

# Seventy-Second Annual Report to Parliament on Local Authority Smallholdings in England

1 April 2021 – 31 March 2022



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Presented to Parliament pursuant to section 59 of the Agriculture Act 1970

July 2023

We are the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. We're responsible for improving and protecting the environment, growing the green economy and supporting our world-class food, farming and fishing industries.

We work closely with our 32 agencies and arm's length bodies on our ambition to make our air purer, our water cleaner, our land greener and our food more sustainable. Our mission is to restore and enhance the environment for the next generation, and to leave the environment in a better state than we found it.



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### Introduction

This report is required under section 59 of the 1970 Agriculture Act (1970 Act). It provides statistical details to Parliament of the land let as smallholdings by local authorities across England, for the financial year 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022.

Local authority smallholdings, or council farms (or county farms) as they are now more commonly known are administered under Part III of the 1970 Act. Under that legislation smallholdings authorities are required to make it their general aim to provide opportunities for persons with sufficient experience to be a farmer on their own account as well as to have regard to the general interests of agriculture and of good estate management. These council farms are generally capable of providing full-time employment for not more than two people.

The 1970 Agriculture Act defines smallholdings authorities as county councils for England. However, there have been many changes to local authority structures since the 1970 Act and consequently, some unitary authorities and borough and district authorities have continued the responsibilities of former county councils in letting land as smallholdings. Hence, it was decided in 2015 that it is important to include data in this report from these authorities as well as county councils where possible to extend the coverage and value of this report in providing more accurate details of land let as smallholdings from councils across England.

Council farms have an important role to play within their communities and in providing new entrants with opportunities to establish and develop farming businesses. These farms bring benefits to the wider public through educational visits, environmental enrichment and local food. The value of the council farm structure in supporting new entrants and progressive tenants as well as delivering wider public benefits is demonstrated in the case studies provided by Cambridgeshire and Devon county councils. Defra wants to encourage local authorities to retain and invest in their farm estates.

Defra is developing a New Entrant Support Scheme to create lasting opportunities for new entrants to establish successful and innovative businesses. Since last year, Defra has been piloting different models of support for both new entrants as well as recent entrants seeking to scale up their businesses, to increase their opportunities to access land and finance. These involved about 200 participants in five different pilots which have just completed. Defra is now beginning a systemic evaluation to inform the scheme's next steps to be announced in the Autumn.

The data in this report are taken from the most recent annual survey on council farms conducted by the Chartered Institute for Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) which includes responses from 27 local authorities that let land as smallholdings. This report includes statistical information on the area and number of smallholdings held by reporting local authorities, and details on tenancies and the financial position of the authorities in relation to their farm estates.

Defra thanks CIPFA and all the local authorities who have kindly provided the statistical information presented in this report and to Cambridgeshire and Devon county councils for providing the case study information.

### Statistical information on authority smallholdings

From the 43 authorities approached (21 unitary authorities and 22 county councils) 27 submitted details of the smallholdings they let. However, some authorities did not complete the survey in full. As a result, the totals for some sections of the survey (financial information, for example) might be represented by fewer authorities than responded to the survey.

### Total area of smallholding land

As of 31 March 2022, the total area of land estimated to be let as smallholdings by the 26 reporting authorities in England that provided data was 63,652 hectares. **Table 1** provides a breakdown of the estimated area let as smallholdings by reporting authority. The land area reported as let for smallholdings is lower than the last financial year. However, it should be noted that there were 4 fewer reporting authorities this year. Furthermore, the area let as smallholdings is only an estimate based on the number and average size of smallholdings per authority. Therefore, the change in land area between surveys will not be accurate. The data on acquisitions and disposals indicates a decrease (0.6%) in the area of land held by reporting authorities (see Acquisitions and Disposals sections) which may be a better indicator of land area change between surveys.

### **Farming sectors**

Each reporting authority classifies themselves to a farming sector based on the predominant farming activity (by area) carried out within that authority. The distribution (as at 31 March 2022) is shown in **Figure 1**. The most common sector was Arable and the least common was Horticulture, which none of the reporting authorities stated as the predominant farming activity.

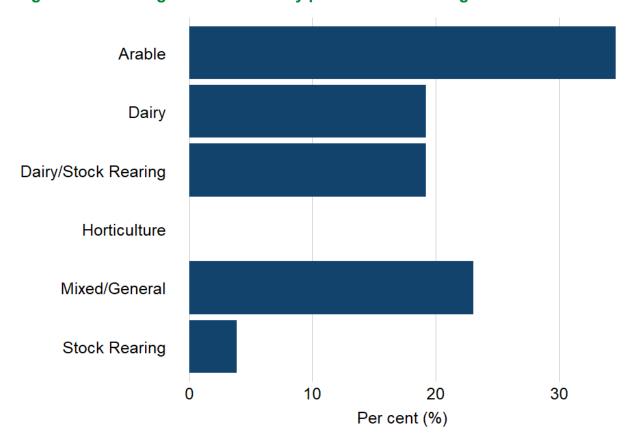


Figure 1: Percentage of authorities by predominant farming sector

- Each authority is classified to one farming sector based on the predominant farming activity (by area) carried out within that authority. The farming sector definitions were established and agreed as a result of consultations between the data provider (CIPFA) and the authorities themselves.
- 2. For the 26 authorities that provided a farm business sector

### **Numbers of smallholding lets**

The 27 authorities that provided data reported that they owned and let 1,958 smallholdings as at 31 March 2022. **Table 2** provides a breakdown by each authority.

