# **Use of Force Data** 01 April 2023 – 30 June 2023

#### **Main points summary**

- 52 instances of use of force by Ministry of Defence Police Officers recorded during the period from 01 April 2023 to 30 June 2023
- The most common reason for use of force was to **protect self** 37 instances
- The most commonly recorded impact factors were Alcohol 23 instances
- The most commonly perceived ethnicity of individuals subject to use of force was
  White 48 out of 52 instances
- The most common outcome was arrested 34 out of 52 instances

#### Locations

In most cases, use of force by MDP Officers took place on streets/highways – 32 recorded instances.

#### Table 1: Reasons for use of force

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Use of Force reason<sup>1</sup> Count Protect Self 37 Protect other Officer 28 Protect Public 23 Protect Subject 18 Effect Arrest 14 Prevent Offence 6 Prevent Escape 4 Effect Search 4 Secure Evidence 3 Method Of Entry 0 Prevent Harm 0 Remove Handcuffs 0 Other 0 Total 137

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Use of force can be used for several reasons in any given incident; there is a staged escalation process in the Police Service and therefore multiple reasons may be recorded for a single incident.

#### Table 2: Impact factors leading to use of force

01 April 2023- 30 June 2023

Impact factors <sup>2</sup>	Count
Alcohol	23
Mental Health	22
Drugs	14
Other	8
Size/Gender/Build	6
Acute Behavioural Disorder	5
Crowd	3
Possession of a Weapon	2
Prior Knowledge	0
Total	83

Table 3: Primary conduct/behaviour of subject during stop

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Primary conduct/behaviour of subject <sup>3</sup>	Count
Compliant	22
Aggressive Resistance	12
Active Resistance	8
Verbal Resistance / Gestures	5
Passive Resistance	3
Serious or Aggravated Resistance	2
No Data Available	0
Total	52

Definitions of the conduct/behaviour categories are provided at End Note i

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Impact factors are not always relevant to instances of use of force and fewer impact factors than incidents may therefore be recorded. Likewise, it is possible to have multiple impact factors for one incident

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Officers use the categories listed to best describe the primary conduct/behaviour of subjects. If the subject displays more than one conduct/behaviour, the officer will only record the most relevant or severe. Definitions of the conduct/behaviour categories are provided at End Note i.

# Table 4: Tactics deployed<sup>4</sup> during stop

01 April 2022- 30 June 2022

	Most common	Second most common	Third most common
First tactic:	Compliant	Non-Compliant	Unarmed Skills - 7
50 instances	Handcuffing - 21	Handcuffing – 7	

# Table 5: Conducted Energy Devices and Firearms deployed during stop

01 April 2022- 30 June 2022

Presentation of Conducted Energy Device (Taser)	Instances
CED drawn	0
CED aimed	0
CED arced	0
CED red dotted	0
Use of Conducted Energy Device (Taser)	Instances

Use of Conducted Energy Device (Taser)	Instances
CED stun	0
CED fired	0

Firearms	Instances
Firearm drawn	0
Firearm aimed	2
Firearm fired	0

applicable, that information is provided at Table 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The breakdown of instances shown against each tactic is limited to 'Most common', 'Second most common, and 'Third most common' so, in cases where more than three types of tactics have been used, the corresponding figures for each will not always equate to the total number of instances. In addition, the information provided in Table 4 and any corresponding bullet points does not include specific details on the deployment of Conducted Energy Devices (Tasers) or Firearms; where

## Officer Injuries

- 5 officers were assaulted from an intentional assault which incurred minor injuries
- 2 officers were spat at by the subject
- 0 officers were threatened with a weapon
- 0 officers were assaulted with a weapon

#### Subject details<sup>5</sup>

#### Table 6: Perceived gender of subject

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Perceived gender of the subject	Count
Male	39
Female	13
Non-Binary/Transgender	0
Total	52

## Table 7: Perceived age of subject

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Perceived age of subject	Count
Under 11 years	0
11-17 years	3
18 - 34 years	35
35 - 49 years	9
50 - 64 years	4
65 years or over	1
Not recorded	0
Total	52

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Figures provided relate to the number of instances of use of force and do not always correspond to the specific number of individuals involved. For example, more than one instance of use of force could be attributed to the same person.

#### **Table 8: Perceived Ethnicity of subject**

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Perceived ethnicity of subject	Count
White	48
Black (or Black British)	2
Asian (or Asian British)	1
Don't Know	1
Chinese	0
Mixed	0
Total	52

#### **Disabilities**

- In 0 out of 52 incidents, the subject was perceived to have physical disabilities.
- In 7 out of 52 incidents, the subjects were perceived to have mental disabilities.

### Injuries & medical assistance

- 2 subject **received minor injuries** in an instance where use of force was recorded.
- 2 instance of medical assistance required and subsequently received

### **Table 9: Outcome of stop**

01 April 2023 - 30 June 2023

Outcome	Count
Arrested	34
Released/NFA	9
Hospitalised	5
Detained (Mental Health Act)	4
Made Off / Escaped	0
Fatality	0
Total	52

<u>Table 3: Primary conduct behaviour of subjects – Definitions</u>

**Compliant:** No resistance to instructions

**Verbal resistance:** Verbal abuse or gestures made but does not offer any physical resistance e.g. verbally swearing, offensive finger gestures

**Passive resistance:** Resistance that is not physical in nature but is intended to stop an officer or the general public from leading their day-to-day activities e.g. sitting in the road, refusing to move

**Active resistance:** A form of resistance or obstruction that is mildly physical in nature e.g. pushing, shoving

**Aggressive resistance:** A stage above active resistance where physical resistance is more pronounced but has no intention to injure an officer e.g. struggling against an officer

**Serious/aggravated resistance:** Use of violence against police with the intention to seriously injure or evade arrest e.g. striking with a weapon, punching