



Application for Approval to hold

(Please tick appropriate box)

An Exempt Market for Cattle that are eligible to be pre-movement tested but which have not been*

*and which can only be consigned to a slaughterhouse, to their premises of origin, to a TB Exempt Finishing Unit or a TB Approved Finishing Unit.

A TB Slaughter Gathering for TB Restricted Cattle

A TB Dedicated Sale for TB Restricted Cattle to Approved Destinations ** or Herd Dispersal Sale (England only)

**and which can only be consigned to a slaughterhouse, or to a TB Approved Finishing Unit

APHA office Stamp

Important Notes

- Applications should be submitted in England to the TB Customer Service Centre (CSC) CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk mailbox and in Wales to APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk
- The conditions for approving these events are in addition to the existing conditions under which animal gatherings are licensed in the UK. The premises must have an Animal Gatherings Order (AGO) licence (AGO02) in place prior to approval
- TB dedicated sales can only be approved in the High Risk Area (HRA) and Edge Area in England and in the High TB Area in Wales
- Approved TB dedicated sales for TB restricted cattle cannot be held whilst any other animals are on the premises and cannot be part of any other gathering. In Wales, unrestricted cattle cannot enter the premises following a TB Dedicated Sale until the day after the sale
- TB Slaughter Gatherings (TB Slaughter Markets and Collection Centres) for restricted cattle from TB breakdown herds and from Approved Finishing Units (AFUs) are not permitted in the Low Risk Area (LRA) in England. TB restricted cattle from Licensed Finishing Units (LFUs) are eligible to move to an Approved TB Slaughter Gathering in the LRA in England
- Please complete Parts A, B and C and attach the required supporting documents as listed at Part D. Incomplete forms will not be accepted
- **Please use BLOCK letters.**

■ Part A - Details of applicant

1. Name and address of the person applying for the approval (must be the person responsible for the organising the market/sale i.e. the licensee)

Postcode

2. Tel No. (incl. national dialling code)

3. Fax No. (incl. national dialling code)

4. Mobile No. (if available)

5. Email address

6. Website (if available)

■ Part B - Details of premises to be approved

1. Name of site

2. CPH of unit

7. Other activities held on site:
(e.g. agricultural machinery sales, or traders)

3. Owner(s) of premises
(if different from Part A)

4. Postal address of premises
(if different from Part A)

Postcode

5. Type of gathering/market/sale (please tick appropriate box)

- Exempt Market
- TB Slaughter Gathering
- TB Dedicated Sale

6. Do you intend to hold other gatherings sales on the same day as any markets/sales for TB restricted cattle?

Yes No

If so list type of sale and append separation plan

8. Tel. No. (if different from Part A)

9. Fax. No. (if different from Part A)

10. Email address (if different from Part A)

11. **For exempt/restricted markets/sales only:**

If you intend to hold an exempt market at regular intervals (e.g. every Tuesday), please indicate when.

12. If you intend to hold a single event please indicate when

13. Proposed maximum number of cattle in market/collection centre

■ Part C - Declaration

The declaration **MUST** be signed by the applicant (responsible person) named at question 1 Part A.

I hereby declare:

- The information supplied with this application form is true to the best of my knowledge and belief
- I undertake to notify APHA (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England and APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) and the Local Authority immediately if there is a significant change of management or staff or the approved premises undergoes significant structural repair, maintenance or refurbishment
- I undertake to notify APHA and the Local Authorities (LA) if TB gatherings/sales cease (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England and APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales)
- I have read and understood the conditions for approval to hold:
 - An exempt market for cattle that are eligible to be pre-movement tested but which have not been and which can only be consigned to a slaughterhouse, to their premises of origin, to a TB exempt finishing unit (EFU) or a TB approved finishing unit (AFU)
 - A TB slaughter gathering for TB restricted cattle
 - A TB dedicated sale for TB restricted cattle
 - or a combination

at schedule 1/schedule 2/schedule 3* and I undertake to comply with them

**delete as appropriate*

The contact details of this market and the TB restricted sales held may be put on the [public website](#) list for such sales

Yes No

Signature

Name in
BLOCK LETTERS

Date

DATA PROTECTION

For information on how we handle personal data please go to www.gov.uk and search Animal and Plant Health Agency Personal Information Charter.

