

# FIRST - TIER TRIBUNAL PROPERTY CHAMBER (RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY)

Case Reference : LON/OOAW/F77/2024/0193

Property : 42 Hasker Street London SW3 2LQ

Tenant : Mr & Mrs P Jones

Landlord : Grainger

Type of Application. : Determination of a Fair Rent under section

70 of the Rent Act 1977

Tribunal : Mr R Waterhouse BSc (Hons) MA LLM

**FRICS** 

**Mr C Piarroux JP** 

HMCTS Code : Determination on papers no inspection,

Date of Decision : 25 October 2024

Date of Statement of Reasons: 25 October 2024

Statement of Reasons

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### Decision

1. The decision of the tribunal is that a fair rent of £8355.50 per quarter, is determined with an effective date of 25 October 2024.

# **Background**

- 2. An application was made to re-register a fair rent, dated 27 June 2023, by the landlord of the property Grainger, the landlord, seeking a rent of £7350.00 per quarter. Prior to the application to re-register a fair rent, the Rent Officer had registered a rent of £6125.00 per quarter with effect from 15 September 2021.
- 3. Subsequently the Rent Officer registered a fair rent of £6300.00 per quarter, with effect from 15 September 2023.
- 4. In an email the landlord objected to the rent registered by email letter dated 12 September 2024 and the matter was referred to the First –tier Tribunal (Property Chamber) (Residential Property).
- **5.** Directions were issued by the Tribunal on **7 June 2024**. Thereafter, the Directions made provision for the filing with the Tribunal of the parties' respective written submissions and, in particular, for the completion of a reply form giving details of the Property and including any further comments the parties wished the Tribunal to take into account in making its determination.

The tenancy is a statutory (protected) periodic tenancy. The tenancy (not being for a fixed tenancy of 7 years or more) is subject to section 11 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1985 which sets out the landlord's statutory repairing obligations; the tenant is responsible for internal decorations.

### The Property

6. The property is as described by the Rent Register is a terraced house comprising, on the basement one room, one kitchen and a utility room, on the ground floor one room, first floor one room and one bathroom/WC and on the second floor a further room, one bathroom/WC and outside a garden. self-contained purpose built flat, modernised with full central heating, two rooms, one kitchen, one bathroom and WC. The Fair Rent Register states "tenant responsible for all repairs and decorations". It is also noted that the tenant installed central heating and bathroom and WC on the second floor.

### The Inspection

7. The tribunal did not inspect the property.

#### **Relevant Law**

**8.** Provisions in respect of the jurisdiction of the Tribunal and the determination of a fair rent are found in Schedule 11, Part 1, paragraph 9(1) to the Rent Act 1977, as amended by paragraph 34 of the Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2013, and section 70 of the Rent Act 1977.

Rent Act 1977

Schedule 11, Part 1, paragraph 9 (as amended)

"Outcome of determination of fair rent by appropriate tribunal

- 9. (1) The appropriate tribunal shall-
  - (a) if it appears to them that the rent registered or confirmed by the rent officer is a fair rent, confirm that rent;
  - (b) if it does not appear to them that that rent is a fair rent, determine a fair rent for the dwelling house."

Section 70: Determination of fair rent (as amended)

- "(1) In determining, for the purposes of the Part of this Act, what rent is or would be a fair rent under a regulated tenancy of a dwelling house, regard shall be had to all the circumstances (other than personal circumstances) and in particular to-
  - (a) the age, character, locality and state of repair of the dwelling-house, ...
  - (b) if any furniture is provided for the use under the tenancy, the quantity, quality and condition of the furniture [, and
  - (c) any premium, or sum in the nature of a premium, which has been or may be lawfully required or received on the grant, renewal, continuance or assignment of the tenancy.]
- (2) For the purposes of the determination it shall be assumed that the number of persons seeking to become tenants of similar dwelling-houses in locality on the terms (other than those relating to rent) of the regulated tenancy is not substantially greater than the number of such dwelling-houses in the locality which are available for letting on such terms.
- (3) There shall be disregarded-

- (a) any disrepair or other defect attributable to a failure by the tenant under the regulated tenancy or any predecessor in title of his to comply with any terms thereof;
- (b) any improvement carried out, otherwise than in pursuance of the terms of the tenancy, by the tenant under the regulated tenancy or any predecessor in title of his;
- (c), (d) ...[repealed]
- (e) if any furniture is provided for use under the regulated tenancy, any improvement to the furniture by the tenant under the regulated tenancy or any predecessor of his or, as the case may be, any deterioration in the condition of the furniture due to any ill-treatment by the tenant, any person residing or lodging with him, or any sub-tenant of his."
- **9.** Consequently, when determining a fair rent the Tribunal, in accordance with the Rent Act 1977, section 70, has regard to all the circumstances including the age, location and state of repair of the Property. It also disregards the effect of (a) any relevant Tenant's improvements and (b) the effect of any disrepair or defect attributed to the Tenant of any predecessor in title under the regulated tenancy, on the rental value of the Property.

