

Guidance notes on part B1 – Standard facilities permit



Please read these guidance notes carefully before you fill in the form.

This guidance will help you complete part B1 of the application form pack.

Where you see the term 'document reference' on the form, give the document references and send the documents with the application form when you've completed it.

If you submit documents that are not required, please note that they are not assessed.

Please be aware that the numbering may not run concurrently due to some guidance being self-explanatory for example 3a, 3b have guidance and 3c and 3d have no guidance.

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1 About the permit

1a Discussions before your application

If you have already discussed this application with us, either tell us the permit reference number or give details in a separate document and tell us its document reference number.

For further information on pre-application advice see <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/get-advice-before-you-apply-for-an-environmental-permit>

1b Is the permit for a site or for mobile plant?

Mobile plant

If you are applying for a permit for a mobile plant, please discuss it with us before filling in this form.

Ensure you follow the directions to the next question you must fill in.

You should look on our website for guidance and the deployment form that you need to fill in each time the mobile plant is deployed for use. Please follow the relevant link below:

- For SR2008 No 7: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/deployment-form-for-land-and-groundwater-remediation>

- For SR2010 No 4, No 5 and No 6: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/landspreading-apply-to-deploy-mobile-plant>
- For SR2010 No 11: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/sr2010-number-11>

2 About the site

2a What is the site name, address, postcode and national grid reference?

This section does not apply to mobile plant applications. The 'site' means all the land the facility occupies. Give the site name and address.

Grid reference

Provide the 12-digit Ordnance Survey national grid reference for the centre of the site; for example, ST 12345 67890.

For discharges to surface water standard rules only, provide the 12-digit Ordnance Survey national grid reference for the discharge point. This is the location where the effluent is discharged to the receiving surface water.

There are a number of online resources available that can help you find the grid reference. For example, go to the Ordnance Survey website at <https://explore.osmaps.com/>, locate and right click on the centre of the site.

3 About this application

3a Standard facilities

We have produced sets of standard rules and have made an assessment of the risk from each of them which you can find at <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/standard-rules-environmental-permitting>. Look at the rules and generic risk assessment to make sure that your proposals can meet the rules and fit within the risk assessment.

Note: waste exemptions are changing, which will mean that exemptions registered at sites operating under an environmental permit, or where there is a direct link will be invalid. Defra's [consultation supplementary response document](#) and associated [annexes](#) explain these changes. Changes to waste exemptions are likely to take place during 2024 and continue into 2025 but timescales have not been finalised yet.

Applying for more than one standard rules set, or on the same site as a bespoke permit

A standard rules permit is an option where the environmental risks from a specific discrete activity are known. Where multiple interconnected activities take place the risks increase, meaning the generic risk assessments no longer apply. This means that a standard rules permit is no longer appropriate.

If you want to have a permit with more than one standard rules set, or on the same site as a bespoke permit, the activities must:

- be discrete and self-contained
- be operated with no shared pollution prevention infrastructure including fire quarantine areas
- have no cross contamination or mixing of wastes and no transfer of waste between activities
- not take place on an installation where aggregated capacities are applicable (see [Regulatory Guidance Series, No RGN 2 "Understanding the meaning of regulated facility"](#))

If you want to carry out multiple activities on the same site which are interconnected, you need to apply for a bespoke permit, or vary your existing bespoke permit.

We may need to ask for more information from you to demonstrate how the activities are kept discrete and self-contained unless the activities are clearly distinct from one another.

An exception to the above is standard rule sets SR2015 No1 (management of extractive waste from onshore oil and gas prospecting activities) and SR2014 No4 (NORM waste from oil and gas production) where the risks from the interconnected activities have been considered together.

Table 1

Tick the relevant box(es) in table 1 of the application to show which standard rules you are applying for.

The table contains a list of standard rules available when the form was published. To apply for standard rules that have since become available, complete the details in a blank row at the end of the table. To check the current availability of rule sets see <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/standard-rules-environmental-permitting>.

3b Mining waste operation

If you are applying for a standard permit for a mining waste operation (SR 2009 No 8) you also need to complete the waste management plan checklist in appendix 2 of the Part B1 application form.