■ **Part D - Documents to be submitted with this application**

A site plan with the additional requirements for TB restricted cattle (the animal area, biosecurity points and extent of site to be licensed)*

A contingency plan for any rejected or unsold animals under TB restrictions*

Checked as received by APHA office	
<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	

****applications cannot be processed without these documents***

Schedule 1

Exempt Market

Schedule of conditions for the sale of unrestricted cattle to restricted destinations without the requirement for pre-movement testing.

- 1) Exempt Markets allow sales of unrestricted cattle from herds that are Officially TB Free (OTF) which are not subject to Disease Control Order (DCO) standstill requirements, including those that are eligible for pre-movement testing, without such testing. All cattle entering the Exempt Market are subject to the restriction that their onward consignment must be:
 - direct to a slaughterhouse
 - direct to an Approved Finishing Unit (AFU)
 - direct to an Exempt Finishing Unit (EFU)
 - back to their premises of origin (except where these are subject to four yearly surveillance TB testing)
- 2) It is an offence for any person to move a bovine animal from an Exempt Market to anywhere other than a permitted destination.
- 3) The licensed premises must be capable of accommodating the maximum number of cattle anticipated.
- 4) Cattle from TB-restricted herds cannot enter an Exempt Market.
- 5) Resolved Inconclusive Reactors (IRs) restricted for life in England cannot enter an Exempt Market. Any animals showing clinical signs of TB in a market must be immediately isolated and reported to APHA.
- 6) Other normal unrestricted 'green' markets may be held on the same site as an Exempt Market but there must be clear separation (either physical or by time) between the animals in the exempt section and other animals.
- 7) **The market operator must notify APHA** (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England and APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) **and the Local Authority a minimum of five working days in advance** of an Exempt Market being held.

Schedule 2

TB Slaughter Gathering for the sale of TB restricted cattle

Schedule of conditions for the collection or sale of cattle from herds under TB movement restrictions for onward consignment to a slaughterhouse

- 1) TB Slaughter gatherings must have been licensed under the Animal Gathering Orders (as amended) Article 11 as slaughter gatherings for the onward consignment of all the animals direct to a slaughterhouse within GB and can either be:
 - a) gatherings for the sale of cattle for onward consignment to a slaughterhouse that are additionally approved to include cattle which, due to TB movement restrictions, cannot enter a regular market
 - b) collections that have been approved for the collection of slaughter stock which have places at an abattoir in GB already booked that are additionally approved to include cattle which, due to TB movement restrictions, cannot enter a regular collection
- 2) Cattle moving through these gatherings can be:
 - unrestricted cattle
 - cattle from TB restricted premises. All animals must have been tuberculin tested with negative results within the previous 90 days (except calves under 42 days old) and not be classified as reactors, unresolved IRs or direct contacts (DCs). This also applies to resolved IRs restricted for life in England from TB restricted premises
 - resolved IRs restricted for life in England from Officially TB Free (OTF) herds are eligible to move through a TB slaughter gathering. There is no requirement for these animals to have been tuberculin tested in the previous 90 days
 - untested calves under 42 days old may be accepted providing they have not been classified as DCs. These calves should not be gathered for individual sale.
 - cattle from TB breakdown herds and Approved Finishing Units (AFUs) are **not** eligible to move to a TB Slaughter Gathering in the LRA in England. Cattle from Licensed Finishing Units (LFUs) are allowed to move to an approved TB Slaughter Gathering in the LRA
- 3) Approved TB slaughter gatherings can involve up to five different categories of cattle:
 - clear-testing cattle from TB restricted premises, which may include resolved IRs from TB restricted herds
 - untested cattle from non-grazing AFUs (only applies for TB Slaughter Gatherings in England)
 - cattle which are eligible for pre-movement testing but which are untested from OTF herds
 - pre-movement tested cattle from OTF herds
 - untested cattle from OTF herds which are exempt from pre-movement testing requirements
- 4) Market operators must comply with the requirements of the following legislation and subsequent amendments or changes:
 - [The Animal Gatherings \(England\) Order 2010](#)
 - [The Animal Gatherings \(Wales\) Order 2010](#)
 - [The Cattle Identification \(England\) Regulations 2007](#)
 - [The Cattle Identification \(Wales\) Regulations 2007](#)
 - [The Disease Control \(England\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Disease Control \(Wales\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Transport of Animals \(C&D\) \(England\) \(No 3\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Transport of Animals \(Cleansing & Disinfection\) \(Wales\) \(No 3\) Order 2003](#)
 - The Welfare of Animals in Markets Orders 1990 as amended by [The Welfare of Animals at Markets \(Amendment\) Order 1993](#)
 - [The Welfare of Animals \(Transport\) \(England\) Order 2006](#)
 - [The Welfare of Animals \(Transport\) \(Wales\) Order 2007](#)
 - Any relevant disease control zones
- 5) The licensed premises must be capable of accommodating the maximum number of cattle anticipated.
- 6) The market operator must ensure that additional conditions for approved TB slaughter gatherings (e.g. movement licences, use of TB-approved disinfectants, etc.) are met.
- 7) Any animals showing clinical signs of TB in a market must be immediately isolated and reported to APHA.
- 8) **The market operator must notify APHA** (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England and APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) a minimum of **five working days** in advance of each gathering to be held.

