

Justice in Numbers pocketbook May 2024



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The information in this edition of the pocketbook represents the latest information available from Justice in Numbers on **03 May 2024**.

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Guidance

This pocketbook contains a printable version of the information presented in Justice in Numbers. The QR code beneath each measure will take you to the relevant section of Justice in Numbers, where you can find additional trend data, as well as links to source material where additional context and caveats can be found to aid interpretation.

Some measures are presented as an annual trend, with data reported at fixed intervals. In some cases, more recent intermediate quarterly figures are published which do not align with these annual periods. These are highlighted in the 'Latest published data point' column of the Summary Tables, and above the relevant trend charts where applicable. The most recent and next publication dates are also listed for each measure. In cases where there is no next publication date listed, this is because a future publication date has not been announced.

Justice in Numbers can be accessed at https://data.justice.gov.uk/justice-in-numbers

Summary Tables

Headline measures

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crime figures from Crime Survey for England and Wales	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022		Dec 2023	25 April 2024	
Police recorded crime in England and Wales	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	6.3 million	Dec 2023	25 April 2024	
Estimated total cost of crime in England and Wales	2015/16	£58.9bn				23 July 2018	
Prison population	30-Jun- 2023	85,851	30-Jun- 2022	80,659	31 Mar 2024	25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Probation caseload	31 Dec 2023	238,765	30 Sep 2023	238,163		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Proven reoffending rate	Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%	Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2023	99,304	Jan - Dec 2022	91,734		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2023	67,573	31 Dec 2022	62,628		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2023	1,338,015	Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,305		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,140	Jan - Dec 2022	901,278		7 March 2024	6 June 2024 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2023		Jan - Dec 2022	204,295		28 March 2024	27 June 2024 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	298,219	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022			14 March 2024	13 June 2024 9:30am

Public protection

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Prison first receptions (quarterly)	Oct- Dec 2023	17,242	Jul-Sep 2023	19,028		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Prison population	30- Jun- 2023	85,851	30-Jun- 2022	80,659	31 Mar 2024	25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Prison releases (quarterly)	Oct - Dec 2023	11,931	Jul - Sep 2023	12,351		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Individuals released on temporary licence	Oct - Dec 2023	4,508	Jul - Sep 2023	4,520		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Prison operational capacity	Jun 2023	86,859	Jun 2022	82,759	31 Dec 2023	12 January 2024	
Prison staff in post (bands 3-5)	March 2023	22,288	March 2022	22,001	31-Dec- 2023	17 August 2023	16 May 2024 9:30am
Crowding	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	22.9%	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	20.6%		15 February 2024	
Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	163	Dec 2023	25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	97	Dec 2023	25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	684	Dec 2023	25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Self inflicted deaths	Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	85	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	85		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		15 February 2024	
Barricades or prevention of access	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	1,372	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1,273		15 February 2024	
Escapes from prison establishments and escorts	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	12		15 February 2024	
Absconds	Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	63	Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	95		15 February 2024	
Electronic monitoring caseload	31 March 2024	20,084	31 March 2023	17,350		25 April 2024	
Probation caseload	31 Dec 2023	238,765	30 Sep 2023	238,163		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Staff in post (Probation Service)	March 2023	19,850	March 2022	17,648	31-Dec- 2023	17 August 2023	16 May 2024 9:30am
Serious further offence convictions	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	288	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	268		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am

Reduce reoffending

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Proven reoffending rate	Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%	Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%		25 April 2024	25 July 2024 9:30am
Housed on release from custody (SL014)	Jan- Mar 2023	83.3%	Oct-Dec 2022	81.5%		27 July 2023	
Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (SL015a)	Jan- Mar 2023	72.7%	Oct-Dec 2022	72.5%		27 July 2023	
Settled accommodation at 3 months post community (SL015b)	Jan- Mar 2023	82.0%	Oct-Dec 2022	80.1%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (SL016)	Jan- Mar 2023	16.4%	Oct-Dec 2022	16.3%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 months post release from custody (SL017a)	Jan- Mar 2023	26.4%	Oct-Dec 2022	24.5%		27 July 2023	
Employed at 6 months post community disposal (SL017b)	Jan- Mar 2023	41.8%	Oct-Dec 2022	42.2%		27 July 2023	
Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %		15 February 2024	
Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only	Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	4.3 %	Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9.0 %		15 February 2024	

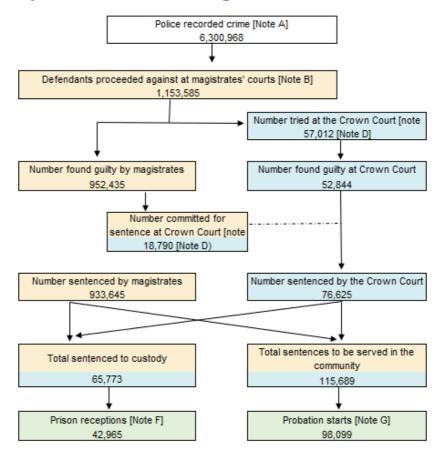
Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value		Previous trend value	published	Last published	Next published
Prisoners completing treatment free from dependence	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	35.5%	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	32.3%		25 January 2024	

Access to justice

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Crown court disposals	Jan - Dec 2023	99,304	Jan - Dec 2022	91,734		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Crown court outstanding	31 Dec 2023	67,573	31 Dec 2022	62,628		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Crown courts cracked trials	Jan - Dec 2023	31%	Jan - Dec 2022	26%		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Crown courts ineffective trials	Jan - Dec 2023	27%	Jan - Dec 2022	37%		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Magistrates' courts disposals	Jan - Dec 2023	1,338,015	Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,305		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Employment tribunal disposals - single claims	Apr 2022 Mar 2023	32,273	2021/22			14 March 2024	13 June 2024 9:30am
Employment tribunal disposals - multiple claims	Apr 2022 Mar 2023	39,501	2021/22			14 March 2024	13 June 2024 9:30am
Mean days from receipt at Crown Court to completion	Q4 (Oct- Dec) 2023	240	Q3 (Jul- Sep) 2023	241		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am
Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court	Q4 (Oct- Dec) 2023	662	Q3 (Jul- Sep) 2023	667		28 March 2024	20 June 2024 9:30am

Description	Latest trend period	Latest trend value	Previous trend period	Previous trend value	Latest published data point	Last published	Next published
Civil courts - total judgments	Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,140	Jan - Dec 2022	901,278		7 March 2024	6 June 2024 9:30am
Family court - total cases disposed	Jan - Dec 2023		Jan - Dec 2022	204,295		28 March 2024	27 June 2024 9:30am
Tribunals disposals - overall	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	298,219	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022			14 March 2024	13 June 2024 9:30am
Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)	Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	1,841 (£m)	Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	1,659 (£m)		28 March 2024	27 June 2024 9:30am

