

# Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin (England) 2024 Week 18

## Key messages

#### Data reported to: 6 May 2024

Total NHS 111 calls and online assessments increased over the public holiday weekend during week 18, in line with expected activity. Trends presented in this report should therefore be interpreted with some caution. NHS 111 calls and online assessments for acute respiratory infections increased across all age groups. NHS 111 calls for diarrhoea and vomiting continued to increase in all age groups. Eye problems calls and online assessments also increased during week 18.

Please note that recent updates to the NHS Pathways clinical tool used by NHS 111 have affected the reported levels of certain syndromic indicators. As a result of these changes all individual respiratory indicators have been removed from this report and replaced with a generic 'acute respiratory infections' calls indicator. Please see '<u>Notes and Caveats</u>' for further information.

## Syndromic indicators at a glance

Table 1: The current trend (based on previous weeks, not only the current week) and the level (compared to the expected baseline), of each indicator included in this bulletin.

Indicator	Trend <sup>1</sup>	Level
Total NHS 111 calls (Figure 1)	Increasing	No baseline
Total NHS 111 online (Figure 2)	Increasing	No baseline
Acute respiratory infections NHS 111 calls (Figure 3)	Increasing <sup>2</sup>	Similar to baseline
Acute respiratory infections NHS 111 online ( <b>Figure 4</b> )	Increasing <sup>2</sup>	Above baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls (Figure 5)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 online (Figure 6)	Increasing	Above baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 calls (Figure 7)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 online (Figure 8)	Increasing	Above baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 calls (Figure 9)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 online (Figure 10)	Increasing	Similar to baseline

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> trend reports on the trend seen over most recent and earlier weeks

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> see <u>Notes and Caveats</u> for information about changes to reporting of respiratory calls and online assessments and the introduction of a new 'acute respiratory infection' indicator in this bulletin.

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## About this syndromic surveillance system

This bulletin presents data from the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) remote health advice syndromic surveillance system.

Syndromic surveillance can be used to:

- assess current trends
- assess current trends and levels compared to historical baselines
- compare trends between age groups/areas

Syndromic surveillance should not be used to:

- estimate total burden or number of 'cases' of a condition (see Notes and caveats)
- compare levels between age groups/areas

Fully anonymised, daily NHS 111 call and NHS 111 online assessment data are analysed and reported here, to identify and describe trends for a variety of syndromic indicators:

- syndromic indicators include groupings such as cold/flu, fever and diarrhoea
- syndromic indicators are based on:
  - symptoms (known as the Symptom Group or Pathway) identified from both NHS 111 calls and NHS 111 online assessments respectively
  - the potential COVID-19 syndromic indicator is based on the Symptom Group in NHS 111 calls and the outcome (known as the Disposition), in NHS 111 online (rather than the Pathway)
- **Key messages** describes any notable trends nationally (England), by age group and/or by geographical area (based on UKHSA Regions)
- the full list of syndromic indicators reported here, along with their current level and trend, are summarised in Table 1
- charts are provided for each syndromic indicator on a national basis, by age group and by geographical area (UKHSA Region). Each chart includes a year of data with:
  - 7-day moving averages (adjusted for weekends and bank holidays) to aid in the identification of trend
  - statistical baselines (where available) to aid in the assessment of level compared to historical expectations

For further information please see the **Notes and caveats** section.

Previous weekly bulletins from this system are available <u>here</u>.

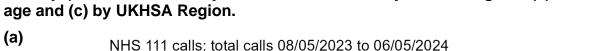
#### Data quality issues of note this week

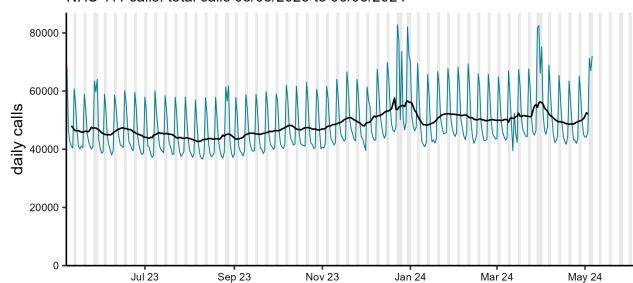
Please see the <u>Notes and Caveats</u> section about the current impact of newly released NHS Pathways system updates (NHS Pathways Releases 41 and 42) on syndromic data reporting. Selected NHS 111 calls and online assessment respiratory indicators have been temporarily removed from the report due to the ongoing impact of these changes.