9) Gatherings for calves can be approved within a TB slaughter gathering **but** the additional requirements are as follows:

- calves must not be consigned to the gathering if 42 days of age or over unless they have reacted negatively to a tuberculin test within the previous 90 days
- market staff must ensure that all passports are checked prior to unloading any calves into the gathering
- calves should only be gathered from restricted premises for onward consignment to a pre-booked abattoir and the licence will state the abattoir in part 2
- movement of calves must comply with all welfare legislation
- market operators must ensure that the number of pre-booked slaughterhouse places available is sufficient for the number of calves entered for the gathering
- if insufficient places are available at the slaughterhouse, the market operator must immediately notify the farmer(s) concerned and the licensing APHA office(s) prior to the date of the gathering and identify which calves will not be consigned to that gathering
- all calves must be loaded for onward consignment to the destination abattoir (with the updated licence as required) within four hours of the sale of the last calf
- as they will not be individually sold, in practice they should be moved off the premises as soon as possible and this should be considered to be within four hours of the arrival of the last calf

10) The time spent on the market premises must also be considered when ensuring compliance with requirements of the Welfare of Animals (Transport) (England) Order 2006 and/or the Welfare of Animals (Transport) (Wales) Order 2007.

Vendors, hauliers and market operators must comply with the requirements of the Welfare of Animals (Transport) (England) Order 2006 and/or the Welfare of Animals (Transport) (Wales) Order 2007 and with the conditions of the General Licence for the Movement of Cattle issued under the Disease Control (England) Order 2003/Disease Control (Wales) Order 2003 in respect of any movement of TB restricted cattle including the requirement for multiple pick up authorities, if applicable. Further information is available on GOV.UK: <https://www.gov.uk/farm-animal-welfare-during-transportation#eu-regulation-on-the-welfare-of-animals-in-transport>.

11) The auctioneer must collate a schedule, broken down by holding of origin, of all the TB restricted cattle sold. The schedule must give the:

- County Parish Holding (CPH) number and name of the vendor
- official identification of the animal
- name and CPH of the buyer
- slaughterhouse of destination
- This schedule must be sent electronically to APHA (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England or APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) **within 24 hours of the end of the sale.**

Schedule 3

Dedicated Sale for TB Restricted Cattle

Schedule of conditions for the sale of clear testing cattle from herds under TB movement restrictions to approved destinations following a veterinary risk assessment