Flow through the Criminal Justice System - Year ending March 2022



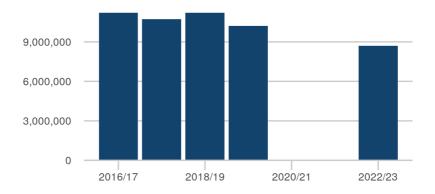
NOTES: Note A: Covers all indictable offences, including triable either way, plus a few closely associated summary offences. Excludes fraud offences recorded by Action Fraud/CIFAS/Financial Fraud Action UK. Note B: Includes males, females, persons where sex 'Not Stated and other offenders, i.e. companies, public bodies, etc. Note D: Defendants tried or sentenced at the Crown Court in a given year may have been committed for trial or sentence by a magistrate in a previous year. Note F: Prison receptions of offenders sentenced to immediate custody, excluding fine defaulters. Note G: Offenders starting Community Order or Suspended Sentence Order supervision by the Probation Service. Includes Suspended Sentence Orders without requirements.

Headline measures

Crime figures from Crime Survey for England and Wales

Incidents of crime against households and adults estimated from the Crime Survey for England and Wales. Includes fraud and computer misuse. Figures are survey estimates and subject to sampling variance. Therefore, figures in this chart are rounded to the nearest 100,000 incidents. Due to the suspension of the CSEW, data are not available between the year ending March 2020 and the year ending March 2022.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2023 there were 8.4 million incidents of crime estimated from the CSEW.



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	11.2 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.7 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	11.2 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.2 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8.7 million

Last published: 25 April 2024

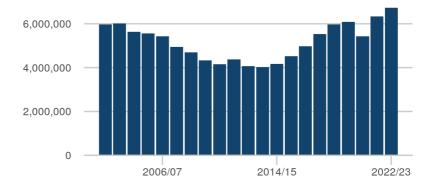
Source: Crime in England and Wales



Police recorded crime in England and Wales

Police recorded crime statistics based on data from all 43 forces in England and Wales (including the British Transport Police). All offences including fraud and computer misuse (recorded by Action Fraud or referred to the National Fraud Intelligence Bureau since April 2011).

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2023 there were 6.7 million offences of crime recorded by police.



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	4.5 million
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	5.0 million
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	5.5 million
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	6.0 million
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	6.1 million
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	5.4 million
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	6.3 million
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	6.7 million

Last published: 25 April 2024

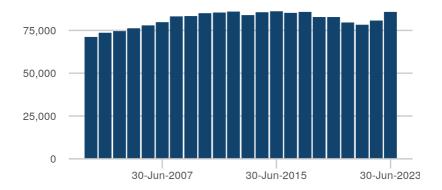
Source: Crime in England and Wales



Prison population

Total number of prisoners at a specific point in time each year.

Latest published data: The prison population at 31 Mar 2024 was 87,869.



30-Jun-2016	85,134
30-Jun-2017	85,863
30-Jun-2018	82,773
30-Jun-2019	82,710
30-Jun-2020	79,514
30-Jun-2021	78,324
30-Jun-2022	80,659
30-Jun-2023	85,851

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

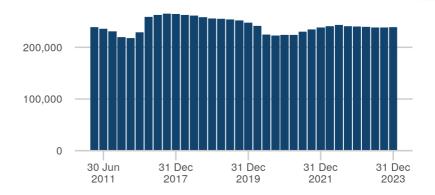
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Probation caseload

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted once only in each total or sub-total even if they are subject to several types of probation supervision on the date shown. For example, if a person is subject to both a community order and a Supervision Default Order on the date shown, then the person would be counted once only within the overall total for all supervision.

The figure for 31 Dec 2023 is 238,765, up 602 from 30 Sep 2023



31 Mar 2022	240,922
30 Jun 2022	243,127
30 Sep 2022	240,674
31 Dec 2022	240,431
31 Mar 2023	239,518
30 Jun 2023	238,264
30 Sep 2023	238,163
31 Dec 2023	238,765

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

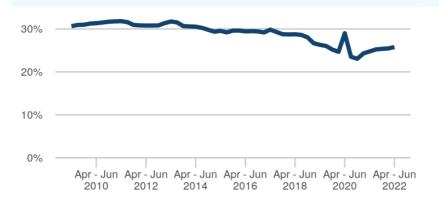
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). Although not directly affected by the operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this latest offender cohort period does overlap with a period of on-going recovery for the courts and with the Criminal Bar Association strikes.

The figure for Apr - Jun 2022 is 25.8%, up 0.3ppt from Jan - Mar 2022



Jul - Sep 2020	23.5%
Oct - Dec 2020	23.1%
Jan - Mar 2021	24.3%
Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%
Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%
Oct - Dec 2021	25.4%
Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%
Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

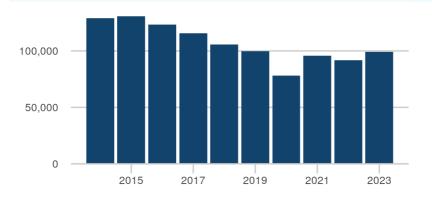
Source: Proven reoffending statistics



Crown court disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

The figure for 2023 is 99,304, up 7,570 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	123,214
Jan - Dec 2017	115,701
Jan - Dec 2018	105,743
Jan - Dec 2019	99,627
Jan - Dec 2020	78,205
Jan - Dec 2021	95,772
Jan - Dec 2022	91,734
Jan - Dec 2023	99,304

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

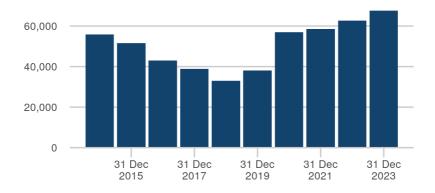
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown court outstanding

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.

The figure for 31 Dec 2023 is 67,573, up 4,945 from 31 Dec 2022



31 Dec 2016	42,942
31 Dec 2017	38,841
31 Dec 2018	32,936
31 Dec 2019	38,030
31 Dec 2020	56,993
31 Dec 2021	58,503
31 Dec 2022	62,628
31 Dec 2023	67,573

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

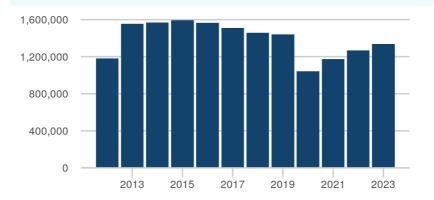
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

The figure for 2023 is 1,338,015, up 71,710 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	1,566,357
Jan - Dec 2017	1,509,022
Jan - Dec 2018	1,456,735
Jan - Dec 2019	1,441,903
Jan - Dec 2020	1,041,013
Jan - Dec 2021	1,174,297
Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,305
Jan - Dec 2023	1,338,015

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

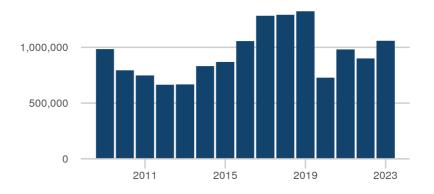
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgment.

