(*Regulation 1(4) and Column 3 to Schedule 1 in the Customs Tariff (Preferential Trade Arrangements) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020*)

**Origin Reference Document implementing the Interim Trade Partnership Agreement between the Republic of Ghana, of the one part, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, of the other part, signed on 2nd March 2021 ("the Ghana Origin Reference Document")**

**Version 1.2, dated 16th June 2023**

**Overview:**

1. This document is the relevant origin reference document referred to in column 3 of the table in Schedule 1 of the Customs Tariff (Preferential Trade Arrangements) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (“the Regulations”) for the Interim Trade Partnership Agreement between the Republic of Ghana, of the one part, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, of the other part, signed on 2nd March 2021 (“the United Kingdom–Ghana Agreement”).
2. This document takes effect from 19 June 2023 the date on which the Developing Countries Trading Scheme replaces the Generalised Scheme of Preferences.

**TITLE I**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Definitions

* 1. For the purpose of this Origin Reference Document:
		1. "manufacture" means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
		2. "material" means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
		3. "product" means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
		4. "goods" means both materials and products;
		5. "customs value" means the value as determined in accordance with the WTO Customs Valuation Agreement;
		6. "ex-works price" means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in the UK or Ghana in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes paid which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
		7. "value of materials" means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the UK or Ghana;
		8. "value of originating materials" means the customs value at the time of importation of the originating materials used, or if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the United Kingdom or Ghana;
		9. "added value" means the ex-works price minus the customs value of third country materials imported into the UK, the ACP States having a preferential trading arrangement with the UK, or the OCTs; if the customs value is not known or cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for the materials in the UK or Ghana is taken into account;
		10. "chapters" and "headings" mean the chapters (two-digit codes) and the headings (four-digit codes) used in HS 2012 and references to sub-headings (six-digit commodity codes) are to be interpreted in accordance with HS 2012;
		11. "classified" refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading;
		12. "consignment" means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;
		13. "territories" means territories, including territorial waters;
		14. "OCTs" means the overseas countries and territories as defined in Annex VIII to this Origin Reference Document;
		15. "Committee" means the Special Committee on Customs and Trade Facilitation as referred to in Article 44 of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement;
		16. "the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement" means the Interim Trade Partnership Agreement between the Republic of Ghana, of the one part, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, of the other part, signed on 2nd March 2021 and referred to in Schedule 1, Column 1 of the Customs Tariff (Preferential Trade Arrangements) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.
		17. "HS 2012" means the Nomenclature established under the International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, amended as at January 2012;
		18. "Parties" means the parties to the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement, each a 'Party';
		19. "Tariff of the United Kingdom" means the document referred to in regulation 1(2) of the Customs Tariff (Establishment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020; and
		20. “ACP States” means members of the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) Group of States.

**TITLE II**

**DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF "ORIGINATING PRODUCTS"**

1. General conditions
	1. For the purposes of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement the following products shall be considered as originating in the UK:
		1. products wholly obtained in the UK within the meaning of Article 3 of this Origin Reference Document;
		2. products obtained in the UK incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the UK within the meaning of Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document.
	2. For the purposes of this the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement the following products shall be considered as originating in Ghana:
		1. products wholly obtained in Ghana within the meaning of Article 3 of this Origin Reference Document;
		2. products obtained in Ghana incorporating materials which have not been wholly obtained there, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in Ghana within the meaning of Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document.
2. Wholly obtained products
	1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in Ghana or the UK:
		1. live animals born and raised there;
		2. mineral products extracted from its soil or from its seabed or ocean floor;
		3. vegetable products harvested there;
		4. products from live animals raised there;
		5. products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
			1. products of aquaculture, including mariculture, where the animals are raised there from eggs, spawning, larvae or fry;
		6. products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea outside the territorial waters of the UK or of Ghana by their vessels;
		7. products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in point (f);
		8. used articles fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
		9. waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
		10. products extracted from marine soil or subsoil outside their territorial waters provided that they have sole rights to work that soil or subsoil;
		11. goods produced exclusively from the products specified in points (a) to (j).
	2. The terms "their vessels" and "their factory ships" in points (f) and (g) of paragraph 1 of this Article shall apply only to vessels and factory ships:
		1. which are registered or recorded in the UK or Ghana; and
		2. which fly the flag of the UK or Ghana; and
		3. which meet one of the following conditions:
			1. they are at least 50 % owned by nationals of the UK, a Member State of the European Union and/or of Ghana; or
			2. they are owned by companies:

— which have their head office and their main place of business in one of the UK, a Member State of the European Union or in Ghana, and

— which are at least 50 % owned by one or more of the UK, one or more Member States of the European Union and/or Ghana or by public entities or nationals of one or more of these States.

* 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article, upon request of Ghana, vessels chartered or leased by Ghana shall be treated as "their vessels" to undertake fisheries activities in its exclusive economic zone provided that an offer has been made beforehand to the economic operators of the UK and that the implementing arrangements established beforehand by the Committee are adhered to. The Committee shall ensure that the conditions laid down in this paragraph are respected.
	2. The conditions referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article may be met in Ghana and the States that come under different agreements with which cumulation is applicable. In these cases, the products shall be considered to originate from the Flag State.
1. Sufficiently worked or processed products
	1. For the purposes of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document, products which are not wholly obtained are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Annex II to this Origin Reference Document are fulfilled.
	2. For the purposes of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document and notwithstanding paragraph 1 of this Article, the products which are listed in Annex II‐A to this Origin Reference Document can be considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in that Annex are fulfilled. Annex II‐A to this Origin Reference Document shall apply only to exports from Ghana and for a period of five (5) years from the date of entry into force of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement.
	3. The conditions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article indicate, for all products covered by the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement, the working or processing which must be carried out on non‐originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. It follows that if a product which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in one of the lists is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non‐originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.
	4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, non‐originating materials which, in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex II and Annex II‐A to this Origin Reference Document should not be used in the manufacture of a given product may nevertheless be used, provided that:
		1. their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product;
		2. none of the percentages given in the list for the maximum value of non‐originating materials are exceeded through the application of this paragraph.
	5. The provisions of paragraph 4 of this Article shall not apply to products of Chapters 50 to 63 of HS 2012.
	6. Paragraphs 1 to 5 of this Article shall apply subject to the provisions of Article 5 of this Origin Reference Document.
2. Insufficient working or processing operations
	1. The following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document are satisfied:
		1. preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
		2. simple operations consisting of the removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making‐up of sets of articles), washing, cleaning, painting, polishing, cutting up;
		3. removal of oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
		4. changes of packaging and breaking up and assembly of packages;
			1. simple placing in bottles, flasks, cans, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple packaging operations;
		5. affixing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
		6. simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds; mixing of sugar with any material;
		7. simple assembly of parts to constitute a complete product;
		8. simple disassembly of products into parts;
		9. ironing or pressing of textiles;
		10. husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing, and glazing of cereals and rice;
		11. operations to colour or flavour sugar or form sugar lumps; partial or total milling of crystal sugar;
		12. peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables;
		13. sharpening, simple grinding or simple cutting;
		14. a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (m);
		15. slaughter of animals.
	2. All operations carried out either in the UK or in Ghana on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1 of this Article.
3. Working or processing of materials whose import into the UK is free of duty
	1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document, non-originating materials which at importation into the UK are free of customs duties by means of application of the Tariff of the United Kingdom shall be considered as materials originating in Ghana when incorporated into a product obtained there, provided that they have undergone working or processing there which goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document.
	2. Movement certificates EUR.1 (in Box 7) or origin declarations issued by application of paragraph 1 of this Article shall bear the following entry:

