

Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Severn Trent Water Limited

Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works Old Mill Lane Mansfield Nottinghamshire NG18 2DA

Variation application number

EPR/GP3704PP/V003

Permit number

EPR/GP3704PP

Severn Trent Water Limited Permit number EPR/GP3704PP

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Changes introduced by this variation

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7 January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. The schedule of waste management activities includes the recovery of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment, but excludes activities covered by the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations (UWWTR). However, UK environmental regulators concluded that the biological treatment of waste sewage sludge is not an activity covered by the UWWTR and is therefore within the scope of the IED. The BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment (the BREF) was published on 17 August 2018 following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018. BAT applies to new waste sewage sludge treatment not covered by the UWWTR. The operations at Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works are existing but will be brought into environmental regulation for the first time and are required to operate using BAT.

The site has an existing environmental permit which allows them to operate a Medium Combustion Plant (MCP) – a Tranche B Specified Generator aggregated to <50MWth. This variation will incorporate the existing sewage sludge Anaerobic Digestion (AD) facility. It will also add two dual fuel for boilers to the currently permitted Combined Heat and Power (CHP) unit. The Anaerobic Digestion facility will be permitted as a Schedule 1 listed activity under The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 – namely:

S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a
capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is
anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment

The combustion of biogas in a combined heat and power (CHP) engine and dual fuel boilers (fuelled on diesel as well as biogas) will now be permitted as a Directly Associated Activity (DAA). A waste management activity will also be added for the acceptance of waste at the head of works prior to discharge to the Waste Water Treatment Works.

Brief description of the process

Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works (STW) is located to the north-east of Mansfield town centre. The site is bordered to the west by an industrial estate with a secondary school in close proximity. To the north is a dual carriageway with housing to the south. The eastern boundary is the River Maun and a park which is designated a local wildlife site, with housing beyond.

The biological treatment of sludge at the facility covers treatment of indigenous sewage sludges from the onsite aerobic treatment process as well as sludges imported from other sewage treatment works. The indigenous sewage sludges are generated from the aerobic treatment of waste waters from the sewer network arriving into site at the works inlet. Indigenous sludge is separated from the main aerobic treatment

flow and mixed with imported sludges and thickened prior to transfer to the pre-digestion storage tanks and then to the primary anaerobic digesters.

There are two primary anaerobic digesters located at the site. Both digesters are above ground concrete tanks with steel roofs and operate on a continuous process basis – fresh sludge is added to the process as digested sludge is removed from the primary digesters. Removed sludge is transferred to one of two post-digestion buffer tanks, prior to being mixed with polymer coagulant and dewatered using two centrifuges. Dewatered sludge cake is stored on site in skips on a cake pad, prior to off-site transfer at a different Severn Trent sludge treatment centre for pathogen kill and storage prior to recovery to land.

Biogas is captured from the primary anaerobic digesters and stored within a telescopic roof biogas storage holder. The above ground biogas transfer pipeline is equipped with condensate pots that capture entrained moisture from the generated biogas and allow it to be drained into the site drainage system for treatment. The biogas storage vessel is fitted with pressure release valves as a safety precaution in the event of over pressurising the system.

There are no direct emissions to water from the sludge treatment facility. There is an indirect emission of sludge liquors and surface waters which are sent to the waste water treatment works for anaerobic treatment under the Urban Waste Water Regulations. The liquors sent from the sludge treatment facility have originated from waste water treatment works that are under the control of Severn Trent Water.

Head of works waste operation (activity AR11 in Table S1.1)

This permit also allows a waste operation relating to the import of waste to the head of works. Effluents and waste waters in the form of sludge and liquid only, will be delivered by tanker to the head of the works for discharge directly into the head of the works for treatment under the UWWTR. This activity involves the discharge of liquid wastes directly to the main WwTW. The discharge is classed as an indirect emission to water, in this case, the River Maun. We have imposed an improvement condition in the permit (IC7) to determine the impact on the River Maun from the tankered wastes imported and subsequently discharged to the WwTW via sampling point S3.

The nearest human health receptor is located 150m to the south west of the site at The Brunts Academy, on The Park. There is one European protected habitat within screening distance of the site, Birklands and Bilhaugh Special Area of Conservation (SAC), 7676m from the site. There are also four Local Nature Reserves (LNRs) and seven Local Wildlife Sites (LWSs) within screening distance.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit			
Description	Date	Comments	
Application EPR/GP3704PP/A001	Duly made 08/08/2019	Bespoke application for a Specified Generator.	
Permit determined EPR/GP3704PP	02/12/2019	Permit issued to Severn Trent Water Limited.	
Application EPR/GP3704PP/V002	Received 15/12/2023	Application returned on 18/01/2024 due to charging issue.	
Application EPR/GP3704PP/V003 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 10/04/2024	Application for an anaerobic digestion facility with combustion of biogas at a waste sewage sludge treatment site.	
Variation determined and consolidation issued EPR/GP3704PP/V003	30/09/2024	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern format.	

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies

Permit number

EPR/GP3704PP

Issued to

Severn Trent Water Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Severn Trent Centre 2 St John's Street Coventry CV1 2LV

company registration number 02366686

to operate an installation at

Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works Old Mill Lane Mansfield Nottinghamshire NG18 2DA

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 30/09/2024.

Name	Date
Maxine Evans	30/09/2024

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of the application made by the operator.

Schedule 2 – consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/GP3704PP

The Environment Agency hereby authorises, under regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Severn Trent Water Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Severn Trent Centre 2 St John's Street Coventry CV1 2LV

company registration number 02366686

to operate an installation at

Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works Old Mill Lane Mansfield Nottinghamshire NG18 2DA

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Maxine Evans	30/09/2024

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), the operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
 - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
 - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), the activities shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.1.3 All process plant and equipment shall be commissioned, operated and maintained and shall be fully documented and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 2.1.4 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation ("plan") specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2, table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2, tables S2.2 and S2.3; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
 - (c) the facility has sufficient free capacity to store and treat the waste.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.

- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.7 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), waste preacceptance and acceptance procedures shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.3.8 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR4):
 - (a) each MCP must be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and records must be made and retained to demonstrate this.
 - (b) the operator must keep periods of start-up and shut-down of each MCP as short as possible.
 - (c) there must be no persistent emission of 'dark smoke' as defined in section 3(1) of the Clean Air Act 1993.

2.4 Improvement programme

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1, table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

2.5 Pre-operational conditions

2.5.1 The operations specified in schedule 1, table S1.4 shall not commence until the measures specified in that table have been completed.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3, tables S3.1 and S3.2.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour, but including ammonia) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

- 3.2.3 Subject to condition 3.2.4, below, all liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with adequate secondary containment, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.4 Condition 3.2.3, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC1 below.
- 3.2.5 Subject to condition 3.2.6, below, all liquid wastes in storage tanks and lagoons shall be fully enclosed, with emissions collected and directed to an appropriate abatement system, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, emissions of waste gases from storage tanks and lagoons have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.6 Condition 3.2.5, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC2 below.
- 3.2.7 Subject to condition 3.2.8, below, the anaerobic treatment of all wastes shall take place within fully enclosed vessels. Combustible biogas or biomethane produced during biological treatment shall be utilised as a fuel or stored for utilisation off site, unless other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, emissions of biogas or biomethane from treatment/storage vessels have been agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. There shall be no uncontrolled emissions of biogas to the environment. This excludes the venting of biogas in an emergency using pressure release valves.
- 3.2.8 Condition 3.2.7, above, shall apply unless the operator strictly complies in full with IC2 below.
- 3.2.9 The operator shall implement a leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme to detect and mitigate the release of volatile organic compounds, including methane from diffuse sources.

