



Norway

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Norway.

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Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Norway was **£36.1 billion** in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, a decrease of 27.1% or £13.4 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023. Of this £36.1 billion:

- Total UK **exports** to Norway amounted to £8.8 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 (a decrease of 8.9% or £855 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023);
- Total UK **imports** from Norway amounted to £27.3 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 (a decrease of 31.5% or £12.5 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023).

Norway was the UK's 12th largest trading partner in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 accounting for 2.1% of total UK trade.¹

In 2022, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in Norway was £9.2 billion accounting for 0.5% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

In 2022, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from Norway was £5.2 billion accounting for 0.3% of the total UK inward FDI stock.²

¹Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted](#) data.

²Investment data sourced from ONS publication on [Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies](#).

Contents

About these statistics	3
Summary trade and investment statistics for Norway	4
Trade with Norway, in current prices (ONS)	6
Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)	8
Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)	9
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)	10
Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)	12
UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)	13
Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)	14
Trade in Value Added (OECD)	15
Foreign Direct Investment with Norway (ONS)	16
Economic statistics (as reported by Norway)	18
Background Notes	22

About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Norway. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [UK trade in numbers](#) publication or the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

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Summary trade and investment statistics for Norway

UK trade with Norway, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)³

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023
Total trade	£36.1 billion	a decrease of 27.1% or £13.4 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	12th	
Total UK exports	£8.8 billion	a decrease of 8.9% or £855 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	24th	
UK exports in goods (percentage of total UK exports that were goods)	£3.6 billion (40.5%)	a decrease of 19.3% or £852 million
UK exports in services (percentage of total UK exports that were services)	£5.2 billion (59.5%)	a decrease of <0.1% or £3 million
Total UK imports	£27.3 billion	a decrease of 31.5% or £12.5 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	10th	
UK imports in goods (percentage of total UK imports that were goods)	£24.3 billion (89.1%)	a decrease of 34.0% or £12.5 billion
UK imports in services (percentage of total UK imports that were services)	£3.0 billion (10.9%)	a decrease of 0.7% or £20 million

UK trade with Norway, in current prices (based on the latest calendar year)⁴

Trade	Value in 2023	Change from 2022
Total trade	£39.5 billion	a decrease of 29.3% or £16.4 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	12th	
Total UK exports	£9.3 billion	an increase of 5.1% or £450 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	24th	
UK exports in goods (percentage of total UK exports that were goods)	£3.9 billion (42.5%)	a decrease of 1.9% or £77 million
UK exports in services (percentage of total UK exports that were services)	£5.3 billion (57.5%)	an increase of 11.0% or £527 million
Total UK imports	£30.2 billion	a decrease of 35.8% or £16.8 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	10th	
UK imports in goods (percentage of total UK imports that were goods)	£27.2 billion (90.2%)	a decrease of 38.7% or £17.2 billion
UK imports in services (percentage of total UK imports that were services)	£3.0 billion (9.8%)	an increase of 16.2% or £413 million

³Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

⁴Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

UK market share in Norway⁵

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2023		Change from 2022
Total UK market share	7.4%	an increase of 0.6 percentage points	
UK market share for goods only	5.1%	an increase of 0.4 percentage points	
UK market share for services only	11.0%	an increase of 0.7 percentage points	

UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with Norway⁶

UK FDI	Value in 2022		Change from 2021
Total UK outward FDI	£9.2 billion	an increase of 41.4% or £2.7 billion	
Total UK inward FDI	£5.2 billion	an increase of 76.8% or £2.3 billion	

Economic statistics and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for Norway⁷

Economic statistics	2021	2022	2023	2024
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	3.5%	5.8%	5.5%	3.3%
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	4.4	3.3	3.6	4.3

Norway was the 32nd largest economy in 2023, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP).

⁵UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the [market share section](#) in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

⁶FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics publication [Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies](#).