#### **Total contacts**

#### NHS 111 calls

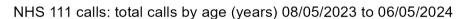
Figure 1: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

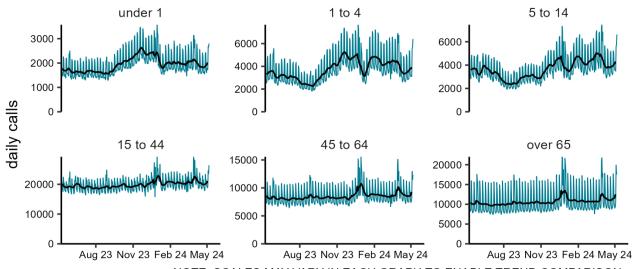




Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

(b)





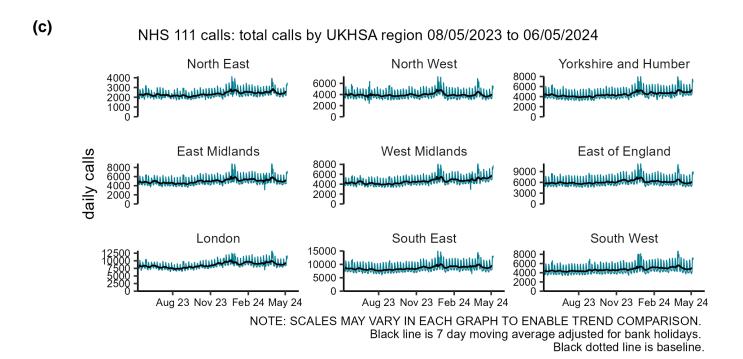


Table 2: The number of NHS 111 calls in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

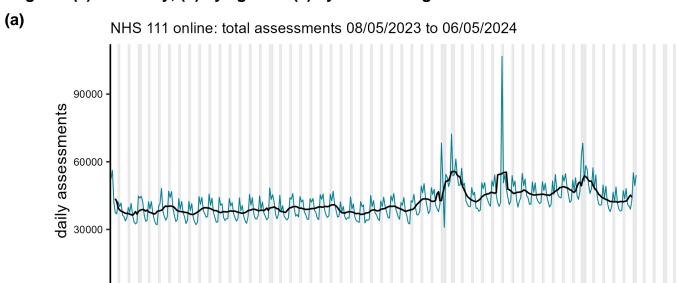
Date	Number of calls	
29 April 2024	50,354	
30 April 2024	45,456	
1 May 2024	44,500	
2 May 2024	44,605	
3 May 2024	46,354	
4 May 2024	71,798	
5 May 2024	67,519	