The figure for 2023 is 1,058,140, up 156,862 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	1,055,035
Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438
Jan - Dec 2021	980,474
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278
Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,140

Last published: 7 March 2024 Next release: 6 June 2024

Source: Civil justice statistics



Family court - total cases disposed

Total cases disposed at family court. Data for 2023 are not available. Please refer to the data quality issues section of the accompanying bulletin for further details.

The figure for 2023 is



Jan - Dec 2016	228,829
Jan - Dec 2017	226,776
Jan - Dec 2018	214,164
Jan - Dec 2019	234,200
Jan - Dec 2020	225,742
Jan - Dec 2021	249,488
Jan - Dec 2022	204,295
Jan - Dec 2023	

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 27 June 2024

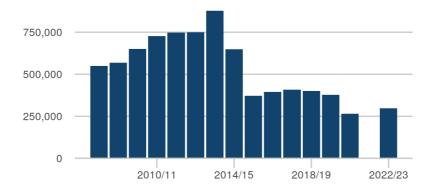
Source: Family court statistics quarterly



Tribunals disposals - overall

The overall total for 2021/22 and 2022/23 is unavailable due to migration of some tribunals. An 'Interim Total' has been calculated for 2022/23. This is the sum of all the tribunals excluding those tribunals with data missing or incomplete i.e. Upper Tribunal (Immigration and Asylum Chamber). These tribunals are being migrated to a new case management system and will be made available as soon as possible.

The figure for 2022/23 is 298,219



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	372,926
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	394,102
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	407,638
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	400,816
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	298,219

Last published: 14 March 2024 Next release: 13 June 2024

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

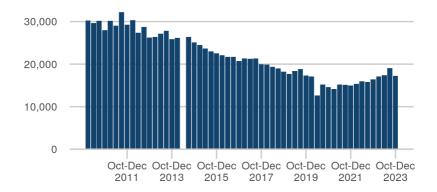


Public protection

Prison first receptions (quarterly)

A first reception is a measure which counts a prisoner's first movement into custody following a court hearing for a particular set of offences committed, and therefore gives the best indication of the number of new prisoners in the reporting period.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2023 is 17,242, down 1,786 from Jul-Sep 2023



Jan-Mar 2022	15,354
Apr-Jun 2022	15,941
Jul-Sep 2022	15,810
Oct-Dec 2022	16,411
Jan-Mar 2023	17,128
Apr-Jun 2023	17,430
Jul-Sep 2023	19,028
Oct-Dec 2023	17,242

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management

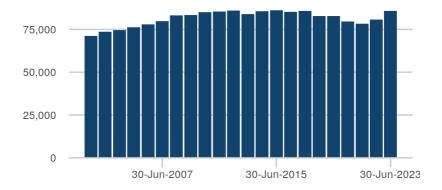
statistics quarterly



Prison population

Total number of prisoners at a specific point in time each year.

Latest published data: The prison population at 31 Mar 2024 was 87,869.



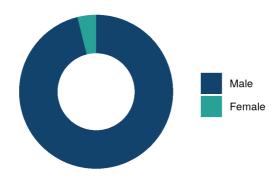
30-Jun-2016	85,134
30-Jun-2017	85,863
30-Jun-2018	82,773
30-Jun-2019	82,710
30-Jun-2020	79,514
30-Jun-2021	78,324
30-Jun-2022	80,659
30-Jun-2023	85,851

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Prison population by sex: 30 Jun 2023



Male	82,481 prisoners
Female	3,370 prisoners

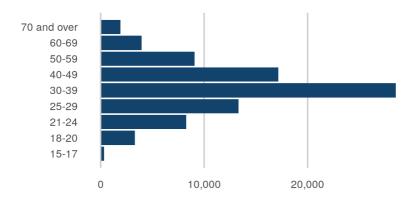
Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management

statistics quarterly



Prison population by age: 30 Jun 2023



15-17	326 prisoners
18-20	3,299 prisoners
21-24	8,258 prisoners
25-29	13,332 prisoners
30-39	28,524 prisoners
40-49	17,174 prisoners
50-59	9,081 prisoners
60-69	3,954 prisoners
70 and over	1,903 prisoners

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management

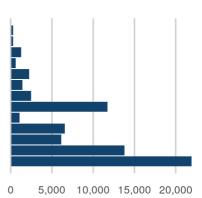
statistics quarterly



Prison population by offence: 30 Jun 2023

Prison population under an immediate custodial sentence by offence group. Excludes remand and non-criminal prisoners.

Offence not recorded
Summary motoring
Summary Non-Motoring
Fraud Offences
Miscellaneous crimes against society
Public order offences
Possession of weapons
Drug offences
Criminal damage and arson
Theft Offences
Robbery
Sexual offences
Violence against the person



Violence against the person	21,919
Sexual offences	13,788
Robbery	6,122
Theft Offences	6,568
Criminal damage and arson	1,067
Drug offences	11,723
Possession of weapons	2,465
Public order offences	1,441
Miscellaneous crimes against society	2,230
Fraud Offences	590
Summary Non-Motoring	1,265
Summary motoring	289
Offence not recorded	280

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management

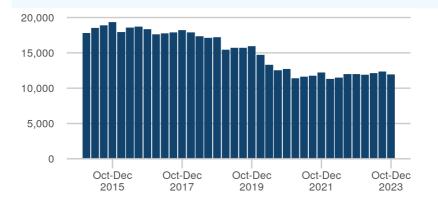
statistics quarterly



Prison releases (quarterly)

A release is defined as a release from prison where the prisoner has finished serving the custodial term of their sentence(s) and excludes: civil non-criminal prisoners; persons committed to custody for non-payment of a fine; releases to hospital; deported prisoners from HMPPS operated Immigration Removal Centres (IRCs); and releases following recall after release on licence, except occasions: where the offender has committed a new offence and is committed to custody for a new sentence and the subsequent release date falls after the sentence expiry date of the original sentence; or where upon release the offender is subject to the licence condition of the new custodial sentence.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2023 is 11,931, down 420 from Jul-Sep 2023



Jan - Mar 2022	11,324
Apr - Jun 2022	11,478
Jul - Sep 2022	11,999
Oct - Dec 2022	12,003
Jan - Mar 2023	11,887
Apr - Jun 2023	12,132
Jul - Sep 2023	12,351
Oct - Dec 2023	11,931