### Rent due for smallholdings

For those 24 authorities that provided data, a total of around £21 million in rent was due for smallholdings as at 31 March 2022. **Table 3** provides figures for the rent due by each authority. **Table 4** shows average rent per hectare values by farm business sector for the 23 authorities where sector, rent and area data were all available. Of the total area of land let as smallholdings, the average rent was £333 per hectare for the 24 authorities where both rent and area data were available. When this rental value is split into agriculture licences (equipped and bare land farms) it reveals that an equipped farm on average costs £38 (12.5%) more per hectare when compared to a bare land farm.

### **Acquisitions and disposals**

There has been a decrease (372 hectares; 0.6%) in the area of land held by the 27 reporting authorities that provided data, as of 31 March 2022. **Table 5** provides figures for land acquired and disposed of by each authority in 2021/2022: a total of 103 hectares were acquired by 2 authorities and a total of 475 hectares were sold or otherwise disposed of by 14 authorities.

### **Number of smallholding tenants**

For the 27 authorities that provided data, there were 1,396 tenants as at 31 March 2022. **Table 6** provides figures on the number of tenants by each authority in 2021/2022: 85 tenancies were granted and 99 tenancies were terminated. **Table 7** provides a breakdown of tenancies granted and terminated. For the 27 authorities that provided data, a total of 34 equipped farms were granted to new tenants. These are first time entrants to the individual estate, who have not previously occupied a council farm. In addition, there were 15 internal promotions, 1 tenancy was transferred from another estate, and 11 tenancies were ended due to the tenant leaving the estate in order to seek other opportunities.

### Type of smallholdings tenancy

Of the 26 authorities that provided information there were a total of 258 lifetime tenancies, 140 retirement tenancies, 970 Farm Business Tenancies, as well as 329 secondary lettings. Figures for each of the authorities are provided in **Tables 8**. Farm Business Tenancies represent 71% of the agreements however these can vary in duration. **Figure 2** demonstrates the type of tenancy agreements in place. Lifetime tenancies represent 19% of all tenancy agreements, 18% were Farm Business Tenancies that run for less than 5 years, 19% were Farm Business Tenancies that run between 5 and 10 years, and 35% were Farm Business Tenancies that run for more than 10 years. Retirement tenancies represent 10% of all tenancy agreements.

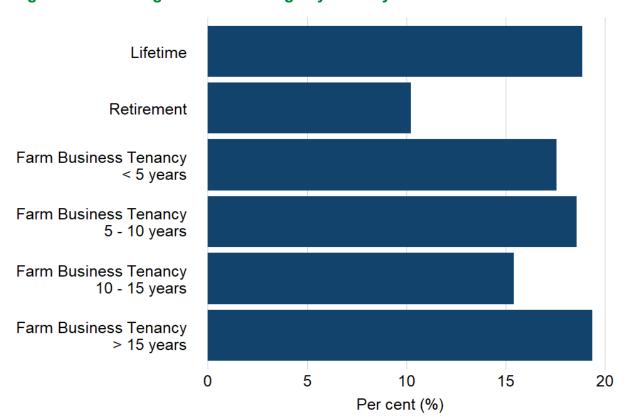


Figure 2: Percentage of smallholdings by tenancy duration

- 1. Equipped and bare land farms only
- 2. For the 26 authorities that provided tenancy information

### Financial position of authorities

Total revenue in the year ending 31 March 2022 for the 22 authorities that provided complete financial data showed a total operational income of £21,710,100 against a total operational expenditure of £7,674,700, giving an operational surplus of £14,035,500. Total non-operational income was £1,010,400, against a total non-operational expenditure of £2,926,800, giving a non-operational deficit of £1,916,400. The revenue account net surplus was therefore £12,119,000. **Table 9** summarises the total revenue account for land held by authorities for the year ended 31 March 2022. Please note that the financial position is for the 22 authorities that provided complete financial data and is therefore not comparable to other years.

### Case studies

### **Cambridgeshire County Coucil**

Cambridgeshire County Council's Farms Estate covers an area of about 33,000 acres across Cambridgeshire, providing rural business opportunities for more than 160 tenants. Cambridgeshire's Estate is the largest public sector holding of its type in England and Wales.