3d Deposit for recovery purposes (SR2015 No 39)

If you are applying for a waste recovery activity involving the permanent deposit of waste on land for construction, reclamation, restoration or improvement of land you must answer this question.

Before applying for a permit to deposit waste on land you should refer to the guidance (see <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/deposit-for-recovery-operators-environmental-permits/waste-recovery-plans-and-deposit-for-recovery-permits>) to decide whether the proposed activity is likely to be viewed by us as recovery or disposal.

Pre-application waste recovery plan assessment

It is very much in your interests to agree with us that your proposal is waste recovery before applying for a recovery permit. You can prepare your case and present it to us in a waste recovery plan before you submit your permit application. We will try to advise you whether we think your proposal is recovery or disposal within 14 days from receiving the information. We will contact you if our advice is likely to take significantly longer and advise you when a response will be provided.

Submit your waste recovery plan to psc@environment-agency.gov.uk with a covering letter that identifies it as a pre-application stage waste recovery plan for assessment and includes:

- contact name
- contact phone number
- contact email
- site address
- pre-application reference numbers (if obtained)

When you are aware of our advice, you will be able to apply for the appropriate permit. We will check your application against any pre-application advice that we gave you. We may refuse the application if we disagree with the application made. You have a statutory right of appeal of this decision to the Planning Inspectorate.

When you apply you must provide us with a copy of your waste recovery plan that complies with the guidance, highlighting any changes made since pre-application discussions. Please tell us the reference number you have given the document.

Please note that there is a separate charge for the waste recovery assessment that must be submitted with the waste recovery plan at the pre-application stage or as part of the application. For the charge see 'Environmental Permitting Charging Scheme and Guidance' at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/environmental-permitting-charges-guidance/environmental-permitting-charges-guidance>.

If you submit an application and have made changes to your proposal since the pre-application assessment, an additional assessment charge will be required to re-assess the revised waste recovery plan.

For further guidance on deposit for recovery please see our website at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/deposit-for-recovery-operators-environmental-permits>.

3e Discharges to surface water (SR2010 Nos 2 or 3)

Give a date when you want the permit for the effluent discharge to start.

You cannot discharge your effluent prior to this start date on your permit unless you contact us and ask to change (bring forward) your start date. Charges will start on this date even if you have not started to discharge unless you contact us to change (delay) the start date. Please use the Administrative Variation application form (C0.5) for this. We recommend that you do not apply more than 12 weeks ahead of when the permit is needed unless you accept payment of these charges before the discharge date.

We recommend that you contact us before submitting your application to check that you can meet the nature conservation risk criteria. You can do this by using our pre-application service at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/get-advice-before-you-apply-for-an-environmental-permit>

SR2010 No 3

If you are applying for standard rules SR2010 No 3 you should calculate the maximum daily discharge volume to ensure it is within the volume permitted by the rule set (i.e. between 5 and 20 m³ per day). Use 'Flows and Loads 4 – Sizing Criteria, Treatment Capacity for Sewage Treatment Systems (Package Plants)' published by British Water (ISBN: 978-1-903481-10-3) and available at <https://www.britishwater.co.uk/page/Publications> to calculate the maximum daily discharge volume.

3f Low impact installations

This applies to lower-risk installation activities only. If this is not applicable, answer 'no' and go straight to question 4 on the application form.

Otherwise, read the low-impact installation guidance in appendix 1 of these guidance notes to check that your installation fit the criteria. You must tell us how you meet the criteria in a separate document and submit it in response to question 3h of the application form.

You must complete the low-impact installation checklist in appendix 1 of the application form and tick the box to confirm it has been filled in.

3g Small metal recycling facilities (SR2021 No 11) and vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facilities (SR 2021 No 12)

If you are applying for standard rules SR2021 No 11 or SR2021 No 12 you will need to send the three plans referenced in Schedule 2 of the relevant rule set. Details on what to include in your site plans can be found by following the below links:

[SR2021 No 11: Small metal recycling facility – guidance for schedule 2 site plans and maps](#)

[SR2021 No 12: Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling \(authorised treatment\) facility – guidance for schedule 2 site plans and maps](#)

These plans are in addition to the site plan(s) that need to be provided in accordance with question 4a

4 General information

Section 4 is not applicable for mobile plant permit applications.