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

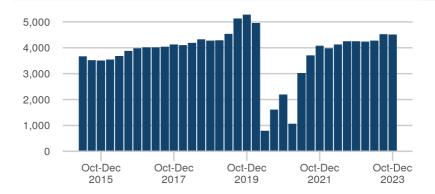
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Individuals released on temporary licence

Release on Temporary Licence (ROTL) is the mechanism under which offenders may be released into the community, generally towards the end of their sentences, for rehabilitative purposes. It can play an important role in public protection by allowing risk management plans for offenders to be tested in the community under strict conditions before they are released. It also provides a valuable means of helping offenders prepare for their resettlement in the community by, for example, finding work or rebuilding links with their families, which helps to reduce reoffending.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2023 is 4,508, down 12 from Jul-Sep 2023



Jan - Mar 2022	3,984
Apr - Jun 2022	4,127
Jul - Sep 2022	4,257
Oct - Dec 2022	4,255
Jan - Mar 2023	4,234
Apr - Jun 2023	4,282
Jul - Sep 2023	4,520
Oct - Dec 2023	4,508

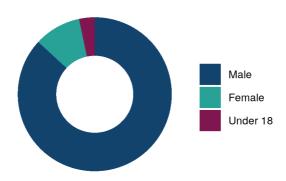
Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Prison type - male / female: February 2024

Prisons count by male, female and children (under 18 years old) establishments.



Male	106 prisons
Female	12 prisons
Under 18	4 prisons

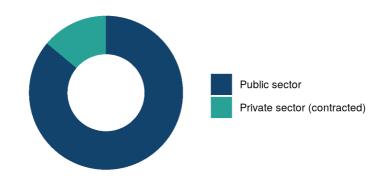
Last published: 24 January 2024

Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers



Prison type - public / private: February 2024

Prisons count by ownership.



Public sector	105 prisons
Private sector (contracted)	17 prisons

Last published: 24 January 2024

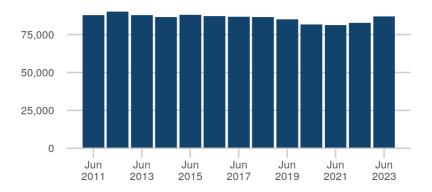
Source: Prisons and their resettlement providers



Prison operational capacity

The operational capacity of a prison is the total number of prisoners that an establishment can hold taking into account control, security and the proper operation of the planned regime. This measure reports the useable operational capacity of the estate, which is the sum of all establishments' operational capacity less an operating margin. Figures are taken on the last working Friday of June each year.

Latest published data: At 31 Dec 2023 the useable operational capacity of the estate was 88,987.



Jun 2016	87,170
Jun 2017	86,849
Jun 2018	86,491
Jun 2019	85,056
Jun 2020	81,749
Jun 2021	81,154
Jun 2022	82,759
Jun 2023	86,859

Last published: 12 January 2024

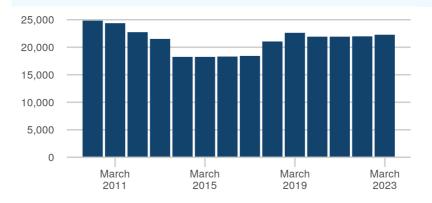
Source: Prison population statistics



Prison staff in post (bands 3-5)

The chart shows Band 3-5 prison officer staff (full time equivalent) at the end of each financial year.

Latest published data: At 31 Dec 2023 there were 23,266 Band 3-5 FTE officers in post.



March 2016	18,327
March 2017	18,403
March 2018	21,038
March 2019	22,630
March 2020	21,928
March 2021	21,926
March 2022	22,001
March 2023	22,288

Last published: 17 August 2023 Next release: 16 May 2024

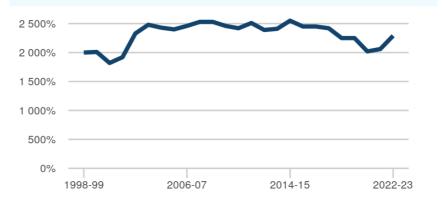
Source: HM Prison & Probation Service workforce quarterly



Crowding

Percentage of prisoners held in crowded accommodation.

The figure for 2022-23 is 22.9%, up 230.0ppt from 2021-22



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	24.5%
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	24.5%
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	24.2%
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	22.5%
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	22.5%
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	20.2%
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	20.6%
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	22.9%

Last published: 15 February 2024

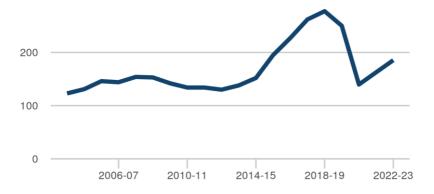
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including fights between prisoners. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside the Ministry of Justice have changed the safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2023 there were 211 prisoner on prisoner assaults per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	195
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	227
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	262
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	277
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	250
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	140
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	163
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	185

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

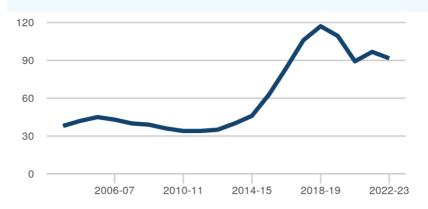
Source: Safety in custody statistics



Assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners

Assaults in prison custody cover a wide range of violent incidents including attacks on staff. From time to time, events in prison custody and developments within and outside Ministry of Justice have changed the way safety in prisons is viewed and managed. Some have resulted in changes to the way offenders are managed, others have affected the way statistics are collected and reported.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2023 there were 108 assaults on staff per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	63
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	84
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	106
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	117
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	109
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	89
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	97
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	92

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

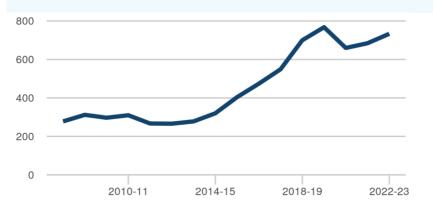
Source: Safety in custody statistics



Self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners

Self-harm in prison covers a wide range of severity and type of incident, including cutting, overdose or hanging.

Latest published data: In the 12 months to Dec 2023 there were 829 self-harm incidents per 1,000 prisoners.



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	404
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	474
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	549
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	700
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	768
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	660
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	684
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	733

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

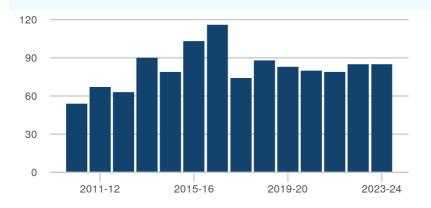
Source: Safety in custody statistics



Self inflicted deaths

The number of self inflicted deaths in prisons.