3.3 Odour

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.4 Noise and vibration

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.4.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Monitoring

- 3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1 and S3.2;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in tables S3.3 and S3.4;

- 3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.2, S3.3, S3.4 and S3.5 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.5.5 For the following activities referenced in Schedule 1 Table S1.1 (AR4):
 - (a) For existing MCP, monitoring measurements shall be carried out before the relevant compliance date or within four months of the issue date of the permit whichever is the later.
 - (b) In the case of new medium combustion plant, the first monitoring measurements shall be carried out within four months of the issue date of the permit or the date when the MCP is first put into operation whichever is the later.
- 3.5.6 Monitoring of MCP shall not take place during periods of start up or shut down.

3.6 Pests

- 3.6.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) only use approved products for pest control;
 - (b) treat pest infestations promptly;
 - (c) reject pest-infected incoming waste;
 - (d) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
 - (e) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.7 Fire prevention

- 3.7.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
 - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.7.3 The operator shall undertake a DSEAR assessment and maintain an accident management plan.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.1.3 The operator shall maintain a record of the type and quantity of fuel used and the total annual hours of operation of each MCP.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR10), a report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4, table S4.2; and
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4, table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4, table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4, table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.

- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.6 The operator shall keep records of non-waste materials leaving the site, including the type of material, the batch number, the date of export off-site and the tonnage exported on that date. These records shall be maintained for at least 2 years.
- 4.2.7 The operator shall submit an annual report detailing the efficiency of removal of non-digestible materials from feedstock prior to processing and the level of contamination in the final recovered digestate.

4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Following the detection of an issue listed in condition 4.3.1, the operator shall review and revise the management system and implement any changes as necessary to minimise the risk of re-occurrence of the issue.
- 4.3.4 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.5 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

(a) any change in the operator's name or address; and

(b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.6 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.7 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days' notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.
- 4.3.8 The operator shall notify the Environment Agency as soon as is practicable, in writing of any change of medium combustion plant.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately", in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations	Limits of specified activity and waste types
AR1	S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	From receipt of waste through to digestion and recovery of by-products (waste treated by anaerobic digestion). Anaerobic digestion of waste in two primary digesters followed by burning of biogas produced from the process. Anaerobic digestion shall be limited to 350 m³/day. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
Directly Ass	sociated Activity	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
AR2	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 and R3 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1. From the receipt of permitted waste to pretreatment and despatch for anaerobic digestion on site. Storage of residual wastes from pretreatment to despatch off-site for recovery. Storage of waste in enclosed equipment and tanks fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system. Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
AR3	Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1. From the receipt of waste to despatch for anaerobic digestion or despatch off site for recovery. Dilution of incoming wastes using final waste waters from the wastewater treatment works to aid pre-treatment and digestion only. Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed equipment and tanks fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system,

			including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.
			Post-treatment of digestate in enclosed equipment and tanks fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system, including separation, screening to remove contraries, centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying for use as a fertiliser or soil conditioner (drying for the purpose of use as a fuel is not permitted).
			Gas cleaning by biological or physical (carbon filtration) or chemical scrubbing.
			Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.
AR4	Steam and electrical power supply	R1: Use principally as a fuel to generate	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1.
		energy	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to combustion with the release of combustion gases.
			Combustion of biogas in one combined heat and power (CHP) engine with a thermal input of 1.3 MWth.
			Combustion of biogas in two dual fuelled auxiliary boilers with an aggregated thermal input of 1.4 MWth.
AR5	Emergency flare operation	D10: Incineration on land	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1.
			From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to incineration with the release of combustion gases.
			There shall be no venting or flaring of gas for disposal.
			Use of one auxiliary flare required only during periods of breakdown or maintenance of the CHP engine and/or auxiliary boilers.
AR6	Raw material storage	Storage of raw materials including lubrication oil, antifreeze, propane, ferric chloride, activated carbon, diesel.	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.
AR7	Gas storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1.

		numbered R1 to (excluding tem storage, pending collection, on to where it is produced	porary ng he site	Storage of biogas produced from on-site anaerobic digestion of permitted waste in one stand-alone biogas holder or roof space of digesters. From the receipt of biogas produced at the
				on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use within the facility.
				Emissions of unburnt biogas shall be minimised.
AR8	Digestate storage	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 to (excluding tem storage, pending collection, on to where it is proof	any of to R12 porary ng he site	Undertaken in relation to Activity AR1. From the receipt of processed digestate produced from the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use off-site.
		where it is proc	iuceu)	Storage of processed liquid digestate in two post digestion buffer tanks.
				Storage of processed solid digestate in cake skips and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system prior to transport off-site for storage.
AR9	Surface water collection and storage	Collection and storage of uncontaminated roof and site surface water		From the collection of uncontaminated roof and site surface water from non-operational areas only to re-use within the facility or discharge off-site.
AR10	Air abatement	Collection and treatment of air from the buildings or plant using abatement system – [carbon filters, absorption scrubbers] prior to release to atmosphere.		From the collection of air from site processes to treatment and release of treated air to atmosphere. Collection and treatment of air from the buildings, tanks or plant using abatement system – 3 chemical scrubbers (located at emission points A8-A10 on site plan in Schedule 7).
Activity reference	Description of activi-	ties for waste	Limits	of activities
AR11 – Blending of waste for discharge to the WwTW	D13: D 13 Blending or mixing prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 12		via tank Treatmand mix blendin	ne receipt of waste sludges and waste liquids ker at the <i>head of the works</i> for treatment. ent operations shall be limited to the blending king of waste. This treatment is limited to g and mixing without significantly altering the of the waste.
				g and mixing shall not be undertaken to e a reaction or a dilution of contaminants.
			wastes to dispo	
			a seale	rge of waste on an impermeable surface with d drainage system. types as specified in Table 2.3.

