

1

Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Wessex Water Services Limited

Trowbridge Bioresources Centre Off Bradford Road Trowbridge Wiltshire BA14 9AX

Variation application number

EPR/BB3934AG/V002

Permit number

EPR/BB3934AG

Trowbridge Bioresources Centre Permit number EPR/BB3934AG

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the permit

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7 January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. The schedule of waste management activities includes the recovery of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment, but excludes activities covered by the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations (UWWTR). However, UK environmental regulators concluded that the biological treatment of waste sewage sludge is not an activity covered by the UWWTR and is therefore within the scope of the IED. The BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment (the BREF) was published on 17 August 2018 following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018. BAT applies to new waste sewage sludge treatment not covered by the UWWTR. The operations at Trowbridge Bioresources Centre are existing but will now be permitted as an installation and will be required to operate using BAT.

This permit is for a listed activity which is part of a multi-operator installation. The other part of the installation is operated by Wessex Water Enterprises Limited under permit EPR/HB3602TR which is a directly associated activity to this permit.

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Changes introduced by this variation

The following notice varies the environmental waste permit EPR/BB3934AG, previously issued as a standard rules SR2008 No 19: 250kte non-hazardous sludge biological chemical and physical treatment site. This variation also includes an increase to the site boundary to accommodate the assets associated with the sludge Anearobic Digestion (AD) operation.

Brief description of the process

Trowbridge Bioresources Centre (BRC) is located approximately 1km northeast of Trowbridge town centre and 600m south of Kennet and Avon Canal. The site is surrounded on the north and east boundary by a solar farm with the River Biss running north to south on the western edge of the site. The facility is located within the curtilage of the wider Trowbridge Water Recycling Centre (WRC) operated under the UWWTR. The WRC does not form part of the installation.

There are no Sites of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI) within 2km of the facility. There is one Special Area of Conservation (SAC) approximately 5.5km to the northeast and no other SACs, RAMSARs or Special Protection Areas (SPAs) within 10km. There are a number of local wildlife sites (LWSs) within 2km of the facility.

Tankered imported sludge is recieved in the sludge reception tank where it is mixed with indigenous sludge pumped into the sludge reception tank from the wider WRC. The sludges are then moved through two strain presses to remove rag and grit before onwards transfer into two pre thickened sludge tanks. The strained sludges are then passed into a gravity belt thickener (GBT) where polymer is added to aid the thickening process before the sludge is transferred into the thickened sludge tank for storage pior to digestion. Filtrate

from the GBT is monitored at sampling point S2 and is pumped via a filtrate pumping station to either the head of works or the high level overflow (upstream of the storm overflow).

From the thickened sludge tank, sludge is transferred to one of six acid phase digesters (APDs) and then into one of two mesophillic anearobic digesters (MADs) with an overall hydraulic retention time of approximately 16 days. The treatment of sludge in a biological Anaerobic Digestion (AD) process is a Section 5.4 Part A (1)(b)(i) scheduled activity of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 (EPR).

Biogas produced as part of the AD process is captured and transferred via pipework to assets currently held by operator Wessex Water Enterprises Limited under a standalone DAA permit (EPR/HB3602TR). These include a CHP, two boiler, two flares and biogas upgrading plant. Condensate from biogas storage is returned to Wessex Water Services Limited's drainage arrangement for the site where it is pumped to either the head of works or the humus high level overflow (upstream of the storm overflow).

Following digestion in the APDs and MADs, sludge is transferred into one of two secondary digesters (also known as post digestion storage tanks) prior to being transferred to either the two belt presses or the two centrifuges for dewatering into sludge cake. Centrate produced from the dewatering process is transferred into two liquor balancing tanks via the dewatering liquor pumping station prior to discharge to the WRC.

Cake produced from the dewatering process is conveyed into skips to be removed from site prior to land spreading in accordance with the Sludge (Use in Agriculture) Regulations 1989. Cake storage is limited to a skip storage area and skips are removed from site typically within 24 hours.

The status log of the permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit			
Description	Date	Comments	
Application EPR/BB3934AG/A001	Duly made 14/10/2011	Application for a standard rules (SR2008 No 19) permit.	
Permit determined EPR/BB3934AG	22/11/2011	Original permit issued to Wessex Water Services Limited	
Application EPR/BB3934AG/V002	Duly made 12/09/2024	Application for an anaerobic digestion facility with combustion of biogas at a waste sewage sludge treatment site.	
Additional Information provided in response to a Schedule 5 notice	19/11/2024	Response to Schedule 5 notice requesting information in relation to BAT, Odour control measures, EWC codes and emissions.	
Permit determined	29/01/2025	Permit issued to Wessex Water Services Limited.	

Other Part A installation permits relating to this installation			
Operator Permit number Date of issue			
Wessex Water Enterprises Limited	EPR/HB3602TR	29/01/2025	

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies and consolidates

Permit number

EPR/BB3934AG

Issued to

Wessex Water Services Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Wessex Water Operations Centre Claverton Down Road Claverton Down Bath BA2 7WW

company registration number 02366648

to operate an installation at

Trowbridge Bioresources Centre
Off Bradford Road
Trowbridge
Wiltshire
BA14 9AX

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 29/01/2025

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	29/01/2025

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of the application made by the operator.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/BB3934AG

The Environment Agency hereby authorises, under regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Wessex Water Services Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Wessex Water Operations Centre Claverton Down Road Claverton Down Bath BA2 7WW

company registration number 02366648

to operate an installation at

Trowbridge Bioresources Centre
Off Bradford Road
Trowbridge
Wiltshire
BA14 9AX

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	29/01/2025

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities:
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.5 Multiple operator installations

1.5.1 Where the operator notifies the Environment Agency under condition 4.3.1 (a) or 4.3.1 (c), the operator shall also notify without delay the other operator of the installation of the same information.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 The activities shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.1.3 All process plant and equipment shall be commissioned, operated and maintained and shall be fully documented and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 2.1.4 Waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 table S2.2,; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
 - (c) the facility has sufficient free capacity to store and treat the waste.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and

- (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.7 Waste pre-acceptance and acceptance procedures shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.

