

## Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG)

### Exemption Statement

For:

Ground, first and second floor extensions to 10 Melvin Square and first floor side extension to 1 Ilminster Avenue, to create 2no. large HMOs (1no. 10-bed, 1no. 8-bed), with cycle storage and retail storage at ground floor level (resubmission of planning permission 24/00433/F).

Planning Reference:

(tbc)

At:

10 Melvin Square and 1 Ilminster Avenue, Bristol BS4 1LZ

Completed By:

John Rooney

Date of Exemption Statement Completion:

28/02/2025

## The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024

1. Article 7 ('General requirements: applications for planning permission including outline planning permission') of Part 3 of *The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015*, as amended by Regulation 5 of Part 4 of *The Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024* has introduced national validation prerequisites for planning applications relating to Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG).
2. Schedule 14 of the *Environment Act 2021* introduced the concept of BNG into planning legislation, stating that "the biodiversity gain objective is met in relation to development for which planning permission is granted if the biodiversity value attributable to the development exceeds the pre-development biodiversity value of the onsite habitat by at least [10%]".
3. Schedule 14 of the Environment Act 2021 additionally mandates that biodiversity gain objectives will be achieved through the imposition of planning conditions, thus constituting a post-permission process.
4. However, certain types of development for which planning permission is required are exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements and planning conditions. These are outlined in [The Biodiversity Gain Requirements \(Exemptions\) Regulations 2024](#)<sup>1</sup>
5. The development proposals for this application meets the following exemption criterion from the Regulations (reference wording from the Regulations):

Development that does not impact a priority habitat and impacts less than 25 square metres (e.g. 5m by 5m) of onsite habitat, or 5 metres of linear habitats such as hedgerows.

6. State how this application meets the exemption criterion stated above (see worked example for reference):

site comprises 100% developed land/sealed surfaces

7. Provide aerial imagery and photographs (or alternative sources) and captions to evidence your statement. For example, you may wish annotate images to show how the proposed development sits within the existing site/habitats, and how the proposals accord with the exemption claim. Add more photographs, plans or imagery of proposals if necessary.

Aerial imagery:

Not required - please refer to submitted plans

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<sup>1</sup> [The Biodiversity Gain Requirements \(Exemptions\) Regulations 2024](https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2024/47/made/data.pdf):  
<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2024/47/made/data.pdf>

## The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024

Photograph 2:

8. Whilst the development may be exempt from statutory Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) requirements, the application for planning permission will deliver measurable net gains for nature conservation which are proportional and locally appropriate, in the following ways:

Non proposed as change of use and de minimus. If required, the provision of bird boxes could be conditioned.

## The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024

Example response:

Section 5: The exemption criterion claimed:

Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024, also known as the “de minimis exemption”, states the following: The biodiversity gain planning condition does not apply in relation to planning permission for development which: (Condition 1) does not impact an onsite priority habitat, and (Condition 2) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has a biodiversity value greater than zero; and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat.

The proposed development meets Conditions 1 and 2 of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

Section 6: Statement

The site does not contain any priority habitats listed under the Government’s List of priority habitats and species in England (‘Section 41 habitats and species’) for public bodies, landowners and funders to use for biodiversity conservation, a copy of which can be found at the following website: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/habitats-and-species-of-principal-importance-in-england>

The proposed dwellinghouse will be constructed on land currently occupied by outbuildings and hardstanding surfaces, consisting of a mix of resin, stones, and concrete.

Consequently, the area to be developed can be described as consisting of a mix of habitats classified under the UK Habitat Classification, as detailed in Appendix 2 of The Small Sites Metric (Statutory Biodiversity Metric) User Guide (2024), as follows:

- Urban - Un-vegetated garden
- Urban - Developed land; sealed surface (“Impermeable Hardscape”)
- Urban - Artificial unvegetated, unsealed surface (“Permeable Hardscape”)

None of the habitat classifications within the red line boundary have a biodiversity value exceeding zero, as can be verified in the Government’s Small Sites Metric (Statutory Biodiversity Metric) User Guide and Calculation Tools (2024). Consequently, the proposed development would impact less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has a biodiversity value greater than zero, thereby meeting Condition 2 of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

As a result, the proposed development is exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements and planning conditions under the de minimis rule of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

Section 7: Evidence

Provide two aerial images of the site, marked up to show existing and proposed development areas, and how that accords with the exemption criteria claimed above, together with photographs of the current site conditions, to provide the Nature Conservation Officer with context.

Section 8: Measurable Net Gains for Nature Conservation

- A biodiverse green roof with features for invertebrates including log piles and a varied substrate
- Soft landscape schedule comprised of native plant species
- Provision of 2 bird boxes and 1 bat box
- Creation of a wildlife pond
- Hedgehog highways in gravel boards of boundary fences