The Estate offers an entry point into farming for people to operate their own enterprises and supports existing rural businesses within the Estate to grow and expand. The breadth of new tenants joining the County Farms Estate is an excellent example of this commitment, these range from young entrepreneurs to mature farmers with extensive experience.

The Estate also works to promote both the enhancement of biodiversity in the natural environment as well as evolving farming practices to address climate change threats. It runs farm walks and organises benchmarking and discussion groups to encourage adoption of innovative approaches and incentives.

Cambridgeshire County Council have identified a 140 hectare farm south of Cambridge as a Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) land bank. Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire are busy growth areas and developers are required to provide at least 10% BNG as a requirement of the new Environment Act. The farm is part of a chain of existing strategic environmental sites running from Trumpington to Great Wilbraham Fen and is one of the vital missing links in this ecosystem network.

Work commenced late in 2022 on half the area with 8,000 trees and 18,000 hedge plants planted and grass sown on what was previously intensively famed arable land. Chalk grassland will be established when fertility levels drop which might happen in 2 years. The intention is to let the farm to a tenant farmer who can graze animals and care for the newly established chalk grassland. The first developer to sign up to take BNG credits is Network Rail who require them for the new Cambridge South station which serves the Cambridge Biomedical Campus.

Last year the County Farms Estate received over forty applications for holdings. Following the selection process, the Estate welcomed seven successful new tenants in 2022.

### lan Wilks - Car Dyke Farm, Landbeach

lan has been involved in farming all his working life, he runs his own agronomy and farm management consultancy service in Essex and South Suffolk and now wants to farm in his own right. Ian is passionate about farming in a sustainable way and intends to farm Car Dyke Farm in a way that protects soil, water, and the existing environment, alongside creating new and varied wildlife habitats.



### Joshua Dennis – Fen Bridge Farm, Cottenham

Joshua and his partner Kate are two young and enthusiastic individuals with a keen interest in the agricultural industry. Coming from arable and livestock backgrounds, they have had careers on farms and around agriculture. They hope to make their mark on an ever-changing industry by farming for a future everyone can be proud of while establishing a sustainable farming system to protect the environment.



### **Charles Deller – Fosters Farm, Whittlesford**

Charles has been working alongside his father since leaving university and is actively involved in all aspects of running a medium sized mixed farm which includes arable and livestock enterprises. He now wants to farm on his own and plans to establish an arable farm together with a small lambing unit. Charles is particularly interested in soil health and farmland ecology and will take steps to improve the environment and reduce carbon emissions.



### Robert Fletcher - Halls Farm, Guyhirn

Robert is an experienced farmer. He and his family previously rented a farm at Nordelph and have now moved to Halls Farm. They plan to run Halls Farm as a mainly arable farm with an additional lambing enterprise. Robert is looking forward to work in cooperation with other tenants on the Council's wider estate.



### David Mwanaka - Limes Farm and Walnut Farm, Landbeach

David and his family have been running a farming business for the past 20 years, growing non-traditional crops but on short term lettings which offer less security. David grows African crops and other high value exotic vegetables. They are looking forward to getting actively involved in the local community, part of their vision is to reduce both carbon output and food waste.



### Kate Bull - Throckenholt Farm, Parson Drove

Kate has been involved in farming all her life and has developed a contracting business. She is looking forward to building a sustainable farm at Throckenholt Farm. The farm will be used as an arable business with enhanced environmental features and use of regenerative farming.

### Joe Rabicano - Whitehall Farm, Littleport

At 21, Joe is the youngest entrant this year and is already a very entrepreneurial farmer and a contractor in Norfolk. Whitehall Farm is a step up the farming ladder for him where he will grow a range of arable crops.

### **Devon County Council**

Following the incredibly successful farm lettings campaign in 2022, the Devon County Farms Estate has awarded another large crop of new farming entrants their first farms, all commencing Lady Day 2023!

Five starter farms were advertised to let on the open market to new entrants. These include:

- 1. Lower Northchurch Farm, Yarnscombe a 122 acre residential stock farm
- 2. Little Stone Farm, South Molton a 101 acre residential dairy holding
- 3. Endfield Farm, Sandford a 120 acre residential dairy holding
- 4. Hurlditch Farm, Lamerton a 131 acre residential dairy holding
- 5. Lower Parks Farm, Crediton a 69 acre residential stock farm

One of the new entrants awarded a tenancy of a starter farm is Adam Garthwaite who secured the tenancy of Lower Northchurch Farm, Yarnscombe.

### Adam said:

"I have worked on farms all my life but always dreamt of becoming a farmer in my own right. As a new entrant to farming I have had to work really hard to build a small sheep enterprise renting bits of grass keep all around me in several different parishes. Although not easy to farm profitably, it did allow me to build equity in livestock and machinery whilst working fulltime. It also gave me the opportunity to prove I had all the skills and experience to run my own farm business. Until recently, I never thought that I would get the chance to rent an affordable whole farm complete with house and buildings but when I heard about the Devon County Farms Estate and attended the farm viewing day for Lower Northchurch Farm, I realised it could actually happen! Securing the tenancy of Lower Northchurch was tough - we had to put our all in to preparing a comprehensive business plan supported by detailed cashflows and budgets. It took a huge amount of time but it was all worth it. We will now be able to grow our business in a sustainable and efficient way with the full security of the County Council as landlord."