2.4 Improvement programme

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1 and S3.2.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour, but including ammonia) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 Subject to condition 3.2.4, below, all liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with adequate secondary containment, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.4 Condition 3.2.3, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC1 below.
- 3.2.5 Subject to condition 3.2.6, below, all liquid wastes in storage tanks and lagoons shall be fully enclosed, with emissions collected and directed to an appropriate abatement system, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, emissions of waste gases from storage tanks and lagoons have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

- 3.2.6 Condition 3.2.5, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC2, IC3 and IC7 below.
- 3.2.7 Subject to condition 3.2.8, below, the anaerobic treatment of all wastes shall take place within fully enclosed vessels. Combustible biogas or biomethane produced during biological treatment shall be utilised as a fuel or stored for utilisation off site, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, emissions of biogas or biomethane from treatment/storage vessels have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. There shall be no uncontrolled emissions of biogas to the environment. This excludes the venting of biogas in an emergency using pressure release valves.
- 3.2.8 Condition 3.2.7, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC3 below.
- 3.2.9 Subject to condition 3.2.10, below, the operator shall use buffer storage to store waste water and digestate to prevent waste water or digestate being discharged off site during the receiving waste water treatment works storm overflow operating, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, emissions during waste water treatment works storm overflow operation, have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.10 Condition 3.2.9, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC5 below.
- 3.2.11 The operator shall implement a leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme to detect and mitigate the release of volatile organic compounds, including methane from diffuse sources.

3.3 Odour

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.4 Noise and vibration

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.4.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1, and S3.2;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in tables S3.3, and S3.4;
 - (c) bioaerosols monitoring specified in table \$3.5

- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.2, S3.3, S3.4, S3.5 and S3.6 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Bioaerosols

- 3.6.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the release of bioaerosols. Emissions of bioaerosols from the operational activities shall not exceed the emission action levels specified in table S3.5.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall where the emission action levels are exceeded:
 - (a) notify the Environment Agency and investigate and take remedial action;
 - (b) submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a bioaerosols management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from bioaerosols; and
 - (c) implement the bioaerosols management plan from the date of approval and revise the plan periodically, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.7 Pests

- 3.7.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) only use approved products for pest control;
 - (b) treat pest infestations promptly;
 - (c) reject pest-infected incoming waste;
 - (d) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
 - (e) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.8 Fire prevention

- 3.8.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.8.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;

- (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.8.3 The operator shall undertake a DSEAR assessment and maintain an accident management plan.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.

- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.6 The operator shall keep records of non-waste materials leaving the site, including the type of material, the batch number, the date of export off-site and the tonnage exported on that date. These records shall be maintained for at least 2 years.
- 4.2.7 The operator shall submit an annual report detailing the efficiency of removal of non-digestible materials from feedstock prior to processing and the level of contamination in the final recovered digestate.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Following the detection of an issue listed in condition 4.3.1, the operator shall review and revise the management system and implement any changes as necessary to minimise the risk of re-occurrence of the issue.
- 4.3.4 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.5 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

(a) any change in the operator's name or address; and

(b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.6 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.7 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days' notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
AR1	S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From receipt of waste through to digestion and recovery of by-products (waste treated by anaerobic digestion). Anaerobic digestion of waste in eight tanks (6 x APD and 2 x MAD) followed by burning of biogas produced from the process (combustion of biogas permitted under EPR/HB3602TR). Anaerobic digestion shall be limited to 525 tonnes per day (wet tonnes). Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
Directly Ass	ociated Activity		
AR2	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 and R3 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of permitted waste to pre- treatment and despatch for anaerobic digestion on site. Storage of residual wastes from pre- treatment to despatch off-site for recovery. Storage of waste in enclosed equipment and tanks or an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Waste types suitable for acceptance are
			limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
AR3	Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From the receipt of waste to despatch for anaerobic digestion or despatch off site for recovery. Dilution of incoming wastes using final waste waters from the wastewater treatment works to aid pre-treatment and digestion only. Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed equipment and tanks or an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
			shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.
			Post-treatment of digestate in enclosed equipment and tanks or an enclosed building with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system, including separation, screening to remove contraries, centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying for use as a fertiliser or soil conditioner (drying for the purpose of use as a fuel is not permitted).
			Gas cleaning by biological or physical (carbon filtration) or chemical scrubbing.
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
AR4	Steam and electrical power supply	R1: Use principally as a fuel to generate energy	Operation of one standby emergency generator fueled on diesel with a thermal input of 3.749MWth. Operation of the emergency generator shall be limited to less than 50 hours per year for testing and emergency purposes only.
AR5	Raw material storage	Storage of raw materials including lubrication oil, antifreeze, propane, ferric chloride, activated carbon, diesel, polymer and antifoam.	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.
AR6	Gas storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12	Storage of biogas produced from on-site anaerobic digestion of permitted waste in roof space of digesters.
		(excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use within the facility.
			Emissions of unburnt biogas shall be minimised.
AR7	Digestate storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending	From the receipt of processed digestate produced from the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use off-site.

Table S1.1 a		1	<u> </u>
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
		collection, on the site where it is produced)	Storage of processed liquid digestate (including dewatering liquors post anaerobic digestion) in two secondary digesters (also known as post digestion storage tanks) and two liquor balancing tanks.
			Storage of processed solid digestate in uncovered cake skips located on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system.
AR8	Surface water collection and storage	Collection and storage of uncontaminated roof and site surface water	From the collection of uncontaminated roof and site surface water from non-operational areas only to re-use within the facility or discharge off-site.
AR9	Air abatement	Collection and treatment of air from the buildings or plant using abatement system – as	From the collection of air from site processes to treatment and release of treated air to atmosphere.
		implemented in line with IC7 and IC8 prior to release to atmosphere.	Collection and treatment of air from the buildings, tanks or plant using abatement system.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques			
Description	Parts	Date Received	
Application EPR/BB3934AG/V002	Response to section 3a – technical standards, Part C3 of the application form	21/07/2021	
	site condition report (version 1 – June 2021), environmental risk assessment (version 1 - June 2021), noise and vibration risk assessment (AC001 – June 2021), energy management plan (version 1 - June 2021) Figure 5 - site location plan, (located within main document titled 'Trowbridge BC permit variation application compiled' – version 1 - June 2021), environmental management system summary (version 1 - June 2021) and accident prevention and management plan (issue 2 – June 2021)		
	Best available techniques as described in the BAT Reference Document for Waste Treatment (the BREF) and BAT conclusions.		
Additional information	Trowbridge BC drainage plan (Issue 2 – Oct 2022), Trowbridge process description (Sept 2023), fugitive emissions leak detection & repair plan (issue 1 – Aug 2023), LDAR Trowbridge appendices TRTW551, sampling and enumeration of bioaerosols from Trowbridge (April 2023), bioaerosol risk assessment (July 2023), digestion process	06/10/2023	

Table S1.2 Operating techniques				
Description	Parts	Date Received		
	monitoring description (issue 1 – Oct 2023), residues management plan TRTW550 (issue 1 – Sept 2023), best tankering practise TRTWG801 (issue 3 – March 2023), waste pre-acceptance, acceptance and rejection procedure (issue 1 – Sept 2023), avoiding drive off while connected TBT058 (issue 2 – Feb 2022), CIRIA 736 IED report - secondary containment assessment (version 1 – Oct 2023).			
Response to a request for further information dated 09/08/2024	Application form C6 – additional responses (Aug 2024), D14219 Trowbridge plans pack approved (issue 1 – Aug 2024) air emissions risk assessment (issue 3/version 5 – Sept 2024) and Visio-Trowbridge BC sludge process flow diagram (version 2 – Sept 2024)	06/09/2024		
Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 22/10/2024	Odour management plan TRTWP547 (version 3 – Nov 2024) and Transfer of indirect discharges to water risk assessment (version 1 – Nov 2024)	19/11/2024		
	Responses to questions 1 and 2 detailing drainage arrangements, question 4 detailaing PVRVs, questions 5 and 6 detailing commitments to monitoring and question 12 detailing the use of the emergency generator.			

