	TED KINGDOM			Animal health certificate to the EU	
	onsignor/Exporter		I.2 Certificate reference	I.2a	
Addre	2				
	ess		I.3 Central Competent Autho		
			DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRO FOOD & RURAL AFFAIRS	NMENT,	
			I.4 Local Competent Authorit	ty	
Coun	try	ISO country code	ANIMAL AND PLANT HEAL	TH AGENCY	
150	onsignee/Importer		I.6 Operator responsible for t	he consignment	
Name			Name		
			Address		
Count I.7 Count I.8 Rd	0				
Coun	try	ISO country code	Country	ISO country code	
I.7 C	ountry of origin	ISO country code	I.9 Country of destination	ISO country code	
i I.8 R	egion of origin	Code	I.10 Region of destination	Code	
I.11 F	Place of dispatch	Registration/Approval No	I.12 Place of destination	Registration/Approval No	
Name	e		Name		
Addre	ess		Address		
Count	try	ISO country code	Country	ISO country code	
	Place of loading	150 county code	L14 Date and time of departu	-	
I.15 N	Means of transport		I.16 Entry Border Control Po	st	
	-				
	□ Aircraft	□ Vessel	I.17		
	Railway				
		Road vehicle			
		Road vehicle			
Identi	ification	Road vehicle			
	ification			Frozen	
I.18 7		Road vehicle     Ambient	Chilled	El Frozen	
I.18 T I.19 (	ification Fransport conditions		Chilled Seal No	El Frozen	
<b>I.18 T</b> <b>I.19 C</b> Conta	ification Fransport conditions Container number/Seal number niner No			Frozen	
<b>I.18 T</b> <b>I.19 C</b> Conta	ification Fransport conditions Container number/Seal number			El Frozen	
<b>I.18 T</b> <b>I.19 C</b> Conta	ification <b>Fransport conditions</b> <b>Container number/Seal number</b> ainer No <b>Certified as or for</b>				
I.18 1 I.19 ( Conta I.20 ( I.21	ification Transport conditions Container number/Seal number ainer No Certified as or for Germinal products		Seal No		

.27	Description of con	isignment			
		-		T1 (C ( 1	
	CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
	Туре	Approval or registration n	umber of plant/establishment/centre	Identification mark	Date of collection/production
	CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
	Туре	Approval or registration n	umber of plant/establishment/centre	Identification mark	Date of collection/production
	CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
	Туре	Approval or registration n	umber of plant/establishment/centre	Identification mark	Date of collection/production
	CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
	Туре	Approval or registration n	umber of plant/establishment/centre	Identification mark	Date of collection/production
	CN code	Species	Subspecies/Category	Identification number	Quantity
	Туре	Approval or registration n	umber of plant/establishment/centre	Identification mark	Date of collection/production

UNIT	ED KIN	) KINGDOM		II.a Certificate reference		
	II. Hea	lth inform	ation			
	I, the	undersigned	d, official veterinarian, of the exporting country <sup>(1)</sup>	hereby certify that: exporting country)		
		II.1.	The semen collection centre $^{(2)}$ , in which the semen described in Part I was Union was approved and supervised by the competent authority in accorda I(II)(1) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC <sup>(3)</sup> ;	s collected, processed and stored for export to the		
•	·	II.2.	During the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of first collection fresh or chilled semen was dispatched or until the 30 days storage period f centre:			
		11.2.1.	was situated in the exporting country or, in the case of regionalisation account in that part of the territory of the exporting country which was:	ording to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC $^{(4)}$ ,		
		5	not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordat 2009/156/EC,	nce with Article 5(2)(a)and (b) of Directive		
			<ul> <li>free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least free from glanders and dourine for a period of at least 6 months;</li> </ul>	ist 2 years,		
		II.2.2.	fulfilled the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive	2009/156/EC and in particular:		
		<sup>(5)</sup> either	[II.2.2.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the anir in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has	nals of species susceptible to that disease located		
			<ul> <li>from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for a period which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaugh</li> </ul>			
			<ul> <li>from equine infectious anaemia (EIA) for at least the p agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) animals were slaughtered on two occasions 3 months a</li> </ul>	carried out on samples taken after the infected		
с			<ul> <li>from vesicular stomatitis (VS) for a period of at least 6</li> </ul>	months from the last recorded case,		
tio			- from rabies for a period of at least one month from the			
ca			<ul> <li>from anthrax for a period of at least 15 days from the la</li> </ul>			
Part II: Certification		<sup>(5)</sup> or	[II.2.2.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises of at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis and rabies or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily con	of species susceptible to that disease located in disinfected, and the holding was free for a period , equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis day on which following the destruction of the		
$\mathbf{Pa}$		II.2.3.	contained only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral ar	teritis and contagious equine metritis,		
		II.3.	Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallions and any of			
		II.3.1.	were continuously resident for a period of 3 months (or since entry if they during the 3 months period) in the exporting country or, in the case of regibirective 2009/156/EC, in that part of the territory of the exporting country	were directly imported from a Member State onalisation in accordance with Article 13 of y which was during that period:		
			<ul> <li>not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordat 2009/156/EC,</li> </ul>			
			<ul> <li>free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at lea</li> </ul>	ist 2 years,		
			<ul> <li>free from glanders and dourine for a period of at least 6 months;</li> </ul>			
	<sup>(5)</sup> either		originated from the country of export which was on the day of admission is for a period of at least 6 months,]			
	<sup>(5)</sup> or	[II.3.2.	were subjected to a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis (VS) c dilution of 1 in 32 or a VS ELISA carried out with a negative result in acc of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE on a entering the centre;]	ordance with the relevant Chapter of the Manual		
		II.3.3.	originated from holdings which on the day of admission onto the centre fu	lfilled the requirements of point II.2.2;		
		II.4.	The semen described in Part I was collected from donor stallions which:			
		II.4.1.	did not show any clinical sign of an infectious or contagious disease at the centre and on the day the semen was collected;	time of admission onto the semen collection		
		II.4.2.	were kept for a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of semen collect shown any clinical sign of equine viral arteritis or contagious equine metri	÷ .		
		II.4.3.	were not used for natural mating during a period of at least 30 days prior to the dates of the first sample referred to in points II.4.5.1, II.4.5.2 and/or II.	4.5.3 and until the end of the collection period;		
		II.4.4.	underwent the following tests, which meet at least the requirements of the Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE, carried out in a lab	· · ·		