Photos below of Adam Garthwaite and his partner Megan Chapman:





### **Closing summary**

This report indicates that council farms continue to play an important role in the tenanted agricultural sector across England. Although the data set is incomplete it reveals that council farms cover approximately 63,652 hectares of agricultural land. This land provides approximately 1,958 holdings for around 1,396 tenant farmers.

Approximately 54% of the lettings are equipped farms (1,055 equipped holdings) and 34 lettings were made to new entrants during 2021/2022. The report shows that the 22 reporting authorities who submitted full financial information generated a revenue account net surplus of around £12.1 million in 2021/2022.

## **Tables**

Table 1: Area of smallholdings land held by smallholdings authorities as at 31 March 2022

Local authority	Equipped farm let area	farm let area farm let license let are		Total let area (ha)
	(ha)	area (ha)	(ha)	
Bedford	Х	Х	Х	Х
Brighton & Hove	Х	Х	Х	Х
Buckinghamshire	X	Х	X	Х
Cambridgeshire	11,424	1,841	Х	13,265
Central Bedfordshire	Х	X	Х	Х
Cheshire East	1,770	0	150	1,920
Cheshire West and Chester	562	0	220	782
Cornwall	3,721	182	360	4,263
Cumbria	0	65	24	89
Devon	3,350	120	388	3,858
Dorset	2,090	123	133	2,346
Durham	X	x	X	Χ
East Riding of Yorkshire	1,548	910	0	2,458
Essex	68	11	0	79
Gloucestershire	X	x	X	Х
Hampshire	X	x	X	Х
Hartlepool	0	85	0	85
Herefordshire	108	94	0	202
Hertfordshire	1,125	271	267	1,663
Hillingdon	X	х	X	Х
Leicestershire	2,232	63	430	2,725
Lincolnshire	5,531	1,070	0	6,601
Medway	X	х	X	Х
Milton Keynes	X	х	X	Х
Norfolk	4,999	1,599	91	6,689
North Lincolnshire	0	14	0	14
North Somerset	90	76	0	166
North Yorkshire	X	х	X	Х
Nottinghamshire	189	319	0	508
Oxfordshire	16	332	5	353
Shropshire	Х	Х	X	Х

Local authority	Equipped farm let area (ha)	Bare land farm let area (ha)	Agricultural license let area (ha)	Total let area (ha)
Somerset	784	268	29	1,081
South Gloucestershire	Х	х	Х	X
Staffordshire	2,290	55	381	2,726
Suffolk	3,447	714	686	4,847
Surrey	646	129	20	795
Swindon	480	32	3	515
Warwickshire	1,589	299	1,888	3,776
West Berkshire	X	X	X	Х
West Sussex	X	X	X	Х
Wiltshire	1,566	280	X	1,846
Worcestershire	X	X	X	Х
York	Х	Х	X	Х
TOTAL	49,625	8,952	5,075	63,652

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. Values are estimates of the area of land let as smallholdings by each authority calculated by multiplying the number of lettings by the average size of those lettings in hectares.

Table 2: Number of smallholding lets held by smallholdings authorities as at 31 March 2022

Local authority	Equipped farm lets (n)	Bare land farm lets (n)	Agricultural license lets (n)	Total smallholdings lets (n)
Bedford	х	X	х	х
Brighton & Hove	Х	Х	Х	Х
Buckinghamshire	x	Х	х	Х
Cambridgeshire	164	109	0	273
Central Bedfordshire	х	X	Х	Х
Cheshire East	49	0	12	61
Cheshire West and Chester	22	0	6	28
Cornwall	87	7	18	112
Cumbria	0	5	11	16
Devon	65	8	26	99
Dorset	41	7	9	57
Durham	1	17	0	18
East Riding of Yorkshire	49	73	1	123
Essex	2	2	0	4
Gloucestershire	Х	Х	X	X
Hampshire	Х	Х	X	X
Hartlepool	0	2	0	2
Herefordshire	3	1	0	4
Hertfordshire	34	16	14	64
Hillingdon	Х	Х	Х	X
Leicestershire	66	3	34	103
Lincolnshire	87	76	0	163
Medway	Х	Х	Х	X
Milton Keynes	Х	Х	Х	X
Norfolk	97	75	35	207
North Lincolnshire	0	3	0	3
North Somerset	4	9	0	13
North Yorkshire	Х	Х	Х	X
Nottinghamshire	7	15	0	22
Oxfordshire	2	27	6	35
Shropshire	Х	Х	Х	X
Somerset	23	10	8	41

Local authority	Equipped farm lets (n)	Bare land farm lets (n)	Agricultural license lets (n)	Total smallholdings lets (n)
South	X	Х	X	X
Gloucestershire				
Staffordshire	63	5	24	92
Suffolk	64	30	38	132
Surrey	34	12	11	57
Swindon	14	1	1	16
Warwickshire	46	24	70	140
West Berkshire	Х	Х	Х	Х
West Sussex	Х	Х	Х	Х
Wiltshire	31	15	27	73
Worcestershire	Х	Х	Х	Х
York	X	Х	Х	Х
TOTAL	1,055	552	351	1,958

1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').