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#### NHS 111 online

Figure 2: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

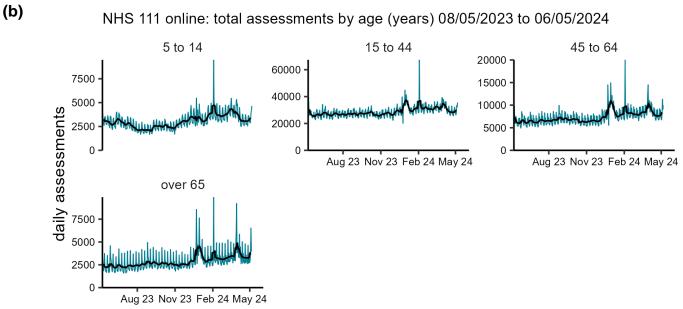


Nov 23

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

Mar 24

Jan 24



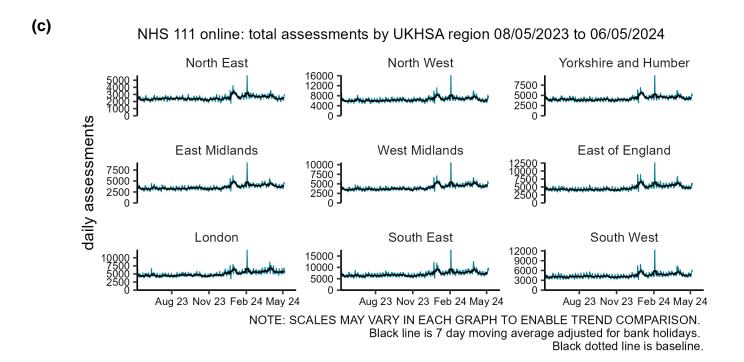


Table 3: The number of completed NHS 111 online assessments in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

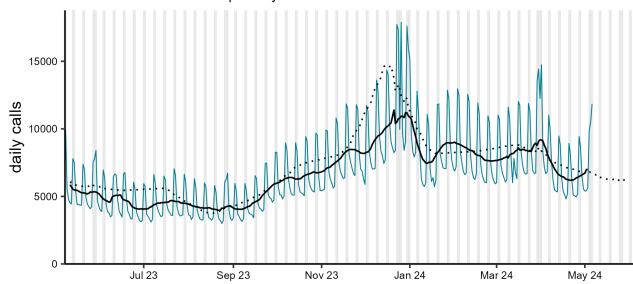
Date	Number of completed assessments
29 April 2024	26,052
30 April 2024	22,337
1 May 2024	21,920
2 May 2024	21,068
3 May 2024	23,260
4 May 2024	29,950
5 May 2024	27,277

## **Respiratory conditions**

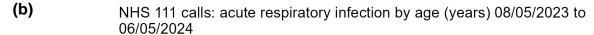
## Acute respiratory infections NHS 111 calls

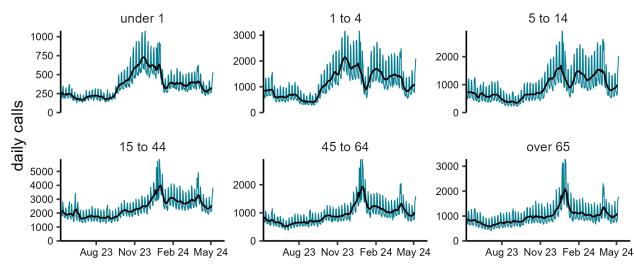
Figure 3: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for acute respiratory infections, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

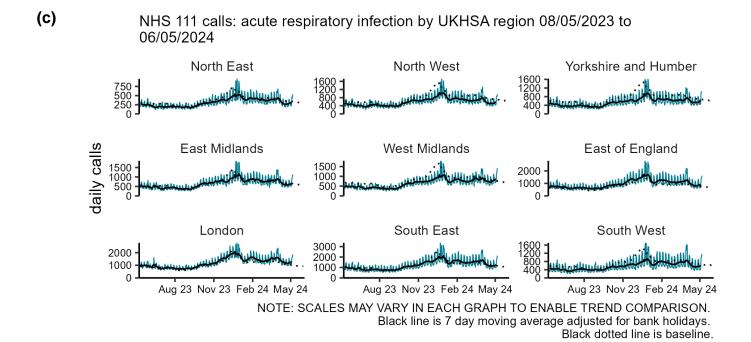
(a) NHS 111 calls: acute respiratory infection 08/05/2023 to 06/05/2024



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.