⁷Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund [World Economic Outlook](#) databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

Trade with Norway, in current prices (ONS)^{8 9 10}

Trade definitions

- **UK exports** - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to Norway.
- **UK imports** - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by Norway.
- **Total or 'bilateral' trade** - The value of total trade between the UK and Norway (exports plus imports).
- **Trade balance** - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- **Trade surplus** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Norway is greater than the value of UK imports from Norway.
- **Trade deficit** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Norway is less than the value of UK imports from Norway.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

***Note:** UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.*

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Norway was £36.1 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, a decrease of 27.1% or £13.4 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, **total UK exports** to Norway amounted to £8.8 billion (a decrease of 8.9% or £855 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023).

Of all UK exports to Norway in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, £3.6 billion (40.5%) were **goods** and £5.2 billion (59.5%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, UK **exports of goods** to Norway decreased by 19.3% or £852 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023 while UK **exports of services** to Norway decreased by 0.1% or £3 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, **total UK imports** from Norway were £27.3 billion (a decrease of 31.5% or £12.5 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023).

Of all UK imports from Norway in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, £24.3 billion (89.1%) were **goods** and £3.0 billion (10.9%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from Norway decreased by 34.0% or £12.5 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023 while UK **imports of services** from Norway decreased by 0.7% or £20 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023.

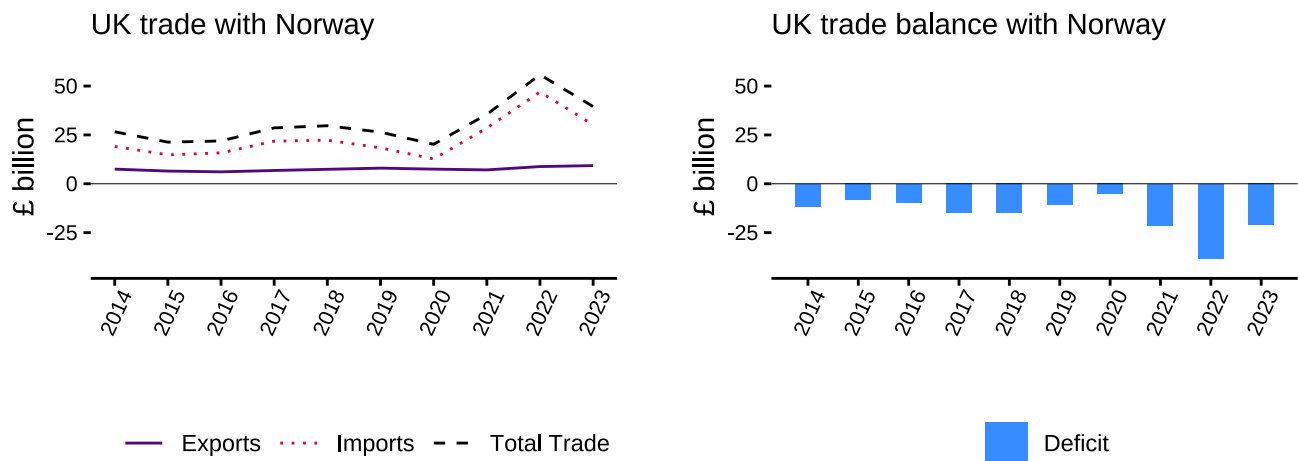
This means the UK reported a **total trade deficit** of £18.5 billion with Norway, compared to a trade deficit of £30.1 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023. In the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, the UK had a **trade in goods deficit** of £20.7 billion with Norway, compared to a trade in goods deficit of £32.4 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £2.3 billion with Norway, compared to a trade in services surplus of £2.3 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023.

⁸Office of National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

⁹This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to Norway (reported by the UK) may not match the value of Norway imports from the UK (reported by Norway).

¹⁰Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.'

