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Registered No.: 04653066

Date: 20th December 2023

Department for Energy Security & Net Zero

AB1 Building Crimon Place Aberdeen AB10 1BJ



www.gov.uk/desnz opred@energysecurity.gov.uk

Dear Sir / Madam

# THE OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, UNLOADING AND STORAGE (ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT) REGULATIONS 2020

# **Ravenspurn South Production Increase**

A screening direction for the project detailed in your application, reference PR/2440/0 (Version 2), dated 18th December 2023 has been issued under regulation 6 of the above Regulations. The screening direction notice, and any relevant conditions and comments are attached. A copy of this screening direction will be forwarded to the application consultees, the Oil and Gas Authority and published on the gov.uk website.

If you have any queries in relation to this screening direction or the attachments, please do not hesitate to contact on email the Environmental Management Team at opred@energysecurity.gov.uk.

Yours faithfully





# THE OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, UNLOADING AND STORAGE (ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT) REGULATIONS 2020

# SCREENING DIRECTION CONFIRMING THAT AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT IS NOT REQUIRED

#### **Ravenspurn South Production Increase**

# PR/2440/0 (Version 2)

Whereas PERENCO UK LIMITED has made an application dated 18th December 2023, under The Offshore Oil and Gas Exploration, Production, Unloading and Storage (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2020, and whereas the Secretary of State has considered the application and is satisfied that the project is not likely to have a significant effect on the environment; in exercise of the powers available under regulation 6, the Secretary of State hereby directs that the application for consent in respect of the project need not be accompanied by an Environmental Impact Assessment, provided that the project is carried out as described in the application for the screening direction and in accordance with the conditions specified in the attached schedule.

In giving a screening direction under regulation 6 of the above Regulations, the Secretary of State accordingly gives agreement to the Oil and Gas Authority to the grant of consent for the project as detailed in the application PCON/6870/0 (Version2)

Effective Date: 20th December 2023





# THE OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, UNLOADING AND STORAGE (ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT) REGULATIONS 2020

#### SCHEDULE OF SCREENING DIRECTION CONDITIONS

The grant of this screening direction is conditional upon the screening direction holder complying with the following conditions.

# 1 Screening direction validity

This screening direction shall be valid from 1 January 2024.

### 2 Change to production level(s)

The holder of the screening direction shall ensure that the change in the level(s) of production do not exceed the amended level(s) detailed in the application for the screening direction, and in the application for consent relating to the approval for the getting of petroleum issued under the relevant production licence Model Clause.

# 3 Prevention of pollution

The holder of the screening direction must ensure that appropriate measures are taken to minimise discharges, emissions and waste, in particular through the appropriate use of technology; and to ensure that necessary measures are taken to prevent incidents affecting the environment or, where they occur, to limit their consequences in relation to the environment.

#### 4 Inspections

Should the Department consider it necessary or expedient for an inspector appointed by the Secretary of State to investigate whether the conditions of the screening direction are being complied with, the holder of the screening direction shall afford the inspector with such facilities and assistance as the inspector considers necessary to exercise the powers conferred by the regulations. The holder of the screening direction shall additionally ensure that copies (electronic or paper) of the screening direction and any other relevant documents are available for inspection by the inspector at:

- a) the premises of the holder of the screening direction; and
- b) the facilities undertaking the project covered by the screening direction.

#### 5 Check monitoring

Should the Department consider it necessary or expedient to undertake an independent monitoring programme to assess the impact of the project covered by the screening direction, the screening direction holder shall afford the Department



with such facilities and assistance as the Department considers necessary to undertake the work.

#### 6 Atmospheric emissions returns

Following completion of the project covered by the screening direction, the holder of the screening direction shall report all relevant atmospheric emissions, such as combustion emissions, using the appropriate Environmental Emissions Monitoring System (EEMS) reporting forms.

# 7 Unauthorised deposits

Following completion of the project covered by the screening direction, the holder of the screening direction shall recover any materials accidentally or temporarily deposited on the seabed, such as debris, temporary containers, structures or deposits, or scientific instruments, and shall return the materials to land. If it is not possible to recover any of these deposits, full details of the materials remaining on the seabed must be reported to the Department in accordance with the requirements of Petroleum Operations Notice No.2 (PON2).