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## Acute respiratory infections NHS 111 online

Figure 4: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for acute respiratory infections, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

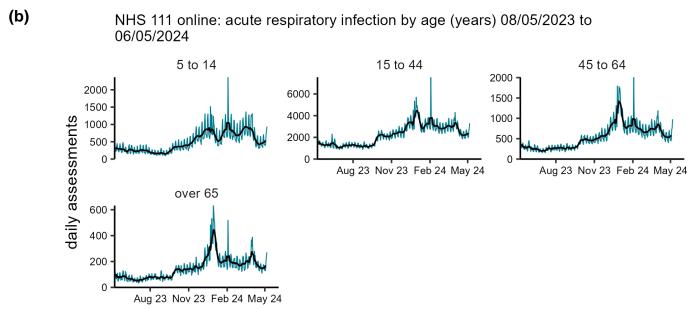
NHS 111 online: acute respiratory infection 08/05/2023 to 06/05/2024

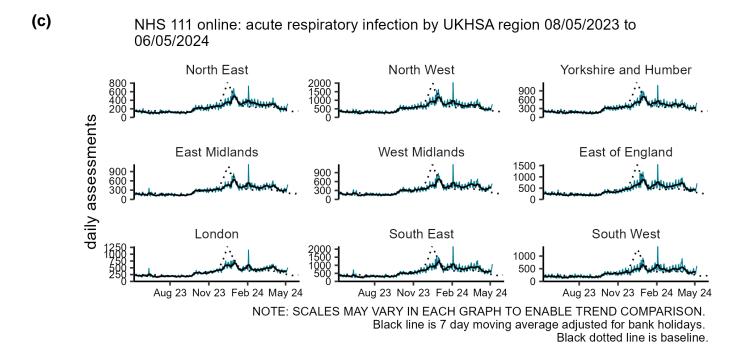
Nov 23

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

Mar 24

Jan 24

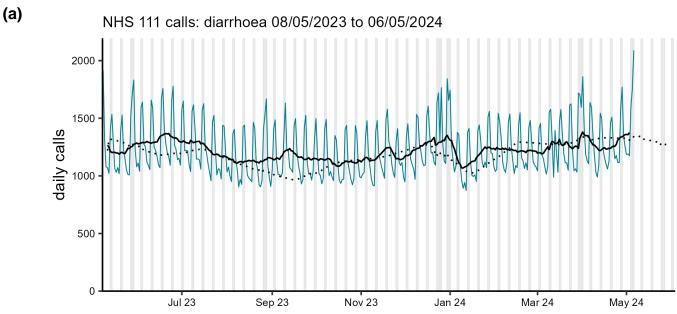




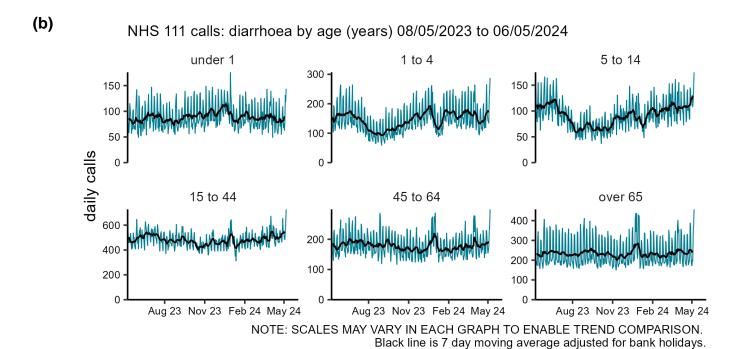
### **Gastrointestinal conditions**

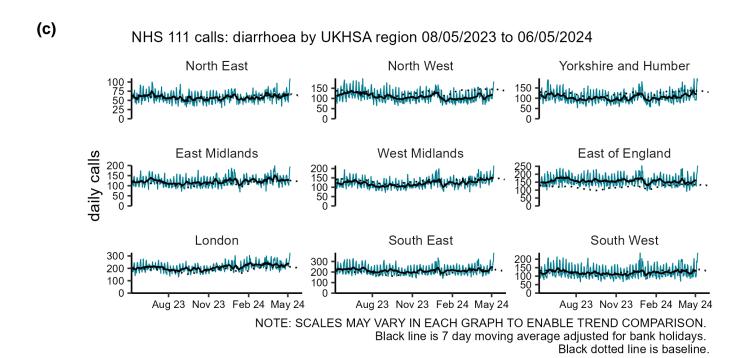
#### Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls

Figure 5: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



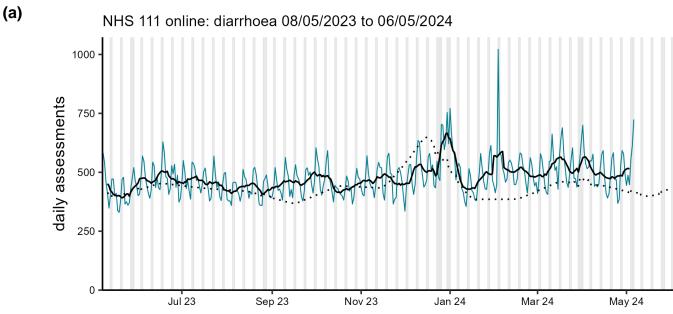
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



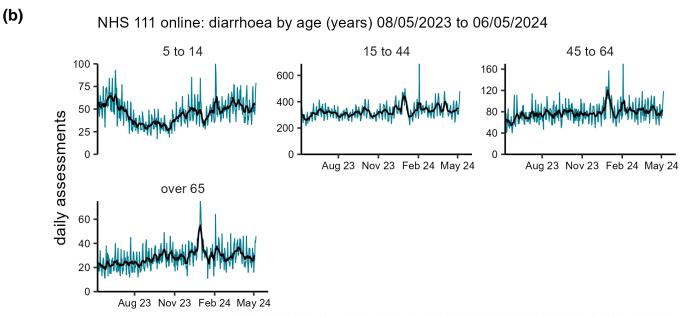


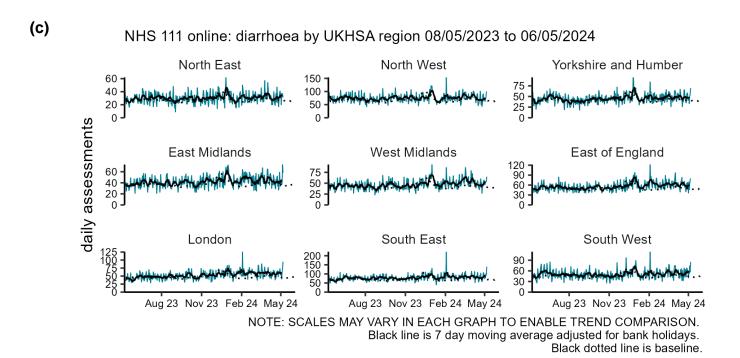
#### Diarrhoea NHS 111 online

Figure 6: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



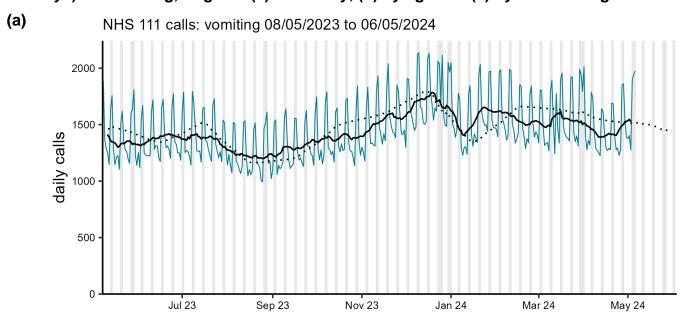
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