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and Norway for each year between 2014 and 2023:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q2 2024

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Value of total trade	26.6	21.3	21.9	28.6	29.7	26.4	20.2	35.5	55.8	39.5
Value of exports	7.5	6.5	6.1	6.8	7.4	8.0	7.5	7.1	8.8	9.3
Value of imports	19.1	14.8	15.8	21.8	22.3	18.4	12.7	28.5	47.0	30.2
Trade balance	-11.6	-8.2	-9.7	-14.9	-14.9	-10.5	-5.3	-21.4	-38.2	-21.0

In the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, Norway was the UK's:¹¹

- **12th largest trading partner** (accounting for 2.1% of total UK trade).
 - 10th largest **goods** trading partner (2.9% of UK goods trade).
 - 23rd largest **services** trading partner (1.0% of UK services trade).
- **24th largest export market** (accounting for 1.0% of total UK exports).
 - 23rd largest **goods** export market (0.9% of UK goods exports).
 - 22nd largest **services** export market (1.1% of UK services exports).
- **10th largest import market** (accounting for 3.1% of total UK imports).
 - 7th largest **goods** import market (4.3% of UK goods imports).
 - 25th largest **services** import market (1.0% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only¹², show that UK exports of goods to Norway decreased by 9.6% the 12 months to October 2024 in current prices, compared to the same period the previous year. UK imports of goods from Norway decreased by 15.2%, in current prices, over the same period.

¹¹Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹²ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to October 2024: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)^{13 14}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to Norway** in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 were as follows:

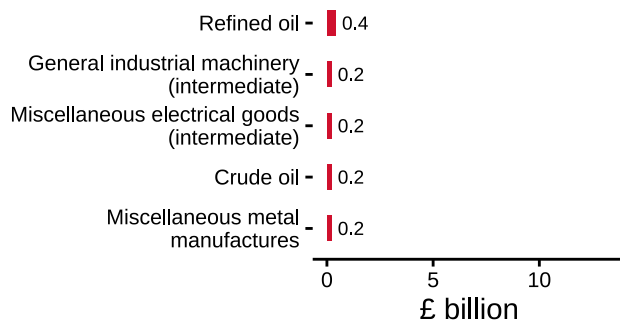
Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023
33R - Refined oil	£352.5 million	9.9%	an increase of 34.6%
74I - General industrial machinery (intermediate)	£208.2 million	5.8%	a decrease of 13.3%
77I - Miscellaneous electrical goods (intermediate)	£168.4 million	4.7%	a decrease of 8.9%
33O - Crude oil	£163.6 million	4.6%	a decrease of 68.0%
69 - Miscellaneous metal manufactures	£160.8 million	4.5%	a decrease of 22.0%

The **top 5 goods imported to the UK from Norway** in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023
33O - Crude oil	£10.3 billion	42.5%	a decrease of 20.3%
34 - Gas	£9.3 billion	38.6%	a decrease of 52.5%
33R - Refined oil	£707.1 million	2.9%	a decrease of 12.7%
35 - Electricity	£660.0 million	2.7%	a decrease of 27.9%
03 - Fish & shellfish	£611.2 million	2.5%	a decrease of 6.8%

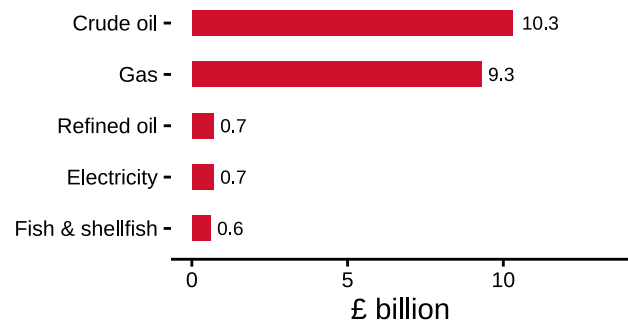
The chart below shows the top 5 products exported from the UK to Norway and the top 5 products imported to the UK from Norway, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK goods exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, to Norway



Source: ONS, October 2024

The top 5 UK goods imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024, from Norway



Source: ONS, October 2024

¹³Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for **exports** and **imports** present the latest data from the October 2024 ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

¹⁴The commodities are categorised based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.

Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)^{15 16 17 18}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

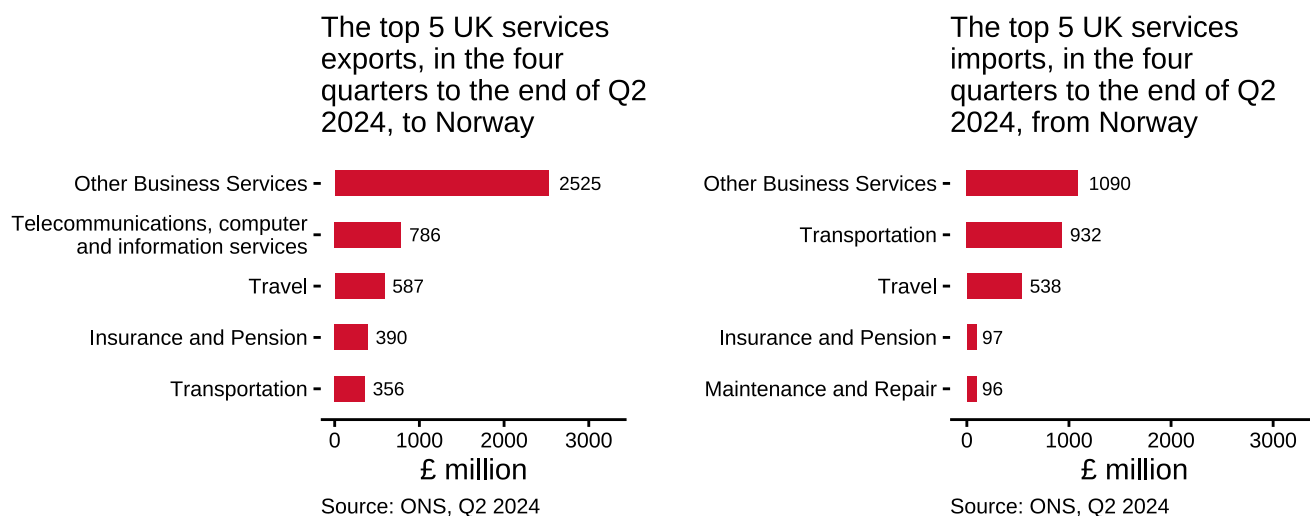
The **top 5 service types exported from the UK to Norway** in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024	Percentage of total services exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023
Other Business Services	£2.5 billion	48.2%	a decrease of 1.3%
Telecommunications, computer and information services	£786 million	15.0%	an increase of 10.5%
Travel	£587 million	11.2%	an increase of 0.2%
Insurance and Pension	£390 million	7.4%	an increase of 1.0%
Transportation	£356 million	6.8%	a decrease of 2.5%

The **top 5 service types imported to the UK from Norway** in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024	Percentage of total services imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q2 2023
Other Business Services	£1.1 billion	36.5%	a decrease of 8.9%
Transportation	£932 million	31.2%	a decrease of 18.0%
Travel	£538 million	18.0%	an increase of 39.4%
Insurance and Pension	£97 million	3.2%	an increase of 90.2%
Maintenance and Repair	£96 million	3.2%	Unavailable due to suppressed data

The chart below shows the top 5 service types exported from the UK to Norway and the top 5 service types imported to the UK from Norway, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q2 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.



¹⁵Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹⁶Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

¹⁷Service type data may be unavailable for some quarters, due to the suppression of figures for the confidentiality of individual traders.

¹⁸Where data suppressions prevent a comparison between the current and previous four quarters, the above tables will state "Unavailable due to suppressed data" in the comparison column.

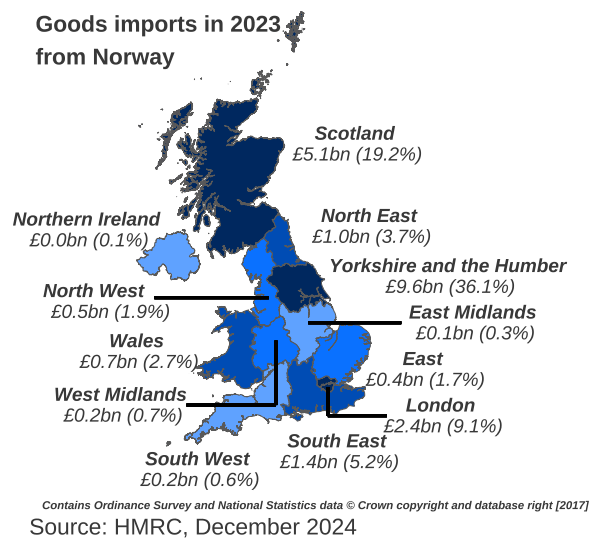
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)¹⁹

20

Regional trade definitions

- **UK regions** - The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- **Regional trade data** - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

The maps below show the value of UK goods exports and imports between each UK region and Norway in 2023. The maps are shaded with the 3 UK regions with the highest amount of trade as the darkest colour, and the 3 UK regions with the lowest amount of trade as the lightest colour.