# 8 Screening direction variation

In the event that the holder of the screening direction proposes changes to any of the particulars detailed in the application for a screening direction, the holder must notify the Department immediately and submit an application for a post screening direction amendment. The post screening direction must be in place prior to the amended proposals taking effect.





#### COMMENTS ON THE APPLICATION FOR SCREENING DIRECTION

#### Section 1

The attention of screening direction holders is drawn to the following provisions regarding The Offshore Oil and Gas Exploration, Production, Unloading and Storage (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2020.

- 1) You are deemed to have satisfied yourself that there are no barriers, legal or otherwise, to the carrying out of the project covered by the screening direction. The issue of a screening direction does not absolve the screening direction holder from obtaining such authorisations, consents etc that may be required under any other legislation.
- 2) The Department would draw your attention to the following comments:

The Department has no comments

3) All communications relating to the screening direction should be addressed to:

opred@energysecurity.gov.uk

or

Offshore Petroleum Regulator for Environment & Decommissioning Department for Energy Security & Net Zero AB1 Building Crimon Place Aberdeen AB10 1BJ

Tel



#### SCHEDULE OF SCREENING DIRECTION DECISION REASONS

The Secretary of State has decided that, based on the information provided, the project is not likely to have a significant effect on the environment. The main reasons for this decision are:

#### 1) Decision reasons

The following provides a summary of the assessment undertaken to determine whether an Environmental Impact Assessment is required for this project, summarises the information considered, the potential impacts and sets out the main reasons for the decision made. In considering whether an Environmental Impact Assessment is required or not, the following have been taken into account:

- a) the information provided by the developer;
- b) the matters listed in Schedule 5 of The Offshore Oil and Gas Exploration, Production, Unloading and Storage (Environmental Impact Regulations 2020) (the Regulations);
- c) the results of any preliminary verifications or assessments of the effects on the environment of the project; and
- d) any conditions that the Secretary of State may attach to the agreement to the grant of consent.

# Characteristics of the project

Having regard, in particular, to the matters identified at paragraphs 1(a) to (g) of Schedule 5 to the Regulations, the characteristics of the project include the following:-

#### Summary of the project

Increase in gas production at the Ravenspurn South field outlined in the NSTA application PCON/6870/0 (Version2) for oil and gas production in years 2024 to 2027.

#### **Description of the project**

This project consists of an increase in gas production of less than 500,000 cubic meters per day at the Ravenspurn South field, due to well interventions in 2023. These interventions included drilling by the Valaris-247 followed by frac stimulation and well clean out operations by the ERDA jack up.

No cumulative impacts are expected to occur with any other existing or approved projects.

There is no change to the assessment of a major accident. The Developer has control measures in place to reduce the risk of a major accident occurring and there is no potential for an MEI related to any Major Accident.



It is not considered to be likely that the project will be affected by natural disasters. There is not likely to be any significant impact of the project on population and human health.

### Location of the project

Having regard, in particular, to the matters identified at paragraphs 2(a) to (c) of Schedule 5 to the Regulations, the environmental sensitivity of geographical areas likely to be affected by the project has been considered as follows:-

The Ravenspurn South field is in UKCS Blocks 42/29, 42/30 of the Southern North Sea. The proposed project is located 70 km northeast of the nearest UK landfall, and 123 km to the west of the UK/Netherlands median line. The water depth at Ravenspurn South is approximately 40 m.

The Ravenspurn South field consists of 3 normally unattended installations (NUIs) that tie back to the Cleeton host facility. All production at Ravenspurn South is transferred completely to the Cleeton facility where it is processed with production from several other fields. Condensate and dry gas are routed to the Dimlington gas terminal onshore via the PL447 pipeline. The Cleeton host facility comprises four bridge linked platforms housing compression, processing and energy generation equipment, in addition to accommodation facilities. Produced water from Cleeton and its satellite fields is reinjected via well C4.

Seabed sediments in the vicinity of the Ravenspurn South comprise Holocene sand and slightly gravelly sand. EUNIS habitat Deep Circalittoral Sand is predicted to be present in the proposed project area.