4a Provide a plan or plans for the site

You must send us a site plan that identifies all of the land on which your activities will take place. The site plan should provide a date and a reference and must be drawn accurately to a defined scale.

The outline of the site must be clearly marked. It will be helpful if local features are shown on the plan to help us place the site in its local environment.

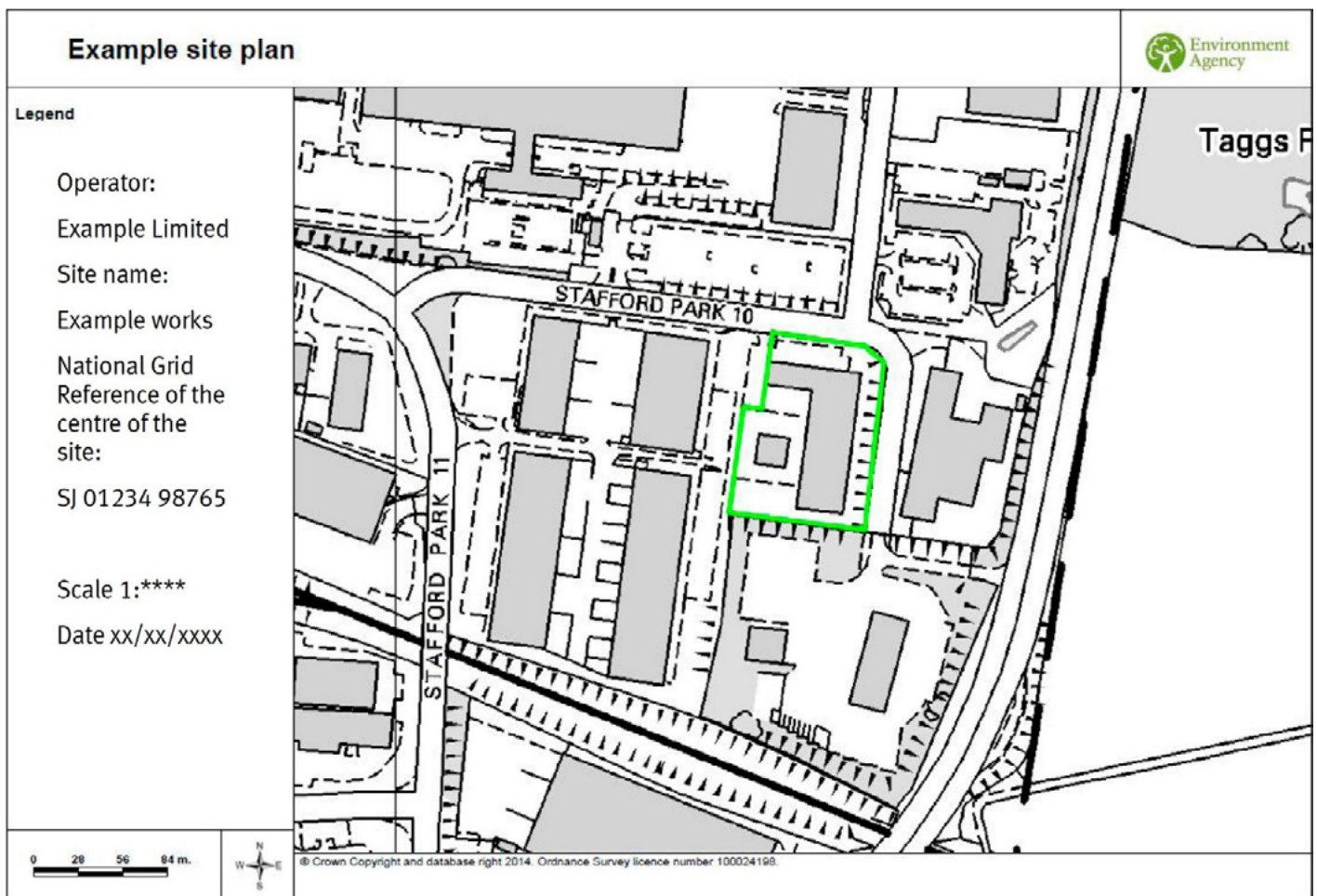
If you are applying for more than one standard rules set you will need to outline the area each activity takes place and annotate the plan to make it clear which rule set will take place in which area.