Description	Parts	Date Received
Application EPR/GP3704PP/V003	Best available techniques as described in the BAT Reference Document for Waste Treatment (the BREF) and BAT conclusions.	15/12/2023
	 Local Operating Procedure – Leak Detection and Repair Plan dated 11/12/2023. 	
	 SOP 03 TTW Non-Conformance, version 3.0 	
	SOP 02 TTW Waste Acceptance, version 3.0	
	SOP 01 TTW Waste Pre-Acceptance, version 3.0	
	 SOP 01 TDW Sampling, version 3.0 	
	 Mansfield Digesters and Sludge Tanks IED Containment Assessment-Risk Identification Report, dated April 2022 	
	 Mansfield Digestors and Sludge Tank IED Containment Assessment – Proposed Options Report dated 20 April 2023 	
Response to a request for information dated 14/08/2024	Bioresources Permitting Mansfield STW Permit Resubmission Application, Document No. 2, dated August 2024	28/08/2024
	 Mansfield Sludge Treatment Centre Odour Management Plan, version 3, dated August 2024 	
	 Mansfield STW Bioaerosol Risk Assessment, Document no:1, Revision no: V1, Dated 1 August 2024 	
	 Use of Raw Materials/Water and Waste Production Review, Revision 3, dated 09/08/2024 	
	Revised Process Flow Diagram	
Response to a request for information dated 12/09/2024	Confirmation of correct minimum spill volume (based on tank capacity - including the previously omitted balance tank) to be used in final secondary containment designs in accordance with IC1.	25/09/2024

Table S1.3 Imp	Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements			
Reference	Requirement	Date		
Improvement of	condition for secondary containment design			
IC1	The operator shall submit a written 'secondary containment implementation plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the finalised designs and an implementation schedule for the identified secondary containment systems proposed in the document Mansfield Digestors and Sludge Tank IED Containment Assessment – Proposed Options Report (dated 20 April 2023) and the communication received on 25/09/2024 – as referenced in table S1.2. The finalised design(s) and specifications shall be produced by appropriate competent individuals (qualified civil or structural engineer), in accordance with the risk assessment	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. Implementation of all required		

Table S1.3 Imp	provement programme requirements		
Reference	Requirement	Date	
	methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance. The plan shall include but not be limited to the following components:	and approved containment	
	 An updated BAT assessment with specific regard to BAT 19 of the Waste Treatment BREF to demonstrate how the finalised designs based on the proposed secondary containment in the document Mansfield Digestors and Sludge tank IED Containment Assessment – Proposed Options Report (dated 20 April 2023) meet BAT 19. An assessment of the suitability for providing containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure. Finalised designs and specifications of the proposed secondary containment proposal completed by appropriate competent individuals. A program of works with timescales for the commissioning of the secondary containment systems to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent. An updated site and infrastructure plan. A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. 	improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025.	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's prior written approval.		
Improvement	condition for enclosure of tanks storing (or treating) digestate		
IC2	The operator shall submit a written 'post anaerobic digestion vessel cover' plan and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the final designs and an implementation schedule for the installation of covers for vessels storing and/or treating digestate in tanks identified as post digestion buffer tanks. The plan shall also contain a detailed description of the proposed gas utilisation/abatement plant, gas storage infrastructure for the biogas produced during anaerobic digestion, pressure relief valves and gas pipework. The plan shall include but not be limited to the following components:	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. Implementation of all required	
	 Evidence that the pollutants of the waste gas (including methane) produced in tanks identified as the post digestion buffer tanks will be controlled and/or abated either by the proposed gas utilisation plant or proposed abatement system. Evidence that the vessel covers, gas utilisation/ abatement plant and ancillary equipment have been designed by appropriately qualified engineers. 	vessel cover improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025.	
	Evidence that the vessel covers, and gas utilisation/abatement plant will be designed and installed in accordance with guidance, <i>Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</i> .		
	 An updated Hazard and Operability Study (HAZOP) and DSEAR risk assessment. 		

Reference	Requirement	Date
	 An assessment of gas storage capacity and gas utilisation/abatement capacity including proposals for additional gas utilisation/ abatement plant. 	
	 A program of works with timescales for the commissioning of the vessel cover(s), gas utilisation/ abatement infrastructure and ancillary equipment. 	
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's prior written approval.	
Improvement	conditions for primary containment tanks	
IC3	The operator shall submit a written 'primary containment plan' and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by an appropriately qualified engineer and shall assess the extent, design specification and condition of primary containment systems (including associated pipework) where polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.	Within 12 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the
	The plan shall include, but not be limited to:	Environment
	 An assessment of the physical condition of all primary containment systems (storage and treatment vessels and associated pipework) using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing primary containment when subjected to dynamic and static loads. 	Agency.
	 A program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the primary containment is fit for purpose or alternative appropriate measures to ensure all polluting materials will be contained on site. 	
	 A preventative maintenance and inspection regime. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval. 	
	t conditions for establishing an inventory of liquid waste water discharg	ged from
IC4a	The operator shall submit a sampling programme in relation to waste water streams and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The sampling programme shall be designed to fully characterise the waste waters discharged to Mansfield wastewater treatment works (WwTW) from emission points T1 and T2, sampled via S1, S2 and S4 in table S3.2 of this permit.	Within 2 months of issue of this permit or such other date as agreed in writing with the
	The programme shall include but not be limited to a methodology for a minimum of one 24-hour flow proportional sample a month, for each emission point, for a period of 12 months. The programme shall detail the sampling methods/standards used. Sampling methods shall be in accordance with BAT conclusion 20 of the Waste Treatment BREF. The programme shall include the National Grid Reference (NGR) of the sampling point(s) location(s).	Environment Agency.
	The programme shall establish the characteristics of the liquid waste water streams and shall include as a minimum for each emission point:	

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements				
Reference	Requirement	Date		
	 Average values and variability of flow, pH, temperature and conductivity. Average concentration and load values of all relevant substances and their variability. Data on bioeliminability. The programme shall sample for all relevant substances and must include: 			
	 Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI) (mg/l) Free cyanide (CN⁻) (mg/l) Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX) (mg/l) Metals and metalloids; arsenic (expressed as As), cadmium (expressed as Cd), chromium (expressed as Cr), hexavalent chromium (expressed as Cr(VI)), copper (expressed as Cu), lead (expressed as Pb), nickel (expressed as Ni), mercury (expressed as Hg), zinc (expressed as Zn) (μg/l) The operator shall submit the collected monitoring data in writing to the 			
	Environment Agency according to agreed reporting periods. The sampling programme shall be produced in accordance with Environment Agency guidance:			
	 Specific substances and priority hazardous substances – Surface water pollution risk for your environmental permit Surface water pollution risk assessment for your environmental permit - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk). Monitoring discharges to water: guidance on selecting a monitoring approach Monitoring discharges to water: guidance on selecting a monitoring approach - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) 			
	The monitoring programme shall be carried out and the monitoring data submitted in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.			
Improvement of associated act	conditions for indirect discharges to water discharged from anaerobic ivities (AR1 – AR10)	digestion and		
IC4b	The operator shall submit a report for approval by the Environment Agency, following completion of the sampling programme approved under IC4a. The report shall include but not be limited to a summary of the sample results, a completed H1 risk assessment(s) and modelling outputs where appropriate.	Within 15 months of the Environment Agency's written approval of the		
	The operator shall provide conclusions on whether the waste waters discharged from T1 and T2 will have any adverse impact on the receiving waters once discharged from Mansfield WwTW. An assessment shall be made against the parameters specified in the relevant environmental standards as specified within Environment Agency guidance as follows:	sampling programme submitted under IC4a or such other date as agreed in writing with the		
	Specific substances and priority hazardous substances – Surface water pollution risk for your environmental permit Surface water pollution risk assessment for your environmental permit - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).	Environment Agency.		

