Scottish Government

DECLARATION OF SPECIAL MEASURES: FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE IMPORTATION OF ANIMAL CASINGS FROM SUSCEPTIBLE ANIMALS FROM CERTAIN THIRD COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES
THE TRADE IN ANIMALS AND RELATED PRODUCTS (SCOTLAND) REGULATIONS 2012

The Scottish Ministers have reasonable grounds for suspecting the existence of foot and mouth disease in certain countries and territories outside Great Britain, such that certain products originating in those countries and territories are liable to pose a risk to animal health.

Under regulation 25(1) of the Trade in Animals and Related Products (Scotland) Regulations 2012¹, the Scottish Ministers declare the following special measures to be necessary in Scotland in order to contain the risk to animal health.

Suspension of entry into Scotland

- 1. Subject to paragraphs 2 and 3, entry into Scotland is suspended for animal casings from susceptible animals originating from countries and territories outside Great Britain.
- 2. The restriction in paragraph 1 does not apply if the animal casings originate from a country or territory listed in Annex 1 to this Declaration, or an FMD-free zone listed in Annex 2² to this Declaration; and
 - a) the conditions in paragraph 4 are met; or
 - b) the country, territory or FMD-free zone is listed in Annex 2 to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements³, as authorised for imports of fresh meat into Great Britain, provided
 - i. the authorisation is not subject to provision of a supplementary guarantee other than supplementary guarantee 'G'; and
 - ii. the consignment is accompanied by a completed certificate using the model provided in Annex 5 to this Declaration.
- 3. The restriction in paragraph 1 does not apply if:

⁽¹) S.S.I. 2012/177. Regulation 25 was substituted by S.S.I. 2019/412 and amended by S.S.I. 2020/458.

⁽²⁾ FMD-free zones in countries and territories that are not otherwise listed in Annex 1.

⁽³⁾ EUR 2010/206 as amended by S.I. 2022/735; there are other amending instruments which are not relevant to this declaration.

- a) the animal casings originate from a country or territory listed in Annex 3 to this Declaration; and
- b) the conditions in paragraph 4 are met.
- **4.** The conditions referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 are that:
 - a) the animal casings have been subjected to either of the following treatments:
 - i) salting with sodium chloride (NaCl), either dry or as saturated brine (Aw < 0.80), for a continuous period of 30 days or longer at a temperature of 20°C or above; or
 - ii) salting with phosphate supplemented salt 86.5% NaCl, 10.7% Na₂HPO₄ and 2.8% Na₃PO₄ (weight/weight/weight), either dry or as saturated brine (Aw < 0.80) for a continuous period of 30 days or longer at a temperature of 20°C or above;
 - b) the animal casings are derived from animals that are not from premises under restriction for a notifiable disease; and
 - c) the consignment is accompanied by a completed certificate using the model provided in Annex 5 to this Declaration.
- **5.** The requirements in this Declaration are in addition to any other requirements that apply in relation to import of animal casings, including the requirements in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies⁴.

Interpretation

- **6.** In this Declaration:
 - a) "animal casings" means intestines and bladders that, after cleaning, have been processed by tissue scraping, defatting and washing, and have been treated with salt;
 - b) "notifiable disease" means a disease listed in Annex 4 to this Declaration;
 - c) "premises under restriction" means any establishment, land, building or other place where animals are habitually or temporarily kept that is under restriction imposed by the competent authority of the exporting country or territory for disease control purposes, including as a suspect premises, contact premises or premises in a disease control zone, but does not include where premises are required to undertake enhanced biosecurity measures in a free area; and
 - d) "susceptible animals" means bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals.

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⁽⁴⁾ EUR 2001/999.

Revocation of previous measures

7. The "Declaration of Special Measures: Foot and Mouth Disease, Importation of Animal Casings from Susceptible Animals from Certain Third Countries and Territories" made by Scottish Ministers on 24 March 2025 is revoked.

Coming into force and duration of the special measures

8. The revocation in paragraph 7 and the special measures in this Declaration apply from the beginning of the day after the day on which this Declaration is made until this Declaration is revoked or amended by a further declaration.

Date and time made: 27 March 2025 at 13:26

Signed

Jesus Gallego
Deputy Chief Veterinary Officer (Scotland)

A member of staff of the Scottish Ministers

Import of products in breach of this declaration is an offence under regulation 33 of the Trade in Animals and Related Products (Scotland) Regulations 2012.