"Application of Article 6(1) of Protocol No. 1 to the Ghana-UK TPA".

* 1. The UK shall notify yearly to the Committee the list of materials to which the provisions of this Article shall apply. Upon notification, the list shall be published by the UK and by Ghana in accordance with their own procedures.
	2. The cumulation provided for in this Article shall not apply to materials which at importation into the UK are subject to antidumping or countervailing duties when originating from a country which is subject to these antidumping or countervailing duties.
1. Cumulation of origin
	1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document, materials originating in: (a) one of the Parties, (b) the European Union, (c) another West African country[[1]](#footnote-1)1 enjoying duty-free quota-free access to the market of the UK, (d) other ACP States having a preferential trade arrangement with the UK[[2]](#footnote-2)2, or (e) the OCTs, shall be considered as originating in the other Party when incorporated into a product obtained there, when the working or processing carried out in that Party goes beyond the operations referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document.

Where the working or processing carried out in the Party concerned does not go beyond the operations referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in that Party only where the value added there is greater than the value of the materials used originating in any of the other countries or territories. If this is not so, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in the country or territory which accounts for the highest value of originating materials used in the manufacture of the final product.

The origin of materials originating in other ACP States having a preferential trade arrangement with the UK and in the OCTs shall be determined in accordance with the rules of origin applicable under the preferential arrangements between the UK and those countries, and in accordance with Article 27 of this Origin Reference Document.

* 1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document, working and processing carried out in one of the Parties, in the European Union, in other ACP States having a preferential trade arrangement with the UK or in the OCTs shall be considered as having been carried out in the other Party, when the materials undergo subsequent working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document.

Where the working or processing carried out in one of the Parties does not go beyond the operations referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in that Party only where the value added there is greater than the value of the materials used in any one of these countries or territories. If this is not so, the product obtained shall be considered as originating in the country or territory which accounts for the highest value of materials used in the manufacture of the final product.

The origin of the final product shall be determined according to the rules of origin of this Origin Reference Document and in accordance with Article 27 hereof.

* 1. The cumulation provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article may be applied with respect to: (a) other West African countries enjoying duty-free quota-free access to the UK; (b) ACP States having a preferential trading arrangement with the UK; and (c) the OCTs only if:
		1. all the countries or territories involved in the acquisition of the originating status and the Party of destination have entered into an arrangement or agreement on administrative cooperation which ensures correct implementation of this Article and includes a reference to the use of appropriate proofs of origin;
		2. Ghana and the UK provide each other with the details of the administrative cooperation arrangements or agreements with the other countries or territories referred to in this Article. The Parties shall publish in accordance with their own procedures the date on which the cumulation provided for in this Article may be applied with those countries and territories listed in this Article which have fulfilled the necessary requirements.
	2. The cumulation provided for in this Article shall not apply to materials:
		1. of headings 1604 and 1605 of HS 2012 originating in the Pacific States according to Article 6(6) of Protocol II to the Interim Economic Partnership Agreement between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part.
		2. of headings 1604 and 1605 of HS 2012 originating in the Pacific States according to any future provision of a preferential trade agreement between the UK and the Pacific ACP States([[3]](#footnote-3)3);
		3. originating in the Republic of South Africa which may not be imported directly into the UK duty‐free and quota‐free.
	3. The United Kingdom shall, each year, notify the Committee of the list of materials referred to by the provisions of paragraph 4(c) of this Article. Once notification has been given, the list shall be published by the Parties in accordance with their own procedures.
1. Cumulation with other countries benefiting from duty-free quota-free access to the market of the UK
	1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document, materials originating in countries and territories:
		1. benefiting from the "Special arrangement for least developed countries" under the UK's Trade Preference Scheme for developing countries (Trade Preference Scheme); or
		2. benefiting from duty‐free quota‐free access to the market of the UK under the general provisions of the Trade Preference Scheme;

shall be considered as materials originating in Ghana when incorporated into a product obtained there provided that such materials were subject to cumulation under Article 8 of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement on the date that agreement ceased to be applicable to and in the UK.

It shall not be necessary for these materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document. If the product into which these materials have been incorporated also includes non‐originating materials, it will have to undergo sufficient working or processing in accordance with Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document to be considered as originating in Ghana.

1.1 The origin of the materials from the other countries or territories concerned shall be established in accordance with the rules of origin applicable under the Trade Preference Scheme of the UK and in accordance with the provisions of Article 27 of this Origin Reference Document.

1.2 The cumulation provided for in this paragraph (namely paragraph 1, including its subparagraphs) shall not apply to materials:

* + 1. which at importation into the UK are subject to antidumping or countervailing duties when originating from a country which is subject to these antidumping or countervailing duties;
		2. which are included in tariff subheadings 3302.10 and 3501.10 of HS 2012;
		3. which are included in tuna products classified under Chapter 3 of HS 2012 which are covered by the Trade Preference Scheme of the UK;
		4. in respect of which tariff preferences are removed (graduation) or suspended (safeguard clause) under the Trade Preference Scheme of the UK.
	1. On the basis of a notification from Ghana, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2 of this Origin Reference Document and in compliance with the provisions of paragraphs 2.1, 2.2 and 5 of this Article, materials originating in countries or territories which are covered by agreements or arrangements that provide for duty-free quota-free access to the market of the UK shall be considered to be materials originating in Ghana. Such notification shall be sent by Ghana to the UK. Cumulation shall remain applicable as long as the conditions for granting such cumulation are met. It shall not be necessary for such materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing going beyond that referred to in Article 5(1) of this Origin Reference Document.

