

EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS

Claimant:	Ms G Howson		
Respondent:	Restore (Cumbria)		
Heard at:	Manchester (via CVP)	On: 28 th July 2023	
Before:	Employment Judge Rhodes		
Representation Claimant: Respondent:	In person Mr M Winthrop (solicitor)		

JUDGMENT

1. The claimant is entitled to unfair dismissal compensation as follows:

Total award	£17,896.00
The prescribed period:	27 th October 2021 to 28 th July 2023
The prescribed amount:	£14,003.79
The balance above the prescribed amount	£3,892.21

- The respondent must pay the claimant £3,892.21 plus any remaining balance of the prescribed amount following recoupment pursuant to Employment Protection (Recoupment of Jobseeker's Allowance and Income Support) Regulations 1996.
- 3. The respondent must pay the claimant compensation for the infringement of the right to be accompanied at a disciplinary hearing pursuant to section 10 Employment Relations Act 1999 in the sum of £688.30.

Employment Judge Rhodes

Date: 28th July 2023

JUDGMENT SENT TO THE PARTIES ON

7 August 2023

FOR THE TRIBUNAL OFFICE

<u>Notes</u>

Reasons for the judgment having been given orally at the hearing, written reasons will not be provided unless a request was made by either party at the hearing or a written request is presented by either party within 14 days of the sending of this written record of the decision.

Public access to employment tribunal decisions

Judgments and reasons for the judgments are published, in full, online at www.gov.uk/employmenttribunal-decisions shortly after a copy has been sent to the claimant(s) and respondent(s) in a case.



NOTICE

THE EMPLOYMENT TRIBUNALS (INTEREST) ORDER 1990 ARTICLE 12

Case number: 2402671/2022

Name of case: Ms G Howson v Restore (Cumbria)

Interest is payable when an Employment Tribunal makes an award or determination requiring one party to proceedings to pay a sum of money to another party, apart from sums representing costs or expenses.

No interest is payable if the sum is paid in full within 14 days after the date the Tribunal sent the written record of the decision to the parties. The date the Tribunal sent the written record of the decision to the parties is called **the relevant decision day**.

Interest starts to accrue from the day immediately after the relevant decision day. That is called **the calculation day**.

The rate of interest payable is the rate specified in section 17 of the Judgments Act 1838 on the relevant decision day. This is known as **the stipulated rate of interest**.

The Secretary of the Tribunal is required to give you notice of **the relevant decision day**, **the calculation day**, and **the stipulated rate of interest** in your case. They are as follows:

the stipulated rate of interest is:	8% per annum.
the calculation day in this case is:	8 August 2023
the relevant decision day in this case is:	7 August 2023

For the Employment Tribunal Office

Claimant: Ms G Howson

Respondent:

Restore (Cumbria)

ANNEX TO THE JUDGMENT (MONETARY AWARDS)

Recoupment of Benefits

The following particulars are given pursuant to the Employment Protection (Recoupment of Benefits) Regulations 1996, SI 1996 No 2349.

The Tribunal has awarded compensation to the claimant, but not all of it should be paid immediately. This is because the Secretary of State has the right to recover (recoup) any jobseeker's allowance, income-related employment and support allowance, universal credit or income support paid to the claimant after dismissal. This will be done by way of a Recoupment Notice, which will be sent to the respondent usually within 21 days after the Tribunal's judgment was sent to the parties.

The Tribunal's judgment states: (a) the total monetary award made to the claimant; (b) an amount called the prescribed element, if any; (c) the dates of the period to which the prescribed element is attributable; and (d) the amount, if any, by which the monetary award exceeds the prescribed element. Only the prescribed element is affected by the Recoupment Notice and that part of the Tribunal's award should not be paid until the Recoupment Notice has been received.

The difference between the monetary award and the prescribed element is payable by the respondent to the claimant immediately.

When the Secretary of State sends the Recoupment Notice, the respondent must pay the amount specified in the Recoupment Notice to the Secretary of State. This amount can never be more than the prescribed element of any monetary award. If the amount is less than the prescribed element, the respondent must pay the balance to the claimant. If the Secretary of State informs the respondent that it is not intended to issue a Recoupment Notice, the respondent must immediately pay the whole of the prescribed element to the claimant.

The claimant will receive a copy of the Recoupment Notice from the Secretary of State. If the claimant disputes the amount in the Recoupment Notice, the claimant must inform the Secretary of State in writing within 21 days. The Tribunal has no power to resolve such disputes, which must be resolved directly between the claimant and the Secretary of State.