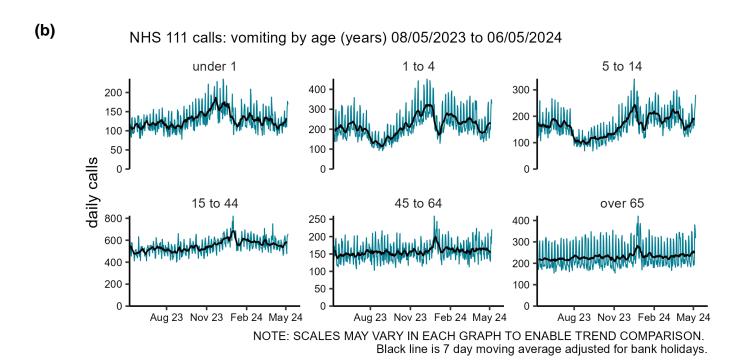


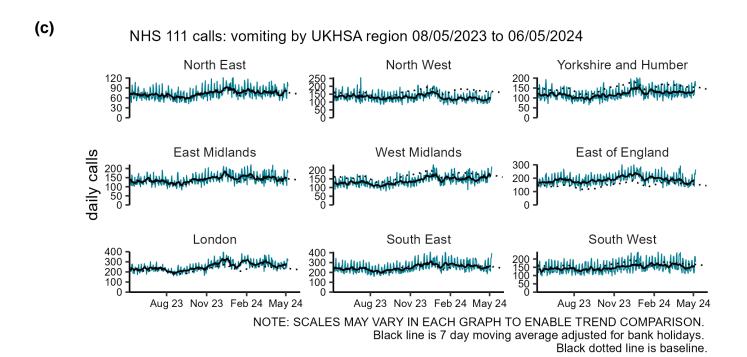
## Vomiting NHS 111 calls

Figure 7: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



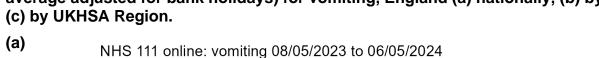
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

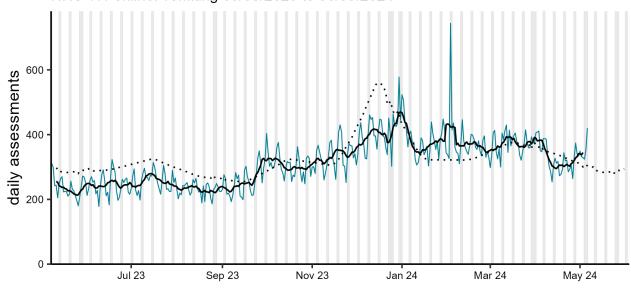




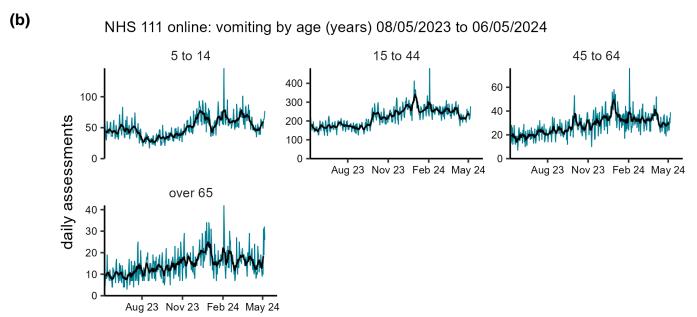
## Vomiting NHS 111 online

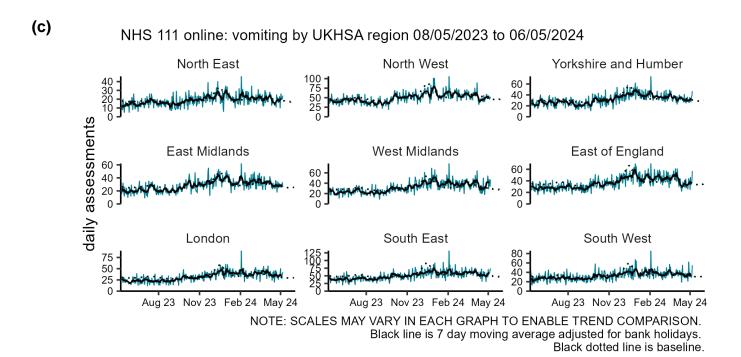
Figure 8: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.





Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.