Table S1.3 Im	provement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
	Sanitary substances – H1 annex D2: assessment of sanitary and other pollutants in surface water discharges 1076 14 H1 Annex D2 - Assessment of sanitary and other pollutants within Surface Water Discharges (publishing.service.gov.uk) The report shall include any proposals and/or additional measures required to prevent or minimise any significant emissions from the	
	installation along with timescales for implementation.	
IC4c	The operator shall implement any improvements identified within the report approved under IC4b in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval and provide written confirmation to the Environment Agency that the improvements have been completed. (Note, approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation application(s) to operate the improvements identified in the report and/or include any necessary emission limit values).	Within 6 months of the report in relation to IC4b being approved by the Environment Agency or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
Improvement	condition to address methane slip emissions from gas engines burnin	g biogas
IC5	The operator shall submit a written plan for approval by the Environment Agency which establishes the methane emissions in the exhaust gas from engines burning biogas and or biomethane and compare these to the manufacturer's specification and benchmark levels. The plan shall develop proposals to assess the potential for methane slip and take corrective actions where emissions of methane above the manufacturer's specification are identified.	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
	The operator shall establish methane emissions in the exhaust gas and methane slip using the following standards:	
	• EN ISO 25139	
	• EN ISO 25140	
<u> </u>	condition for review of effectiveness of abatement plant	T
IC6	The operator shall carry out a review of the abatement plant (the three chemical scrubbers at emission points A8-A10) on site, to determine whether the measures have been effective and adequate to prevent or where this is not possible, minimise emissions released to air (including but not limited to Hydrogen Chloride (HCI), Total Volatile Organic compounds (TVOC's), odour and ammonia.	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the
	The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency following this review for assessment and approval.	Environment Agency.
	The report shall include but not be limited to the following aspects:	
	Full investigation and characterisation of the waste gas streams.	
	 Evidence that the emission of pollutants in the waste gas stream is being prevented or where this is not possible minimised by the abatement plant. 	

Table S1.3 Im	provement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
	Abatement stack monitoring (including but not limited to Hydrogen Chloride (HCI), Total Volatile Organic compounds (TVOC's), odour and ammonia.	
	 Abatement process monitoring results (including but not limited to Hydrogen Chloride (HCI), Total Volatile Organic compounds (TVOC's), odour and ammonia. 	
	 Details of air quality quantitative impact assessment including modelling and a proposal for site-specific "action levels" (including but not limited to odour concentration, hydrogen sulphide, ammonia, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), and TVOC's). 	
	Odour monitoring results at the site boundary.	
	Records of odour complaints and odour related incidents.	
	 Recommendations for improvement including the replacement or upgrading of the abatement plant. 	
	 Timescales for implementation of improvements to the abatement plant. 	
	The operator shall implement the improvements in line with the timescales as approved by the Environment Agency.	
	(Note, approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation application(s) to operate the improvements identified in the report and/or include any necessary emission limit values).	
	condition for establishing an inventory of liquid waste water discharge s waste operation activity (AR11)	ed from the
IC7a	The operator shall submit a sampling programme in relation to liquid/sludge waste streams that are to be discharged to emission point T3 and shall obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it. The sampling programme shall be designed to fully characterise the liquid/sludge waste discharged to Mansfield wastewater treatment works (WwTW) from emission point T3, sampled via S3 in table S3.2 of the permit. The programme shall include but not be limited to a methodology for gathering a representative chemical pollutant suite of analysis of all incoming wastes that will be discharged to, emission point T3, for a period of 12 months.	Within 15 months of permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
	A minimum of 12 spot samples from each waste producer shall be taken provided the liquid/sludge waste is appropriately mixed, homogeneous, and is representative of the specific waste stream being discharged.	
	The programme shall detail the sampling methods/standards and limits of detection (LOD)/minimum reporting values (MRV) used. Waste Characterisation sampling methods shall be in accordance with guidance, <i>Non-hazardous and inert waste: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</i> and <i>Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</i> , and shall fully characterise the liquid/sludge waste streams, including as a minimum for each waste stream the:	

Table S1.3 Imp	provement programme requirements	
Reference	Requirement	Date
Improvement of operation active	conditions for indirect discharges to water discharged from the Head o vity (AR11)	of works waste
IC7b	The operator shall submit a report for audit and approval by the Environment Agency, following completion of the sampling programme referred to in IC7a. The report shall include but not be limited to: • the raw data used to undertake the screening, • a summary of the sample results, • a completed H1 risk assessment or equivalent risk assessments and • modelling outputs where appropriate, in order to assess the impact from each individual liquid/sludge waste stream discharged to point T3.	Within 6 months of the Environment Agency's written approval of the sampling programme submitted under IC7a or such other date as agreed in writing with the

	Provement programme requirements	Date
Reference	The operator shall provide conclusions on whether the liquid/sludge wastes discharged to emission point T3 will have any adverse impact on the receiving waters once discharged from Mansfield WwTW. An assessment shall be made against the parameters identified in IC7a and against the relevant environmental quality standards (EQS – or Predicted No Effect Concentrations (PNECs) for substances that have ecotoxic properties but no established EQS) as specified within Environment Agency guidance as follows: • Specific substances and priority hazardous substances – Surface water pollution risk for your environmental permit Surface water pollution risk assessment for your environmental permit - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk). • Sanitary substances – H1 annex D2: assessment of sanitary and other pollutants in surface water discharges 1076 14 H1 Annex D2 - Assessment of sanitary and other pollutants within Surface Water Discharges (publishing.service.gov.uk). • H1 risk assessment tool ADMLC https://admlc.com/h1-tool/	Environment Agency.
	The report shall include proposals for any additional measures/abatement required to prevent or minimise any significant emissions from the waste operation. The operator shall implement the proposals in the report in accordance with the timescales as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.	
IC7c	The operator shall submit a report that provides written confirmation to the Environment Agency that the proposed improvements identified within the report approved under IC7b have been implemented and completed in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval. (Note, approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation application(s) to operate the improvements identified in the report and/or include any necessary emission limit values).	Within 6 months of the report in relation to IC76 being submitted to the Environment Agency or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
Improvement	condition for monitoring digestate stability	•
IC8	The operator shall submit a written report, with supporting evidence, on the stability of whole digestate, (i.e. prior to dewatering), and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it.	Within 6 months of permit issue or such other
	The report shall assess whether biogas emissions from post digestion storage or treatment of digestate is likely to have been minimised. The report shall include but not be limited to:	date as agreed in writing with the Environment
	 An assessment of residual biogas potential in accordance with the OFW004-005 [N6] methodology specified by BSI PAS 110: Producing Quality Anaerobic Digestate or an equivalent 	Agency.

Reference	Requirement	Date
	methodology for assessing residual biogas potential of the digestate.	
Improvemen digestion)	t condition for enclosure of tanks storing (or treating) sewage sludge (ta	anks pre-
IC9	The operator shall submit a written 'enclosure and abatement plan' and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it.	Within 6 months of
	The plan shall contain the final designs and an implementation schedule for the installation of enclosures/covers and associated emission abatement systems in line with BAT 14 and BAT 53 for storage and treatment tanks pre-anaerobic digestion – in this case, identified as the pre-digestion balance tank and any pre-digestion blending/storage tanks that are open.	permit issue or such other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
	The plan shall include evidence that the tank enclosures/covers will be designed and installed in accordance with guidance, <u>Biological waste treatment: appropriate measures for permitted facilities</u> , and provide evidence to demonstrate why the emission abatement system will be effective and meet the requirements of BAT 14 and BAT 53. The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's prior written approval.	Implementation of all required vessel cover improvements must be completed by 31/03/2025.
	(Note that approval of reports under this improvement condition does not preclude the need for permit variation applications to implement the improvements identified in the report. Any variation may include the insertion of necessary emission limit values).	