2.1. The origin of the materials of the countries or territories concerned shall be determined in accordance with the rules of origin applicable in the framework of the UK's preferential agreements or arrangements with those countries and territories and in accordance with Article 27 of this Origin Reference Document.

2.2. The cumulation provided for in this paragraph (namely paragraph 2, including its subparagraphs) shall not apply to materials:

* + 1. falling under Chapters 1 to 24 of the Goods Classification System and the products listed in Annex 1 ‐ paragraph 1(ii) of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture;
		2. which at importation into the UK are subject to antidumping or countervailing duties when originating from a country which is subject to these antidumping or countervailing duties;
		3. which, under a free trade agreement between the UK and a third country, are subject to trade measures and safeguard measures or any other measure which prevents such products from entering the UK market on a duty‐free and quota‐free basis.
	1. The UK shall notify the Committee each year of the list of materials and countries to which the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article applies. Upon notification, the list shall be published by the UK and by Ghana in accordance with their own procedures. Ghana shall notify the Committee each year of the materials to which the cumulation provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article has been applied.
	2. Movement certificates EUR.1 (in Box 7) or origin declarations issued by application of paragraphs 1 and 2 shall bear the following entry:

 "Application of Article 8.1 or 8.2 of Protocol No. 1 to the Ghana-UK TPA".

* 1. The cumulation provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article may be applied only provided that:
		1. all the countries involved in the acquisition of the originating status have entered into an arrangement or agreement on administrative cooperation which ensures correct implementation of this Article and includes a reference to the use of appropriate proofs of origin;
		2. Ghana provides the UK with details of agreements on administrative cooperation with the other countries or territories referred to in this Article. The UK shall publish the date on which the cumulation provided for in this Article may be applied with those countries or territories listed in this Article which have fulfilled the necessary requirements.
1. Unit of qualification
	1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Origin Reference Document shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of HS 2012.

This means that:

* + 1. when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of HS 2012 in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification;
		2. when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of HS 2012, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Origin Reference Document.
	1. Where, under paragraph 5 of Part Two, Section 1, of the Tariff of the United Kingdom, packaging is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.
1. Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

1. Sets of assorted articles

Sets, as defined in paragraph 3 of Part Two, Section 1, of the Tariff of the United Kingdom, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non‐originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non‐originating products does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the set.

1. Neutral elements

In order to determine whether a product is an originating product, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:

* + 1. energy and fuel;
		2. plant and equipment;
		3. machines and tools;
		4. goods which neither enter into the final composition of the product nor are intended to do so.
1. Accounting segregation
	1. Where considerable cost or material difficulties arise in keeping separate stocks of originating and non-originating fungible materials, the customs authorities may, at the written request of those concerned, authorise the so-called "accounting segregation" method (hereinafter referred to as "the method") to be used for managing such stocks.
	2. The method shall also apply to originating and non‐originating raw sugar not containing added flavouring or colouring matter and intended for refining of subheadings 1701.12, 1701.13 and 1701.14 of HS 2012, which is physically combined or mixed in Ghana or the UK before being exported to the UK and to Ghana respectively.
	3. The method shall ensure that, at any time, the number of products obtained which could be considered to originate in Ghana or the UK is the same as would have been obtained if the stocks had been physically separated.
	4. The customs authorities may make the grant of authorisation referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article subject to any conditions deemed appropriate.
	5. The method shall be applied and the application thereof shall be recorded on the basis of the general accounting principles applicable in the country where the product was manufactured.
	6. The beneficiary of the method may issue or apply for proofs of origin, as the case may be, for the quantity of products which may be considered as originating. At the request of the customs authorities, the beneficiary shall provide a statement of how the quantities have been managed.
	7. The customs authorities shall monitor the use made of the authorisation and may withdraw it whenever the beneficiary makes improper use of the authorisation in any manner whatsoever or fails to fulfil any of the other conditions laid down in this Origin Reference Document.
	8. For the purposes of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, the terms "fungible materials" or "fungible products" shall mean materials or products which are of the same kind and commercial quality, with the same technical and physical characteristics, and which cannot be distinguished from one another in order to establish their origin.

**TITLE III**

**TERRITORIAL REQUIREMENTS**

1. Principle of territoriality
	1. Except as provided for in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document and paragraph 3 of this Article, the conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II must be fulfilled without interruption in Ghana or in the UK.
	2. Except as provided for in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document, where originating goods exported from Ghana or from the UK to another country return, they must be considered as non‐originating, unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
		1. the returning goods are the same as those exported; and
		2. they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.
	3. The acquisition of originating status in accordance with the conditions set out in Title II of this Origin Reference Document shall not be affected by working or processing done outside the UK or Ghana on products exported from the UK or from Ghana and subsequently reimported there, provided that:
		1. the said products are wholly obtained in the UK or in Ghana or have undergone working or processing there beyond the operations referred to in Article 5 of this Origin Reference Document prior to being exported; and
		2. it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
			1. the working or processing outside the UK or Ghana was done under the outward processing arrangements, or similar arrangements;
			2. the reimported goods have been obtained by working or processing the exported products; and
			3. all costs arising outside Ghana or the UK, including the value of the materials incorporated there, do not exceed 10 % of the ex‐works price of the end product for which originating status is claimed.
	4. For goods that meet the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 of this Article, all the costs arising outside Ghana or the UK, including the value of the materials incorporated there, shall be considered to be non‐originating materials. In that case the originating status of the goods shall be determined by applying the rules laid down in Annex II to this Origin Reference Document, cumulating the total value of the non‐originating materials used both inside and outside the UK or Ghana.
	5. Paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall not apply to products which can be considered sufficiently worked or processed only if the general tolerance fixed in Article 4(4) of this Origin Reference Document is applied.
	6. Paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall not apply to products of Chapters 50 to 63 of HS 2012.
2. Non‐alteration
	1. The originating products declared for home use in a Party shall be the same products as exported from the other Party in which they obtained originating status. They shall not have been altered, transformed in any way or subjected to operations other than to preserve them in good condition or than adding or affixing marks, labels, seals or any other documentation to ensure compliance with specific domestic requirements of the importing Party, prior to being declared for home use.
	2. Storage of products may take place in a third country provided that they remain under customs supervision there.
	3. Without prejudice to the provisions of Title IV the splitting of consignments may take place in the territory of a third country where carried out by the exporter or under his responsibility provided they remain under customs supervision in that third country.
	4. In case of doubt whether the conditions provided for in paragraphs 1 to 3 are complied with, the customs authorities may request the importer to provide evidence of compliance, which may be given by any means, including contractual transport documents such as bills of lading or factual or concrete evidence based on marking or numbering of packages or any evidence related to the products themselves.
3. Exhibitions
	1. Originating products sent for exhibition in a country or territory other than those referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document with which cumulation is applicable and sold after the exhibition for importation into the UK or Ghana shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
		1. an exporter has consigned these products from Ghana or from the UK to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
		2. the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in Ghana or in the UK;
		3. the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
		4. the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
	2. A proof of origin shall be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title IV of this Origin Reference Document and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition shall be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
	3. Paragraph 1 of this Article shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organised for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