### Seasonal environmental conditions

UKHSA and the Met Office operate a weather-health alert system that includes both heat and cold weather alert periods. Syndromic indicators are used to monitor the impact of both extreme hot and cold weather in England during these periods and will be included below (where an appropriate syndromic indicator is available).

Cold weather alert period: 1 November to 31 March

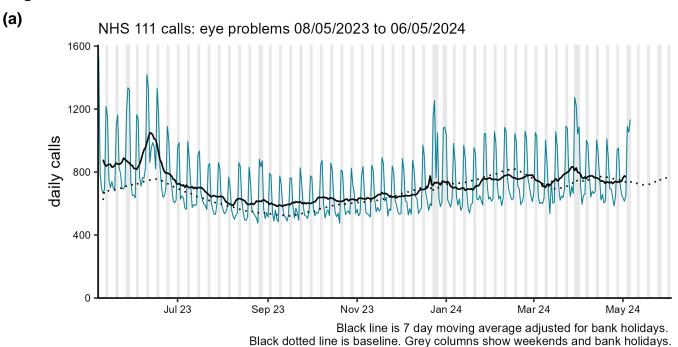
Heat-Health Alert period: 1 June to 30 September

Highest weather alert level during the current reporting week:

No alerts issued

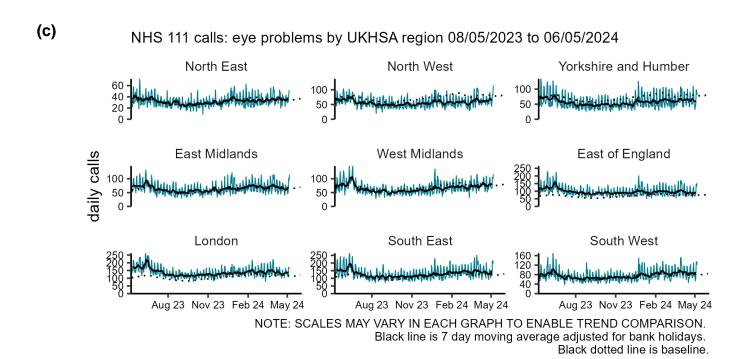
## Eye problems NHS 111 calls

Figure 9: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.sd



NHS 111 calls: eye problems by age (years) 08/05/2023 to 06/05/2024 (b) under 1 1 to 4 5 to 14 300 160 200 120 200 150 80 100 100 50 daily calls 15 to 44 45 to 64 over 65 500 200 200 150 300 100 100 200 50 50 100 Aug 23 Nov 23 Feb 24 May 24 Aug 23 Nov 23 Feb 24 May 24 Aug 23 Nov 23 Feb 24 May 24 NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON.

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.



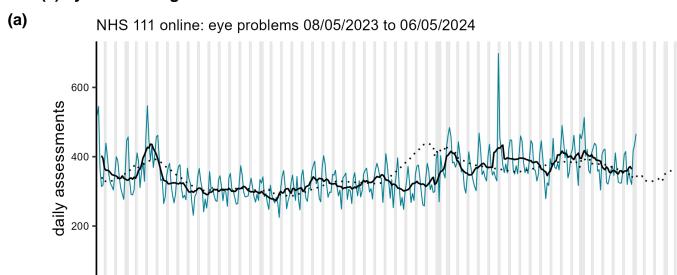
## Eye problems NHS 111 online

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Figure 10: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