Table S1.4 I	Table S1.4 Pre-operational measures							
Reference	Operation	Pre-operational measures						
not previou	sly accepted, a	o submit an assessment of the fate and impact of new waste streams and that change the risk of the waste stream to be discharged under secified in Table S2.3						
PO1	AR11	Prior to accepting new waste streams under activity AR11 for existing permitted waste codes identified in table S2.3 for discharge into the head of works (emission point T3, to be sampled at S3), the operator shall undertake an assessment of the fate and impact on the receiving waters by updating the environmental risk assessment established in IC7b, the additional measures/abatement implementation plan as approved under IC7b and in accordance with the sampling plan as approved under IC7a.						
		Acceptance of the new liquid/sludge waste streams under existing waste codes shall only commence following submission of the above risk assessment and any recommendations for additional measure/abatement considered to be required, written approval from the Environment Agency and the submission of written confirmation to the Environment Agency that any additional measures/abatement considered to be required have been implemented and completed as approved.						

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification

Table S2.2 Permitte	d waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion (AR1-AR10)			
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 346,600 tonnes			
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Biodegradable wastes that is significantly contaminated with non-compostable or digestible contaminants, in particular plastic and litter shall be no more than 5% w/w and shall be as low as reasonably practicable by			
	 31 December 2025. Wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood. 			
	 Wastes containing persistent organic pollutants. Wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Invasive Species (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. Manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. Pest infested waste. 			
Waste code	Description			
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use			
19 02	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and			
	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation,			
19 02	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05			
19 02 19 02 06	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only)			
19 02 19 02 06 19 06	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only) wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (digested			
19 02 19 02 06 19 06 19 06 06	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only) wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (digested sewage sludge only)			
19 02 19 02 06 19 06 19 06 06 19 08	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only) wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (digested sewage sludge only) wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified			
19 02 19 02 06 19 06 19 06 06 19 08 19 08 05	plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation) sludges from physico/chemical treatment other than those mentioned in 19 02 05 (sewage sludge only) wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (digested sewage sludge only) wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified sludges from the treatment of urban waste water Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and			

Table S2.3 Permittee (Head of Works) (AF	d waste types and quantities for non-hazardous waste storage and treatment				
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 25,000 tonnes				
Exclusions	 Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Wastes containing persistent organic pollutants. Wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Invasive Species (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. Manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013. Pest infested waste. Hazardous waste. Solid wastes (only wastes of liquid free flowing form shall be accepted). 				
Waste code	Description				
16	wastes not otherwise specified in the list				
16 10	aqueous liquid wastes destined for off-site treatment				
16 10 02	aqueous liquid wastes other than those mentioned in 16 10 01				
19	wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use				
19 08	wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified				
19 08 05	sludges from treatment of urban waste water				
19 09	wastes from the preparation of water intended for human consumption or water for industrial use				
19 09 02	sludges from water clarification				

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements							
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	
Existing medium combustion plant which are engines fuelled on biogas (1 MW to 5 MW)							
SK 54736 62230 [Point A1 on site plan in Schedule 7]	CHP engine stack - 1.3 MWth [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	500 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792	
7]		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m ³ [note 2]			BS EN 14791 or	
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m ³ [note 3]			CEN TS 17021 or by calculation based on fuel sulphur	
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m³			BS EN 15058	
		Total VOCs	No limit set			BS EN 12619	
Existing con	nbustion plant (less	than 1 MW)					
SK 54724 62265 [Point A2 on site plan in schedule 7]	Auxiliary Boiler 1 stack – 0.7MWth (fuelled on biogas)						
SK 54734 62260 [Point A3 on site plan in schedule 7]	Auxiliary Boiler 2 stack – 0.7MWth (fuelled on diesel)						
SK 54702 62263 [Point A4 on site plan in schedule	Emergency flare stack [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	150 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	[note 4]	BS EN 14792	
7]		Carbon monoxide	50 mg/m ³			BS EN 15058	
		Total VOCs	10 mg/m ³			BS EN 12619	
SK 54722 62237 SK 54715 62253 [Points A5- A6 on site	Pressure relief valves on Digesters	Biogas release and operational events	No limit set	Recorded duration and frequency	Daily inspection		

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
plan in Schedule 7]						
SK 54714 62226 [Point A7 on site plan in Schedule 7]	Pressure relief valve on Biogas holder	Biogas release and operational events	No limit set	Recorded duration and frequency	Daily inspection	
SK 54735 62266 [Point A8 on site plan in schedule	Channelled emissions to air from the chemical scrubber serving the thickening tanks, pre-digestion	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis
7]	storage tanks and decant chamber [note 5]	Odour concentration	No limit set		Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
SK 54735 62266 [Point A8 on site plan	emissions to air from treatment of water-based liquid waste	Hydrogen chloride (HCI)	5 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 1911
in schedule was 7]		TVOC	20 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 12619
SK 54707 62329 [Point A9 on site plan in schedule	Channelled emissions to air from the chemical scrubber serving the centrifuge area	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling
7]	[note 5]					NIOSH 6013 for analysis
		Odour concentration	No limit set		Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
SK 54707 62329 [Point A9 on site plan in	Channelled emissions to air from treatment of water-based liquid	Hydrogen chloride (HCI)	5 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 1911
schedule 7]	waste	TVOC	20 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over	Once every 6 months	EN 12619

Table S3.1 P	Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	
				sample period			
SK 54804 61920 [Point A10 on site plan in schedule	Channelled emissions to air from the chemical scrubber serving the sludge reception area [note 5]	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013	
7]						for analysis	
		Odour concentration	No limit set		Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725	
		Ammonia	20 mg/m ³	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877	
SK 54804 61920 [Point A10 on site plan	Channelled emissions to air from treatment of water-based liquid waste	Hydrogen chloride (HCI)	5 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 1911	
in schedule 7]		TVOC	20 mg/m ³ [note 6]	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN 12619	
Vents from tanks	Oil/Fuel Storage tank(s)	No parameter set	No limit set				

Note 1 – These emission limits are based on normal operating conditions and load - temperature 0°C (273 K); pressure 101.3 kPa and oxygen 5% (for gas engines burning biogas) and oxygen 3% (for emergency flares and medium combustion plants other than engines and gas turbines burning biogas such as boilers).

- Note 2 This emission limit applies until 31 December 2029, unless the gas engine is replaced.
- Note 3 This emission limit applies from 1 January 2030, unless otherwise advised by the Environment Agency.
- Note 4— Monitoring to be undertaken in the event the emergency flare has been operational for more than 10 per cent of a year (876 hours). Record of operating hours to be submitted annually to the Environment Agency.
- Note 5 The monitoring of NH_3 and H_2S can be used as an alternative to the monitoring of the odour concentration subject to the outcome of IC7.

Note 6 – Monitoring and limits only apply where the substance concerned is identified as relevant to the waste gas inventory IC7.