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements				
Reference	Requirement	Date		
Improvemen	t condition for secondary containment design			
IC1	The operator shall submit a written 'secondary containment implementation plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the finalised designs and an implementation schedule for the identified secondary containment systems proposed in the document 'CIRIA 736 IED report - secondary containment assessment' (version 1 – Oct 2023). The finalised design(s) and specifications shall be produced by appropriate competent individuals (qualified civil or structural engineer), in accordance with the risk assessment methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance. The plan shall include but not be limited to the following components: • An updated BAT assessment with specific regard to BAT 19 of the Waste Treatment BREF to demonstrate how the finalised designs based on the proposed secondary containment in the document 'CIRIA 736 IED report - secondary containment assessment' (version 1 – Oct 2023) meets BAT 19. • An assessment of the suitability for providing containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure. • Finalised designs and specifications of the proposed secondary containment proposal completed by appropriate competent	31/03/2025 Implementation of all required and approved containment improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025.		

Reference	Requirement	Date
	 A program of works with timescales for the commissioning of the secondary containment systems to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent. An updated site and infrastructure plan. A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment	
Improvemen	Agency's prior written approval. t conditions for enclosure of tanks storing (or treating) sewage sludge (tanks pre-
digestion)		· •
IC2	The operator shall submit a written 'enclosure and abatement plan' and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it.	31/03/2025
	The plan shall contain the final designs and an implementation schedule for the installation of enclosures/covers and associated emission abatement systems in line with BAT 14 and BAT 53 for storage and treatment tanks pre-anaerobic digestion identified as the sludge reception tank, the pre-thickened sludge tanks (1 and 2), the thickened sludge tank and the gravity belt thickeners.	Implementation of all required vessel cover improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025
	The plan shall include evidence that the tank enclosures/covers will be designed and installed in accordance with guidance, <u>Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</u> , and provide evidence to demonstrate why the emission abatement system will be effective and meet the requirements of BAT 14 and BAT 53.	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's prior written approval.	
	(Note that approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation applications to implement the improvements identified in the report. Any variation may include the insertion of necessary emission limit values).	
Improvemen	t conditions for enclosure of tanks storing (or treating) digestate	I
IC3	The operator shall submit a written 'post anaerobic digestion vessel cover' plan and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the final designs and an implementation schedule for the installation of covers for vessels storing and/or treating digestate in tanks identified as the secondary digesters. The plan shall also contain a detailed description of the proposed gas utilisation/abatement plant, gas storage infrastructure for the biogas produced during anaerobic digestion, pressure relief valves and gas pipework. The plan shall include but not be limited to the following components:	31/03/2025 Implementation of all required vessel cover improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025

Table S1.3 Im	provement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
	Evidence that the pollutants of the waste gas (including methane) produced in the secondary digesters will be controlled and/or abated either by the proposed gas utilisation plant or proposed abatement system.	
	 Evidence that the vessel covers, gas utilisation/ abatement plant and ancillary equipment have been designed by appropriately qualified engineers. 	
	 Evidence that the vessel covers, and gas utilisation/abatement plant will be designed and installed in accordance with guidance, <u>Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</u>. 	
	 An updated Hazard and Operability Study (HAZOP) and DSEAR risk assessment. 	
	 An assessment of gas storage capacity and gas utilisation/abatement capacity including proposals for additional gas utilisation/ abatement plant. 	
	 A program of works with timescales for the commissioning of the vessel cover(s), gas utilisation/ abatement infrastructure and ancillary equipment. 	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's prior written approval.	
	(Note that approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation applications to implement the improvements identified in the report. Any variation may include the insertion of necessary emission limit values).	
Improvement	conditions for primary containment tanks	
IC4	The operator shall submit a written 'primary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by an appropriately qualified engineer and shall assess the extent, design specification and condition of primary containment systems (including associated pipework) where polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	Within 12 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment
	The plan shall include, but not be limited to:	Agency.
	 An assessment of the physical condition of all primary containment systems (storage and treatment vessels and associated pipework) using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing primary containment when subjected to dynamic and static loads. 	
	 A program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the primary containment is fit for purpose or alternative 	

Reference	Requirement	Date
	appropriate measures to ensure all polluting materials will be contained on site.	
	A preventative maintenance and inspection regime.	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
Improvement	conditions for operational storage buffer capacity	
IC5	The operator shall submit a written "waste water and digestate buffer storage plan" and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of a review of the current storage of waste water and digestate produced from site operations. The review shall propose and describe site contingency arrangements to provide appropriate storage capacity or other appropriate measures to prevent or minimise emissions of waste water or digestate being discharged off site during any occasions when the receiving wastewater treatment works is in storm overflow operating conditions. The storage plan shall include but not be limited to: • Proposals for additional storage capacity with secondary containment within the site boundary for wastewater and/or other digestate during any occasions when the receiving wastewater treatment works is in storm overflow operating conditions. • Procedures to cease discharges during these conditions. • Calculation of a reasonable contingency capacity of waste water and/or other digestate during any occasions when the receiving wastewater treatment works is in storm overflow operating conditions. • A description and design specification of the buffer storage infrastructure and secondary containment measures. The design shall be completed by an appropriately qualified engineer and secondary containment shall be designed in line with CIRIA C736. • A program of works with timescales for the implementation and construction of the buffer storage. • A preventative maintenance and inspection regime.	31/03/2025 Implementation of all required containment improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025
Improvement	t conditions for establishing an inventory of liquid waste water discharg	ged from
anaerobic di	gestion and associated activities	
IC6a	The operator shall submit a sampling programme in relation to waste water streams and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The sampling programme shall be designed to fully	Within 2 months of issue of this