Countries and territories which are referred to in paragraph 2 of this Declaration:

1. Albania	2. Argentina	3. Australia
4. Belarus	5. Belgium	
6. Belize	7. Bolivia	8. Bosnia and
		Herzegovina
9. Brazil	10.Brunei	11.Bulgaria
12. Canada	13. Chile	14. Taiwan
15. Colombia	16.Costa Rica	17. Croatia
18.Cuba	19.Cyprus	20. Czechia
21.Denmark ⁵	22.Dominican	23. Ecuador
	Republic	
24.El Salvador	25.Estonia	26. Eswatini
27. Falkland Islands	28.Finland ⁶	29.France ⁷
30. Greece	31.Greenland	32.Guatemala
33. Guyana	34.Haiti	35. Honduras
36. Iceland	37. Ireland	
38. Italy	39.Japan	40.Latvia
41.Lesotho	42. Liechtenstein	43.Lithuania
44. Luxembourg	45.Madagascar	46. Malta
47. Mexico	48. Montenegro	49. New Caledonia
50. New Zealand	51.Nicaragua	52. North Macedonia
53. Norway	54.Panama	55.Paraguay
56. Peru	57. Philippines	58.Poland
59. Portugal ⁸	60.Romania	61.San Marino
62. Saint Pierre and	63.Serbia	64.Singapore
Miquelon		
65. Slovenia	66. Spain ⁹	
67. Suriname	68. Sweden	69. Switzerland
70. The Netherlands	71.Ukraine	72. United States of
		America ¹⁰
73. Uruguay	74.Vanuatu.	

⁽⁵⁾ Including Faroe Islands.
(6) Including Åland Islands.
(7) Including French Guiana, Guadeloupe, Martinique, Réunion.
(8) Including Azores and Madeira.
(9) Including Balearic Islands and Canary Islands.
(10) Including American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands.

FMD-free zones which are referred to in paragraph 2 of this Declaration:

i. Botswana¹¹

- one zone consisting of Zones 3c (Dukwi), 4b, 5, 6a, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
 and 13
- one zone consisting of Zone 3c (Maitengwe)
- one zone covering Zone 4a
- one zone covering Zone 6b
- one zone covering Zone 3b
- one zone covering Zone 7

ii. Germany

 all of Germany with the exception of the area listed in Annex II to Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2025/323 of 11 February 2025 concerning certain emergency measures relating to foot and mouth disease in Germany and repealing Implementing Decision (EU) 2025/186¹², as it has effect in EU law on the date this Declaration is made.

iii. Kazakhstan¹³

- Zone 1 consisting of Almaty and Zhetisu regions
- Zone 2 consisting of Abay and East Kazakhstan regions
- Zone 3 including part of Kyzylorda region, northern part of South Kazakhstan region, northern and central parts of Zhambyl region
- Zone 4 including southern part of Kyzylorda region and south-western part of South Kazakhstan region
- Zone 5 including south-eastern part of South Kazakhstan region and southern part of Zhambyl region

iv. Malaysia 14

one zone covering the provinces of Sabah and Sarawak

⁽¹¹⁾ The zones can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2024/04/a-botswana.png.

⁽¹²⁾ OJ L 2025/323 12.2.2025.

⁽¹³⁾ The zones can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2024/10/a-kazakhstan-october-2024-1.png.

⁽¹⁴⁾ The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/malaysia-eng.png.

- v. Moldova¹⁵
 - one zone
- vi. Namibia¹⁶
 - one zone

vii. Russia¹⁷

- Zone-South including Southern and North Caucasian Federal Districts, consisting of 13 Subjects: Rostov Oblast, Stavropol Krai, Krasnodar Krai, Volgograd Oblast, Astrakhan Oblast, Republic of Kalmykia, Chechen Republic, Republic of Ingushetia, Republic of Dagestan, Kabardino-Balkarian Republic, Karachay-Cherkess Republic, Republic of North Ossetia-Alania, Republic of Adygea;
- Zone-Sakhalin consisting of the Island of Sakhalin and the Kurile Islands;
- Eastern Siberia consisting of two Subjects (Republic of Tuva and Republic of Buryatia) and one administrative Raion of the Republic of Altai (Kosh-Agachsky Raion)
- Zone V 'Far East' consisting of five Subjects: Amur Oblast, Jewish Autonomous Oblast, Primorsky Krai, Khabarovsky Krai, Zabaykalsky Krai

viii. Turkey¹⁸

- one zone.

⁽¹⁵⁾ The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/moldova-eng.png.

⁽¹⁶⁾ The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/namibia-eng-1.png.

⁽¹⁷⁾ The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/russia-eng.png.

⁽¹⁸⁾ The zone can be identified from the World Organisation for Animal Health's map as it existed at the time this Declaration was made, which, at the time of publication can be accessed here: https://www.woah.org/app/uploads/2023/05/turkiye-eng.png.

Countries and territories which are referred to in paragraph 3 of this Declaration:

- 1. China
- 2. Egypt
- 3. India
- 4. Iran
- 5. Lebanon
- 6. Morocco
- 7. Mongolia
- 8. Pakistan
- 9. Tunisia
- 10. Uzbekistan.