**TITLE IV**

**PROOF OF ORIGIN**

1. General conditions
	1. Products originating in the UK, when imported into Ghana, shall benefit from the provisions of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement, upon presentation, in the cases referred to in Article 21(1), of a declaration, hereinafter referred to as "origin declaration", given by the exporter on an invoice, delivery note or other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified; the text of the origin declaration appears in Annex IV to this Origin Reference Document.
	2. Products originating in Ghana shall, on importation into the UK benefit from the provisions of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement upon submission of either:
		1. a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex III to this Origin Reference Document; or
		2. in the cases specified in Article 21(1) of this Origin Reference Document, a declaration, subsequently referred to as the "origin declaration", given by the exporter on an invoice, a delivery note or any other commercial document which describes the products concerned in sufficient detail to enable them to be identified; the text of the origin declaration appears in Annex IV to this Origin Reference Document.
	3. Provisions under paragraph 2(a) of this Article will be enforceable until three (3) years after the entry into force of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement. After that period, only the provisions under paragraph 2(b) of this Article shall apply.
	4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, originating products within the meaning of this Origin Reference Document shall, in the cases specified in Article 26 hereof, benefit from the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement without it being necessary to submit any of the documents referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.
	5. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this title, exporters shall endeavour to use a language shared by Ghana and the UK.
2. Procedure for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1
	1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative.
	2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall fill out both the movement certificate EUR.1 and the application form, specimens of which appear in Annex III to this Origin Reference Document. These forms shall be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Origin Reference Document. If the forms are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters. The description of the products must be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line shall be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.
	3. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country where the movement certificate EUR.1 is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	4. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the UK or of Ghana if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in the UK, Ghana or one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document and fulfil the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	5. The issuing customs authorities shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. The issuing customs authorities shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.
	6. The date of issue of the movement certificate EUR.1 shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate.
	7. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.
3. Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively
	1. Notwithstanding Article 18(7) of this Origin Reference Document, a movement certificate EUR.1 may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
		1. it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances; or
		2. it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that a movement certificate EUR.1 was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.
	2. For the implementation of paragraph 1 of this Article, the exporter must indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the movement certificate EUR.1 relates, and state the reasons for his request.
	3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.
	4. Movement certificates EUR.1 issued retrospectively must be endorsed with the following phrase:

"ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY".

* 1. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the movement certificate EUR.1.
1. Issue of a duplicate movement certificate EUR.1
	1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
	2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with the following:

"DUPLICATE".

* 1. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the duplicate movement certificate EUR.1.
	2. The duplicate, which must bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.
1. Conditions for making out an origin declaration
	1. An origin declaration may be made out:
		1. as referred to in Article 17(1) of this Origin Reference Document by a registered exporter in conformity with the internal legislation of the UK;
		2. in the cases referred to Article 17(2)(b):
			1. up to three (3) years after the entry into force of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement, by an exporter as provided for in Article 22;
			2. three (3) years after the entry into force of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement, by a registered exporter in accordance with the internal legislation of Ghana;
		3. by any exporter for any consignment consisting of one or more packages containing originating products whose total value does not exceed EUR 6 000.
	2. An origin declaration may be made out if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in Ghana, in the UK or in one of the other countries referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document and fulfil the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	3. The exporter making out an origin declaration shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting country, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	4. An origin declaration shall be made out by the exporter by typing, stamping or printing on the invoice, the delivery note or another commercial document, the declaration, the text of which appears in Annex IV to this Origin Reference Document, using one of the linguistic versions set out in that Annex and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If the declaration is handwritten, it shall be written in ink in printed characters.
	5. Origin declarations shall bear the original signature of the exporter in manuscript. However, origin declarations shall not be signed by a registered exporter within the meaning of paragraph 1 of this Article or by an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of this Origin Reference Document (“E”) provided that E gives the customs authorities of the exporting country a written undertaking that E accepts full responsibility for any origin declaration which identifies E as if it had been signed in manuscript by E.
	6. An origin declaration may be made out by the exporter when the products to which it relates are exported, or after exportation on condition that it is presented in the importing country no longer than two (2) years after the importation of the products to which it relates.
2. Approved exporter
	1. The customs authorities of the exporting country may authorise any exporter (hereinafter referred to as "approved exporter") who makes frequent shipments of products under the trade cooperation provisions of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement to make out origin declarations irrespective of the value of the products concerned. An exporter seeking such authorisation must offer to the satisfaction of the customs authorities all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	2. The customs authorities may grant the status of approved exporter subject to any conditions which they consider appropriate.
	3. The customs authorities shall grant to the approved exporter a customs authorisation number which shall appear on the origin declaration.
	4. The customs authorities shall monitor the use of the authorisation by the approved exporter.
	5. The customs authorities may withdraw the authorisation at any time. They shall do so where the approved exporter no longer offers the guarantees referred to in paragraph 1, no longer fulfils the conditions referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article or otherwise makes an incorrect use of the authorisation.
3. Validity of proof of origin
	1. A proof of origin shall be valid for ten (10) months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within that period to the customs authorities of the importing country.
	2. Proofs of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 of this Article may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
	3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the proofs of origin where the products have been submitted before the said final date.
4. Submission of proof of origin

Proofs of origin shall be submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. These authorities may require that a proof of origin be translated. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement.

1. Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authorities of the importing country, dismantled or non‐assembled products within the meaning of paragraph 2(a) of Part Two, Section 1, of the Tariff of the United Kingdom falling under Sections XVI and XVII or headings 73.08 and 94.06 of HS 2012 are imported by instalments, a single proof of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authorities upon importation of the first instalment.

1. Exemptions from proof of origin
	1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a proof of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Origin Reference Document and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration can be made on customs declaration CN22/CN23 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
	2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
	3. Furthermore, the total value of these products shall not exceed EUR 500 in the case of small packages, or EUR 1 200 in the case of products forming part of travellers' personal luggage.
2. Information procedure for cumulation purposes
	1. When Article 7(1) of this Origin Reference Document is applied, the evidence of originating status within the meaning of this Origin Reference Document, of the materials coming from Ghana, from the UK, from the European Union, from an ACP State having a preferential relationship with the UK, or from an OCT shall be given by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration or by the supplier's declaration, a specimen of which appears in Annex V‐A to this Origin Reference Document, given by the exporter in Ghana or in the UK from which the materials came.
	2. When Article 7(2) of this Origin Reference Document is applied, the evidence of working or processing of the materials in Ghana, in the UK, in the European Union, or in an ACP State having a preferential trading arrangement with the UK or in an OCT shall be given by the supplier's declaration, a specimen of which appears in Annex V-B to this Origin Reference Document, given by the exporter in Ghana or in the UK from which the materials came.
	3. When Article 8(1) of this Origin Reference Document is applied, the documentary proofs of origin applicable shall be determined in accordance with the rules which apply to Trade Preference Scheme countries.
	4. When Article 8(2) of this Origin Reference Document is applied, the documentary proofs of origin applicable shall be determined in accordance with the rules laid down in the relevant arrangements or agreements.
	5. A separate supplier's declaration shall be issued by the supplier for each consignment of goods on the commercial invoice relating to that shipment or in an annex to that invoice, or on a delivery note or other commercial document relating to that shipment which describes the materials concerned in sufficient detail for them to be identified.
	6. The supplier's declaration may be issued on a pre‐printed form.
	7. The supplier's declarations shall bear the original signature of the supplier in manuscript. However, where the invoice and the supplier's declaration are issued using electronic data‐processing methods, the supplier's declaration need not be signed in manuscript provided the responsible official in the supplying company is identified to the satisfaction of the customs authorities in the State where the supplier's declaration is issued. Those customs authorities may lay down conditions for the implementation of this paragraph.
	8. The supplier's declarations shall be submitted to the customs authorities in the exporting country requested to issue the movement certificate EUR.1.
	9. The supplier issuing a declaration must be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities of the country where the declaration is issued, all appropriate documents proving that the information given on this declaration is correct.
	10. Supplier's declarations and information certificates issued before the date of entry into force of this Origin Reference Document in accordance with any previously applicable agreement or arrangement shall remain valid.
3. Supporting documents

The documents referred to in Articles 18(3) and 21(3) of this Origin Reference Document used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a movement certificate EUR.1 or an origin declaration can be considered as products originating in Ghana, the UK or one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document and fulfil the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document may consist, *inter alia*, of the following:

* + 1. direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in the exporter’s or supplier’s accounts or internal bookkeeping;
		2. documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in Ghana, the UK or one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
		3. documents proving the working or processing of materials in Ghana, in the UK or in one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document, issued or made out in Ghana, in the UK, or in one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document where those documents are used in accordance with national law;
		4. movement certificates EUR.1 or origin declarations proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in Ghana, in the UK or in one of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 and in accordance with this Origin Reference Document.
1. Preservation of proof of origin and supporting documents
	1. The exporter applying for the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three (3) years the documents referred to in Article 18(3).
	2. The exporter making out an origin declaration shall keep a copy of this origin declaration as well as the documents referred to in Article 21(3) for at least three (3) years.
	3. The supplier making out a supplier's declaration shall keep for at least three (3) years copies of the declaration and of the invoice, delivery notes or other commercial documents to which this declaration is annexed as well as the documents referred to in Article 27(9).
	4. The customs authorities of the exporting country issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 shall keep for at least three (3) years the application form referred to in Article 18(2).
	5. The customs authorities of the importing country shall keep for at least three (3) years the movement certificates EUR.1 and the origin declarations submitted to them.
2. Discrepancies and formal errors
	1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the proof of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not *ipso facto* render the proof of origin null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.
	2. Obvious formal errors such as typing errors on a proof of origin should not cause that document to be rejected if those errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in the document.
3. Amounts expressed in euro
	1. For the application of the provisions of Article 21(1)(c) and Article 26(3) of this Origin Reference Document in cases where products are invoiced in a currency other than euro, amounts in the national currency of Ghana, of the UK or of the other countries or territories referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document equivalent to the amounts expressed in euro shall be fixed annually by each of the countries concerned.
	2. A consignment shall benefit from the provisions of Article 21(1)(c) or Article 26(3) of this Origin Reference Document by reference to the currency in which the invoice is drawn up, according to the amount fixed by the country concerned.
	3. The amounts to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that currency of the amounts expressed in euro as at the first working day of October each year and shall apply from 1 January the following year. The Parties shall notify each other of the relevant amounts.
	4. A country may round up or down the amount resulting from the conversion into its national currency of an amount expressed in euro. The rounded‐off amount may not differ from the amount resulting from the conversion by more than 5 %. A country may retain unchanged its national currency equivalent of an amount expressed in euro if, at the time of the annual adjustment provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article, the conversion of that amount, prior to any rounding‐off, results in an increase of less than 15 % in the national currency equivalent. The national currency equivalent may be retained unchanged if the conversion would result in a decrease in that equivalent value.
	5. The amounts expressed in euro shall be reviewed by the Committee at the request of the UK or Ghana. When carrying out that review, the Committee shall consider the desirability of preserving the effects of the limits concerned in real terms. For this purpose, it may decide to modify the amounts expressed in euro.

**TITLE V**

**ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION**

1. Administrative conditions for products to benefit from the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement

Products originating within the meaning of this Origin Reference Document in Ghana or the UK shall benefit, at the time of the customs import declaration, from the preferences resulting from the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement only on condition that they were exported on or after the date on which the exporting country complies with the provisions laid down in Articles 33, 34 and 43 of *Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of "originating products" and the methods of administrative cooperation* to the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement.

The parties shall make the notifications referred to in Article 33 of this Origin Reference Document.