Reference	Requirement	Date
	characterise the waste waters discharged to Trowbridge Water Recycling Centre (WRC) from emission points S1, S2, S3 and S4 in (table S3.2 of this permit).	permit or such other date as agreed in writing with the
	The programme shall include but not be limited to a methodology for a minimum of one 24-hour flow proportional sample a month, for each emission point, for a period of 12 months. The programme shall detail the sampling methods/standards used. Sampling methods shall be in accordance with BAT conclusion 20 of the Waste Treatment BREF. The programme shall include the National Grid Reference (NGR) of the sampling point(s) location(s).	Environment Agency
	The programme shall establish the characteristics of the liquid waste water streams and shall include as a minimum for each emission point:	
	 Average values and variability of flow, pH, temperature and conductivity. 	
	 Average concentration and load values of all relevant substances and their variability. 	
	Data on bioeliminability.	
	The programme shall sample for all relevant substances and must include:	
	 Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI) (mg/l) 	
	 Free cyanide (CN⁻) (mg/l) 	
	 Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX) (mg/l) 	
	 Metals and metalloids; arsenic (expressed as As), cadmium (expressed as Cd), chromium (expressed as Cr), hexavalent chromium (expressed as Cr(VI)), copper (expressed as Cu), lead (expressed as Pb), nickel (expressed as Ni), mercury (expressed as Hg), zinc (expressed as Zn) (µg/I) 	
	The operator shall submit the collected monitoring data in writing to the Environment Agency according to agreed reporting periods.	
	The sampling programme shall be produced in accordance with Environment Agency guidance:	
	 Specific substances and priority hazardous substances – Surface water pollution risk for your environmental permit Surface water pollution risk assessment for your environmental permit - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk). 	
	 Monitoring discharges to water: guidance on selecting a monitoring approach Monitoring discharges to water: guidance on selecting a monitoring approach - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) 	

Reference	Requirement	Date	
	The monitoring programme shall be carried out and the monitoring data submitted in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.		
Improvement associated a	t conditions for indirect discharges to water discharged from anaerobic ctivities	digestion and	
IC6b	The operator shall submit a report for approval by the Environment Agency, following completion of the sampling programme approved under IC6a. The report shall include but not be limited to; a summary of the sample results, a completed H1 risk assessment(s) and modelling outputs where appropriate.	Within 15 months of the Environment Agency's written approval of the	
	The operator shall provide conclusions on whether the waste waters discharged from emission points S1, S2, S3 and S4 will have any adverse impact on the receiving waters once discharged from Trowbridge WRC. An assessment shall be made against the parameters specified in the relevant environmental standards as specified within Environment Agency guidance as follows:	sampling programme submitted under IC6a or such other date as agreed in writing with the	
	 Specific substances and priority hazardous substances – <i>Surface water pollution risk for your environmental permit</i> <u>Surface water pollution risk assessment for your environmental permit - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).</u> Sanitary substances – <i>H1 annex D2: assessment of sanitary and other pollutants in surface water discharges</i> 1076_14 H1 Annex D2 - Assessment of sanitary and other pollutants within Surface Water Discharges (publishing.service.gov.uk) 	Environment Agency	
	The report shall include any proposals and/or additional measures required to prevent or minimise any significant emissions from the installation along with timescales for implementation.		
IC6c	The operator shall implement any improvements identified within the report approved under IC6b in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval and provide written confirmation to the Environment Agency that the improvements have been completed. (Note, approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation application(s) to operate the improvements identified in the report and/or include any necessary emission limit values).	Within 6 months of the report in relation to IC6b being approved by the Environment Agency or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	

Reference	Requirement	Date
Improvement	condition for the abatement of dispersion stacks	I.
IC7	The operator shall submit a written 'abatement plan' and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the final designs and an implementation schedule for the installation of abatement plant at emission points A6 and A7 (serving the two belt presses) that meets the requirements of BAT 34 and BAT 53 of the Waste Treatment BREF. That plan shall also contain but not be limited to:	31/03/2025 Implementation of all required vessel cover improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025
	 The plan shall include a demonstration (whether by a detailed review of technical papers or by trial results) that all odorous chemical compounds and their loading rates expected in the relevant air streams have been considered in the design; and supporting evidence that the odorous compounds will be controlled and/or abated either by operating techniques or by the proposed abatement systems. 	
	 Evidence that the abatement plant will be designed and installed in accordance with guidance, Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities. 	
	 A program of works with timescales for the commissioning of the abatement plant infrastructure. 	
	The operator shall install and commission the abatement plant in line with the timescales as approved by the Environment Agency.	
Improvement	condition for review of effectiveness of abatement plant	
IC8	The operator shall carry out a review of the abatement plant serving the sludge reception tank, the pre-thickened sludge tanks (1 and 2), the thickened sludge tank, the gravity belt thickeners, the liquor balancing tanks and the belt presses (emission point A6 and A7) on site, to determine whether the measures have been effective and adequate to prevent, or where this is not possible to minimise, emissions released to air (including but not limited to odour and ammonia, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), and TVOC).	Within 6 months from completion of IC2 and IC7 above or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency following this review for assessment and approval.	rigonoy
	The report shall include but not be limited to the following aspects:	
	Full investigation and characterisation of the waste gas streams.	
	 Evidence that the emission of pollutants in the waste gas stream is being prevented or where this is not possible minimised by the abatement plant. 	
	 Abatement stack monitoring results (including but not limited to odour and ammonia, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), and TVOC). 	
	 Abatement process monitoring results (including but not limited to odour and ammonia, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), and TVOC). 	

Table S1.3 Im	nprovement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
	Details of air quality quantitative impact assessment including modelling and a proposal for site-specific "action levels" (including but not limited to odour concentration, hydrogen sulphide and ammonia, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), and TVOC).	
	Odour monitoring results at the site boundary.	
	Records of odour complaints and odour related incidents.	
	 Recommendations for improvement including the replacement or upgrading of the abatement plant. 	
	 Timescales for implementation of improvements to the abatement plant. 	
	The operator shall implement any improvements in line with the timescales as approved by the Environment Agency.	
	(Note that approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation applications to implement the improvements identified in the report. Any variation may include the insertion of necessary emission limit values).	
Improvement	t condition for monitoring digestate stability	
IC9	The operator shall submit a written report, with supporting evidence, on the stability of whole digestate, (i.e. prior to dewatering), and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it.	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other
	The report shall assess whether biogas emissions from post digestion storage or treatment of digestate is likely to have been minimised. The report shall include but not be limited to:	date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
	 An assessment of residual biogas potential in accordance with the OFW004-005 [N6] methodology specified by BSI PAS 110: Producing Quality Anaerobic Digestate or an equivalent methodology for assessing residual biogas potential of the digestate. 	Agency
Improvement	t condition for review of pressure release valves	
IC10	The operator shall submit a written 'pressure release valve review' report and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The report shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by an appropriately qualified engineer and shall assess the design specification, condition and suitability of pressure release valves and associated pipework on tanks where there is a risk of over or under pressurisation.	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment
	The report shall review the pressure relief and vacuum release valves (PVRV) in line with the criteria set out in section 8.11 (Pressure and vacuum relief control – AD and TAD plants) of Environment Agency	Agency

Reference	Requirement				
	guidance, Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities.				
	The report shall also include, but not be limited to:				
identified individual imp demonstrate that the P	 A program of works with timescales for the implementation of identified individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the PVRVs are fit for purpose. A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. 				
	The report shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.				