Table 3: Rent due for smallholdings by smallholdings authorities as at 31 March 2022

Local authority	Rent due for equipped farms (£)	Rent due for bare land farms (£)	Rent due for agricultural licenses (£)	Total rent due for land let as smallholdings (£)
Bedford	x	X	X	X
Brighton & Hove	X	Х	X	X
Buckinghamshire	x	X	X	X
Cambridgeshire	4,107,000	604,000	0	4,711,000
Central Bedfordshire	Х	Х	X	Х
Cheshire East	673,000	0	37,700	710,700
Cheshire West and Chester	175,300	0	60,300	235,600
Cornwall	1,246,500	56,100	48,900	1,351,500
Cumbria	0	13,300	3,800	17,100
Devon	1,100,200	20,500	70,200	1,190,900
Dorset	649,200	27,000	32,400	708,600
Durham	0	0	0	0
East Riding of Yorkshire	382,500	341,400	100	724,000
Essex	8,500	2,800	X	11,300
Gloucestershire	x	X	X	X
Hampshire	X	Х	X	X
Hartlepool	0	31,700	0	31,700
Herefordshire	38,700	9,400	0	48,100
Hertfordshire	406,200	93,600	66,600	566,400
Hillingdon	x	X	X	X
Leicestershire	811,800	14,200	117,200	943,200
Lincolnshire	1,762,500	339,500	0	2,102,000
Medway	x	X	X	X
Milton Keynes	x	X	X	X
Norfolk	1,833,000	463,400	24,500	2,320,900
North	0	2,100	0	2,100
Lincolnshire			_	
North Somerset	34,100	10,900	0	45,000
North Yorkshire	Х	Х	Х	X
Nottinghamshire	61,200	86,200	0	147,400
Oxfordshire	5,100	48,200	5,300	58,600
Shropshire	X	X	X	X

Local authority	Rent due for equipped farms (£)	Rent due for bare land farms (£)	Rent due for agricultural licenses (£)	Total rent due for land let as smallholdings (£)
Somerset	175,500	172,800	12,500	360,800
South Gloucestershire	Х	Х	x	Х
Staffordshire	910,600	13,000	91,000	1,014,600
Suffolk	1,021,800	221,300	220,700	1,463,800
Surrey	X	X	X	X
Swindon	0	0	0	0
Warwickshire	710,800	73,100	783,900	1,567,800
West Berkshire	X	X	X	X
West Sussex	X	X	X	X
Wiltshire	426,400	X	X	426,400
Worcestershire	X	X	X	X
York	X	x	Х	X
TOTAL	16,539,900	2,644,500	1,575,100	20,759,500

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. All values are rounded to the nearest £100.
- 3. Rent due refers to what could be collected if every farm paid (see 'Glossary of terms' section for a definition of 'Rent from holdings operational account')

Table 4: Rent/hectare values for smallholdings farms, expressed in terms of the authority's farm business sector, as at 31 March 2022

Authority sector	Rent per hectare due for equipped farms (£/ha)	Rent per hectare due for bare land farms (£/ha)	Rent per hectare due for agricultural licenses (£/ha)	Total rent per hectare for land let as smallholdings (£/ha)
Arable	344	311	299	336
Dairy	342	87	250	322
Dairy/Stock Rearing	340	249	201	321
Horticulture	Х	X	Х	X
Mixed/General	325	378	412	359
Stock Rearing	319	145	1,060	166
ALL TENANCIES	341	303	312	333

- 1. For authorities that provided a business sector as well as complete rent and area data (i.e. 23 out of 43 authorities).
- 2. No authorities stated themselves as primarily Horticulture so no data are available (indicated by 'x')

Table 5: Total area acquired and disposed of by smallholdings authorities between April 2021 and March 2022