1. Notification of customs authorities
	1. Ghana and the UK shall provide each other with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for issuing and verifying the movement certificates EUR.1, origin declarations and supplier's declarations and with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of these certificates.

Movement certificates EUR.1 and origin declarations or supplier's declarations shall be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment from the date this information is received by the Parties.

* 1. Ghana and the UK shall inform each other immediately whenever there are any changes to the information referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article.
	2. The authorities referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall act under the authority of the government of the country concerned. The authorities in charge of control and verification shall be part of the governmental authorities of the country concerned.
1. Other methods of administrative cooperation
	1. In order to ensure the proper application of this Origin Reference Document, the UK, Ghana and the other countries referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document shall check, through the competent customs administrations, the authenticity of the movement certificates EUR.1, the origin declarations or the supplier's declarations and the correctness of the information given in these documents. Moreover, Ghana and the UK shall:
		1. provide each other with all necessary administrative cooperation in the event of a request for monitoring of the proper management and control of the Protocol in the country concerned, including visits on the spot;
		2. check, in accordance with Article 35 of this Origin Reference Document, the originating status of the products and the compliance with the other conditions laid down in this Origin Reference Document.
	2. The authorities consulted shall furnish the relevant information concerning the conditions under which the product has been made, indicating especially the conditions under which the rules of origin have been respected in Ghana, the UK and the other countries referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document.
2. Verification of proofs of origin
	1. Subsequent verifications of proofs of origin shall be carried out based on risk analysis and at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing country have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	2. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Article, the customs authorities of the importing country shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 and the invoice, if it has been submitted, the origin declaration, or a copy of these documents, to the customs authorities of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the request for verification. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the proof of origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.
	3. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the exporting country. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.
	4. If the customs authorities of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.
	5. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification as soon as possible. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in Ghana, in the UK or in one of the other countries referred to in Articles 6, 7 and 8 of this Origin Reference Document and fulfil the other requirements of this Origin Reference Document.
	6. If, in cases of reasonable doubt, there is no reply within ten (10) months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authorities shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.
	7. The Parties shall refer to Article 7 of Protocol No. 2 to the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement on mutual administrative assistance in customs matters for joint enquiries on proofs of origin.
3. Verification of supplier's declarations
	1. Verification of a supplier's declarations shall be carried out based on risk analysis and at random or whenever the customs authorities of the country where such declarations have been taken into account to issue a movement certificate EUR.1 or to make out an origin declaration, have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the correctness of the information given in this document.
	2. The customs authorities to which a supplier's declaration is submitted may request the customs authorities of the State where the declaration was made out to issue an information certificate, a specimen of which appears in Annex VI to this Origin Reference Document. Alternatively, the certifying authorities to which a supplier's declaration is submitted may request the exporter to produce an information certificate issued by the customs authorities of the State where the declaration was made.

A copy of the information certificate shall be preserved by the office which has issued it for at least three (3) years.

* 1. The customs authorities requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification as soon as possible. The results must indicate clearly whether the information given in the supplier's declaration is correct and make it possible for them to determine whether and to what extent this supplier's declaration could be taken into account for issuing a movement certificate EUR.1 or for making out an origin declaration.
	2. The verification shall be carried out by the customs authorities of the country where the supplier's declaration was made out. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence or to carry out any inspection of the supplier's accounts or any other check which they consider appropriate in order to verify the correctness of any supplier's declaration.
	3. Any movement certificate EUR.1 or origin declaration issued or made out on the basis of an incorrect supplier's declaration shall be considered null and void.
1. Derogations
	1. Derogations from this Origin Reference Document may be adopted by the Committee when they are justified by the development of existing industries or the creation of new industries in Ghana.
	2. A derogation concerning canned tuna and tuna loins of heading 16.04 of HS 2012 shall only be granted on the first year of entry into force of Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and the methods of administrative cooperation to the EU-Ghana Free Trade Agreement within an annual quota non renewable of 550 tonnes for canned tuna and of 110 tonnes for tuna loins.

**TITLE VI**

**CEUTA AND MELILLA**

1. General conditions

The term "European Union" used in this Origin Reference Document does not cover Ceuta and Melilla. Products originating in Ceuta and Melilla are not to be considered products originating in the European Union for the purposes of this Origin Reference Document.

**TITLE VII**

**FINAL PROVISIONS**

1. Annexes

The Annexes to this Origin Reference Document shall form an integral part of it . References in forms reproduced in the Annexes to this Origin Reference Document to “the Protocol” or “this Protocol” refer to *Protocol No. 1 concerning the definition of the concept of "originating products" and the methods of administrative cooperation* to the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement.

1. Transitional provision for goods in transit or storage

The provisions of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of this Origin Reference Document and which on the date of entry into force of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement are either in transit or are in the UK or in Ghana in temporary storage in customs warehouses without payment of import duties and taxes, subject to the following:

* + 1. for exports from Ghana to the UK, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing country, within ten (10) months of the said date, of a movement certificate EUR.1 issued retrospectively by the customs authorities of Ghana or an origin declaration in accordance with Articles 17(2)(b) and 21, together with the documents showing that the goods comply with Article 15 of this Origin Reference Document;
		2. for exports from the UK to Ghana, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of Ghana, within ten (10) months of the said date, of an origin declaration issued in accordance with Articles 17(1) and 21, together with the documents showing that the goods comply with Article 15 of this Origin Reference Document.
1. The Principality of Andorra
	1. Products originating in the Principality of Andorra, falling within Chapters 25 to 97 of HS 2012, shall be accepted by the Parties as originating in the European Union.
	2. This Origin Reference Document shall apply mutatis mutandis for the purpose of defining the originating status of the abovementioned products.
2. Republic of San Marino
	1. Products originating in the Republic of San Marino shall be accepted by the Parties as originating in the European Union.
	2. This Origin Reference Document shall apply mutatis mutandis for the purpose of defining the originating status of the abovementioned products.

**ANNEX I**

**INTRODUCTORY NOTES TO THE LIST IN ANNEX II TO THIS ORIGIN REFERENCE DOCUMENT**

1.

The list in Annex II to this Origin Reference Document defines the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document.

1. 1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in HS 2012 and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in column 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an "ex", this signifies that the rules in column 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading described in column 2.