The data that are presented in the maps above for 2023 in £ million for exports and £ billion for imports are also given in the table below:

UK country or English region	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
Value of goods exports to Norway	232	194	244	175	230	219	342	413	186	87	791	81
Percentage of total goods exports to Norway	7.1%	6.0%	7.5%	5.4%	7.1%	6.7%	10.5%	12.7%	5.7%	2.7%	24.3%	2.5%
Value of goods imports from Norway	1.0	0.5	9.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.4	1.4	0.2	0.7	5.1	0.0
Percentage of total goods imports from Norway	3.7%	1.9%	36.1%	0.3%	0.7%	1.7%	9.1%	5.2%	0.6%	2.7%	19.2%	0.1%

Note that these figures from HMRC are reported on a physical movement basis and are **not directly comparable** to trade data from ONS which are reported on a change of ownership basis. **Percentages will not total 100%** as data not allocated

¹⁹ HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC interactive tables).

²⁰ Totals presented here will differ from overall HMRC trade figures due to the exclusion of trade in non-monetary gold and non-response estimates and the exclusion of data not allocated to a UK country or region. Figures for 2023 are provisional and subject to change.

to a single UK country or English region are not presented.

Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)^{21 22}

Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

- **Modes of Supply** define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's [General Agreement on Services](#) categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- **Mode 1** - Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- **Mode 2** - Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- **Mode 3** - Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) - this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- **Mode 4** - Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

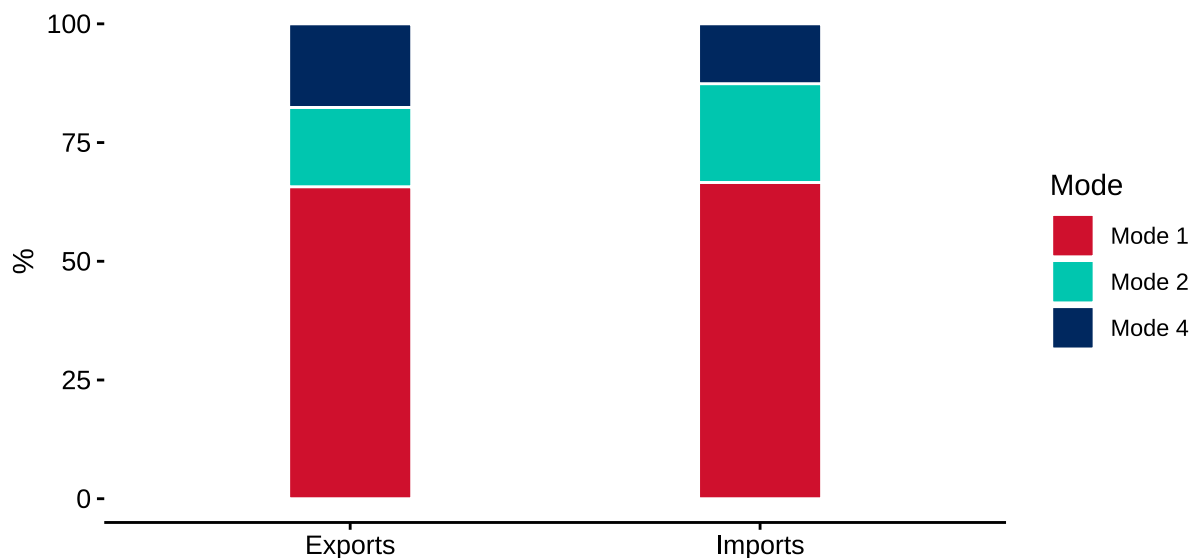
UK services exports to Norway by mode of supply in 2022:

- £3.1 billion of services exports to Norway were delivered by Mode 1 (65.7%).
- £800 million of services exports were delivered by Mode 2 (16.7%).
- £841 million of services exports were delivered by Mode 4 (17.6%).