In Spath Holme Ltd v Chairman of the Greater Manchester etc. Committee (1995) 28 HLR 107 and Curtis v London Rent Assessment Committee [1999] QB 92 the Court of Appeal emphasised:

- (a) that ordinarily a fair rent is the market rent for the property discounted for "scarcity" (i.e. that element, if any, of the market rent, that is attributable to there being a significant shortage of similar properties in the wider locality available for letting on terms- other than as to rent- to that of the regulated tenancy) and
- (b) that for the purposes of determining the market rent, assured tenancy (market rents) are usually appropriate comparables. (The rents may have to be adjusted where necessary to reflect any differences between the comparables and the subject property).
- **10.** In considering scarcity under section 70 (2), the Tribunal recognises that:

- (a) there are considerable variations in the level of a scarcity in different parts of the country and that there is no general guidance or "rule of thumb" to indicate what adjustments should be made; the Tribunal, therefore, considers the case on its merits;
- (b) terms relating to rents are to be excluded. A lack of demand at a particular rent is not necessarily evidence of scarcity; it may be evidence that the prospective tenants are not prepared to pay that particular rent.

Fair rents are subject to a capping procedure under the Rent Acts (Maximum Fair Rent) Order 1999 which limits increases by a formula based on the proportional increase in the Retail Price Index since last registration.

The only exception to this restriction on a fair rent is provided under paragraph 7 of the Order where a landlord carries out repairs or improvements which increase the rent by 15% or more of the previous registered rent.

### **Submissions**

### Landlord

**11**. There are no submissions from the landlord other than the application form.

### **Tenant**

**12.** There are no submissions from the tenant.

### The Determination

#### **Reasons for Decision**

- **13.** The rent to be determined must reflect the condition found on the date of the hearing disregarding all tenants' improvements.
- 14. The process for determining a fair rent is the application of Rent Act 1977 section 70 on the subject property and then comparison with the maximum rent permitted under the Maximum Fair Rent Order 1999. This means that comparison with other properties the subject of Fair Rent is not material.
- **15.** Initially the Tribunal determined what rent the Landlord could reasonably be expected to obtain for the Property in the open market if it were let today in the condition that is considered usual for such an open market letting. There was no

rental evidence submitted to the tribunal. However, the Tribunal acting in its capacity as an expert tribunal and using its general knowledge of market levels in the area, concluded that the rent was £2495 per week if let on a contemporary assured shorthold basis. This was influenced by a property in Hasker Street currently to let at £2495 per week which was similar in description.

**16.** The Property must be envisaged as it was at the date of the start f the tenancy and only taking into account landlord improvements from that date. Improvements made by the tenancy stated here are the installation of central heating and the provision of a bathroom/WC on the second floor. The tribunal makes the following adjustments;

deduction of 10% for no central hearting

deduction for the repairing liability which from the Rent Register is both internal and external 15%

deduction for condition of property when envisaged at start of tenancy in 1973 10%

Deduction for tenant supplying carpets, curtains and white goods.

And scarcity 20% in section 70 (2) of the Rent Act 1977.

### The calculation

17. The rent prior to adjustment for condition, terms and scarcity, is £2495 per week.

Less no central heating 10%

Less repairing obligations 15%

Less condition, including no bathroom /WC on second floor) as let in 1973 10%

Less white goods, carpets, curtains by tenant 2.5%

This reduces the rent to £1559.37 per week

Less scarcity of 20% £311.88 per week

Subtotal £1247.49 per week which equates to £16217.45 per quarter

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# Rent Acts (Maximum Fair Rent) Order 1999

**18.** The rent to be registered is limited by the Rent Acts (Maximum Fair Rent Order)

1999. The rent calculated in accordance with the Order is £8355.50 per

quarter. This figure is lower than the figure calculated by reference to the market

rent with adjustments, which is £16217.45 per quarter.

19. Accordingly, the sum of £8355.50 per quarter, is determined with effect

from 25 October 2024 being the date of the Tribunal's decision.

Valuer Chair: Richard Waterhouse FRICS

Decision Date: 25 October 2024

Extended reasons: 25 October 2024

**Appeal to the Upper Tribunal** 

A person wishing to appeal this decision to the Upper Tribunal (Property Chamber)

on a point of law must seek permission to do so by making a written application to the

First-tier Tribunal at the Regional Office which has been dealing with the case which

application must:

a. be received by the said office within 28 days after the Tribunal sends to the person

making the application written reasons for the decision.

b. identify the decision of the Tribunal to which it relates, state the grounds of appeal,

and state the result the party making the application is seeking.

If the application is not received within the 28-day time limit, it must include a request

for an extension of time and the reason for it not complying with the 28-day time limit;

the Tribunal will then decide whether to extend time or not to allow the application for

permission to appeal to proceed.

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