Table 53.2 Poll	nt source emission	is to sewer, etti	uent treatme	ent plant or c	tner transters	ott-site –
emission limits	s and monitoring re	equirements				

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
S1 on site plan in schedule 7	Centrifuge centrate	Oil and grease	No visible oil or grease		Weekly	Visual assessment

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements							
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method	
emission to River Maun via Mansfield WwTW		Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX)		Spot sample or flow- proportion al	Once every month	EN ISO 15680	

10 mg/l

0.1 mg/l

1 mg/l

0.1 mg/l

0.1 mg/l

0.3 mg/l

0.5 mg/l

0.3 mg/l

1 mg/l

2 mg/l

10 µg/l

0.1 mg/l

No visible

oil or

grease

Hydrocarbon

Free cyanide

Adsorbable organically

Arsenic (As)

Cadmium

Chromium

Copper (Cu)

Lead (Pb)

Nickel (Ni)

Zinc (Zn)

Mercury (Hg)

Manganese

Hexavalent

chromium (Cr(VI))

PFOA and

PFOS

Oil and

grease

Digester feed

S2 on site

schedule 7

plan in

(Mn)

(Cd)

(Cr)

oil index

(HOI)

(CN-)

bound halogens (AOX)

composite

sample

Spot

flow-

al

sample or

proportion

composite

sample

Spot

flow-

al

sample or

proportion

composite

sample

Once every

day

day

day

EN ISO

9377-2

EN ISO

EN ISO

9562

14403-1 or **EN ISO** 14403-2

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
emission to River Maun via Mansfield WwTW		Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX)		Spot sample or flow- proportion al composite sample	Once every month	EN ISO 15680
		Hydrocarbon oil index (HOI)	10 mg/l		Once every day	EN ISO 9377-2
		Free cyanide (CN ⁻)	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 14403-1 or EN ISO 14403-2
		Adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)	1 mg/l			EN ISO 9562
		Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l		Once every day	EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586
		Cadmium (Cd)	0.1 mg/l			
		Chromium (Cr)	0.3 mg/l			
		Copper (Cu)	0.5 mg/l			
		Lead (Pb)	0.3 mg/l			
		Nickel (Ni)	1 mg/l			
		Zinc (Zn)	2 mg/l			
		Mercury (Hg)	10 μg/l	Spot sample or flow- proportion	Once every day	EN ISO 17852 or EN ISO 12846
		Manganese (Mn)		composite sample	EN ISO 11885, EN ISO 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586	
		Hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI))	0.1 mg/l			EN ISO 10304-3 or EN ISO 23913
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months	
S3 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to	Discharge of tankered waste	[Note 3]	[Note 3]	[Note 3]	[Note 3]	[Note 3]

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements Source **Parameter** Limit Reference Monitorina Monitorina **Emission** point ref. & [Note 1] (incl. **Period** frequency standard or location [Note 2] method unit) [Note 1] River Maun waters to the via Mansfield head of works **WwTW** S4 on site Raw filtrate Oil and No visible Visual Weekly plan in grease oil or assessment schedule 7 grease emission to **EN ISO** Benzene, Spot Once every River Maun toluene. sample or month 15680 via Mansfield ethylbenzene, flow-WwTW proportion xylene (BTEX) al composite Hydrocarbon 10 mg/l Once every **ENISO** sample oil index 9377-2 day (HOI) **EN ISO** Free cyanide 0.1 mg/l (CN-) 14403-1 or **EN ISO** 14403-2 Adsorbable 1 mg/l **EN ISO** organically 9562 bound halogens (AOX) Arsenic (As) 0.1 mg/l Once every **EN ISO** Spot sample or day 11885, Cadmium 0.1 mg/l flow-**EN ISO** (Cd) proportion 17294-2 or al Chromium 0.3 mg/l **EN ISO** composite (Cr) 15586 sample Copper (Cu) 0.5 mg/l Lead (Pb) 0.3 mg/l Nickel (Ni) 1 mg/l 2 mg/l Zinc (Zn) Once every **EN ISO** Mercury (Hg) 10 µg/l Spot sample or day 17852 or flow-**EN ISO** proportion 12846 al Manganese **EN ISO** composite (Mn) 11885, sample **EN ISO** 17294-2 or EN ISO 15586 Hexavalent 0.1 mg/l **EN ISO** chromium 10304-3 or (Cr(VI)) **EN ISO** 23913

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – emission limits and monitoring requirements

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter [Note 1]	Limit (incl. unit) [Note 1]	Reference Period	Monitoring frequency [Note 2]	Monitoring standard or method
		PFOA and PFOS			Once every six months	

Note 1 – Monitoring and limits only apply where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste water inventory as determined by improvement condition IC4a and IC4b.

Note 2 – Monitoring frequency as specified unless the Environment Agency has agreed in writing other alternative appropriate monitoring frequencies.

Note 3 – Emission limits and monitoring requirements to be set following completion of IC7a, IC7b.

Table S3.3 Process mor	nitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
Digester feed	pH	As described in	As described	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.	
(digestion process)	Alkalinity	site operating techniques	in site operating techniques		
	Temperature	·			
	Hydraulic loading rate				
	Organic loading rate				
	Volatile fatty acids concentration				
	Ammonia				
	Liquid /foam level				
Biogas in digester [& biogas storage holders]	Flow	Continuous	In accordance with EU weights and measures Regulations	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.	
	Methane	Continuous	None specified	Gas monitors to	
	CO ₂	Continuous	None specified	be calibrated every 6 months or in accordance	
	O ₂	Continuous	None specified	with the manufacturer's	
	Hydrogen sulphide	Daily	None specified	recommendations.	
	Pressure	Continuous	None specified		
Digestate batch	Volatile fatty acids concentration	One sample at the end of each	As described in site		
	Ammonia	batch (hydraulic retention time) cycle.	operating techniques		
Digesters and storage tanks	Integrity checks	Weekly	Visual assessment	In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.	
Digesters	Agitation /mixing	Continuous	Systems controls	Records maintained in daily operational records.	
	Tank capacity and sediment assessment	Once every 5 years from date of commission	Non- destructive pressure testing integrity assessment every 5 years or as specified	In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.	

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
			by manufacturers technical specification.	
Waste reception building or area; Digesters and storage tanks	Odour	Daily	Olfactory monitoring	Odour detection at the site boundary.
Diffuse emissions from all sources identified in the Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) programme	VOCs including methane	Every 6 months or otherwise agreed in accordance with the LDAR programme	'Sniffing' and/or Optical Gas Imaging techniques in accordance with BS EN 15446 & BS EN 17628	Monitoring points as specified in a DSEAR risk assessment and LDAR programme. Limit as agreed with the Environment Agency as a percentage of the overall gas production.
CHP engine stack	VOCs including methane	Annually	BS EN 12619	Total annual VOCs emissions from the CHP engine(s) to be calculated and submitted to the Environment Agency.
	Exhaust gas temperature		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas pressure		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas water vapour content		BS EN 14790- 1	Unless gas is dried before analysis of emissions.
	Exhaust gas oxygen		BS EN 14789	
	Exhaust gas flow		BS EN 16911- 1	
Meteorological conditions	Wind speed, air temperature, wind direction	Continuous	Method as specified in management system	Conditions to be recorded in operational diary and records.
				Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis,

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
Emergency flare	Operating hours	Continuous	Recorded duration and frequency. Recording using a	Date, time and duration of use of auxiliary flare shall be recorded.
	Quantity of gas sent to emergency flare		SCADA system or similar system	Quantity can be estimated from gas flow composition, heat content, ratio of assistance, velocity, purge gas flow rate, pollutant emissions.
Pressure relief valves and vacuum systems	Gas pressure	Continuous	Recording using a SCADA system	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored.
	Re-seating	Weekly inspection	Visual	Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.
	Inspection, maintenance, calibration, repair and validation	Following foaming or overtopping or at 3 yearly intervals whichever is sooner	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	After a foaming event or sticking, build-up of debris, obstructions or damage, operator must ensure that pressure relief valve function remains within designed gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained and qualified personnel.