The proposed operations will coincide with the spawning and/or nursery of fish species. Species that have been identified as spawning in the area include cod, lemon sole, plaice, and sandeels. It is also an area for year-round nursery grounds for anglerfish, blue whiting, cod, herring, horse mackerel, lemon sole, mackerel, sandeels, sprat, spurdog, and whiting.

Seabirds are considered particularly vulnerable to an oil spill in Block 42/30. Ravenspurn production operations will take place year round, within which time sensitivities to oil will be very high from January to April, low in May, and high to very high from June to December.

The following cetacean species occur in the proposed project area: Atlantic white-sided dolphin, harbour porpoise, minke whale and white-beaked dolphin. Harbour porpoise occurs throughout the year at low densities. The other three species occur in low densities between June and October.

Grey and harbour seals occur in the area throughout the year at low densities and at moderate densities in the summer period.



The proposed project area is located within the Southern North Sea SAC and it is designated for harbour porpoise. The Holderness Offshore MCZ is 27 km from the proposed project area, and it is designated for subtidal coarse sediment, subtidal sand, subtidal mixed sediments, Ocean quahog and North Sea glacial tunnel valleys.

The fishing effort in the proposed project area is considered to be low.

The shipping density in the proposed project area is considered to be low.

The Ravenspurn North Development is in the same block (42/30). Pipelines associated with the Ravenspurn North and Ravenspurn South Developments and the associated interfield export pipelines to the Cleeton host facility are near the proposed project area. PUK are the Pipeline Operator for all of the pipelines within block 42/30.

No subsea telecommunications cables pass though the block 42/30.

There are no operational offshore wind farms (OWFs) within the immediate vicinity of Block 42/30.

Block 42/30 overlaps the boundary of the Aquifer 5/42 Agreement for Lease (AfL) carbon capture and storage (CCS) area.

The Ravenspurn South Development is located within a Royal Airforce practice and exercise area (PEXA) and danger area and there is a Royal Navy PEXA located to the north of the Ravenspurn South Development. However, there are no special conditions in place relating to the Ministry of Defence (MoD) for the siting of any installations with Block 42/30

There are no active licensed dredging areas or dredge disposal areas within the Block 42/30.

There are several charted wrecks located within the Ravenspurn North Development area but none of these wrecks are in the immediate vicinity of the proposed drilling operations.

Given the location of the project, the areas identified at paragraphs 2(c)(i), (iii), (iv), (vi), (vii) and (viii) of Schedule 5 are not likely to be affected by the project. Type and characteristics of the potential impact

In accordance with paragraph 3 of Schedule 5 to the Regulations, the likely significant effects of the project on the environment have been considered. Potential effects on the environment from the activities associated with the project were assessed, including impacts arising from atmospheric emissions, seabed disturbance, physical presence, planned discharges and accidental spills. Other than the matters considered further below, there is not likely to be any significant impact of the project on population and human health.



The increase in production at the Ravenspurn South field will not result in any modifications to the existing plant at the Ravenspurn south facilities or the host facility at Cleeton where production is processed and exported. The operator has undertaken preliminary flow analysis which has concluded that there is no expectation of increased power generation or emissions at the Cleeton asset as a result of the production increase. There is also no change expected in operational flaring or venting levels compared to currently permitted 2023 flare and vent consents.

As a result of the increased gas and oil production at Ravenspurn south, produced water levels are expected to increase from 102.8 bbl/d (16.34 m3 per day) to 136.8 (21.75 m3/day), an increase of 34 bbls/d (5.41 m3 per day). This equates to an additional 1,976.00 m3 per year as a result of the production increase. There will be no increase in discharge to the marine environment however as the produced water is reinjected at Cleeton.

There will be no additional chemical discharges required as a result of the increase to production.

There are no expected transboundary effects from the operations.

It is considered that the increase in oil and gas production from the Ravenspurn South field is not likely to have a significant impact on other offshore activities or other users of the sea, the seabed, marine life or cetacean species and no cumulative impacts are expected to occur.

#### **Decision**

Taking the above considerations into account, the Secretary of State has concluded that the project is not likely to have a significant impact on the environment and that an environmental impact assessment is not required.

# 2) Mitigation of significant effects

The following are features of the project or measures envisaged that the developer has proposed to avoid or prevent what might otherwise have been significant adverse effects on the environment:

N/A