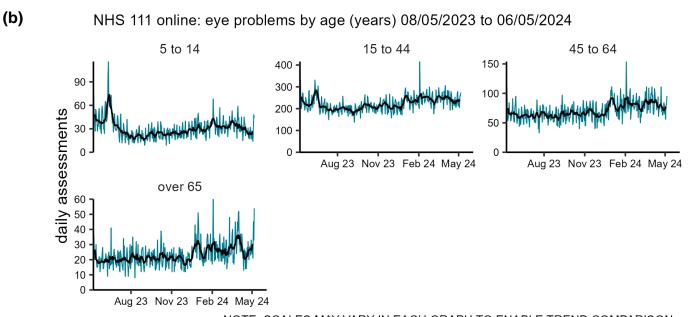


Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

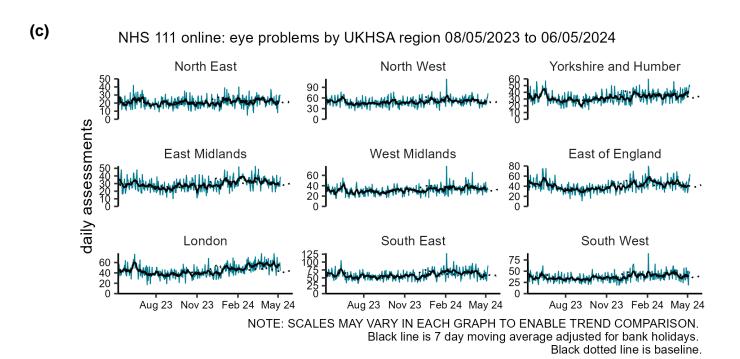
Mar 24

May 24

Jan 24



Nov 23



#### **Notes and caveats**

The following additional caveats apply to the UKHSA remote health advice syndromic surveillance system:

- during the period November 2023 to April 2024, NHS Pathways system updates (NHS Pathways Releases 41 and 42) have resulted in updates to the clinical triage of certain NHS 111 calls and online assessments
  - These Pathways updates have had a significant impact on the number of syndromic NHS 111 calls and online assessments presented in respiratory indicators in this bulletin
  - Due to challenges interpreting the NHS 111 respiratory calls, from week 17 2024 all respiratory indicators routinely reported in this bulletin have been replaced with an 'acute respiratory infections' calls and online assessments indicator
  - The 'acute respiratory infections' indicator is based on a broad group of symptoms/provisional diagnoses that may be indicative of acute respiratory infections including, for example, influenza-like illness, otitis media, pharyngitis
  - Individual calls and online assessment respiratory indicators will be reintroduced later in the year once the new reporting levels have been established and baselines adapted to those new levels
- data presented should be used to monitor trends rather than numbers of 'cases':
  - NHS 111 calls are monitored using the NHS 111 Intelligent Data Tool, a repository of data on NHS 111 calls used by NHS England, UKHSA and service commissioners. The volume of calls for each syndromic indicator may be different to the call volumes presented in syndromic reports before week 20 2023, when a different data repository was used for syndromic surveillance purposes. However, trends remain similar to those previously reported
  - NHS 111 calls data may not include the most urgent calls which are rapidly redirected to ambulance services
  - any user that launches an online assessment may access the service multiple times and can change their answers and follow multiple journeys through the online system: only complete assessments are included here
  - an individual may use both the NHS 111 online and NHS 111 telephony services; counts from the two services cannot be considered as distinct counts of individuals
  - NHS 111 online assessment data does not include children under 5 years of age
- baselines:

- were last remodelled January 2024
- o are constructed from historical data since January 2018
- o represent seasonally expected levels of activity
- take account of any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices and consequently may vary slightly from week to week (and will rescale) if there are substantial changes in call/online activity
- o the COVID-19 pandemic period is excluded
- as NHS 111 systems evolve to meet service needs, we continue to work with NHS
  111 and NHS England to ensure that:
  - changes impacting on syndromic indicators reported in this bulletin are identified and accounted for as far as possible
  - o changes are described in: Data quality issues of note this week
- further information about NHS 111 can be found <u>here</u>

# **Acknowledgements**

We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS England for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised data that underpin this system.

# About the UK Health Security Agency

UKHSA is responsible for protecting every member of every community from the impact of infectious diseases, chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear incidents and other health threats. We provide intellectual, scientific and operational leadership at national and local level, as well as on the global stage, to make the nation heath secure.

<u>UKHSA</u> is an executive agency, sponsored by the <u>Department of Health and Social Care</u>.

www.gov.uk/government/organisations/uk-health-security-agency

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