Local authority	Acquired - Newly acquired	Disposed - Sold / exchanged	Acquired - Formerly	Disposed - Leased land (ha)	Total land acquired	Total land
	(ha)	(ha)	leased (ha)	ianu (na)	(ha)	disposed (ha)
Bedford	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х
Brighton & Hove	X	Х	X	X	Х	X
Buckinghams hire	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X
Cambridgeshi re	96	0	0	0	96	0
Central Bedfordshire	Х	Х	X	X	Х	X
Cheshire East	0	1	0	0	0	1
Cheshire West and Chester	0	13	0	0	0	13
Cornwall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cumbria	0	8	0	0	0	8
Devon	7	8	0	0	7	8
Dorset	0	0	0	0	0	0
Durham	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Riding of Yorkshire	0	17	0	0	0	17
Essex	0	4	0	0	0	4
Gloucestershi re	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
Hampshire	X	X	X	X	X	Χ
Hartlepool	0	0	0	0	0	0
Herefordshire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hertfordshire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hillingdon	X	X	Х	X	X	Х
Leicestershir e	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lincolnshire	0	53	0	0	0	53
Medway	X	x	Х	Х	Х	Х
Milton Keynes	X	х	Х	Х	X	Х
Norfolk	0	13	0	0	0	13

Local authority	Acquired - Newly acquired (ha)	Disposed - Sold / exchanged (ha)	Acquired - Formerly leased (ha)	Disposed - Leased land (ha)	Total land acquired (ha)	Total land disposed (ha)
North Lincolnshire	0	36	0	0	0	36
North Somerset	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Yorkshire	Х	X	X	Х	Х	X
Nottinghamsh ire	0	12	0	0	0	12
Oxfordshire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shropshire	X	x	Х	X	X	Х
Somerset	0	10	0	0	0	10
South Gloucestershi re	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
Staffordshire	0	272	0	0	0	272
Suffolk	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surrey	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swindon	0	20	0	0	0	20
Warwickshire	0	8	0	0	0	8
West Berkshire	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X
West Sussex	X	x	Х	X	X	Х
Wiltshire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Worcestershir e	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	X
York	X	x	Х	X	X	Х
TOTAL	103	475	0	0	103	475

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. Total areas, comprising freehold (the number of hectares let as council farms/rural estates and owned by the authority) and leasehold (the number of hectares let as council farms/rural estates but not owned by the authority) areas.

Table 6: Number of smallholding tenancies granted for the first time or terminated by smallholdings authorities between April 2021 and March 2022

Local authority	Number of tenancies in 2022	Net change since 2021	Tenancies granted (n)	Tenancies ceased (n)
Bedford	X	Х	Х	X
Brighton & Hove	X	Х	Х	х
Buckinghamshire	X	X	Х	X
Cambridgeshire	183	9	7	2
Central Bedfordshire	Х	X	Х	х
Cheshire East	45	1	1	0
Cheshire West and Chester	17	-1	0	1
Cornwall	94	2	5	3
Cumbria	5	-1	0	1
Devon	73	-1	7	8
Dorset	48	0	2	2
Durham	15	0	0	0
East Riding of Yorkshire	91	5	10	5
Essex	3	-1	0	1
Gloucestershire	X	X	X	X
Hampshire	X	X	X	X
Hartlepool	2	0	0	0
Herefordshire	4	0	0	0
Hertfordshire	50	1	3	2
Hillingdon	X	X	X	X
Leicestershire	62	-2	0	2
Lincolnshire	163	-9	21	30
Medway	X	Х	X	X
Milton Keynes	X	Х	X	X
Norfolk	105	-3	6	9
North Lincolnshire	3	-1	0	1
North Somerset	13	0	0	0
North Yorkshire	X	Х	Х	Х
Nottinghamshire	22	-1	1	2
Oxfordshire	29	1	6	5
Shropshire	X	Х	Х	X
Somerset	31	-3	0	3

Local authority	Number of tenancies in 2022	Net change since 2021	Tenancies granted (n)	Tenancies ceased (n)
South Gloucestershire	Х	Х	х	Х
Staffordshire	67	-8	3	11
Suffolk	94	1	1	0
Surrey	44	0	1	1
Swindon	12	1	1	0
Warwickshire	82	-1	9	10
West Berkshire	X	Х	х	х
West Sussex	X	Х	X	Х
Wiltshire	39	1	1	0
Worcestershire	X	Х	х	х
York	X	Х	X	Х
TOTAL	1,396	-10	85	99

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. Equipped and bare land farms only.

Table 7: Specific details of smallholding tenancies granted and ended by smallholdings authorities between April 2021 and March 2022

Local authority	New tenants - equipped farms (n)	Internal promotion (n)	Transfer to other estates (n)	Leave estate for other opportunities (n)
Bedford	X	X	X	X
Brighton & Hove	x	x	x	X
Buckinghamshire	Х	x	x	Х
Cambridgeshire	7	0	1	0
Central Bedfordshire	Х	х	Х	Х
Cheshire East	1	0	0	0
Cheshire West and Chester	0	0	0	0
Cornwall	2	0	0	1
Cumbria	0	0	0	0
Devon	7	4	0	6
Dorset	1	1	0	0
Durham	0	0	0	0
East Riding of Yorkshire	3	4	0	0
Essex	0	0	0	0
Gloucestershire	X	x	x	X
Hampshire	X	x	x	X
Hartlepool	0	0	0	0
Herefordshire	0	0	0	0
Hertfordshire	2	0	0	0
Hillingdon	Х	X	x	X
Leicestershire	0	0	0	0
Lincolnshire	2	0	0	0
Medway	X	X	X	Х
Milton Keynes	X	X	X	Х
Norfolk	1	5	0	0
North Lincolnshire	0	0	0	0
North Somerset	0	0	0	0
North Yorkshire	X	X	X	X
Nottinghamshire	1	X	X	X
Oxfordshire	1	0	0	0
Shropshire	X	X	X	X
Somerset	0	0	0	0