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion				
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 450,000 tonnes				
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:				
	 Biodegradable wastes that is significantly contaminated with non-compostable or digestible contaminants, in particular plastic and litter shall be no more than 5% w/w and shall be as low as reasonably practicable by 31 December 2025. Wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood. Wastes containing persistent organic pollutants. Wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Invasive Species (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. Manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. Pest infested waste. 				
Waste code	Description				
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use				
19 02	wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)				
19 02 06	sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only)				
19 06	wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste				
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (digested sewage sludge only)				
19 08	wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified				
19 08 05	sludges from the treatment of urban waste water				
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified				
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11 (sewage sludge only) subjected to mechanical treatment only from a process that treats waste which are listed in this table, Table S2.2				
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions				
20 03	other municipal wastes				
20 03 20 03 04	other municipal wastes septic tank sludge				

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Emission point	Source	Parameter	Limit	Reference	Monitoring	
ref. & location			(including unit)	period	Monitoring frequency	standard or method
Point A6 on site plan in schedule 7 ST 84782 58838	Channelled emissions via an odour abatement stack or vent as implemented in	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013
	line with IC7 and IC8					for analysis
	[Note 2]	Odour concentration	1,000 OU _E /m ³ [note 3]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
	Channelled emissions to air from treatment of water-based liquid waste	Hydrogen chloride (HCI)	5 mg/m ³ [note 1]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 1911
		TVOC	20 mg/m ³ [note 1]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 12619
Point A7 on site plan in schedule 7 ST 84758 58864	Channelled emissions via an odour abatement stack or vent as implemented in line with IC7 and IC8 [Note 2]	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis
		Odour concentration	1,000 OU _E /m ³ [note 3]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
	Channelled emissions to air from treatment of water-based liquid waste	Hydrogen chloride (HCI)	5 mg/m ³ [note 1]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 1911
		TVOC	20 mg/m ³ [note 1]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 12619
Point A10 on site plan in Schedule 7	Emergency Generator 1 3.749 MWth					

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
ST 84733 58772	Burning gas oil [note 4]					
Pressure relief valves [Point A2, A3 and A4 on site plan in schedule 7] ST 84757 58777 ST 84747 58802 ST 84758 58818	Digesters/digestate storage tanks	Biogas release and operational events	No limit set	Recorded duration and frequency	Daily inspection	
Vents from tank(s)	Oil/Fuel Storage tank(s)	No parameter set	No limit set			

Note 1 – Monitoring and limits only apply where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC8.

Note 2 – The monitoring of NH $_3$ and H $_2$ S can only be used as an alternative to the monitoring of the odour concentration subject to the outcome of IC8 and written agreement with the Environment Agency.

Note 3 – This emission limit applies upon the completion of IC7 and IC8

Note 4 – Operation of the emergency generators shall be limited to less than 50 hours per year for testing purposes only.

	Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements								
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method			
S1 on site plan in schedule 7	Centrate from digestate dewatering assets Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX) Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI) Free cyanide (CN ⁻) Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)		No visible oil or grease		Weekly	Visual assessment			
emission to River Avon via Trowbridge WRC ST 84749		toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene		Spot sample or flow- proportion al composite sample	Once every month	EN ISO 15680			
58862		oil index	10 mg/l		Once every day	EN ISO 9377-2			
		0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 14403-1 or EN ISO 14403-2				
		organically bound halogens	1 mg/l			EN ISO 9562			
		Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l						

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method	
		Cadmium (Cd)	0.1 mg/l	Spot sample or	Once every day		EN ISO 11885,
		Chromium (Cr)	0.3 mg/l	flow- proportion al		EN ISO 17294-2 or	
		Copper (Cu)	0.5 mg/l	composite		EN ISO 15586	
		Lead (Pb)	0.3 mg/l	sample			
		Nickel (Ni)	1 mg/l	_			
		Zinc (Zn)	2 mg/l				
		Mercury (Hg)	10 μg/l	Spot sample or flow- proportion	Once every day	EN ISO 17852 or EN ISO 12846	
		Manganese (Mn)		composite sample		EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586	
		Hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI))	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 10304-3 or EN ISO 23913	
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months		
S2 on site plan in schedule 7	Gravity belt thickener liquors	Oil and grease	No visible oil or grease		Weekly	Visual assessment	
emission to River Avon via Trowbridge WRC ST 84822 58810		Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX)		Spot sample or flow- proportion al composite sample	Once every month Once every day	EN ISO 15680	
30010		Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI)	10 mg/l			EN ISO 9377-2	
		Free cyanide (CN·)	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 14403-1 or EN ISO 14403-2	
		Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)	1 mg/l			EN ISO 9562	
		Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l				

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
		Cadmium (Cd)	0.1 mg/l	Spot sample or	Once every day	EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or
		Chromium (Cr)	0.3 mg/l	flow- proportion al		
		Copper (Cu)	0.5 mg/l	composite		EN ISO 15586
		Lead (Pb)	0.3 mg/l	sample		
		Nickel (Ni)	1 mg/l	_		
		Zinc (Zn)	2 mg/l			
		Mercury (Hg)	10 μg/l	Spot sample or flow- proportion	Once every day	EN ISO 17852 or EN ISO 12846
		Manganese (Mn)		composite sample		EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586
		Hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI))	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 10304-3 or EN ISO 23913
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months	
S3 on site plan in schedule 7	Filtrate from digester dewatering	Oil and grease	No visible oil or grease		Weekly	Visual assessment
emission to River Avon via Trowbridge WRC ST 84748 58828	assets	Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX)		Spot sample or flow-proportion al composite sample Once every month Once every day		EN ISO 15680
		Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI)	10 mg/l			EN ISO 9377-2
		Free cyanide (CN ⁻)	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 14403-1 or EN ISO 14403-2
		Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)	1 mg/l			EN ISO 9562
		Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l			