The figure for 2023-24 is 85, same No change from 2022-23



Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	116
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	74
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	88
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	83
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	80
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	79
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	85
Apr 2023 to Mar 2024	85

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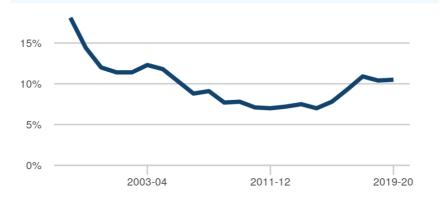
Source: Safety in custody statistics



Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the HMPPS Annual Digest 2018 to 2019 for more details.

The figure for 2019-20 is 10.5 %, up 0.1ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

Last published: 15 February 2024

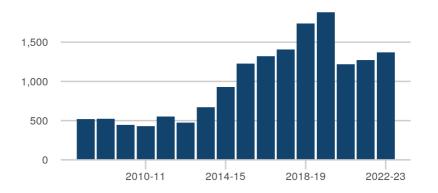
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Barricades or prevention of access

The number of incidents where one or more offenders deny access to all or part of a prison to those lawfully empowered to have such access, by use of a physical barrier.





Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	1,229
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	1,320
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	1,406
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	1,737
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	1,882
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	1,217
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	1,273
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	1,372

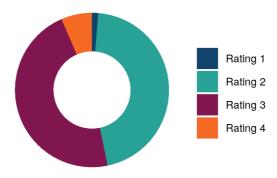
Last published: 15 February 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Risk management audit: Rating 4

An announced audit to determine how effectively the prison is assessing and managing risks of violence and self-harm. The risk management audit is carried out approximately every three years. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment. The summary percentage is based on audits published internally by HMPPS. The annual prison performance ratings publication includes audits which had not been published when it was released and were therefore suppressed from the data tables. Including these suppressed scores, the overall percentage of prisons scoring a 3 or 4 is 53.3%



Rating 1	1 prisons
Rating 2	35 prisons
Rating 3	36 prisons
Rating 4	5 prisons

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Prison performance

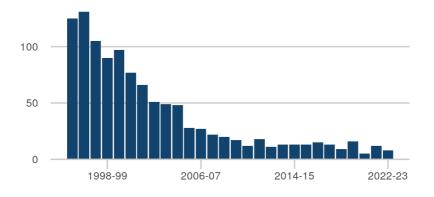
ratings



Escapes from prison establishments and escorts

A prisoner escapes from prison if they unlawfully gain their liberty (for 15 minutes or more) by breaching the secure perimeter of a closed prison, or if during prison staff escort, overcome the control of escorting staff and leave the escort, the van or the building (hospital etc.). Those who escape for less than 15 minutes and commit an offence are also recorded as an escape. Escapes are monitored to analyse the frequency across the estate and identify any trends nationally, also taking into consideration the management of risk to the public. This total consists of escapes from establishments, HMPPS escorts, contractor escorts and includes escapes by Category A prisoners. For a further breakdown please see the HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest.

The figure for 2022-23 is 8, down 4 from 2021-22



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	13
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	15
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	13
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	16
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	5
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	12
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	8

Last published: 15 February 2024

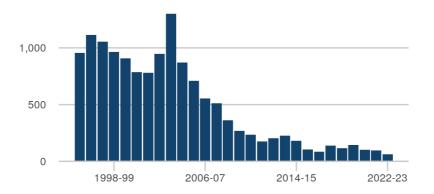
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Absconds

An abscond is an escape that does not involve overcoming a physical security restraint such as that provided by a wall or fence, locks, bolts or bars, a secure vehicle, handcuffs or the direct supervision of staff. Absconds are monitored to analyse the frequency across the open estate and identify any trends nationally also taking into consideration, the management of risk to the public. It is only possible to abscond from open prison conditions.

The figure for 2022-23 is 63, down 32 from 2021-22



Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	105
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	86
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	139
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	117
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	143
Apr 2020 to Mar 2021	101
Apr 2021 to Mar 2022	95
Apr 2022 to Mar 2023	63

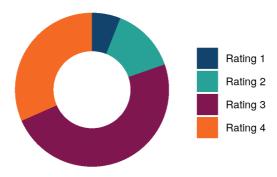
Last published: 15 February 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Security audit: Rating 4

An internal audit that assesses, on a four point scale, the level to which effective security procedures are adhered to within each prison. There is no structured frequency for how often the security audit takes place, with the exception of long term high security prison establishments which are audited annually. The data presented here shows the most recent assessment for each prison establishment. The summary percentage is based on audits published internally by HMPPS. The annual prison performance ratings publication includes audits which had not been published when it was released and were therefore suppressed from the data tables. Including these suppressed scores, the overall percentage of prisons scoring a 3 or 4 is 85.8%



Rating 1	7 prisons
Rating 2	16 prisons
Rating 3	57 prisons
Rating 4	37 prisons

Last published: 27 July 2023 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Prison performance

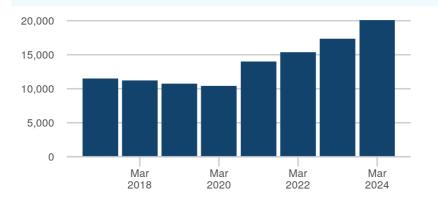
ratings



Electronic monitoring caseload

Total caseload.

The figure for Mar 2024 is 20,084, up 2,734 from Mar 2023



31 March 2017	11,490
31 March 2018	11,205
31 March 2019	10,771
31 March 2020	10,422
31 March 2021	13,996
31 March 2022	15,394
31 March 2023	17,350
31 March 2024	20,084

Last published: 25 April 2024

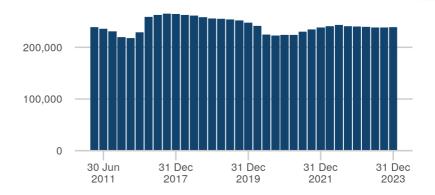
Source: Electronic Monitoring Statistics Publication



Probation caseload

The statistics count each person once for each type of probation supervision being received on the date shown. In addition, each person is counted once only in each total or sub-total even if they are subject to several types of probation supervision on the date shown. For example, if a person is subject to both a community order and a Supervision Default Order on the date shown, then the person would be counted once only within the overall total for all supervision.

