

## Product Summary

### 1. Name of the Medicinal Product

Ikorel Tablets 20mg

### 2. Qualitative and Quantitative Composition

Nicorandil 20mg

### 3. Pharmaceutical Form

Tablets, off-white, round, with faceted edges, scored on one side and bearing the inscription IK20.

## Clinical Particulars

### 4.1 Therapeutic Indications

Ikorel tablets are indicated for the prevention and long term treatment of chronic stable angina pectoris.

#### 4.2 Posology and Method of administration

Route of administration: oral.

**Adults:** The recommended starting dose is 10mg nicorandil twice daily, although 5mg twice daily may be employed in patients particularly susceptible to headache. Subsequently the dosage should be titrated upward depending on the clinical response. The usual therapeutic dosage is in the range 10 to 20mg nicorandil twice daily, although up to 30mg twice daily may be employed if necessary.

**Elderly:** There is no special requirement for dosage reduction in elderly patients. As with all medicines, the lowest effective dosage should be used.

**Children:** A paediatric dosage has not been established and use of nicorandil is not recommended.

#### 4.3 Contraindications

Ikorel is contraindicated in patients with cardiogenic shock, left ventricular failure with low filling pressures and in hypotension. It is also contraindicated in patients who have demonstrated an idiosyncratic response or hypersensitivity to nicorandil. Due to the risk of severe hypotension, the concomitant use of Ikorel and sildenafil (Viagra) is contraindicated.

#### 4.4 Special Warnings And Special Precautions For Use

The use of nicorandil should be avoided in patients with depleted blood volume,

low systolic blood pressure, acute pulmonary oedema or acute myocardial infarction with acute left ventricular failure and low filling pressures.

Therapeutic doses of nicorandil may lower the blood pressure of hypertensive patients and therefore nicorandil, as with other antianginal agents, should be used with care when prescribed with antihypertensive drugs.

Alternative therapy should be considered if persistent aphtosis or severe mouth ulceration occurs.

#### **4.5 Interactions with other Medicaments and other forms of Interaction**

No pharmacological or pharmacokinetic interactions have been observed in humans or animals with beta-blockers, digoxin, rifampicin, cimetidine, nicoumalone, a calcium antagonist or a combination of digoxin and frusemide. Nevertheless, there is the possibility that nicorandil may potentiate the hypotensive effects of other vasodilators, tricyclic antidepressants or alcohol.

As the hypotensive effects of nitrates or nitric oxide donors are potentiated by sildenafil (Viagra), the concomitant use of Ikorel and sildenafil (Viagra) is contraindicated.

#### **4.6 Pregnancy and Lactation**

**Pregnancy:** Animal studies have not revealed any harmful effect of nicorandil on the foetus although there is no experience in humans. It should not be used in pregnant patients unless there is no safer alternative.

**Lactation:** As it is not known whether nicorandil is excreted in human milk, breastfeeding should be avoided by lactating patients who require therapy.

#### **4.7 Effects on Ability to Drive and Use Machines**

Patients should be warned not to drive or operate machinery until it is established that their performance is unimpaired by nicorandil.

#### **4.8 Undesirable Effects**

The most frequent effect to be anticipated is headache, usually of a transitory nature, especially when treatment is initiated.

Cutaneous vasodilation with flushing is less frequent. Nausea, vomiting, dizziness and a feeling of weakness have been reported occasionally. Myalgia and different types of rash have been reported rarely.

Hypotension may occur at high therapeutic doses. An increase in heart rate may occur at high doses.

Rare cases of persistent aphthosis or mouth ulcers which were occasionally severe have been reported. These resolved following treatment discontinuation.

#### **4.9 Overdose**

Acute overdosage is likely to be associated with peripheral vasodilation, decreased blood pressure and reflex tachycardia. Cardiac function should be monitored and general supportive measures employed. If necessary, circulating plasma volume should be increased by infusion of suitable fluid. In life-threatening situations, administration of vasopressors should be considered. There is no experience of massive overdosage in humans, although the LD<sub>50</sub> in dogs is in the range 62.5 to 125 mg/kg and in rodents it is in the order of 1200 mg/kg.

### **Pharmacological Properties**

#### **5.1 Pharmacodynamic Properties**

Nicorandil provides a dual mode of action leading to relaxation of vascular smooth muscle. A potassium channel opening action provides arterial vasodilation, thus reducing afterload, while the nitrate component promotes venous relaxation and a reduction in preload. Nicorandil has a direct effect on coronary arteries without leading to a steal phenomenon. The overall action improves blood flow to post-stenotic regions and the oxygen balance in the myocardium.

#### **5.2 Pharmacokinetic Properties**

Nicorandil is well absorbed with no significant first-pass metabolism. Maximum plasma concentrations are achieved in 30 to 60 minutes and are directly related to the dosage. Metabolism is mainly by denitration of the molecule into the nicotinamide pathway with less than 20% of an administered dose being excreted in the urine. The main phase of elimination has a half-life of about 1 hour. Nicorandil is only slightly bound to plasma proteins.

No clinically relevant modifications in the pharmacokinetic profile have been seen in the elderly or in patients with liver disease or chronic renal failure.

#### **5.3 Preclinical Safety Data**

There are no preclinical data of relevance to the prescriber which are additional to that included in other sections of the SPC.

## **Pharmaceutical Particulars**

### **6.1 List of Excipients**

Corn starch, croscarmellose sodium, stearic acid and mannitol.

### **6.2 Incompatibilities**

None stated.

### **6.3 Shelf Life**

18 months.

### **6.4 Special Precautions for Storage**

Store in a dry place below 25°C.

### **6.5 Nature and Contents of Container**

Ikorel tablets are presented in soft tempered aluminium foil/PVC blister strips of 10 tablets, in which each tablet is linked to a silica gel capsule dessicant.

The blister strips are packaged in cartons of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 tablets.

### **6.6 Instructions for Use/Handling**

None stated.

## **Administrative Data**

### **7. Marketing Authorisation Holder**

May and Baker Ltd  
RPR House  
50 Kings Hill Avenue  
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Trading as: May & Baker, or Rhône-Poulenc Rorer, or Rorer  
Pharmaceuticals, or Pharmuka, or Theraplix, or APS, or Berk  
Pharmaceuticals.

**8. Marketing Authorisation Number**

PL 0012/0230

**9. Date of First Authorisation/Renewal of the Authorisation**

6 June 1994

**10. Date of (Partial) Revision of Text**

August 1999

**Legal Status**

**POM**