exporter that the day old poultry will be placed for export at the premises of origin into clean, unused containers.

\*delete as applicable

**V. This certificate is valid for 10 days.**

<b>Stamp</b>	<b>Signed</b> .....RCVS
	<b>Name in</b>
	<b>block letters</b> .....
	<b>Official Veterinarian</b>
	*Environment, Food and Rural Affairs/Scottish Government/Welsh Government
	*Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs Northern Ireland
<b>Date</b> .....	<b>Address</b> .....
	.....

- (1) For the purpose of this certificate, **Day old Poultry** are defined as commercial birds of less than 72 hours of life (hatched within 3 days) of the following species: chickens, ducks, geese, grouse, guinea fowl, partridges, peafowl, pheasants, quail, pigeons and ratites, swans and turkeys; that are reared or kept in captivity for:
- a) the production of
    - i) meat;
    - ii) eggs for consumption;
    - iii) other products;
  - b) restocking supplies of game birds;
  - c) the purpose of breeding of birds used for the types of production referred to in points (a) and (b).

- (2) **APHIS-defined European Poultry Trade Region:** A single region consisting of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Great Britain (England, Scotland, and Wales), Greece, Hungary, Ireland (Republic of), Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Northern Ireland, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, and Sweden.