The figure for 31 Dec 2023 is 238,765, up 602 from 30 Sep 2023



31 Mar 2022	240,922
30 Jun 2022	243,127
30 Sep 2022	240,674
31 Dec 2022	240,431
31 Mar 2023	239,518
30 Jun 2023	238,264
30 Sep 2023	238,163
31 Dec 2023	238,765

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

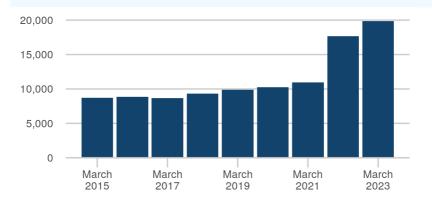
Source: Offender management statistics quarterly



Staff in post (Probation Service)

Full time equivalent staff in post for the Probation Service (PS) at the end of each financial year. (Workforce data for private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies is not published). During November and December 2019, over 1,200 PS staff moved to the Community and Interventions directorate, part of HMPPS HQ and areas services. In the same quarter, over 300 staff in Wales were transferred from privately run CRCs to HMPPS, into the new "PS Wales UM transition". In late June 2021, more than 7,000 staff from private sector Community Rehabilitation Companies (CRC) came together with probation staff already in the public sector in the new Probation Service.

Latest published data: At 31 Dec 2023 there were 20,477 FTE staff in post.



March 2016	8,835
March 2017	8,693
March 2018	9,310
March 2019	9,879
March 2020	10,265
March 2021	10,958
March 2022	17,648
March 2023	19,850

Last published: 17 August 2023 Next release: 16 May 2024

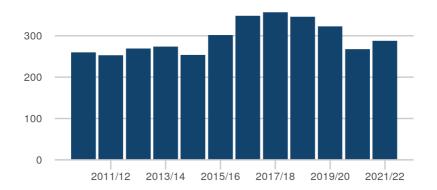
Source: HM Prison & Probation Service workforce quarterly



Serious further offence convictions

SFO conviction figures are reported by the date of SFO notification. This is the date on which the supervising probation region notifies HM Prison and Probation Service (HMPPS) that an offender under its supervision has appeared in court charged with an offence which qualifies for an SFO review.

The figure for 2021/22 is 288, up 20 from 2020/21



Apr 2014 - Mar 2015	254
Apr 2015 Mar 2016	302
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	348
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	357
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	346
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	323
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	268
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	288

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Proven reoffending statistics

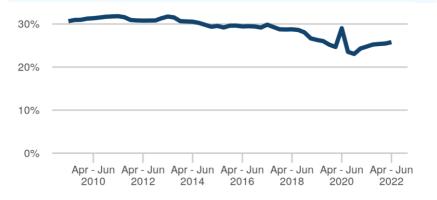


Reduce reoffending

Proven reoffending rate

Proportion of all offenders who reoffend (%). Although not directly affected by the operational restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this latest offender cohort period does overlap with a period of on-going recovery for the courts and with the Criminal Bar Association strikes.

The figure for Apr - Jun 2022 is 25.8%, up 0.3ppt from Jan - Mar 2022



Jul - Sep 2020	23.5%
Oct - Dec 2020	23.1%
Jan - Mar 2021	24.3%
Apr - Jun 2021	24.8%
Jul - Sep 2021	25.2%
Oct - Dec 2021	25.4%
Jan - Mar 2022	25.5%
Apr - Jun 2022	25.8%

Last published: 25 April 2024 Next release: 25 July 2024

Source: Proven reoffending

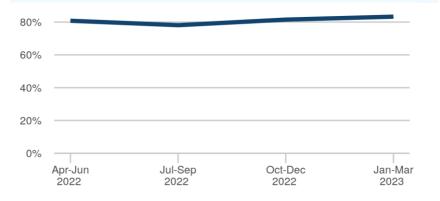
statistics



Housed on release from custody (SL014)

The proportion of individuals in settled or temporary accommodation on the night of release from custody.

The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 83.3%, up 1.8ppt from Oct-Dec 2022



Apr-Jun 2022	80.8%
Jul-Sep 2022	78.1%
Oct-Dec 2022	81.5%
Jan-Mar 2023	83.3%

Last published: 27 July 2023

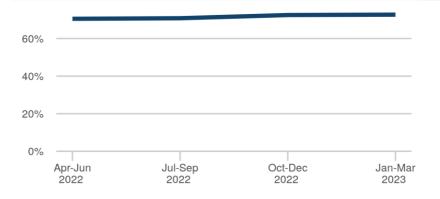
Source: Community performance annual



Settled accommodation at 3 months post release from custody (SL015a)

The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post release for custodial sentences.

The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 72.7%, up 0.2ppt from Oct-Dec 2022



Apr-Jun 2022	70.5%
Jul-Sep 2022	70.8%
Oct-Dec 2022	72.5%
Jan-Mar 2023	72.7%

Last published: 27 July 2023

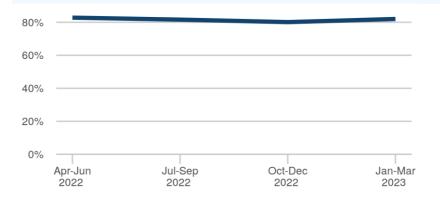
Source: Community performance annual



Settled accommodation at 3 months post community (SL015b)

The proportion of individuals in settled accommodation at three months post disposal for community sentences.





Apr-Jun 2022	82.8%
Jul-Sep 2022	81.6%
Oct-Dec 2022	80.1%
Jan-Mar 2023	82.0%

Last published: 27 July 2023

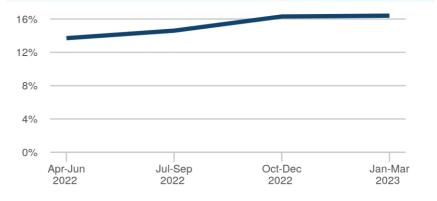
Source: Community performance annual



Employed at 6 weeks post release from custody (SL016)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six weeks after release from custody.





Apr-Jun 2022	13.7%
Jul-Sep 2022	14.6%
Oct-Dec 2022	16.3%
Jan-Mar 2023	16.4%

Last published: 27 July 2023

Source: Community performance annual



Employed at 6 months post release from custody (SL017a)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post release for custodial sentences.

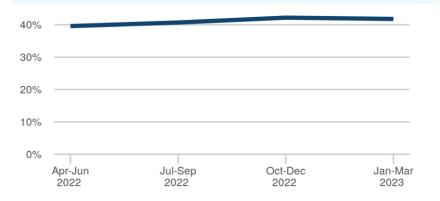
The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 26.4%, up 1.9ppt from Oct-Dec 2022



Employed at 6 months post community disposal (SL017b)

The proportion of individuals in employment at six months post disposal for community sentences.

The figure for Jan-Mar 2023 is 41.8%, down 0.4ppt from Oct-Dec 2022



Apr-Jun 2022	39.6%
Jul-Sep 2022	40.7%
Oct-Dec 2022	42.2%
Jan-Mar 2023	41.8%

Last published: 27 July 2023

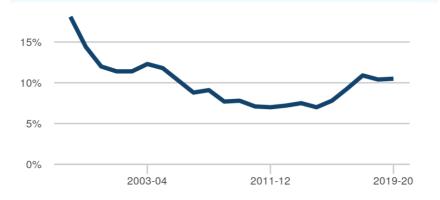
Source: Community performance annual



Random mandatory drug testing (traditional drugs)

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure excludes tests for new psychoactive substances. The values for 2018/19 onwards are calculated using a new weighted methodology - please refer to the HMPPS Annual Digest 2018 to 2019 for more details.