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	Inspection, calibration and validation report	In accordance with design and construction specifications or after over topping or foaming event	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release, after a foaming event or sticking, build-up of debris, obstructions or damage. Operator must ensure that PRV function remains within designed operation gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained/qualified personnel. Inspection, calibration and validation report. In accordance with industry Approved Code of Practice
Storage tanks	Volume	Daily	Visual or flow meter measurement	Records of volume must be maintained.

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
Odour abatement plant					
Scrubbers (water/chemical/dry)					
Chemical Scrubbers (A8, A9 and A10)	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	Odour abatement plant shall be regularly checked and maintained to ensure	
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	appropriate	

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
	Moisture content or humidity – inlet and outlet (for dry scrubbers only)	Daily	Moisture meter	temperature and moisture content. Odour abatement
	Moisture content or humidity – outlet (for wet scrubbers if used before other abatement systems)	Daily	Moisture meter	plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan
	Back pressure	Weekly	Pressure differential using sensors	and manufacturer's recommendations
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment
	pH scrubber solution (pre-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter	Agency.
	pH scrubber solution (post-abatement)	Continuous	pH meter	
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC6 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC6 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Carbon filters		•		
Carbon Absorption Filters	Carbon bed temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe	Odour abatement plant shall be managed in
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour
	Moisture or humidity	Daily	Moisture meter	management plan and manufacturer's
	Back pressure	Weekly	Recognised industry method	recommendations.
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	
			,	
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC6 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC6 as approved in writing by the

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC6 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.
				Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

Table S3.5 Emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site – Monitoring points					
Effluent(s) and discharge point(s)	Monitoring type	Monitoring point NGR	Monitoring point reference		
T1 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Maun [Mansfield WwTW)	Centrifuge centrate return sample point	SK 54717 62320	Point S1 (Discharge to WwTW) in Schedule 7		
T2 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Maun [Mansfield WwTW)	Digester feed sample point	SK 54734 62247 SK 54750 62239	Points S2 and S4 (Discharge to WwTW) in Schedule 7		
T3 on site plan in schedule 7 emission to River Maun [Mansfield WwTW)	Inlet (Head of Works) sample point	SK 54698 61709	Point S3 (Discharge to WwTW) in Schedule 7		

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Emissions to air from CHP engines and boilers Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months 1 J Levery 6 months 1 J Levery	Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data				
and boilers Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Every 6 months 1. J Levery 6 months 1. J Levery 6 month		g period Period begins			
Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	from CHP engines A1	months 1 January			
abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	equired by				
Emissions to air from abatement systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner As specified in schedule 3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	rom odour A8, A9 and A10	nonths 1 January, 1 July			
systems for waste gas treatment plant Reporting only applies where the substance concerned is identified as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	equired by				
as relevant in the waste gas inventory IC6 Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of over-pressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	e gas treatment oplies where the	nonths 1 January, 1 July			
condition 3.5.1. Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance					
Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – digester tank integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 5 years from the date of commissioning or as per the manufacturer's recommendation, whichever is sooner Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	equired by				
integrity Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Process monitoring – under and over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3 Every 12 months Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance		C4b, of IC4a, IC4b,			
over pressure relief systems Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 table S3.3 Yearly summary report of overpressure and under-pressure events detailing mass balance	table S3.3	date of ioning or eturer's endation,			
release	ief systems table S3.3	immary over- and essure etailing			
Process monitoring – pressure relief systems - leak detection and repair (inspection, calibration and maintenance) Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1 Every 3 years 1 J	etection and repair ration and	vears 1 January			

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data				
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins	
Process monitoring – leak detection and repair surveys Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months LDAR report to be submitted annually	1 January	
Process monitoring – use of emergency flare Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months	1 January	
Non-compostable contamination removal efficiency Parameters as required by conditions 2.3.4 and 2.3.7		Every 12 months Yearly report of detailing contamination removal efficiency and progress with plastic reduction contamination	1 January	
Total annual VOCs emissions from gas engines (calculated)	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months	1 January	

Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment			
Parameter	Units		
Electricity generated	MWh		
Liquid digestate	m ³		
Solid digestate	tonnes		
Recovered outputs	tonnes or m ³		

Table S4.3 Performance parameters				
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units		
Water usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³		
Energy usage	Annually	MWh		
Raw material usage	Annually	tonnes or m ³		
Emergency flare operation	Annually	hours		
Electricity exported	Annually	MWh		
CHP engine usage	Annually	hours		
CHP engine efficiency	Annually	%		
Auxiliary boiler usage	Annually	hours		

Table S4.4 Reporting forms			
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form	
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY	

Table S4.4 Reporting forms				
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form		
Process monitoring	Form process 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY		
Sewer	Form sewer 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY		
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY		
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY		
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	DD/MM/YYYY		
Waste returns	E-waste Return Form or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency			

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

raitA	
Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, nce not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	
(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a limit
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless otherwise specified below
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	

(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below				
	detection unless	otherwise specified	below	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission				
·	<u> </u>			
Time wericals for motification falls				
Time periods for notification follo	wing detection o	or a preach of a limit	Notification poriod	
Parameter			Notification period	
(c) Notification requirements for t	the detection of a	any significant advers	se environmental effect	
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection			
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected				
Substances(s) detected				
Concentrations of substances detected				
Date of monitoring/sampling				
Part B – to be submit	ted as soo	n as practica	ble	
Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.				
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident				
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission				
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.				
Name*				
Post				
Signature				
Date				

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

"accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"anaerobic digestion" means a process of controlled decomposition of biodegradable materials under managed conditions where free oxygen is absent, at temperatures suitable for naturally occurring mesophilic or thermophilic anaerobes and facultative anaerobe bacteria species, which convert the inputs to a methanerich biogas and whole digestate.

"animal waste" means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption.

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"appropriate abatement system" means the appropriate treatment technique for channelled emissions to air defined in 6.6.1 'Channelled emissions to air' from the 'Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document for Waste Treatment'.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"Best available techniques" means the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques for providing the basis for emission limit values and other permit conditions designed to prevent and, where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole:

- (a) 'techniques' includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned;
- (b) 'available techniques' means those developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the costs and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the Member State in question, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator;
- (c) 'best' means most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole.

"Biodegradable" means a material is capable of undergoing biological anaerobic or aerobic degradation leading to the production of CO₂, H₂O, methane, biomass, and mineral salts, depending on the environmental conditions of the process.

"building" means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

"BREF" means Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document.