If you are applying for a permit for a site based standard facility, there will be specific restrictions within the standard rules on where the permitted activities can be carried out, such as proximity to nature conservation sites or residential properties and workplaces. We will treat the site boundary as the boundary of the activities unless there is a defined area within this on the site plan which clearly shows where the permitted activities are to take place. This may be important to you if your proposed activities only occupy a small portion of a larger site.

For water discharge activity standard permits your site plan must show:

- the sewage treatment plant
- the sample point
- the point where the effluent is discharged to the receiving surface watercourse (the discharge point).

If you are sending us a paper copy of your site plan it must be either A3 or A4 size. Alternatively, you can send us an electronic copy. For both formats, the plan must be legible at A4 size, drawn to scale and include a scale bar. An example of a suitable plan is given below.



Copyright issue

Please note that some plans and maps will have copyright issues. Unless you are using your own maps or plans or have paid for the copyright (for example with Ordnance Survey) you may not have the right to reproduce the map or plan.

4b Provide the relevant sections of a site condition report if this applies

For installations standard rules permits you must provide us with a site condition report.

If you are applying for a standard permit for an IED installation (SR2012 Nos 4, 8, 9, 11 and 13), tick the box to confirm that you have sent in a baseline report.

To surrender the permit you will need to be able to show that the site has been returned to a satisfactory state. In order to achieve this you must produce a Site Condition Record (SCR), which describes the condition of the site. It should identify any substance in, on or under the land that may constitute a pollution risk. The first part of this will be created at the permit application stage and it will then be updated and added to throughout the life of the permit. The SCR would then be completed and submitted in support of an application to surrender.

You must provide us with a Site Condition Report with sections 1 to 3 completed with your application. You must also send us a detailed site plan (or plans) showing:

- site location, the area covered by the site condition record, and the location and nature of the activities and/or waste facilities on the site
- locations of receptors, sources of emissions/releases, and monitoring points
- site drainage

- site surfacing

See <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/environmental-permitting-h5-site-condition-report> for further information.

For waste standard rules permits it is recommended that you produce a site report, i.e. a desktop assessment as the first part of the SCR, before you start activities.

4c Provide a fire prevention plan if the standard rule set you are applying for requires one

Table 2 – Relevant standard rule sets for a standard facilities permit

Standard rule description	Capacity limit summary (see individual standard rule set for details of capacity and other limits)	Standard rule set reference
Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facility	Total quantity of waste less than 25,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 13
Vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facility	Total quantity of waste less than 2,500 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 17
Metal recycling, vehicle storage, depollution and dismantling (authorised treatment) facility	Less than 25,000 tonnes a year of waste metal and less than 5,000 tonnes a year of waste motor vehicles	SR2015 No 18
Metal recycling and WEEE authorised treatment facility excluding ozone depleting substances	Total quantity of waste less than 75,000 tonnes a year, (of which the total quantity of WEEE is less than 25,000 tonnes and total quantity of batteries is less than 5,000 tonnes a year)	SR2015 No 3
Metal recycling site	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 14
WEEE authorised treatment facility (ATF) excluding ozone-depleting substances	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 25,000 tonnes a year, (of which the total quantity of batteries is less than 5,000 tonnes a year)	SR2015 No 15
Metal recycling site	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 25,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 16
Materials recycling facility	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 21_75kte
Treatment of waste wood for recovery	Total quantity of waste accepted no more than 5,000 tonnes in any one year	SR2015 No 23
Use of waste to manufacture timber or construction products	Total quantity of waste accepted no more than 75,000 tonnes in any one year	SR2015 No 24
Storage and mechanical treatment of end-of-life tyres for recovery	No more than 5,000 tonnes of end-of-life tyres each year No more than 100 tonnes of end-of-life tyres stored at any one time	SR2021 No 13