Diseases which are referred to in paragraph 6(b) of this Declaration:

- 1. African Swine Fever
- 2. Bluetongue
- 3. Bovine genital campylobacteriosis
- 4. Bovine Viral Diarrhoea
- 5. Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
- 6. Bovine tuberculosis
- 7. Brucellosis caused by Brucella melitensis
- 8. Classical swine fever
- 9. Contagious agalactia
- 10. Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- 11. Contagious epidydimitis
- 12. Epizootic haemorrhagic virus disease
- 13. Foot-and-mouth disease
- 14. Glanders (Burkholderia mallei)
- 15. Goat pox
- 16. Infection with bovine rhinotracheitis or infectious pustular vulvovaginitis
- 17. Infection with porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus
- 18. Lumpy skin disease
- 19. Paratuberculosis
- 20. Peste des petits ruminants
- 21. porcine epidemic diarrhoea
- 22. Rift Valley Fever
- 23. Rinderpest
- 24. Scrapie
- 25. Sheep pox
- 26. Trichomonosis
- 27. Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy.

Annex 5 - Model health certificate for animal casings (CAS) GBHC370 v2.0 Dec-24

Part I. Details o	f dispatch	ed cons	ignmen	t				
I.1 Consignor			I.2 Cer	tificate re	ference no.	I.3 Cent	tral competent a	uthority
Name:								
Address:			14100	al competent aut	hority			
			I.Z.a IV	ot iii use		1.4 LOC	ar competent aut	liority
Tel:								7
I.5 Consignee					I.6 Not in use			
Name:								
Address:								
Tel:								
I.7 Country of	ISO	I.8 Regi		Code	I.9 Country of	ISO	I.10 Region of	Code
origin	code	origi	n		destination	code	destination	
I.11 Place of or	igin				I.12 Not in use			
Name:								
Approval number	er:							
Address:								
		<u> </u>						
I.13 Place of loa	ading				I.14 Date of dep	arture		
Address								
I.15 Means of transport			I.16 Entry BCP					
Aeroplane								
Ship								
☐ Railway wagon								
☐ Road vehicle								
Other					I.17 Not in use			
Identification:								
Document:								

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II.a. Certificate reference no.	II.b.

I.18 Description of commodity						
I.19 Commodity code (HS code) I.21 Temperature			e of products	I.23 Seal /	Container No.	
		☐ Ambient				
		☐ Chilled				
		Frozen				4
I.20 Quantity		I.22 Number of p	oackages	I.24 Not in	I.24 Not in use	
I.25 Commodity cer	rtified for					
☐ Human consumpt	tion					
I.26 Not in use		I.27 For import or admission into Great Britain				
I.28 Identification of the commodities						
Species (Scientific name)	Treatment	Address and approval number of the establishment(s)		Number of Packages	Description	Net Weight
			.1(())			

Part II. Certification

Animal Health

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animal casings described in Part I of this certificate:

AH/P202 Product requirements

are derived from bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals that are not from a premises under restriction for a notifiable disease

AH/P607 Product requirements (for casings derived from animals other than bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals)

have been cleaned, scraped and:

(*) **EITHER** [salted with NaCl for 30 days;]

(*)AND/OR [bleached;]

(*)**AND/OR** [dried after scraping;]

AH/P716 Product requirements

(*) **EITHER**

[they are processed from bladders and/or intestines obtained from bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals from territories/zones with code which is/are eligible for imports of fresh meat of the relevant species without any supplementary guarantees for that species, except supplementary guarantee 'G', indicated in column 5 of the document relating to 'fresh

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II.a. Certificate reference no.	II.b.

(*)**OR**

(*)[(ii) if the intestines were sourced from a country where there have been BSE indigenous cases, the meat products do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material in accordance with GB regulations;]]]]

(*) AND/OR (3) [the country or region is classified with an undetermined BSE risk and;

- (a) the animals from which the products are derived were not fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants and passed ante and post-mortem inspections;
- **(b)** the animals have been slaughtered in compliance with GB regulations in regards laceration of certain tissues after stunning; and
- (*)[(c) the product does not contain and is not derived from specified risk material, nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process; or mechanically separated meat. in compliance with GB regulations;]
- (*)[(d) the intestines were sourced from a country or region with negligible BSE risk and are derived from animals that were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country with negligible BSE risk that passed ante and post-mortem inspections, and

(*) EITHER

(*)[(i) if the intestines were sourced from a country where there have been BSE indigenous cases, the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meatand-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced;]

(*)**OR**

(*)[(ii) if the intestines were sourced from a country where there have been BSE indigenous cases, the meat products do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material in accordance with GB regulations;]]]]]

Official Veterinarian					
By signing this certificate, I certify that the requirements laid out above and in the accompanying notes for completion have been met.					
Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:				
Date:	Signature:				
Stamp:					

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^(*) Keep as appropriate.