UK services imports from Norway by mode of supply in 2022:

- £1.7 billion of services imports from Norway were delivered by Mode 1 (66.6%).
- £530 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 2 (20.8%).
- £321 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 4 (12.6%).

Proportion of total trade flows of services with Norway by Modes 1, 2, & 4 in 2022 (%)



Source: ONS, 2022

²¹ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: [ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK](#)

²²Data included in this ONS release are experimental estimates.

UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)^{23 24}

Market Share definitions

- **UK market share** – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by Norway. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- **Market share methodology** – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate ²⁵.

The UK's market share for Norway in 2023 was as follows:

- **The total UK market share in Norway was 7.4% in 2023 for goods and services.** This is an increase of 0.6 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Norway was 5.1% in 2023 for **goods only**. This is an increase of 0.4 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Norway was 11.0% in 2023 for **services only**. This is an increase of 0.7 percentage points from 2022.

The table below presents the UK's market share for Norway between 2014 and 2023. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total goods and services	8.3%	8.1%	6.6%	6.8%	7.0%	7.3%	7.9%	6.9%	6.7%	7.4%
Goods only	6.6%	6.5%	4.9%	5.3%	5.5%	5.7%	6.1%	5.0%	4.7%	5.1%
Services only	11.1%	10.6%	9.3%	9.1%	9.5%	9.9%	11.5%	11.4%	10.3%	11.0%

²³ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

²⁴UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

²⁵Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the [Bank of England](#)

Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)^{26 27 28}

Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

Businesses trading with Norway in 2023:

- In 2023, around 11,400 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to Norway.
- In 2023, around 4,200 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from Norway.

Businesses trading with the world in 2023:

- In 2023, around 125,600 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to the world.
- In 2023, around 251,200 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from the world.

²⁶HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: [UK trade in goods statistics](#).

²⁷Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with Norway are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

²⁸HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

Trade in Value Added (OECD)^{29 30}

Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- **UK forward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- **UK backward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- **Employment supported by exports** - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

UK forward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, 1.3% of the total value added in gross exports from Norway originated in the UK.**
- In 2020, 16.6% of the value added content in gross exports from Norway reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from Norway were United States (1.7%), Sweden (1.4%), and United Kingdom (1.3%).

UK backward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, 0.6% of the total value added in gross exports from the UK originated in Norway.**
- In 2020, 14.3% of the value added content in gross exports from the UK reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from the UK were United States (2.4%), Germany (1.5%), and China (1.2%).

Employment supported by exports:³¹

- Exporting activity in Norway supported around 439,000 persons in 2020 (15.7% of total Norway employment). Exports to the UK supported around 32,100 jobs in Norway in 2020.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.6 million persons in 2020 (20.3% of total UK employment). Exports to Norway supported around 87,700 jobs in the UK in 2020.

²⁹The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(origin of value added in gross exports\), June 2024](#); and b) [Trade in employment \(TIM\) database, February 2024](#), indicators EXGR_DEM.

³⁰The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

³¹These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.

Foreign Direct Investment with Norway (ONS)^{32 33 34}

Foreign direct investment definitions

- **Foreign direct investment (FDI)** - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- **FDI stock** - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in Norway), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a Norway parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** - It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

Note: The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the [ONS website](#).

UK outward FDI stock:

- In 2022, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Norway** was £9.2 billion, 41.4% or £2.7 billion higher than in 2021. In 2022, Norway accounted for 0.5% of the total UK outward FDI stock.
- In 2022, the total UK FDI abroad was £1.9 trillion. In 2022, the **top destination for UK FDI** was United States, accounting for 26.9% of the total UK outward FDI stock, followed by Netherlands (15.8%) and Luxembourg (6.3%).