For the avoidance of doubt, if a product or material is classified differently under HS 2012 and the Goods Classification Table made pursuant to the Taxation (Cross-border Trade) Act 2018 and the Customs Tariff (Establishment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, contained in Annex 1 to the Tariff of the United Kingdom and interpreted in accordance with Part Two of the Tariff of the United Kingdom, HS 2012 shall be used to classify the product for the purposes of determining which rule in column 3 or 4 applies to the product and to classify the material for the purposes of determining the application of a rule in column 3 or 4.

* 1. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under HS 2012, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.
	2. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4.
	3. Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both columns 3 and 4, the exporter may opt to apply either the rule set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 has to be applied.
1. 1. The provisions of Article 4 of this Origin Reference Document concerning products having acquired originating status which are used in the manufacture of other products apply regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory where these products are used or in another factory in the UK or in Ghana.

Example:

An engine of heading 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 per cent of the ex-works price, is made from "other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging" of heading ex 7224.

If this forging has been forged in the UK from a non‐originating ingot, it has already acquired originating status by virtue of the rule for heading ex 7224 in the list. The forging can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine, regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or in another factory in the UK. The value of the non‐originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non‐originating materials used.

* 1. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required, and the carrying out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus, if a rule provides that non‐originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
	2. Without prejudice to Note 3.2 where a rule states that "materials of any heading" may be used, materials of the same heading as the product may also be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression "manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading …" means that only materials classified in the same heading as the product of a description other than that of the product as given in column 2 of the list may be used.
	3. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

Example:

The rule for fabrics of headings 5208 to 5212 provides that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; it is possible to use one or the other, or both.

* 1. Where a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule (see also Note 6.3 below in relation to textiles).

Example:

The rule for prepared foods of heading 1904, which specifically excludes the use of cereals and their derivatives, does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not produced from cereals.

However, this does not apply to products which, although they cannot be manufactured from the particular materials specified in the list, can be produced from a material of the same nature at an earlier stage of manufacture.

Example:

In the case of an article of apparel of ex Chapter 62 of HS 2012 made from non‐woven materials, if the use of only non‐originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non‐woven cloth – even if non‐woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn – that is, the fibre stage.

* 1. Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non‐originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non‐originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.
1. 1. The term "natural fibres" is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres. It is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, includes fibres which have been carded, combed or otherwise processed, but not spun.
	2. The term "natural fibres" includes horsehair of heading 0511, silk of headings 5002 and 5003, as well as wool fibres and fine or coarse animal hair of headings 5101 to 5105, cotton fibres of headings 5201 to 5203, and other vegetable fibres of headings 5301 to 5305.
	3. The terms "textile pulp", "chemical materials" and "paper-making materials" are used in the list to describe the materials, not classified in Chapters 50 to 63 of HS 2012, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
	4. The term "man-made staple fibres" is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings 5501 to 5507.
2. 1. Where, for a given product in the list, reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in the manufacture of this product and which, taken together, represent 10 per cent or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used (see also Notes 5.3 and 5.4 below).
	2. However, the tolerance mentioned in Note 5.1 may be applied only to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials.

The following are the basic textile materials:

— silk,

— wool,

— coarse animal hair,

— fine animal hair,

— horsehair,

— cotton,

— paper‐making materials and paper,

— flax,

— true hemp,

— jute and other textile bast fibres,

— sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,

— coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,

— synthetic man‐made filaments,

— artificial man‐made filaments,

— current‐conducting filaments,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polypropylene,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyester,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyamide,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyacrylonitrile,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyimide,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polytetrafluoroethylene,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyphenylene sulphide,

— synthetic man‐made staple fibres of polyvinyl chloride,

— other synthetic man‐made staple fibres,

— artificial man‐made staple fibres of viscose,

— other artificial man‐made staple fibres,

— yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped,

— yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped,

— products of heading 5605 (metallised yarn) incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of a transparent or coloured adhesive between two layers of plastic film,

— other products of heading 5605.

Example:

A yarn of heading 5205 made from cotton fibres of heading 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading 5506 is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non‐originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used up to a weight of 10 per cent of the yarn.

Example:

A woollen fabric of heading 5112 made from woollen yarn of heading 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading 5509 is a mixed fabric. Therefore, synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp), or woollen yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two may be used, provided that their total weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the weight of the fabric.

Example:

Tufted textile fabric of heading 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and cotton fabric of heading 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

Example:

If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is, accordingly, a mixed product.

* 1. In the case of products incorporating "yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped" this tolerance is 20 per cent in respect of the yarn.
	2. In the case of products incorporating a "strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of an adhesive between two layers of plastic film", this tolerance is 30 per cent in respect of this strip.
1. 1. In the case of those textile products which are marked in the list by a footnote referring to this Introductory Note, textile trimmings and accessories which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made‐up products concerned may be used provided that their weight does not exceed 10 per cent of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Textile trimmings and accessories are those classified in Chapters 50 to 63 of HS 2012. Linings and interlinings are not to be regarded as trimmings or accessories.

* 1. Any non‐textile trimmings and accessories or other materials used which contain textiles do not have to satisfy the conditions set out in column 3 even though they fall outside the scope of Note 3.5.
	2. In accordance with Note 3.5, any non‐originating non‐textile trimmings and accessories or other products which do not contain any textiles may, anyway, be used freely where they cannot be made from the materials listed in column 3.

For example[[4]](#footnote-4), if a rule in the list says that for a particular textile item, such as a blouse, yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because they cannot be made from textile materials.

* 1. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of trimmings and accessories must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non‐originating materials incorporated.
1. 1. For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the "specific processes" are the following:
		1. vacuum distillation;
		2. redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process[[5]](#footnote-5);
		3. cracking;
		4. reforming;
		5. extraction by means of selective solvents;
		6. the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
		7. polymerisation;
		8. alkylation;
		9. isomerisation.
	2. For the purposes of headings 2710 to 2712, the "specific processes" are the following:
		1. vacuum distillation;
		2. redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process[[6]](#footnote-6);
		3. cracking;
		4. reforming;
		5. extraction by means of selective solvents;
		6. the process comprising all the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
		7. polymerisation;
		8. alkylation;
		9. isomerisation;
		10. in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, desulphurisation with hydrogen, resulting in a reduction of at least 85 per cent of the sulphur content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266‐59 T method);
		11. in respect of products of heading 2710 only, deparaffining by a process other than filtering;
		12. in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen, at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250 °C, with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment with hydrogen of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation), in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
		13. in respect of fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 per cent of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300 °C, by the ASTM D 86 method;
		14. in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high‐frequency electrical brush‐discharge.
	3. For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations, such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphur content as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, or any combination of these operations or like operations, do not confer origin.