Standard rule description	Capacity limit summary (see individual standard rule set for details of capacity and other limits)	Standard rule set reference
Storage and mechanical treatment of waste mattresses for recovery	No more than 4,000 tonnes of waste mattresses each year No more than 80 tonnes or 2,500 mattresses (whichever is least) stored at any one time No more than 180 tonnes of the dismantled parts from mattresses stored at any one time	SR2021 No 14
Storage and mechanical treatment of waste paper, cardboard and plastic for recovery	No more than 120,000 tonnes of waste each year No more than 2,400 tonnes of waste at any one time	SR2021 No 15
Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 4_75kte
Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station (no building)	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 5,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 5
Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station with treatment	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 5,000 tonnes a year	SR2015 No 6_75kte
Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station & asbestos storage	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year Other capacity limits apply (see standard rule set)	SR2015 No 8_75kte
Household, commercial and industrial waste transfer station with treatment & asbestos storage	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year Other capacity limits apply (see standard rule set)	SR2015 No 10_75kte
Non-hazardous household waste amenity site	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year Other capacity limits apply (see standard rule set)	SR2015 No 19_75kte
Non-hazardous & hazardous household waste amenity site	Total quantity of waste accepted less than 75,000 tonnes a year Other capacity limits apply (see standard rule set)	SR2015 No 20_75kte

Send us a copy of your fire prevention plan that complies with the Fire Prevention Plan Guidance. This can be found on our website at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/fire-prevention-plans-environmental-permits>.

You need to follow this guidance if your permit says you must have a fire prevention plan or if you need to submit one as part of your permit application.

If you wish to have pre-application advice please see <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/environmental-permit-pre-application-advice-form>.

5 Your ability as an operator

When determining your application, we must consider whether you will be a competent operator. We look at your technical ability and whether you have been convicted of a relevant offence. We also check to see if you have been declared bankrupt or insolvent and can check your financial standing by way of a credit check. We also check that you have a management system.

Applies to all except standalone surface water discharges activities

5a Relevant offences

Relevant people

Relevant people for these checks mean each applicant, and in the case of a company, a director, manager, company secretary or any similar officer or employee. In the case of a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP), it includes any partner. It also includes any person who has held a position in a company or LLP when it was convicted of a relevant offence.

Relevant offences

You must tell us if any of the relevant people or the company itself in your application have been convicted of a relevant offence. A list of relevant offences can be found on our website at: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relevant-conviction-guidance-for-permit-applications-for-waste-activities-and-installations-only>.

If any of the relevant people in your application have been convicted of an offence you must look at our relevant offences guidance. This will help you complete this section and any extra information about the offence that you feel we should take into account.

5b Technical ability

We need to be satisfied that you will have sufficient technical ability to operate your facility. Your management system should include information about how you will assess, develop and maintain technical ability.

If your proposed mining waste operations include mining waste facilities, you must demonstrate that you have appropriate technical management in place and that your management system will provide the necessary staff training and development. This is not applicable for mining waste facilities for inert wastes or unpolluted soils, such as facilities meeting standard rules SR2009 No 8.

Relevant waste operations

If you are applying for a permit to carry out 'relevant waste operations' you must demonstrate technical competence. 'Relevant waste operations' are one or both of the following:

- a waste operation (not carried on at an installation or by means of a Part B mobile plant)
- a specified waste management activity (certain installations carrying out waste management activities)

For further details see [The Environmental Protection \(Miscellaneous Amendments\) \(England and Wales\) Regulations 2018](#)

To do this you must comply with one of the government-approved technical competence schemes. You will not need to supply evidence that you have a relevant qualification if you are applying to operate SR 2009 No 4 'Combustion of biogas in new Medium Combustion Plant engines at a sewage treatment works'.

The two schemes currently approved are:

- Chartered Institute of Wastes Management (WAMITAB) scheme: <https://ciwmquals.co.uk/competence/> (for more information email either education@ciwm.co.uk or info.admin@wamitab.org.uk) or
- Environmental Services Association/Energy and Utility Skills (ESA/EU skills) scheme: <https://www.euskills.co.uk/about/our-industries/waste-management/competence-management-system/> (for more information email enquiries@euskills.co.uk).

If you are applying for more than one standard rules set and relying on the CIWM/WAMITAB scheme you will need the relevant qualification for each of the standard rules.

You will also need to give us details of each person who will provide technical management at your facility once the site is operational under your permit. You need to provide these details before we issue your permit.

