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EXPORT TO KENYA OF DRY, SEMI-MOIST OR CANNED PETFOOD CONTAINING NO MATERIAL FROM BOVINE ANIMALS, OTHER THAN DAIRY PRODUCTS, OR MAMMALIAN MEAT MEAL, BONE MEAL OR MEAT AND BONE MEAL - 4723EHC

Associated Document: 4723EHC

IMPORTANT

These notes provide guidance to Official Veterinarians (OVs) and exporters. The NFG should have been issued to you together with export certificate $4723 \rm EHC$. The NFG should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate $4723 \rm EHC$. We strongly suggest that exporters obtain full details of the importing country's requirements from the veterinary authorities in the country concerned, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

1. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Export health certificate 4723EHC may be used for the export of canned and processed pet food from the United Kingdom to Kenya.

In accordance with paragraph IV 1 of the certificate, the pet food must not contain any processed animal protein derived from mammals and dairy products are the only ruminant-derived ingredients that may be used in the manufacture of the pet food. See paragraph 3(b) below for further information.

2. Certification by an Official Veterinarian (OV)

This certificate may be signed by an OV appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Scottish Government, Welsh Government or the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA) Northern Ireland, who is on the appropriate panel for export purposes or who holds the appropriate Official Controls Qualification (Veterinary) (OCQ(V)) authorisation.

OVs must sign and stamp the health certificate with the OV stamp in any ink colour ${f OTHER\ THAN\ BLACK}$.

Certified Copy Requirements - England, Wales and Scotland

Guidance concerning return of certified copies of EHCs has changed and only specific certified copies are required to be returned to the APHA. Certifying OVs must return a certified copy of EHCs only for the following EHC types:

- if the exported commodity is cattle, pigs, sheep, goats or camelids;
- if the certificate was applied for manually and the application documents have been emailed to APHA and not applied for via the Exports Health Certificates Online (EHCO) system.

Certified copies should be emailed on the day of signature to the Centre for International Trade Carlisle (CITC) at the following address: certifiedcopies@apha.gov.uk.

For certificates that have been issued to the Certifying OV via the EHCO system, the Certifying OV must complete the certifier portal with the status of the certificate and the date of signature.

A copy of all EHCs and supporting documentation certified must be retained for two years.

Certifying OVs are not required to return certified copies of other EHCs issued, however CITC may request certified copies of EHCs and

supporting documentation in order to complete Quality Assurance checks or if an issue arises with the consignment after certification.

DAERA Export Health Certificates: Provision of certified copies

aPVPs certifying DECOL produced Export Health Certificates must return a legible, scanned copy of the final EHC to the relevant DAERA Processing Office within 1 working day of signing.

Good quality photographic copies will be accepted by the department, where obtaining a scanned copy is not feasible - for example, where 'on site' certification is undertaken and scanning facilities are not available.

For record purposes, a copy of the final Export Health Certificate and associated Support documents should be retained by the aPVP for a period of 2 years from the date of certification.

The Department will carry out periodic audits of all aspects of export certification to ensure that a high standard of certification is being maintained.

3. Paragraph IV - Health information

Paragraph IV may be certified on the basis of the following specific guidance in conjunction with any necessary evidence resulting from the OV's familiarity with the sourcing, procurement, segregation, processing, handling and storage arrangements in place at the facility. This should be supported as necessary by physical inspection and examination of relevant documentation and/or records such as commercial documentation, veterinary statements or valid declarations.

- (a) Paragraph IV 1 Meat meal, bone meal or meat and bone meal
 For the purposes of this paragraph, "meat meal, bone meal or
 meat and bone meal" should be interpreted as a reference to
 processed animal protein as defined under Annex I of Regulation
 (EC) 142/2011 (as amended).
- (b) Paragraph IV 2 Low risk material

 The raw (unprocessed) animal materials used in the manufacture of the petfood may be considered to be "low risk material" if

they were Category 3 materials referred to in Article 10(a) to (m) of Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 (as amended).

(c) Paragraph IV 4(d) - Bacteriological testing

For the purposes of this paragraph, "satisfactory" means compliance with the following standards:

Salmonellae: absence in 25g, n=5, c=0, m=0, M=0Enterobacteriaceae: n=5, c=2, m=10, $M=3\times10^2$ in 1g;

where:

- ${f n}$ = number of units comprising the sample;
- m = threshold value for the number of bacteria; the result
 is satisfactory if the number of bacteria in all the
 sample units does not exceed m;
- ${f c}$ = number of sample units the bacterial count of which may be between ${f m}$ and ${f M}$, the sample still being considered acceptable if the bacterial count of the other sample

units is m or less.

This paragraph may be certified on the basis that:

either

i) in the case of pet food manufactured within the EU the pet food manufacturer is approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1069/2009 (as amended). Regular bacteriological testing of the pet food against the above standards is a condition of this approval.

In England, this is enforced by the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Similar legislation exists in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

The approval status of the pet food manufacturer under Regulation (EC) 1069/2009 (as amended) may be confirmed on sight of a valid approval document or by reference to the relevant EU Member State's list of approved animal by-product establishments, as published at:

http://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/animal-by-products/approved-establishments/index_en.htm

or

ii) in the case of pet food imported into the EU the pet food was accompanied by veterinary certification confirming compliance with the abovementioned microbiological standards;

or

- iii) relevant laboratory test results from an ISO 17025 accredited laboratory confirming that the pet food complies with the abovementioned microbiological standards.
- 4. Where declarations are relied upon to support the completion of this certificate, these must be signed by someone who has knowledge of and responsibility for the relevant parts of the production process. The managing director (or equivalent) of the company should provide a letter giving the name(s) and job title(s) of those authorised to give the declaration and the basis on which the declaration is made.

The declaration should include a clause indicating that the signatory is aware that making a false declaration is an offence and that he/she accepts full responsibility if any problems arise with the export should there be any dispute relating to the matters being declared.

5. DISCLAIMER

This certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time, and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, Carlisle or DAERA, via the link or e-mail address below:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/contact-apha

DAERA - Email: vs.implementation@daera-ni.gov.uk