Local authority	New tenants - equipped farms (n)	Internal promotion (n)	Transfer to other estates (n)	Leave estate for other opportunities (n)
South Gloucestershire	Х	Х	Х	Х
Staffordshire	2	1	X	2
Suffolk	1	0	0	0
Surrey	0	0	0	0
Swindon	0	0	0	0
Warwickshire	2	0	0	2
West Berkshire	Х	X	X	Х
West Sussex	Х	X	X	Х
Wiltshire	1	0	0	0
Worcestershire	Х	X	X	Х
York	X	X	X	Х
TOTAL	34	15	1	11

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. Equipped and bare land farms only.
- 3. 'New tenants' are lettings to first time entrants to the individual estate (i.e. those who have not previously occupied a smallholdings authority farm)

Table 8: Breakdown of the number of smallholding tenancies held between April 2021 and March 2022

Local authority	Lifetime (n)	Retirement (n)	Farm Business Tenancies	Secondary lettings (n)	Total lettings and
			(n)		tenancies
Dodford	v	V	v	v	(n)
Bedford	X	X	X	X	X
Brighton & Hove	X	X	X	X	X
Buckinghamshire	X 24	X 0	150	X 04	X 264
Cambridgeshire	31		152	81	264
Central Bedfordshire	Х	Х	Х	X	X
Cheshire East	16	11	18	2	47
Cheshire West and Chester	8	4	5	0	17
Cornwall	11	13	70	17	111
Cumbria	0	0	5	0	5
Devon	8	5	60	26	99
Dorset	4	4	40	8	56
Durham	0	0	0	0	0
East Riding of Yorkshire	18	15	58	31	122
Essex	0	0	3	x	3
Gloucestershire	X	X	x	x	x
Hampshire	X	X	x	x	x
Hartlepool	0	0	2	0	2
Herefordshire	0	1	3	1	5
Hertfordshire	9	4	37	14	64
Hillingdon	X	х	х	х	X
Leicestershire	8	13	41	21	83
Lincolnshire	47	17	99	0	163
Medway	X	х	х	х	X
Milton Keynes	Х	X	x	X	X
Norfolk	12	8	85	67	172
North Lincolnshire	2	0	1	0	3
North Somerset	1	0	12	0	13
North Yorkshire	Х	X	X	X	Х
Nottinghamshire	5	0	17	0	22
Oxfordshire	1	0	28	0	29

Local authority	Lifetime (n)	Retirement (n)	Farm Business Tenancies (n)	Secondary lettings (n)	Total lettings and tenancies (n)
Shropshire	X	x	x	x	x
Somerset	10	14	7	9	40
South Gloucestershire	Х	х	X	X	X
Staffordshire	7	5	55	18	85
Suffolk	26	12	56	30	124
Surrey	15	0	29	1	45
Swindon	1	0	11	3	15
Warwickshire	9	11	50	X	70
West Berkshire	Х	x	X	X	X
West Sussex	Х	X	X	X	X
Wiltshire	9	3	26	X	38
Worcestershire	Х	x	X	X	X
York	Х	x	x	X	X
TOTAL	258	140	970	329	1,697

- 1. Column totals ('TOTAL') are underestimations due to an absence of information (indicated by 'x').
- 2. Equipped and bare land farms only.

# Table 9: Revenue account for land held by smallholdings authorities between April 2021 and March 2022

**Table 9a: Operational acount income** 

Operational account - Income	£
Rent from holdings	19,958,200
Other rents	420,300
Other income	1,331,600
TOTAL	21,710,100

### Table 9b: Operational acount expenditure

Operational account - Expenditure	£
Repairs and maintenance	4,086,700
Rents, rates, annuities and water charges	780,000
Net tenant rights valuations	148,300
Estate management	2,197,800
Other expenditure	461,800
TOTAL	7,674,700

### Table 9c: Non-operational acount income

Non-operational account - Income	£
Indirect income	1,010,400
TOTAL	1,010,400

### Table 9d: Non-operational acount expenditure

Non-operational account - Expenditure	£
Central support costs	214,800
Other expenditure	2,712,000
TOTAL	2,926,800

### **Table 9e: Revenue account net surplus**

Revenue account net surplus	£
Operational account surplus	14,035,500
Non-operational account deficit	-1,916,400
NET SURPLUS	12,119,000

- 1. For authorities that provided complete financial information (i.e. 22 out of 43 authorities)
- 2. All values are rounded to the nearest £100.