- 1) A Dedicated Sale for TB restricted cattle ('orange' market) allows sales of TB restricted cattle which are not subject to DCO standstill requirements. The farmer **must** be responsible for ensuring no cattle have moved onto their premises within the previous seven days under any general or individual licence conditions. A TB dedicated sale is approved for TB restricted cattle only. Animals other than cattle are not permitted in the sale.
- 2) All cattle entering the TB dedicated sale are subject to the restriction that their onward consignment must be:
 - direct to a slaughterhouse
 - direct to an AFU (in England or Wales)
 - direct to an AFUE in England
 - for a herd dispersal sale (England only) - direct to the premises of origin under the conditions of a licence (TB16c) authorising the movement
- 3) In England, herd dispersal sales where the herd is under TB restrictions may be held as a TB dedicated sale for TB restricted cattle using the permit to exempt the six day standstill in addition to the conditions for the TB dedicated sale.
- 4) It is an offence for any person to move a bovine animal from a TB dedicated sale to anywhere other than a permitted destination. They are **not** eligible to go to an **exempt** finishing unit.
- 5) Any purchaser must provide evidence to the market that they fulfil the criteria to move cattle from the market, either by presenting their approval as an AFU/AFUE or to remove them **directly** to slaughter. The conditions for approval for a dedicated sale for TB restricted cattle are additional to the conditions for the Animal Gathering Licence and do not replace them. **TB dedicated sales can only be approved in the High Risk Area (HRA) and Edge Area in England and in the High TB Area in Wales.**
- 6) Market operators must comply with the requirements of the following legislation and subsequent amendments or changes:
 - [The Animal Gatherings \(England\) Order 2010](#)
 - [The Animal Gatherings \(Wales\) Order 2010](#)
 - [The Welfare of Animals \(Transport\) \(England\) Order 2006](#)
 - [The Welfare of Animals \(Transport\) \(Wales\) Order 2007](#)
 - [The Disease Control \(England\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Disease Control \(Wales\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Transport of Animals \(C&D\) \(England\) \(No 3\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Transport of Animals \(Cleansing & Disinfection\) \(Wales\) \(No3\) Order 2003](#)
 - [The Cattle Identification \(England\) Regulations 2007](#)
 - [The Cattle Identification \(Wales\) Regulations 2007](#)
 - The Welfare of Animals in Markets Orders 1990 as amended by [The Welfare of Animals at Markets \(Amendment\) Order 1993](#)
 - Any relevant disease control zones.
- 7) The licensed premises must be capable of accommodating the maximum number of cattle anticipated
- 8) A TB dedicated sale is for:
 - clear tested animals from TB restricted herds. All cattle except calves under 42 days old must have had a TB skin test with negative results in the previous 90 days
 - resolved IRs restricted for life in England from TB restricted herds. All cattle except calves under 42 days old must have had a TB skin test with negative results in the previous 90 days
 - resolved IRs restricted for life in England from OTF herds. There is no requirement for these animals to have been tuberculin tested in the previous 90 days unless being consigned to a TB dedicated sale in Wales
- 9) Cattle from AFUs in England and Wales, and from AFUEs in England can be consigned to an approved TB dedicated sale in England or Wales. Animals that have already moved into an AFU in Wales from an AFU, or an AFUE, can be moved under licence (TB16b/TB16e) to a TB Dedicated Sale, but a licence condition will be that they can then only be sold at the TB Dedicated Sale for slaughter, or to an AFU/AFUE in England.
- 10) Other gatherings are not permitted on the premises at the same time as the TB dedicated sale and all cattle

moving under the licences for TB restricted cattle must have left the site before any other gathering is held. TB dedicated premises must have been cleansed and disinfected as per the TB Order prior to being used by unrestricted cattle. Cattle from OTF herds cannot enter the premises after a TB dedicated sale in Wales until the next day.

- 11) Any animals showing clinical signs of TB in a market must be immediately isolated and reported to APHA.
- 12) The market operator must **notify APHA a minimum of five working days in advance** of each sale being held (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England and APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales).
- 13) Animals must only be accepted for sale and moved on to the sale premises upon presentation of a valid licence for that movement and are subject to the conditions of that licence. They can only move from the market upon presentation of the approval notice for an AFU/AFUE in England or Wales, or the details of the slaughterhouse they will be moved to. Movements out of the market must be direct to the destination and are subject to the conditions of the licence and the purchaser/keeper is responsible for compliance with the conditions of the licence.
- 14) For animals moved to the sale under licence TB16b or TB208, the auctioneer must complete Part 2 of the licence with the details of the destination of the animals and the name and address of the purchaser/keeper, copying the licence as necessary if a batch of cattle has multiple destinations.
- 15) The auctioneer must collate a schedule, broken down by holding of origin, of all the TB restricted cattle sold. The schedule must give the:
 - CPH number and name of the vendor
 - official identification of the animal
 - name and CPH of the buyer
 - AFU or slaughterhouse of destination

This schedule must be sent electronically to APHA (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England or APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) within 24 hours of the end of the sale.

- 16) Any unsold animals must be reported to APHA (CSC.TBmarketreturns@apha.gov.uk in England or APHA.CymruWales@apha.gov.uk in Wales) and the Local Authority. There must be a contingency plan for dealing with unsold animals. No further gatherings can be held until the animals are removed.

APHA is an Executive Agency of the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and also works on behalf of the Scottish Government, Welsh Government and Food Standards Agency to safeguard animal and plant health for the benefit of people, the environment and the economy.