The figure for 2019-20 is 10.5 %, up 0.1ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2012 to Mar 2013	7.2 %
Apr 2013 to Mar 2014	7.5 %
Apr 2014 to Mar 2015	7.0 %
Apr 2015 to Mar 2016	7.8 %
Apr 2016 to Mar 2017	9.3 %
Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	10.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	10.4 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	10.5 %

Last published: 15 February 2024

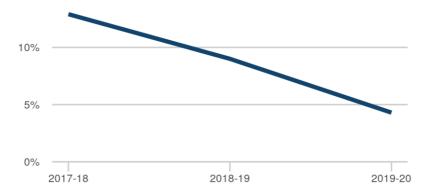
Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest



Random mandatory drug testing - new psychoactive substances only

The percentage of random mandatory drug tests which show drugs to be present, hence a downward trend is positive. This measure includes tests for new psychoactive substances ("NPS"), as defined in the Psychoactive Substances Act 2016. Note this measure replaces "random mandatory drug testing including new psychoactive substances".

The figure for 2019-20 is 4.3 %, down 4.7ppt from 2018-19



Apr 2017 to Mar 2018	12.9 %
Apr 2018 to Mar 2019	9.0 %
Apr 2019 to Mar 2020	4.3 %

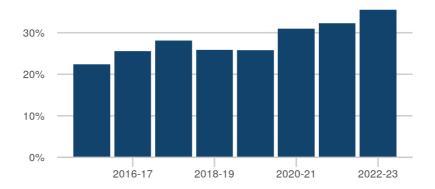
Last published: 15 February 2024

Source: HM Prison and Probation Service annual digest

Prisoners completing treatment free from dependence

The percentage of adults exiting treatment free from dependence on drugs or alcohol.

The figure for 2022-23 is 35.5%, up 3.2ppt from 2021-22



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	22.4%
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	25.6%
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	28.1%
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	25.9%
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	25.8%
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	31.0%
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	32.3%
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	35.5%

Last published: 25 January 2024

Source: Substance misuse treatment in secure settings

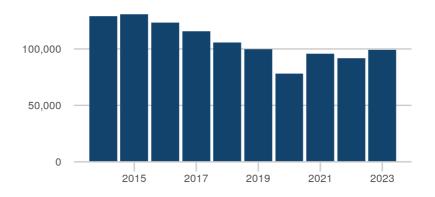


Access to justice

Crown court disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

The figure for 2023 is 99,304, up 7,570 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	123,214
Jan - Dec 2017	115,701
Jan - Dec 2018	105,743
Jan - Dec 2019	99,627
Jan - Dec 2020	78,205
Jan - Dec 2021	95,772
Jan - Dec 2022	91,734
Jan - Dec 2023	99,304

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

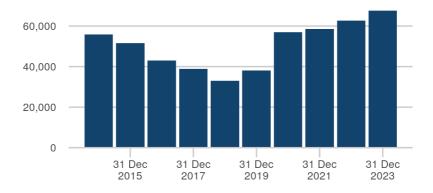
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown court outstanding

A count of all cases where one or more offence remains incomplete. The data is a snapshot based on outstanding cases on the final day of the reporting period. This is a count of live cases on the system and is not a calculation based on receipts and disposals. Transferred cases may be double counted for a period while they show in both sending and receiving courts; offences subsequently entered in error may change the categorisation of the case.

The figure for 31 Dec 2023 is 67,573, up 4,945 from 31 Dec 2022



31 Dec 2016	42,942
31 Dec 2017	38,841
31 Dec 2018	32,936
31 Dec 2019	38,030
31 Dec 2020	56,993
31 Dec 2021	58,503
31 Dec 2022	62,628
31 Dec 2023	67,573

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

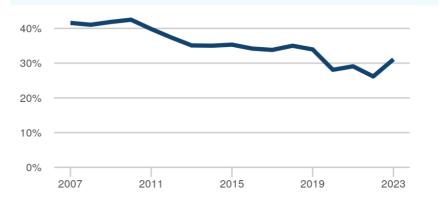
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown courts cracked trials

Cracked trials as a percentage of total trials.

The figure for 2023 is 31%, up 5ppt from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	34%
Jan - Dec 2017	34%
Jan - Dec 2018	35%
Jan - Dec 2019	34%
Jan - Dec 2020	28%
Jan - Dec 2021	29%
Jan - Dec 2022	26%
Jan - Dec 2023	31%

Last published: 28 March 2024 Next release: 20 June 2024

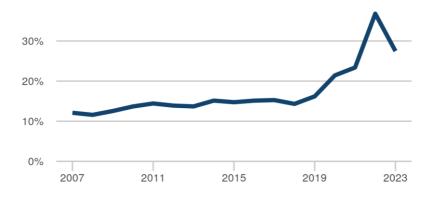
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Crown courts ineffective trials

Ineffective trials as a percentage of total trials.

The figure for 2023 is 27%, down 9ppt from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	15%
Jan - Dec 2017	15%
Jan - Dec 2018	14%
Jan - Dec 2019	16%
Jan - Dec 2020	21%
Jan - Dec 2021	23%
Jan - Dec 2022	37%
Jan - Dec 2023	27%

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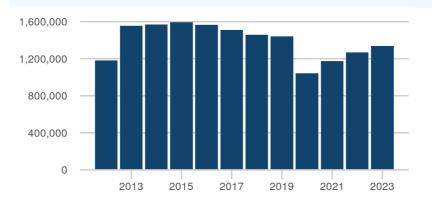
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Magistrates' courts disposals

A count of the number of cases only when all the offences have been completed (following a validation process) in the reporting period. Disposals figures in this report may change if the case results are entered after the first collation of the data.

The figure for 2023 is 1,338,015, up 71,710 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	1,566,357
Jan - Dec 2017	1,509,022
Jan - Dec 2018	1,456,735
Jan - Dec 2019	1,441,903
Jan - Dec 2020	1,041,013
Jan - Dec 2021	1,174,297
Jan - Dec 2022	1,266,305
Jan - Dec 2023	1,338,015

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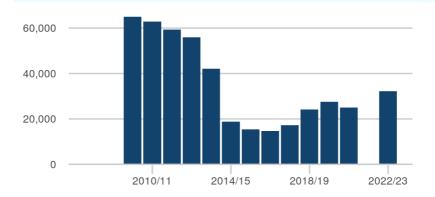
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Employment tribunal disposals - single claims

Employment tribunals are independent judicial bodies established to resolve disputes between employers and employees over employment rights. Data for 2021/22 is missing due to this tribunal being migrated to a new case management system. The data will be made available as soon as possible, and the data is quality assured.