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
		Cadmium (Cd)	0.1 mg/l	Spot sample or	Once every day	EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or
		Chromium (Cr)	0.3 mg/l	flow- proportion al		
		Copper (Cu)	0.5 mg/l	composite		EN ISO 15586
		Lead (Pb)	0.3 mg/l	sample		
		Nickel (Ni)	1 mg/l			
		Zinc (Zn)	2 mg/l			
		Mercury (Hg)	10 μg/l	Spot sample or flow- proportion	Once every day	EN ISO 17852 or EN ISO 12846
		Manganese (Mn)		composite sample		EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586
		Hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI))	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 10304-3 or EN ISO 23913
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months	
S4 on site plan in schedule 7	Wastewater liquor, site surface	Oil and grease	No visible oil or grease		Weekly	Visual assessment
emission to River Avon via Trowbridge WRC ST 84850 58804	water/water from bunded areas/ treated waste waters (and biogas condensate, boiler blowdown, chiller/gas compressor liquors and G2G process clean up waters produced from the Wessex Water Enterprises Limited permit – EPR/HB3602TR)	Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX)		sample or flow-proportion al composite	Once every month	EN ISO 15680
		Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI)	10 mg/l		Once every day	EN ISO 9377-2
		Free cyanide (CN·)	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 14403-1 or EN ISO 14403-2
		Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)	1 mg/l			EN ISO 9562
		Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l			

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
		Cadmium (Cd)	0.1 mg/l	Spot sample or	Once every day	EN ISO 11885,
		Chromium (Cr)	0.3 mg/l	flow- proportion al		EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586
		Copper (Cu)	0.5 mg/l	composite		
		Lead (Pb)	0.3 mg/l	sample		
		Nickel (Ni)	1 mg/l			
		Zinc (Zn)	2 mg/l			
		Mercury (Hg)	10 μg/l	Spot sample or flow- proportion	Once every day	EN ISO 17852 or EN ISO 12846
		Manganese (Mn)		al composite sample		EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586
		Hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI))	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 10304-3 or EN ISO 23913
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months	

Note 1 – Monitoring and limits only apply where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste water inventory as determined by improvement condition IC6a and IC6b.

Note 2 – Monitoring frequency as specified unless the Environment Agency has agreed in writing other alternative appropriate monitoring frequencies.

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements						
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications		
Digester feed	pH	As described in	As described in site operating techniques	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.		
(digestion process)	Alkalinity	site operating techniques				
	Temperature	_ _ _				
	Hydraulic loading rate					
	Organic loading rate					
	Volatile fatty acids concentration					
	Ammonia					
	Liquid /foam level					
Biogas in digester [& biogas storage holders]	Flow	Continuous	In accordance with EU weights and measures Regulations	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.		
	Methane	Continuous	None specified	Gas monitors to		
	CO ₂	Continuous	None specified	be calibrated every 6 months or in accordance		
	O ₂	Continuous	None specified	with the manufacturer's		
	Hydrogen sulphide	Daily	None specified	recommendations.		
	Pressure	Continuous	None specified			
Digestate batch	Volatile fatty acids concentration	One sample at the end of each batch (hydraulic retention time) cycle.	As described in site operating techniques			
	Ammonia					
Digesters and storage tanks	Integrity checks	Weekly	Visual assessment	In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.		
Digesters	Agitation /mixing	Continuous	Systems controls	Records maintained in daily operational records.		
	Tank capacity and sediment assessment	Once every 5 years from date of commission	Non- destructive pressure testing integrity assessment every 5 years or as specified	In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.		

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements						
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications		
			by manufacturers technical specification.			
Waste reception building or area; Digester(s) and storage tank(s)	Odour	Daily	Olfactory monitoring	Odour detection at the site boundary.		
Diffuse emissions from all sources identified in the Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) programme	VOCs including methane	Every 6 months or otherwise agreed in accordance with the LDAR programme	'Sniffing' and/or Optical Gas Imaging techniques in accordance with BS EN 15446 & BS EN 17628	Monitoring points as specified in a DSEAR risk assessment and LDAR programme. Limit as agreed with the Environment Agency as a percentage of the overall gas production.		
Meteorological conditions	Wind speed, air temperature, wind direction	Continuous	Method as specified in management system	Conditions to be recorded in operational diary and records. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.		
Pressure relief valves and vacuum systems	Gas pressure	Continuous	Recording using a SCADA system	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored.		
	Re-seating	Weekly inspection	Visual	Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.		
	Inspection, maintenance,	Following foaming or overtopping or	Written scheme of	After a foaming event or sticking,		

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements					
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
	calibration, repair and validation	at 3 yearly intervals whichever is sooner	examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	build-up of debris, obstructions or damage, operator must ensure that pressure relief valve function remains within designed gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained and qualified personnel.	
	Inspection, calibration and validation report	In accordance with design and construction specifications or after over topping or foaming event	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release, after a foaming event or sticking, build-up of debris, obstructions or damage.	
				Operator must ensure that PRV function remains within designed operation gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained/qualified personnel.	
				Inspection, calibration and validation report. In accordance with industry Approved Code of Practice	
Storage tanks	Volume	Daily	Visual or flow meter measurement	Records of volume must be maintained.	

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
Odour abatement plant		•		
Open biofilters				
Biofilter	Surface condition (signs of vegetation and channelling)	Daily	Visual assessment	appropriate temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan and manufacturer's recommendations. Equipment shall be calibrated on a
	Gas temperature – inlet	Daily	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	
	Biofilter media moisture	Daily	Moisture meter, Grab test, oven drying or recognised industry method	
	Thatching /compaction	Weekly	Back pressure	
	Gas flow rate – inlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	
	pH (biofilter drainage effluent)	Daily	pH metre or litmus paper	
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Media health, air-flow distribution and emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	As agreed in the odour management plan and approved by the Environment Agency	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC8 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

Table S3.4 Process mor	Table S3.4 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC7 and IC8)			
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	As agreed in the odour management plan and approved by the Environment Agency	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC8 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency. Action levels to be
				achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC8 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Closed biofilters				
Biofilter	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Daily	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	Odour abatement plant shall be regularly checked and maintained to ensure
	Biofilter media moisture	Daily	Moisture meter, Grab test, oven drying or recognised industry method	appropriate temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement plant shall be managed in
	Thatching /compaction	Weekly	Back pressure	accordance with permit condition