Part III. Notes for completion

These notes for completion must be read and understood by the certifying officer before signing the certificate. Notes are set out in sections that correspond to the sections in the certificate. By signing this certificate, certifiers are verifying that the consignment meets the requirements set out in the certificate and any relevant corresponding notes for completion.

These notes do not need to be printed as part of a paper certificate that accompanies the consignment or in any electronic copy of the certificate.

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been assimilated in Great Britain (assimilated EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

References to GB requirements refer to the requirement(s) of Great Britain as set out in the accompanying notes for completion.

Part I

Box reference I.15: The registration number(s) of railway wagons or lorry and the name of the ship

should be given as appropriate. If known, the flight number of the aircraft. In case of transport in containers or boxes, the total number, their registration and seal

numbers, if present, should be indicated under point I.23.

Box reference I.28: Treatment that has been applied from the options listed in the Animal Health

attestation in AH/P607 or AH/P716.

Part II

Animal Health

AH/P202 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

AH/P607 Product requirements (for casings derived from animals other than bovine, ovine, caprine or porcine animals)

No further notes for completion.

AH/P716 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

AH/P903 Product requirements

No further notes for completion.

Public Health

PH/D007 Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)

The following must be certified if the intestines used in the preparation of casings contain material from bovine, ovine or caprine animals, depending on the BSE category of the country of origin:

- (1) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region classified as a country or region posing a negligible BSE risk in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) 999/2001. (‡)
 - (a) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine origin were derived, have passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
 - (b) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been slaughtered after stunning by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, except if the

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- animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin are derived, were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001. (‡)
- (c) The products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to this Regulation.
 - The removal of specified risk material is not required if the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin derive from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a third country or region of a third country classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status'.^(‡)
- (d) If the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin contain or are derived from mechanically separated meat (MSM) obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and/or caprine animals, they have been obtained from animals of those species which were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified as posing a negligible BSE risk in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK (‡), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, and in which there have been no BSE indigenous cases.
 - If the above conditions are not met, then the meat products must not contain or be derived from MSM from those species.
- (e) This attestation is applicable when condition (i) below in relation to bovine, ovine and/or caprine animals is met. In that case conditions (ii) and (iii) must also be met:
 - (i) the animals, from which the products are derived, originate from a country or region classified as posing an undetermined BSE risk as set out in a document relating to "BSE risk status" published on GOV.UK^(‡), in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;
 - (ii) the animals, from which the products are derived, have not been fed with meat-and-bone meal or greaves, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health:
 - (iii) the products were produced and handled in a manner which ensures that they do not contain and were not contaminated with nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process.
- (2) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region classified as posing a controlled BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.^(‡)
 - (a) The animals, from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine origin were derived, have passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections.
 - **(b)** The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin destined for export were derived have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity.
 - (c) The products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals.
 - The removal of specified risk material is not required if the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin derive from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a third country or region of a third country classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a negligible BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK.
 - (d) In the case of intestines originally sourced from a country or a region with a negligible BSE risk, imports of treated intestines shall be subject to the presentation of an animal health certificate attesting that:

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- (i) the country or region is classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing a controlled BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK; (‡)
- (ii) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in the country or region with a negligible BSE risk and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;
- (iii) if the intestines are sourced from a country or region where there have been BSE indigenous cases:
 - the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced; or
 - the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.
- (3) This must be certified when the import is from a country or region that is classified as a country or region with an undetermined BSE risk, in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001. (‡)
 - (a) The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the WOAH (formerly OIE) Terrestrial Animal Health Code, and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections.
 - **(b)** The animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity.
 - **(c)** No further notes for completion.
 - (d) In the case of intestines originally sourced from a country or a region with a negligible BSE risk, imports of treated intestines shall be subject to the presentation of an animal health certificate attesting that:
 - (i) the country or region is classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as posing an undetermined BSE risk as set out in a document relating to 'BSE risk status' published on GOV.UK; (‡)
 - (ii) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in the country or region with a negligible BSE risk and passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;
 - (iii) if the intestines are sourced from a country or region where there have been BSE indigenous cases:
 - the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants has been enforced; or
 - the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin do not contain and are not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to this Regulation.

(†) The document(s) referred to above can be found at:

EU and EFTA countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/4698a65d-1a3b-42d1-981e-df869e04185b/eu-and-efta-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

Non-EU countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b92627b0-dd7b-4e1d-ba36-e25424f55eeb/non-eucountries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

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(‡) A document relating to the 'Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) risk status' of approved trading partners published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, can be found at:

Animal health status of countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk

(Available at: https://www.data.gov.uk/dataset/b7712d2e-debb-4996-8e79-d27ca7492a00/animal-health-status-of-countries-approved-to-export-animals-and-animal-products-to-great-britain)

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