"Capacity" means the potential capacity and not historical or actual production levels or throughput. This means that the designed capacity is the maximum rate at which the site can operate. Biological treatment of waste usually takes place over more than one day, so the physical daily capacity can be calculated by dividing the maximum quantity of waste that could be subject to biological treatment at any one time by the minimum residence time. For in-vessel composting, the residence time for sanitisation should be calculated separately and then aggregated to the complete composting time. Further guidance 'RGN2: Understanding the meaning of regulated facility Definition of regulated facility' is available.

"channelled emissions" means the emissions of pollutants into the environment through any kind of duct, pipe, stack, etc. This also includes emissions from open top biofilters.

"combined heat and power" (CHP) or Cogeneration means the simultaneous generation in one process of thermal energy and electrical or mechanical energy.

"competent persons and resources" means that a technically competent person accredited to a relevant scheme must attend site and record their attendance, and that all roles and responsibilities are clearly stated in the management systems along with records of operatives' training. See the guidance on the <u>level of competence and duration of attendance</u>

"compliance date" means 01/01/2025 for existing MCPs with net rated thermal input of greater than 5MWth or 01/01/2030 for existing MCPs with a net rated thermal input of less than or equal to 5MWth.

"compost" means solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been sanitised and stabilised, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

"composting" means the managed biological decomposition of biodegradable waste organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat and that result in compost.

"composting batch" means an identifiable quantity of material that progresses through the composting system and when fully processed has similar characteristics throughout. For composting systems that operate on a continuous- or plug-flow basis, batches will be taken to mean a series of "portions of production".

"direct discharge" means discharge to a receiving water body.

"diffuse emissions" mean non-channelled emissions (e.g. of dust, organic compounds, odour) which can result in 'area' sources (e.g. tanks) or 'point' sources (e.g. pipe flanges). This also includes emissions from open-air windrow composting.

"digestate" means material resulting from an anaerobic digestion process.

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"DSEAR" means the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"existing medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation before 20 December 2018.

"generator" means any combustion plant which is used to generate electricity, excluding mobile, unless it is connected to the national grid.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

"head of works" means the discharge location where imported wastes are discharged into the WwTW. The waste operations associated with the head of works is either via the direct discharge of tankered waste into the WwTW or the temporary storage of waste in a storage tank before discharge of waste into the WwTW. The waste water treatment works are operated under the requirements of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive.

"impermeable surface" means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

"Indirect discharge" means a discharge to a sewer or off-site waste water treatment plant.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" and/or "IED" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme" means a structured approach to reduce fugitive emissions of organic compounds by detection and subsequent repair or replacement of leaking components. Currently, sniffing (described by EN 15446) and optical gas imaging methods are available for the identification of leaks as set out in BAT 14 and section 6.6.2 of the Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions.

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"medium combustion plant" or "MCP" means a combustion plant with a rated thermal input equal to or greater than 1 MW but less than 50 MW.

"Medium Combustion Plant Directive" or "MCPD" means Directive 2015/2193/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the limitation of emissions of certain pollutants into the air from medium combustion plants, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

"new medium combustion plant" means an MCP which was put into operation after 20 December 2018. This includes replacement MCP and Generators.

"operating hours" means the time, expressed in hours, during which a combustion plant is operating and discharging emissions into the air, excluding start-up and shut-down periods

"operational area" means any part of a facility used for the handling, storing and treatment of waste.

"operator" means in relation to a regulated facility:

- (a) the person who has control over the operation of the regulated facility,
- (b) if the regulated facility has not yet been put into operation, the person who will have control over the regulated facility when it is put into operation, or
- (c) if a regulated facility authorised by an environmental permit ceases to be in operation, the person who holds the environmental permit

"pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"PFOA" means Perfluorooctanoic acid.

"PFOS" means Perfluorooctanesulphonic acid.

"pollution" means emissions as a result of human activity which may-

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to a human sense,
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"sanitisation" means the actively managed and intensive stage of composting, lasting for at least 5 days, characterised by high oxygen demand and temperatures of over 55°C, during which biological processes, together with conditions in the composting mass, eradicate human and animal pathogens or reduce them to acceptably low levels. The operator also needs to meet ABPR requirements.

"sealed drainage system" in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system

• all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged to foul sewer.

"specified generator" means a group of generators other than excluded between 1 and 50 megawatts or less than 50 megawatts as defined in Schedule 25B(2) of SI 2018 No.110 of the EPR.

"stable" and/or "stabilised" means the degree of processing and biodegradation at which the rate of biological activity has slowed to an acceptably low and consistent level and will not significantly increase under favourable, altered conditions.

"VOC" means Volatile organic compounds as defined in Article 3(45) of Directive 2010/75/EU – 'volatile organic compound' means any organic compound as well as the fraction of creosote, having at 293.15K a vapour pressure of 0.01 kPa or more, or having a corresponding volatility under the particular conditions of use.

"Waste code" means the six-digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England)Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

"Waste Framework Directive" and/or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

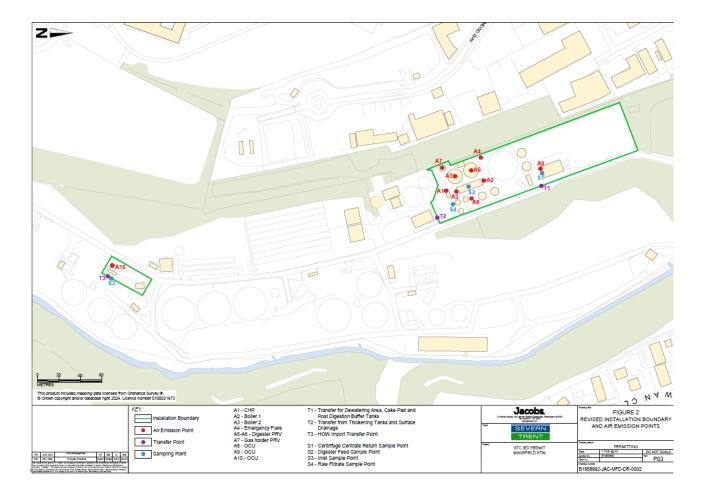
Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid fuels and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

"year" means a calendar year ending on 31 December.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



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Annex 1 of MCP

Rated thermal input (MW) of the medium combustion plant.	1.3 MWth (CHP1)	
2. Type of the medium combustion plant (diesel engine, gas turbine, dual fuel engine, other engine or other medium combustion plant).	CHP engine fuelled on biogas	
3. Type and share of fuels used according to the fuel categories laid down in Annex II.	Gaseous fuels other than natural gas. Biogas from AD plant.	
4. Date of the start of the operation of the medium combustion plant or, where the exact date of the start of the operation is unknown, proof of the fact that the operation started before 20 December 2018.	27/11/2018	
5. Sector of activity of the medium combustion plant or the facility in which it is applied (NACE code.	37.00	
6. Expected number of annual operating hours of the medium combustion plant and average load in use.	8760	
7. Where the option of exemption under Article 6(3) or Article 6(8) is used, a declaration signed by the operator that the medium combustion plant will not be operated more than the number of hours referred to in those paragraphs.	n/a	
8. Name and registered office of the operator and, in the case of stationary medium combustion plants, the address where the plant is located.	Company name and registered office: Severn Trent Water Limited Severn Trent Centre, 2 St John's Street, Coventry, CV1 2LV Address where the plant is located:	
	Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works, Old Mill Lane, Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, NG18 2DA	

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