Table S3.4 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC7 and IC8) Monitoring **Emission point Parameter** Monitorina Other reference or source or frequency standard or specifications method description of point of measurement 3.3, the odour Gas flow Gas flow rate - inlet Continuous management plan and outlet meter and pH (biofilter drainage Daily pH metre or manufacturer's effluent) litmus paper recommendations. Annual Media health, Efficiency air-flow assessment Equipment shall distribution be calibrated on a and emission 4 monthly basis, removal or as agreed in efficiency (BS writing by the EN 13725 for Environment odour Agency. removal) Hydrogen sulphide -Every 6 months or CEN TS Action levels to be inlet and outlet gas as agreed in 13649 for agreed on writing by the stream sampling completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the **NIOSH 6013** Environment for analysis Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. Ammonia – inlet Every 6 months or **EN ISO** Action levels to be as agreed in 21877 agreed on writing by the completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the Environment Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. BS EN 13725 Odour concentration Every 6 months or Action levels to be as agreed in inlet and outlet gas agreed on writing by the stream completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the

IC8)	intoring requirements -	- odour abatement (Tollowing comp	oletion of IC7 and
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				Environment
				Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Scrubbers (water/chemi	cal/dry)			
Scrubber	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	plant shall be regularly checked and maintained to ensure appropriate temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan and manufacturer's recommendations. Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	
	Moisture content or humidity – inlet and outlet (for dry scrubbers only)	Daily	Moisture meter	
	Moisture content or humidity – outlet (for wet scrubbers if used before other abatement systems)	Daily	Moisture meter	
	Back pressure	Weekly	Pressure differential using sensors	
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	
	pH scrubber solution (pre-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter	
	pH scrubber solution (post-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter	
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC8 as approved in writing by the Environment

Table S3.4 Process mor	itoring requirements -	- odour abatement (following comp	oletion of IC7 and
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC8 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Carbon filters				
t	Carbon bed temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe	Odour abatement plant shall be managed in
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet Continuous Gas flow meter		accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour	
	Moisture or humidity	Daily	Moisture meter	management plan and manufacturer's
	Back pressure	Weekly	Recognised industry method	recommendations. Carbon filter(s) to be replaced in accordance with manufacturer's
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour	
			removal)	Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

Table S3.4 Process monitoring requirements – odour abatement (following completion of IC7 and IC8) **Parameter** Monitorina Monitoring Other **Emission point** reference or source or frequency standard or specifications description of point of method measurement Hydrogen sulphide -Every 6 months or **CENTS** Action levels to be inlet and outlet gas as agreed in 13649 for agreed on writing by the stream sampling completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the **NIOSH 6013** Environment for analysis Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. Ammonia – inlet Every 6 months or **EN ISO** Action levels to be as agreed in 21877 agreed on writing by the completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the Environment Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan. Odour concentration Every 6 months or BS EN 13725 Action levels to be as agreed in - inlet and outlet gas agreed on writing by the stream completion of IC8 Environment as approved in Agency. writing by the Environment Agency. Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

Table S3.5 Bio	Table S3.5 Bioaerosols monitoring requirements – ambient monitoring						
Location or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Bioaerosols action levels (CFU m ⁻³)	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications		
Upwind of the operational area, as described in the Technical Guidance Note M9	Total bacteria	1000 Note 1	Quarterly for the first year of operation and twice a year thereafter, unless another frequency is agreed in writing by the	first year of operation and twice a year thereafter, unless another frequency is agreed with Techr Guidance Note M9 – Environme monitoring	first year of operation and twice a year thereafter, unless another frequency is agreed with Technic Guidance Note M9 – Environment monitoring of		ical in the Technical Guidance Note ntal M9, including of all the
Downwind of the operational area, as described in the Technical Guidance Note M9	Aspergillus Fumigatus	500 Note 1	Environment Agency Note 2	regulated facilities.	requirements specified therein.		

Note 1- The bioaerosols action levels are only applicable at downwind sampling locations equivalent to the distance of the nearest sensitive receptor. Where these action levels are elevated, the operator must take action to mitigate the impact on sensitive receptors. Assessment of compliance will be based on risk and in line with guidance.

Note 2. Where the bioaerosols action levels are exceeded, then monitoring remain quarterly until such time that it is demonstrated that the site has adequate mitigation for a 12 month period.

Table S3.6 Emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – Monitoring points			
Effluents and discharge points	Monitoring type	Monitoring point NGR	Monitoring point reference
S1 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Biss [via Trowbridge WRC]	Effluent monitoring	ST 84749 58862	Point S1 [Discharge to WRC] in Schedule 7
S2 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Biss [via Trowbridge WRC]	Effluent monitoring	ST 84822 58810	Point S2 [Discharge to WRC] in Schedule 7
S3 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Biss [via Trowbridge WRC]	Effluent monitoring	ST 84748 58828	Point S3 [Discharge to WRC] in Schedule 7
S4 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Biss [via Trowbridge WRC]	Effluent monitoring	ST 84850 58804	Point S4 [Discharge to WRC] in Schedule 7

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data			
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	A6, A7	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC8 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	A6, A7	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	S1, S2, S3, S4	Upon completion of IC6a and IC6b	Upon completion of IC6a and IC6b
Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner	1 January
Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months Yearly summary report of over- pressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance release	1 January
Process monitoring – pressure relief systems - leak detection and repair (inspection, calibration and maintenance) Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 3 years	1 January
Process monitoring – leak detection and repair surveys Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months LDAR report to be submitted annually	1 January
Non-compostable contamination removal efficiency Parameters as required by conditions 2.3.4 and 2.3.7		Every 12 months Yearly report of detailing contamination removal efficiency	1 January

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data			
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
		and progress with plastic reduction contamination	
Bioaerosols monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.5	Every 3 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	1 January, 1 April, 1 July, 1 October

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment		
Parameter	Units	
Liquid digestate	m ³	
Solid digestate	tonnes	
Recovered outputs	tonnes or m ³	

Table S4.3 Performance parameters			
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units	
Water usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
Energy usage	Annually	MWh	
Raw material usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³	
Generator usage	Annually	hours	

Table S4.4 Reporting forms			
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form	
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Bioaerosols	As specified in the Technical Guidance Note M9 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		
Process monitoring	Form process 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Sewer	Form sewer 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/01/2025	
Waste returns	E-waste Return Form or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency		

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number

Name of operator				
Location of Facility				
Time and date of the detection				
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, nce not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution			
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection			
Date and time of the event				
Reference or description of the location of the event				
Description of where any release into the environment took place				
Substances(s) potentially released				
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances				
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission				
Description of the failure or accident.				
(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit				
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless otherwise specified below			
Emission point reference/ source				
Parameter(s)				

Measured value and uncertainty

Date and time of monitoring

(b) Notification requirements for the bre	ch of a limit
To be notified within 24 hours of detecti	n unless otherwise specified below
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	
Time periods for notification following of	etection of a breach of a limit
Parameter	Notification period
(c) Notification requirements for the det	ction of any significant adverse environmental effect
To be notified within 24 hours of detecti	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	
Part B – to be submitted a Any more accurate information on the matt	•
notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to a recurrence of the incident	prevent
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to limit or prevent any pollution of the environ which has been or may be caused by the environment of the second s	nent
The dates of any unauthorised emissions f facility in the preceding 24 months.	om the
Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"anaerobic digestion" means a process of controlled decomposition of biodegradable materials under managed conditions where free oxygen is absent, at temperatures suitable for naturally occurring mesophilic or thermophilic anaerobes and facultative anaerobe bacteria species, which convert the inputs to a methanerich biogas and whole digestate.