Under the CIWM/WAMITAB scheme your technically competent manager has four weeks from the permitted activities starting to gain the necessary qualification. This applies to new permits only. You must provide evidence that they have booked or registered for that qualification with your application. In addition, a period of grace is also provided for activities in the medium and high-risk tier of the CIWM/ WAMITAB scheme except for landfill. This applies only to new permit applications and allows up to 12 months to achieve the required qualification provided certain criteria are met.

The ESA/EU skills scheme also provides a similar grace period for non-landfill activities.

If you wish to benefit from this you must include with your application the evidence that you have registered with one of the schemes as specified below.

For the ESA/EU Skills scheme this is evidence that you have a contract with an approved certification body.

For the CIWM/WAMITAB scheme you must provide evidence of your technically competent manager's registration with WAMITAB for the relevant qualification along with evidence of their EPOC booking, where relevant. They must then gain the four specified units of that qualification or an Environmental Permit Operator's Certificate (EPOC) within four weeks of starting the permitted activities. You must still include the details of the individuals concerned as requested in the form.

5c Finances (installations, waste operations and mining waste operations only)

You will need to provide details of any insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings against the applicant or any relevant person, or any company in which you or they were a relevant person.

We may also want to contact a credit reference agency to verify your financial standing. You are giving your consent to this check by completing and submitting the application form.

Please note that if you knowingly or carelessly make a statement that is false or misleading to help you get an environmental permit (for yourself or anyone else), you may be committing an offence under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

5d Management systems (all)

You must have an effective, written management system in place by the time the permit is issued that identifies and reduces the risk of pollution. You may show this by using a certified scheme or your own system.

Your permit requires you (as the operator) to ensure that you manage and operate your activities in accordance with a written management system.

For waste and installation permits only: your management system must also explain your resilience to climate change. For more information please follow the link [Climate change: risk assessment and adaptation planning in your management system](#).

You can find guidance on management systems at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/develop-a-management-system-environmental-permits>.

6 How to contact us

If you need help filling in this form, please contact the person who sent it to you or contact us as shown below.

General enquiries: 03708 506 506 (Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm) Textphone: 03702 422 549 (Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm)

Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk

Website: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/environment-agency

Appendix 1 – Low impact installation checklist

If you completed question 3f, low impact installations, you must also complete this checklist.

Guidance for applicants on low impact installations

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) requires us to permit all installations regardless of their potential for environmental harm.

Consequently, we have developed the Low Impact Installation (LII) approach. If the criteria for LII are met, then a simpler permitting approach is adopted but all other aspects of the Environmental Permitting Regulations (EPR) still apply. A LII standard rules permit can be applied for if the activities meet both the LII and relevant rules set criteria. LII sites are expected to require minimal regulatory effort by our staff.

For standard rules permits, such reduction in regulatory effort is reflected in lower subsistence charges for operators. The criteria for qualification as low impact remain deliberately demanding, as they are not designed to circumvent the purposes of the IED Directive or the EP Regulations that implement them.

We do not consider the following waste activities under Schedule 1 of the Environmental Permitting Regulations to be eligible for the low impact approach:

- Section 5.1 – Incineration and co-incineration of waste
- Section 5.2 – Disposal of waste by landfill
- Section 5.3 – Disposal or recovery of hazardous waste, (except for standard rules SR2012 No 13 for the treatment of incinerator bottom ash)
- Section 5.4 – Disposal, recovery or a mix of disposal and recovery of non-hazardous waste (except for standard rules SR2009 No 2 for the regeneration of ion exchange resins)
- Section 5.6 – Temporary or underground storage of hazardous waste

Requirements on the operator

If you are able to comply with this guidance you may pay the lower subsistence charge, as set out in our charges scheme. You must first demonstrate through your permit application that your installation can only have a low impact on the environment. We will check that the application is duly made and meets the low impact criteria set out in this guidance. If we do not agree that the installation meets these criteria, we will not proceed to determine the application. Your application will be returned and you will be advised to submit a full application for a bespoke permit.

Your response to question 3h of the application form must show in sufficient detail that your installation meets each of the criteria set out below.

The permit that we issue to an operator of a LII will contain a rule set that meet the requirements of the Environmental Permitting Regulations. The permit will also aim to ensure that an installation is operated in such a way that all appropriate measures are taken to avoid pollution, in particular through the application of best available techniques (BAT) and achieving a high level of protection of the environment as a whole. The operator will be required to report each year that the installation is operating within the low impact criteria.