The figure for 2022/23 is 32,273



Apr 2015	Mar 2016	15,342
Apr 2016	Mar 2017	14,755
Apr 2017	Mar 2018	17,221
Apr 2018	Mar 2019	24,200
Apr 2019	Mar 2020	27,576
Apr 2020	Mar 2021	25,068
2021/22		
Apr 2022	Mar 2023	32,273

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Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly



Employment tribunal disposals - multiple claims

The large number of employment tribunal multiple claims disposals in 2014/2015 is due to a very large multiple airlines case covering 71,000 jurisdictions and relating to the Working Time Directive ending. Data for 2021/22 is missing due to this tribunal being migrated to a new case management system. The data will be made available as soon as possible, and the data is quality assured.

The figure for 2022/23 is 39,501 300,000 200,000

2014/15

Apr 2015	Mar 2016	34,187
Apr 2016	Mar 2017	30,422
Apr 2017	Mar 2018	21,450
Apr 2018	Mar 2019	19,394
Apr 2019	Mar 2020	22,641
Apr 2020	Mar 2021	16,554
2021/22		
Apr 2022	Mar 2023	39,501

2010/11

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2022/23

Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly

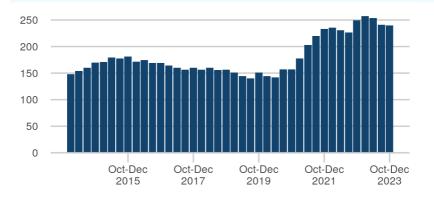
2018/19



Mean days from receipt at Crown Court to completion

Completion means any outcome, including guilty pleas, acquittals and convictions. Data from the Crown Court timeliness tool (all offences, all cases closed).

The figure for Oct-Dec 2023 is 240, down 1 days from Jul-Sep 2023



Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2022	236
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2022	231
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2022	226
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2022	249
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2023	257
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2023	254
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2023	241
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2023	240

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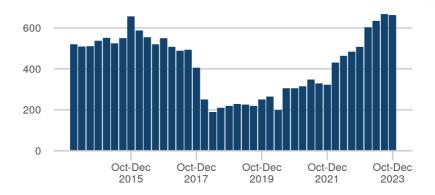
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Number of receipts of adult rape cases at the Crown Court

Cases arriving at the Crown Court. Data from the Crown Court cases received, disposed and outstanding tool.

The figure for Oct-Dec 2023 is 662, down 5 from Jul-Sep 2023



Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2022	431
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2022	464
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2022	484
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2022	508
Q1 (Jan-Mar) 2023	603
Q2 (Apr-Jun) 2023	634
Q3 (Jul-Sep) 2023	667
Q4 (Oct-Dec) 2023	662

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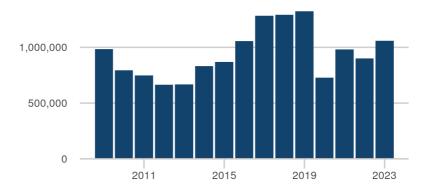
Source: Criminal court statistics quarterly



Civil courts - total judgments

Total number of judgments in the county courts. Some civil cases are resolved via mediation or settled out of court and don't proceed to a judgment.

The figure for 2023 is 1,058,140, up 156,862 from 2022



Jan - Dec 2016	1,055,035
Jan - Dec 2017	1,284,364
Jan - Dec 2018	1,291,142
Jan - Dec 2019	1,323,750
Jan - Dec 2020	727,438
Jan - Dec 2021	980,474
Jan - Dec 2022	901,278
Jan - Dec 2023	1,058,140

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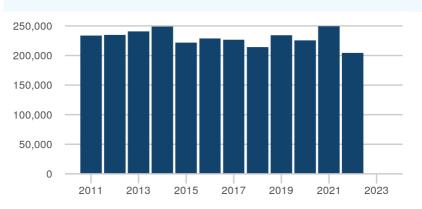
Source: Civil justice statistics



Family court - total cases disposed

Total cases disposed at family court. Data for 2023 are not available. Please refer to the data quality issues section of the accompanying bulletin for further details.

The figure for 2023 is



Jan - Dec 2016	228,829
Jan - Dec 2017	226,776
Jan - Dec 2018	214,164
Jan - Dec 2019	234,200
Jan - Dec 2020	225,742
Jan - Dec 2021	249,488
Jan - Dec 2022	204,295
Jan - Dec 2023	

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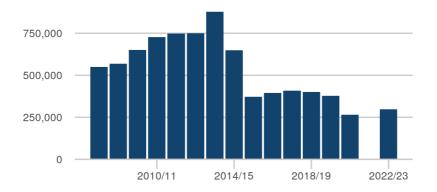
Source: Family court statistics quarterly



Tribunals disposals - overall

The overall total for 2021/22 and 2022/23 is unavailable due to migration of some tribunals. An 'Interim Total' has been calculated for 2022/23. This is the sum of all the tribunals excluding those tribunals with data missing or incomplete i.e. Upper Tribunal (Immigration and Asylum Chamber). These tribunals are being migrated to a new case management system and will be made available as soon as possible.

The figure for 2022/23 is 298,219



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	372,926
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	394,102
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	407,638
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	400,816
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	378,629
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	265,628
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	298,219

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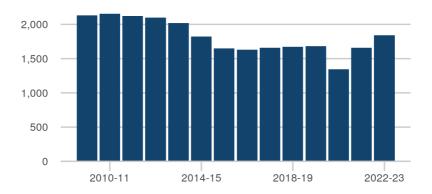
Source: Tribunals statistics quarterly



Legal aid - overall annual expenditure (£m)

The closed-claim measure of expenditure shows the total value of payments made to legal aid providers in relation to pieces of work that are completed in each period, even where a portion of the work may have taken place over previous periods. Most expenditure figures in the legal aid statistics are shown on this basis.

The figure for 2022-23 is 1,841 (£m), up 183 (£m) from 2021-22



Apr 2015 - Mar 2016	1,650 (£m)
Apr 2016 - Mar 2017	1,628 (£m)
Apr 2017 - Mar 2018	1,660 (£m)
Apr 2018 - Mar 2019	1,671 (£m)
Apr 2019 - Mar 2020	1,684 (£m)
Apr 2020 - Mar 2021	1,345 (£m)
Apr 2021 - Mar 2022	1,659 (£m)
Apr 2022 - Mar 2023	1,841 (£m)

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Source: Legal aid statistics

