

**NOTES FOR GUIDANCE (NFG) FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS**

This document should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with 9095EHC.

**Scope of the certificate**

This certificate may be issued for the export of primates where the certification takes place in Wales, Scotland or England, i.e. Great Britain only.

A note on the English text and translation:

Please note that this certificate is taken from an English translation provided by Spanish Authorities and the English text is therefore constrained by their model certificate.

**Country of origin**

Although the certificate has been prepopulated with UNITED KINGDOM, this certificate should and can only be issued for animals that are certified in England, Scotland and Wales (i.e. Great Britain).

**Certification**

The basic principles of certification apply and although this is not a harmonised EU level EU entry certificate, the general requirements that the EU specifies for its harmonised certificates should be followed.

**Place of loading**

In the case of traveling by plane, write "name of the airport". In case of traveling by sea, write "name of the port". In case of traveling by land, write "name of the establishment where the animals are loaded onto means of transport".

**Means of transport**

Enter one or more of the following means of transport for animals or goods leaving the country of dispatch, and indicate its identification:

- aircraft (indicate the flight number);
- ship (indicate the ship name and number);
- railway (indicate the train identity and wagon number);
- road vehicle (indicate the registration number with trailer number, if applicable).

In the case of a ferry, identify the road vehicle(s) with registration number (with trailer number, if applicable),  
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in addition to the name and number of the scheduled ferry.

## **Health attestation point 2**

As regards Ebola and Monkeypox, OV's should look at the non-notifiable disease freedom list and declare freedom only in regards to the occurrence of these diseases in the animal populations of GB.

## **Notifiable Disease Clearance**

### **1. Diseases listed by WOAHA to which the species is susceptible. (relevant to the species of concern)**

#### **1.1 Establish diseases, infections and infestations that are in scope.**

The certifying OV must determine which listed diseases are relevant to the animal being exported according to the attestation in the certificate.

Official veterinarians must reference the WOAHA Code at

[Terrestrial Code Online Access - WOAHA - World Organisation for Animal Health](#)

Check both the species specific and the multiple species diseases, infections and infestations, as listed.

### **Check official UK listing for freedom.**

For national freedom of diseases first check the official sources of disease information for the United Kingdom.

- the Notifiable Disease Occurrence List for Great Britain (ET171) available on the 'Exports > Certification Procedures' page of the APHA Vet Gateway (link below),
- the UK Status for Non-Notifiable Diseases Relevant to Export Certification (ET152) available on the 'Exports > Certification Procedures' page of the APHA Vet Gateway, (link below).

[http://apha.defra.gov.uk//External OV Instructions/Export Instructions/Certification Procedures/index.htm](http://apha.defra.gov.uk//External%20OV%20Instructions/Export%20Instructions/Certification%20Procedures/index.htm)

These listings are the basis on which the diseases listed there, can be certified.

A final check on the day of certification is required.

### **Diseases specified in the certificate that require establishment freedom only.**

(In this scenario, OV's do not have to approach CITC and must establish the disease freedom themselves.)

For diseases that require disease freedom attestations at the level of the establishment of origin/departure (within the boundaries), OV's should check establishment records, check with the (approved) premises' veterinarian (if a different person and collect evidence as necessary for themselves.

In the event of a disease outbreak that OV's become aware of, after the EHC has been issued that affects the disease clearance, OV's must not certify the EHC and must contact CITC immediately for advice on whether certification can still take place. If a disease outbreak affects the OV disease clearance procedures for this EHC, a 618NDC will be reinstated by CITC which will be issued with the EHC until a time when OV disease clearance can be reinstated.

As regards the absence of zoonoses, this should be determined in relation to animals resident at the establishment and according to the surveillance programme in place.

**Disclaimer:** This certificate is provided based on information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, in Carlisle, see the link below.

[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/896511/contacts-international-trade.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/896511/contacts-international-trade.pdf)