UNITED KINGDOM			II.a Certificate reference
	and has the tests referred on (EC) No 882/2004 <sup>(7)</sup>		n equivalent to that provided for in Article 12 of
_	or equine infectious anae	mia (EIA), an agar-gel immuno-diffusion t	
	r equine viral arteritis (1	assay (ELISA) for equine infectious anaem	iia with a negative result; j
<sup>(5)</sup> either		neutralisation test with a negative result at	a serum dilution of one in four-1
<sup>(5)</sup> and/or		e	CR) or real-time PCR with a negative result on
	an aliqu	ot of the entire semen of the donor stallion	;]
II.4.4.3. fo	· ·	vo occasions with an interval of not less that	ried out on three specimens (swabs) taken from in 7 days at least from the penile sheath
		b case taken earlier than 7 days (systemic tr	eatment) or 21 days (local treatment) after
	antimicrobial treatmen	t of the donor stallion and were placed in tra	ansport medium with activated charcoal, such
<sup>(5)</sup> either			ere subjected with a negative result to a test for
("etimer	period		vation under microaerophilic conditions for a er taking the specimens from the donor animal, ing transport;]
<sup>(5)</sup> and/or	-	ection of the genome of <i>Taylorella equigeni</i> 48 hours after taking the specimens from the	<i>italis</i> by PCR or real-time PCR, carried out e donor animal;]
respectiv		pecified in point II.4.4 in each case to at lease and (c) of Chapter II of Annex D to Directiv	
<sup>(9)</sup> [II.4.5.1.	prior to the date of the	e first collection and during the period of c nen collection centre came during that time	ection centre for a period of at least 30 days sollection of the semen described in Part I, and e into direct contact with equidae of lower
	The tests described i year at the beginning the Union of fresh, o	n point II.4.4 were carried out on samples ta of the breeding season or prior to the first	aken <sup>(6)</sup> from the donor stallion at least once a collection of semen intended for imports into days following the date of the commencement n collection.]
<sup>(9)</sup> [II.4.5.2.	of the first collection collection centre und and/or other equidae status.	and during the period of collection of the s er the responsibility of the centre veterinari on the semen collection centre came into d	For a period of at least 30 days prior to the date semen described in Part I, but left the semen ian for a continuous period of less than 14 days, irect contact with equidae of a lower health
	year at the beginning imports into the Unic commencement of th	of the breeding season or prior to the date on of fresh, chilled or frozen semen and not e residence period of at least 30 days prior	
and	semen the donor stal	collection of the semen intended for import lion was subjected to the tests described in	point JI.4.4, as follows:
		nfectious anaemia, one of the tests describe lood taken <sup>(6)</sup> not more than 90 days prior to	d in point II.4.4.1 was last carried out on a the collection of the semen described in Part I;
		iral arteritis, one of the tests described	
(5	· 1	4.4.2 was last carried out on a sample taken on of the semen described In Part I;]	<sup>(6)</sup> not more than 30 days prior to the date of
(5	more than 6 sample take	months prior to the date of the collection o	entire semen of the donor stallion taken <sup>(6)</sup> not of the semen described in Part I and a blood onths period reacted with a positive result in a erum dilution of more than one in four;]
		us equine metritis, the test described in poi swabs) taken <sup>(6)</sup> not more than 60 days prior Part I	
	<i>either</i> [on two occ	asions;]	· · · · ·
(5	or [on a single]	occasion and subjected to a PCR or real-tir	me PCR.]]
<sup>(9)</sup> [II.4.5.3.	Directive 92/65/EEC	and the semen is collected for imports into	
	stallion at least once	a year at the beginning of the breeding seas	
and			t on samples taken <sup>(6)</sup> from the donor stallion 30 days from the date of the collection of the