UK inward FDI stock:

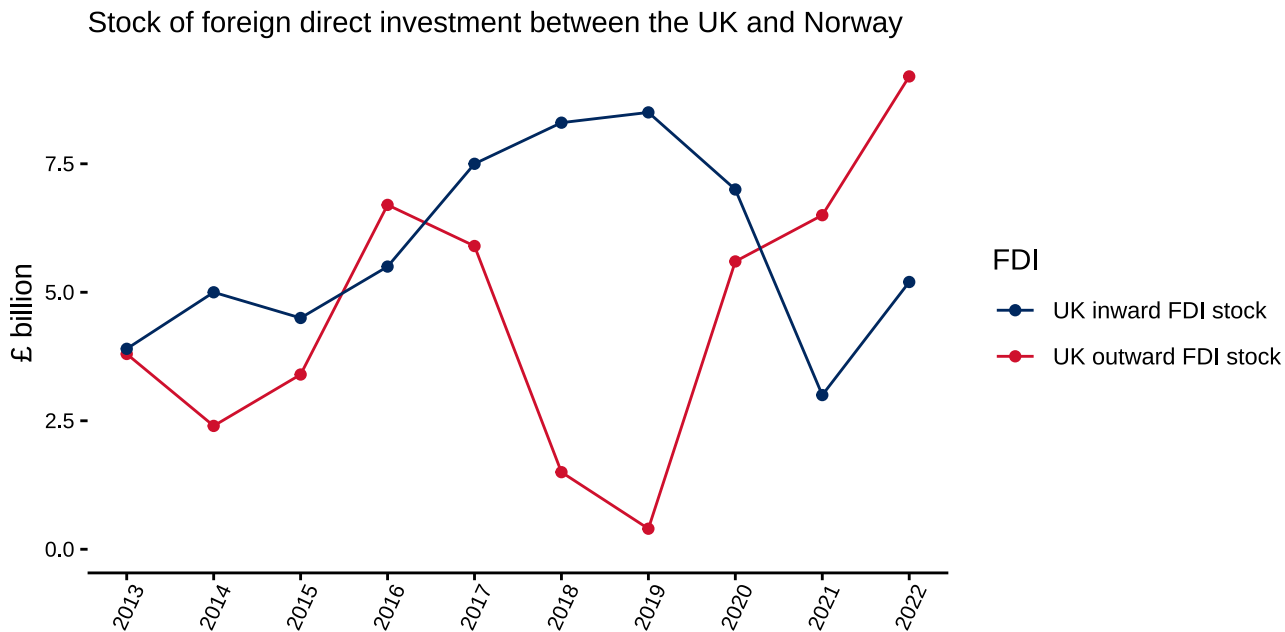
- In 2022, the **stock of FDI from Norway in the UK** was £5.2 billion, 76.8% or £2.3 billion higher than in 2021. In 2022, Norway accounted for 0.3% of the total UK inward FDI stock.
- In 2022, the total FDI in the UK in was £2.1 trillion. In 2022, the **top investor in the UK** was United States, accounting for 34.0% of the total UK inward FDI stock, followed by Jersey (10.5%) and Luxembourg (6.9%).

³² ONS data source for FDI statistics: [Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#).

³³ Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

³⁴ This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to Norway (reported by the UK) may not match Norway inward FDI from the UK (reported by Norway). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

The chart below shows FDI between the UK and Norway between 2013 and 2022:



Source: ONS, 2022 FDI main release. Data are on a directional basis, data suppression can cause breaks in the trends.

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
UK outward FDI stock	3.8	2.4	3.4	6.7	5.9	1.5	0.4	5.6	6.5	9.2
UK inward FDI stock	3.9	5.0	4.5	5.5	7.5	8.3	8.5	7.0	3.0	5.2

Economic statistics (as reported by Norway)

Trade and investment data for Norway (UNCTAD)^{35 36 37}

The following data are reported by Norway and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Nominal exports	130.3	144.3	165.4	146.2	118.0	203.8	328.1	227.4
Nominal imports	124.3	130.4	140.3	140.2	121.4	140.4	161.8	156.2
Nominal trade balance	6.1	13.9	25.1	6.1	-3.5	63.4	166.3	71.2
Inward FDI stock	146.9	145.4	144.1	160.3	156.8	155.2	148.3	157.2
Outward FDI stock	195.9	200.8	196.8	212.5	209.7	210.6	209.6	202.3

³⁵United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

³⁶Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2016 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

³⁷All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

Economic data and projections for Norway (IMF)^{38 39}

The following table presents economic statistics for Norway. Projections include assumptions of the effects of COVID-19 and may be subject to change in the future. Estimated data, as well as projections up to 2029, are presented in italics and are subject to revision.