"animal waste" means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption.

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"appropriate abatement system" means the appropriate treatment technique for channelled emissions to air defined in 6.6.1 'Channelled emissions to air' from the 'Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document for Waste Treatment'.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"Best available techniques" means the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques for providing the basis for emission limit values and other permit conditions designed to prevent and, where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole:

- (a) 'techniques' includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned;
- (b) 'available techniques' means those developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the costs and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the Member State in question, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator;
- (c) 'best' means most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole.

"bioaerosols action levels" mean the acceptable bioaerosols concentrations at the nearest sensitive receptor, or at an equivalent distance downwind of the biowaste treatment operations, which are attributable to the biowaste treatment operations. The acceptable concentrations are respectively 1000 and 500 CFU m⁻³ for total bacteria and Aspergillus fumigatus. Where these action levels are elevated, the operator must take action to mitigate the impact on sensitive receptors.

"Biodegradable" means a material is capable of undergoing biological anaerobic or aerobic degradation leading to the production of CO₂, H₂O, methane, biomass, and mineral salts, depending on the environmental conditions of the process.

"building" means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

"BREF" means Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document.

"Capacity" means the potential capacity and not historical or actual production levels or throughput. This means that the designed capacity is the maximum rate at which the site can operate. Biological treatment of waste usually takes place over more than one day, so the physical daily capacity can be calculated by dividing the maximum quantity of waste that could be subject to biological treatment at any one time by the minimum residence time. For in-vessel composting, the residence time for sanitisation should be calculated separately and then aggregated to the complete composting time. Further guidance 'RGN2: Understanding the meaning of regulated facility Definition of regulated facility' is available.

"channelled emissions" means the emissions of pollutants into the environment through any kind of duct, pipe, stack, etc. This also includes emissions from open top biofilters.

"combined heat and power" (CHP) or Cogeneration means the simultaneous generation in one process of thermal energy and electrical or mechanical energy.

"competent persons and resources" means that a technically competent person accredited to a relevant scheme must attend site and record their attendance, and that all roles and responsibilities are clearly stated in the management systems along with records of operatives' training. See the guidance on the <u>level of competence and duration of attendance</u>

"compliance date" means 01/01/2025 for existing MCPs with net rated thermal input of greater than 5MWth or 01/01/2030 for existing MCPs with a net rated thermal input of less than or equal to 5MWth.

"compost" means solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been sanitised and stabilised, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

"compostable plastics" means waste containing packaging or non-packaging items (or both) with a valid certificate of conformity to EN 13432 or an equivalent standard for compostable and digestible items, the certificate issued by an independent certification body capable of fully biodegrading by a biological process to create compost or digest.

"composting" means the managed biological decomposition of biodegradable waste organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat and that result in compost.

"composting batch" means an identifiable quantity of material that progresses through the composting system and when fully processed has similar characteristics throughout. For composting systems that operate on a continuous- or plug-flow basis, batches will be taken to mean a series of "portions of production".

"direct discharge" means discharge to a receiving water body.

"diffuse emissions" mean non-channelled emissions (e.g. of dust, organic compounds, odour) which can result in 'area' sources (e.g. tanks) or 'point' sources (e.g. pipe flanges). This also includes emissions from open-air windrow composting.

"digestate" means material resulting from an anaerobic digestion process.

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"DSEAR" means the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"existing medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation before 20 December 2018.

"generator" means any combustion plant which is used to generate electricity, excluding mobile, unless it is connected to the national grid.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"impermeable surface" means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

"Indirect discharge" means a discharge to a sewer or off-site waste water treatment plant.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" and/or "IED" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme" means a structured approach to reduce fugitive emissions of organic compounds by detection and subsequent repair or replacement of leaking components. Currently, sniffing (described by EN 15446) and optical gas imaging methods are available for the identification of leaks as set out in BAT 14 and section 6.6.2 of the Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions.

"maturation" means optional period of treatment or storage of separated fibre digestate under predominantly aerobic conditions.

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"medium combustion plant" or "MCP" means a combustion plant with a rated thermal input equal to or greater than 1 MW but less than 50 MW.

"Medium Combustion Plant Directive" or "MCPD" means Directive 2015/2193/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the limitation of emissions of certain pollutants into the air from medium combustion plants, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"new medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation after 20 December 2018. This includes replacement MCP and Generators.

"operating hours" means the time, expressed in hours, during which a combustion plant is operating and discharging emissions into the air, excluding start-up and shut-down periods

"operational area" means any part of a facility used for the handling, storing and treatment of waste.

"operator" means in relation to a regulated facility:

- (a) the person who has control over the operation of the regulated facility,
- (b) if the regulated facility has not yet been put into operation, the person who will have control over the regulated facility when it is put into operation, or
- (c) if a regulated facility authorised by an environmental permit ceases to be in operation, the person who holds the environmental permit

"pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"PFOA" means Perfluorooctanoic acid.

"PFOS" means Perfluorooctanesulphonic acid.

"pollution" means emissions as a result of human activity which may—

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to a human sense,
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"sanitisation" means the actively managed and intensive stage of composting, lasting for at least 5 days, characterised by high oxygen demand and temperatures of over 55°C, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, eradicate human and animal pathogens or reduce them to acceptably low levels. The operator also needs to meet ABPR requirements.

"sealed drainage system" in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- · no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged to foul sewer.

"specified generator" means a group of generators other than excluded between 1 and 50 megawatts or less than 50 megawatts as defined in Schedule 25B(2) of SI 2018 No.110 of the EPR.

"stable" and/or "stabilised" means the degree of processing and biodegradation at which the rate of biological activity has slowed to an acceptably low and consistent level and will not significantly increase under favourable, altered conditions.

"VOC" means Volatile organic compounds as defined in Article 3(45) of Directive 2010/75/EU – 'volatile organic compound' means any organic compound as well as the fraction of creosote, having at 293.15K a vapour pressure of 0.01 kPa or more, or having a corresponding volatility under the particular conditions of use.

"Waste code" means the six-digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England)Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

"Waste Framework Directive" and/or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid fuels and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

"year" means a calendar year ending on 31 December.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



© Crown Copyright and Database Rights 2025 OS AC0000807064

END OF PERMIT