### **Glossary of terms**

**Agricultural letting farms** - Farms possessing, for example, grazing licences, contract farming agreements, 364 day licences / agricultural lettings for less than one year, etc.

Bare land farms - Farms comprising land only, including short term lets.

**Equipped farms -** Farms with a farmhouse, farm buildings or both.

**Farm Business Tenancies** - These tenancies comprise all principal lettings entered into under the provisions of the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1995 and relating to the original term of the current letting.

**Lifetime tenancies -** These tenancies are for those lettings made prior to the Agricultural Holdings Act 1986.

**New tenants** - These tenancies are lettings to first time entrants to the individual estate, i.e. those who have not previously occupied a local authority farm.

**Number of smallholding lets -** This is equal to the number of equipped farm lets plus the number of bare land farm lets plus the number of agricultural lets.

**Number of smallholding tenancies** - These comprise equipped and bare land farms only. Joint tenancies are counted as a single entity. Where tenants occupy more than one farm they have only been counted once. Hence the total number of tenants may be less than the number of farms.

Rent due for land let as smallholdings (£) - Rent due refers to what would be expected to be collected if all farms/licenses are occupied and if every farm paid. This is equal to rent due for equipped farms plus rent due for bare land farms plus rent due for agricultural licence farms. Abatements, allowances, rent forgone and not collected are disregarded for these figures.

**Retirement tenancies** - These tenancies are for tenants that may be required to vacate holdings when they reach the age of 65 or prevailing retirement age, i.e. lettings made under the provisions of the Agricultural Holdings Act 1986, but before the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1995.

**Secondary lettings** - Secondary lettings describe additional land let as part of a Farm Business Tenancy to tenants of principal holdings, i.e. equipped or bare land holdings and managed as an integral part of principal holding.

**Total area acquired and disposed of by local authorities (hectares)** - This is comprised of freehold (the number of hectares let as council farms/rural estates and owned by the authority) and leasehold (the number of hectares let as council farms/rural estates but not owned by the authority) areas.

### Glossary of terms employed within the operational and nonoperational accounts

### **Operational account**

### Income

**Rent from holdings (£)** - This is net rent from land being farmed, including grazing licenses, after deductions of allowances, abatements and rent not collected. Only farm rents are included, including secondary lettings.

**Other rents (£)** -This is rent from cottage tenancies, commercial lettings, staff housing, wasteland, woodland, telecom sites, wind turbines and rent received from non-Farm Business Tenancies.

**Other income (£)** - This includes royalties, wayleaves, easements, shooting and fishing rights, licences to extract gravel, insurance claims, sales of timber, trees, produce, materials, farm equipment and vehicles, etc., other fees and charges etc. This also includes single farm payments or environmental initiatives paid direct to the estate. This does not include contributions by tenants towards revenue improvements, repairs to equipment, rates, water charges etc.

### Expenditure

**Repairs and maintenance (£)** - This includes revenue expenditure on repairs and maintenance of houses, buildings, drainage and ditching work. This is net of any amounts recovered from tenants but excludes grant-aided schemes of a capital nature. This also includes corporately funded property initiatives, e.g. asbestos, electrical tests and inspections, structural and tree surveys, as well as Legionnaires' disease testing. This also includes the cost of associated manual labour forces, plants and materials.

**Rents, rates, annuities and water charges (£) -** This includes rents, rates, utility charges (e.g. water, electricity), tithes and perpetual annuities, net of recovery of rates and water charges.

**Net tenant right valuations (£)** - This includes expenditure paid by the landlord to an outgoing tenant, less income received from an incoming tenant for tenant right valuations and dilapidations. This also includes any milk quota compensation payments charged to revenue. This excludes capital payments for equipment/buildings.

**Estate management (£)** - This includes professional (e.g. surveyors), administrative and clerical support employee costs, office accommodation charges, including expenditure on repairs and maintenance, transport costs, other sundry expenses, etc. as well as any other ad-hoc specialist advice (e.g. payments to consultants). Employee costs include salaries, national insurance, training, pension, removal and resettlement costs, conference expenses, etc. This also includes the net cost (e.g. client/commissioning costs) of contracting out estate management functions.

**Other expenditure (£)** - This includes the cost of cleaning materials, fire and farm buildings insurance, furniture and fittings, equipment, tools and materials, transport and moveable plant, vehicles and vehicle running costs, etc.

### Non-operational account

**Indirect income (£)** - This includes revenue grants, interest received and other non-operational income. This also includes publication sales, recovery of fees and charges, etc.

**Central support costs (£)** - This includes charges received from other departments within the estate not identified within the Estate Management section, e.g. legal/secretariat, financial (including audit), valuation (excluding corporate disposals), personnel and IT service costs.

**Other expenditure (£)** - This includes subscriptions, external audit fees, stamp duty, external legal and professional fees, etc.

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