Year	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Change in exports (%)	6.1	4.5	1.4	3.3	2.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Change in imports (%)	1.8	12.5	0.7	1.3	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
Current account balance (% of GDP)	14.9	30.2	17.9	14.5	12.5	10.6	8.8	7.6	6.6
Change in real GDP (%)	3.9	3.0	0.5	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	93.0	108.4	87.7	90.4	90.3	90.2	91.9	93.7	95.6
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	482.5	532.4	554.2	576.2	597.4	618.8	640.3	661.0	682.2
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	3.5	5.8	5.5	3.3	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	4.4	3.3	3.6	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
Population (million)	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.8
Total investment (% of GDP)	25.1	21.7	25.9	25.3	25.9	26.6	27.1	27.3	27.5
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	40.0	51.9	43.8	39.8	38.4	37.1	35.9	34.9	34.1
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	10.3	25.4	16.4	12.0	11.0	9.8	8.7	7.8	7.1
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	41.6	36.3	44.0	42.7	42.7	42.5	42.0	41.4	40.6

Norway was the 32nd largest economy in 2023, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP). The UK was the 6th largest economy in 2023.⁴⁰

³⁸International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in the [World Economic Database, October 2024](#).

³⁹Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2021, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

⁴⁰GDP ranking based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD. Some GDP values for partners are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

Top goods traded with the world by Norway, in current prices (UN Comtrade)^{41 42}

Data presented here show the top commodities traded with the world, not solely the UK, by Norway. These data are based on a different commodity classification system to the ONS commodity data used earlier in this factsheet, and the two sections should therefore not be directly compared.

Top goods exported to the world by Norway in 2023:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods exported
1	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	120.9	68.3%
2	03 - Fish and crustaceans	15.4	8.7%
3	99 - Commodities not specified according to kind	5.2	2.9%
4	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	5.1	2.9%
5	76 - Aluminum and articles thereof	4.8	2.7%
6	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	3.2	1.8%
7	75 - Nickel and articles thereof	2.1	1.2%
8	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	2.0	1.1%
9	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	1.7	0.9%
10	72 - Iron and steel	1.5	0.8%
	All goods exported	176.9	100.0%

Top goods imported from the world by Norway in 2023:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods imported
1	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	13.0	13.4%
2	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	10.9	11.3%
3	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	9.3	9.7%
4	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	8.2	8.5%
5	73 - Articles of iron or steel	4.2	4.4%
6	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	3.0	3.1%
7	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	2.8	2.9%
8	94 - Furniture; bedding, mattresses, cushions	2.7	2.8%
9	75 - Nickel and articles thereof	2.7	2.8%
10	30 - Pharmaceutical products	2.6	2.7%
	All goods imported	96.7	100.0%

⁴¹United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online [UN Comtrade Database](#). The data reported above are for 2023, but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

⁴²Data are classified using the [Harmonized System](#) and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

Top services traded with the world by Norway, in current prices (ITC Trade Map)^{43 44 45}

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by Norway.

Top services exported to the world by Norway in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services exported
1	Transport	22.9	45.2%
2	Other business services	12.1	23.8%
3	Travel	5.4	10.7%
4	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	3.5	7.0%
5	Financial services	2.4	4.8%
	All services exported	50.6	100.0%

Top services imported from the world by Norway in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services imported
1	Travel	13.9	26.0%
2	Other business services	12.7	23.7%
3	Transport	12.4	23.2%
4	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	7.0	13.1%
5	Financial services	2.4	4.6%
	All services imported	53.4	100.0%

⁴³International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online [ITC Trade Map tool](#). The data above are for 2022, but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

⁴⁴Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

⁴⁵Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#).

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