From: Jane Crossley

Sent: 07 January 2024 15:15

To: Section 62A Applications <section62a@planninginspectorate.gov.uk>

Subject: Land at Berden Hall Farm Dewes Green Road Berden, and reference number S62A/22/0006.

To whom it concerns,

As a local resident to this proposed scheme, I am writing to object to this application for the following reasons:-

- The proposed development would take 177 acres of farmland out of food production for at least 40 years - 72% of the proposal Site is Best and Most Versatile (BMV) land
- The proposal is for alien, large-scale, industrial-style development in an area of open countryside where there has been no equivalent development to date
- There would be negative effects on landscape and visual amenities. This is open countryside, and a number of public rights of way (PROWs) would be impacted including several very well-used footpaths
- Consistency in planning decisions is important, and the refusal by the
 Planning Inspectorate to grant permission for Pelham Spring Solar Farm
 (PSSF), in close proximity to the Berden Hall Solar Farm site, is therefore a
 highly material consideration. The Planning Inspector, Mr Callum Parker,
 argued that PSSF would erode the agricultural landscape and constitute
 industrial infrastructure that would be present for c. 40 years, which is not
 temporary. The scheme would fail to preserve the setting of the listed
 buildings and other heritage assets, including the Crump scheduled ancient
 monument. Clearly, many of the factors which led to the refusal of Pelham
 Spring Solar Farm are also relevant to Berden Hall Solar Farm
- The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) has recently changed (December 2023) to give greater importance to Best and Most Versatile land in order to safeguard domestic food production and protect national food security. Berden Hall Solar Farm would take 133 acres of BMV land out of food production for c. 40 years
- The revised proposals are contrary to Policy S7 of the Uttlesford Local Plan (LP) which (broadly) states that planning permission will only be given where a development is needed in a particular location, is appropriate and protects and enhances the landscape character. The proposals are also contrary to para 174 (now 180) of the NPPF for similar reasons

- The Powering Up Britain: Energy Security Plan states that the government seeks large scale ground-mount solar deployment across the UK, looking for development mainly on brownfield, industrial and low and medium grade agricultural land. Wherever it references solar energy, the Plan focuses on Rooftop Solar, not Ground-Mounted Solar. There is also increased emphasis in the NPPF on ensuring that renewable energy is located at the point of consumption. Developers can already connect to the grid via the high voltage overhead cable network, so Statera's claim that solar developments need to be in the vicinity of the Pelham Sub Station is therefore erroneous
- Recent planning decisions highlight the importance of a proper site selection
 exercise to identify poorest land. The Applicant, Statera, did not perform such
 an exercise when selecting the proposal site for a large-scale industrial-style
 development on land currently used for food production, which is contrary to
 ENV5 of the LP. They have therefore failed to produce "compelling evidence"
 to justify the selection of the Site

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Kind regards

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Jane Crossley