Determination of low impact installations

We will determine what constitutes a low impact installation according to the principles set out below. You must demonstrate to our satisfaction that such is the nature of the installation, there is no reasonable likelihood that you will fail to meet any of these criteria.

- A. Management techniques:** All of the criteria described below must be met without having to rely on significant management effort. In other words, the installation intrinsically must have only a low environmental impact, including under start up, shut down, or abnormal operating conditions.
- B. Waste water:** The installation must not release more than 50 m³ per day of waste water from process activities conducted at the installation. No account need be taken of the volume of water exported from the installation as product. Characterise and quantify any aqueous effluents released from the installation on a daily basis and provide justification that the installation releases no more than 50 m³ per day.
- C. Abatement systems/releases to air:** The installation must comply with the criteria in this guidance without having to rely on active abatement for releases to the environment outside of any buildings. Releases must not be dependent on continuing or correct operation of equipment, where failure of active pollution prevention systems could result in an unacceptable external release. For example, if the installation depends on active abatement in the form of scrubbers, filters or electrostatic precipitators to achieve the releases to the environment set out in this guidance, it is unlikely that it can be treated as having only a low potential for impact. However, abatement systems installed solely for the protection of workers (where abatement is not to attenuate external environmental releases) need not be included in this assessment.
- D. Emissions to groundwater:** There must be no planned or fugitive emission from the permitted installation into the ground, or any soakaway. This does not preclude the discharge of clean rain water run-off into soakaways.
- E. Waste production:** The installation must not produce more than one tonne of waste or 10 kg of hazardous waste per day, averaged over a year, with not more than 20 tonnes of waste or 200 kg of hazardous waste being produced in any one day.
- F. Energy consumption:** The installation must not consume energy at a rate greater than 3 MW or, if the installation uses a combined heat and power installation to supply any internal process heat, 10 MW. These limits apply to the sum of energy imported as electricity and produced on site through the combustion of fuels.
- G. Accident prevention:** You must have in place satisfactory containment measures to prevent fugitive emissions to surface water, sewer or land and ensure that these are adequately maintained at all times. This requirement applies to all substances present on site and in any quantity.
- H. Noise:** There must be only a low potential for causing offence due to noise. An installation will not be considered as a low impact installation if it may give rise to noise noticeable outside the installation boundary. This requires the exercise of judgement, taking account of any history of noise complaint arising from the installation and consideration of the likely offsite noise levels and

proximity of sensitive receptors. Describe the main sources of noise from the installation; the nearest noise sensitive locations; any relevant noise measurement surveys which have been undertaken and the proposed techniques and measures for the control of noise. Provide justification that there is only a low potential for offence due to noise.

- I. **Emissions of polluting substances:** Justify that there will be no likelihood of a release to the environment of any particular substance from the whole installation at a rate greater than that determined as insignificant as set out in our guidance note (see <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/control-and-monitor-emissions-for-your-environmental-permit>).

Describe the nature, quantities and sources of foreseeable emissions from the installation.

- J. **Odour:** There must be only a low potential for giving offence due to odour. An installation will not be considered as a low impact installation if it may give rise to an offensive smell noticeable outside the installation boundary. This requires the exercise of judgement, taking account of any history of odour complaint from the installation and whether this class of activity is known by experience to give rise to smells. A significant possibility or actual history of excursions or fugitive emissions, for example from stored materials, would suggest that the installation could not be treated as having a low impact. Provide details of potential sources of odour from the installation, for example from stored materials, and justify that there is only a low potential for offence due to odour.

- K. **Compliance history:** If any of the following enforcement actions have taken place at the same installation under the same management (and where appropriate, have not been overturned on appeal), then it will not normally be considered further as a low impact installation:

- prosecution*
- formal caution*
- suspension notice*
- enforcement notice relating to an actual or potential environment incident*

* (All under EPR or the equivalent under previous environmental regimes)

Appendix 2 – Waste management plan checklist for standard permit applications for mining waste operations

Complete the checklist and refer to the technical guidance note for mining waste operations at <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mining-waste-operations-epr-614-additional-guidance>