4. Redistillation by a very thorough fractionation process means distillation (other than topping) by a continuous or batch process employed in industrial installations using distillates of subheadings 2710 12 11 to 2710 19 48 , 2711 11 00 , 2711 12 91 to 2711 19 00 , 2711 21 00 and 2711 29 00 (other than propane of a purity of 99 % or more) to obtain:

* 1. isolated high-purity hydrocarbons (90 % or more in the case of olefins, and 95 % or more in the case of other hydrocarbons), mixtures of isomers having the same organic composition being regarded as isolated hydrocarbons.

Only those processes by means of which at least three different products are obtained are admissible, but this restriction does not apply in any instance where the process consists in the separation of isomers. In so far as this concerns xylenes, ethylbenzene is included with xylene isomers;

* 1. products of subheadings 2707 10 00 to 2707 30 00 , 2707 50 00 and 2710 12 11 to 2710 19 48 :
		1. with no overlapping of the final boiling point of one fraction and the initial boiling point of the succeeding fraction and a difference of not more than 60 °C between the temperatures at which 5 and 90 % by volume (including losses) distil by the EN ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method);
		2. with an overlapping of the final boiling point of one fraction and the initial boiling point of the succeeding fraction and a difference of not more than 30 °C between the temperatures at which 5 and 90 % by volume (including losses) distil by the EN ISO 3405 method (equivalent to the ASTM D 86 method).

**ANNEX II**

**LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON‐ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER FOR THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED TO OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS**

The products included in the following list may not all be covered by the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement. It is, therefore, necessary to consult the other parts of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement.

| **Chapter / heading** | **Description of product** | **Working or processing carried out on non‐originating materials that confers originating status** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **(1)** | **(2)** | **(3) or (4)** |
| Chapter 1 | Live animals | All the animals of Chapter 1 used are wholly obtained |  |
| Chapter 2 | Meat and edible meat offal | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex Chapter 3 | Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 0304 | Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced), fresh, chilled or frozen | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 0305 | Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of fish, fit for human consumption | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 0306 | Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; crustaceans, whether in shell or not, smoked, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; crustaceans, in shell, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, whether or not chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of crustaceans, fit for human consumption | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 0307 | Molluscs, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; molluscs, whether in shell or not, smoked, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of molluscs, fit for human consumption | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 0308 | Aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs, smoked, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs, fit for human consumption | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 4 | Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 0403 | Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit, nuts or cocoa | Manufacture in which:— all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained;— fruit juice (except that of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) of heading 2009 used is originating; and— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 5 | Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 5 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex 0502 | Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair | Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair |  |
| Chapter 6 | Live trees and other plants, bulbs, roots and the like, cut flowers and ornamental foliage | Manufacture in which:— all the materials of Chapter 6 used are wholly obtained;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 7 | Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained |  |
| Chapter 8 | Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons | Manufacture in which:— all the fruit and nuts used are wholly obtained; and— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 9 | Coffee, tea, maté and spices; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 9 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 0901 | Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated; coffee husks and skins; coffee substitutes containing coffee in any proportion | Manufacture from materials of any heading |  |
| 0902 | Tea, whether or not flavoured | Manufacture from materials of any heading |  |
| ex 0910 | Mixtures of spices | Manufacture from materials of any heading |  |
| Chapter 10 | Cereals | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex Chapter 11 | Products of the milling industry; malt; starches; inulin; wheat gluten; except for: | Manufacture in which all the cereals, edible vegetables, roots and tubers of heading 0714 or fruit used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex 1106 | Flour, meal and powder of the dried, shelled leguminous vegetables of heading 0713 | Drying and milling of leguminous vegetables of heading 0708 |  |
| Chapter 12 | Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 12 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 1301 | Lac; natural gums, resins, gum‐resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 1301 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1302 | Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar‐agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products: |  |  |
|  | — Mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products | Manufacture from non‐modified mucilages and thickeners |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 14 | Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 14 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex Chapter 15 | Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 1501 | Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of heading 0209 or 1503: |  |  |
|  | — Fats from bones or waste | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 0203, 0206 or 0207 or bones of heading 0506 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from meat or edible offal of swine of heading 0203 or 0206 or of meat and edible offal of poultry of heading 0207 |  |
| 1502 | Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading 1503: |  |  |
|  | — Fats from bones or waste | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 0201, 0202, 0204 or 0206 or bones of heading 0506 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 1504 | Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: |  |  |
|  | — Solid fractions | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1504 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex 1505 | Refined lanolin | Manufacture from crude wool grease of heading 1505 |  |
| 1506 | Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: |  |  |
|  | — Solid fractions | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1506 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 1507 to 1515 | Vegetable oils and their fractions: |  |  |
|  | Soya, ground nut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
|  | — Solid fractions, except for that of jojoba oil | Manufacture from other materials of headings 1507 to 1515 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained |  |
| 1516 | Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or wholly hydrogenated, inter‐esterified, re‐esterified or elaidinised, whether or not refined, but not further prepared | Manufacture in which:— all the materials of Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained;— all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained. However, materials of headings 1507, 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be used |  |
| 1517 | Margarine; edible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter, other than edible fats or oils or their fractions of heading 1516 | Manufacture in which:— all the materials of Chapters 2 and 4 used are wholly obtained;— all the vegetable materials used are wholly obtained. However, materials of headings 1507, 1508, 1511 and 1513 may be used |  |
| Chapter 16 | Preparations of meat, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates | Manufacture from animals of Chapter 1 |  |
| 1604 and 1605 | Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes prepared from fish eggs;Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 3 used does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 17 | Sugars and sugar confectionery; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 1701 | Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form, containing added flavouring or colouring matter | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1702 | Other sugars, including chemically pure lactose, maltose, glucose and fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel: |  |  |
|  | — Chemically pure maltose and fructose | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 1702 |  |
|  | — Other sugars in solid form, containing added flavouring or colouring matter | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials used are originating |  |
| ex 1703 | Molasses resulting from the extraction or refining of sugar, containing added flavouring or colouring matter | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1704 | Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 18 | Cocoa and cocoa preparations | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1901 | Malt extract; food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, not containing cocoa or containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404, not containing cocoa or containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included: |  |  |
|  | — Malt extract | Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1902 | Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared: |  |  |
|  | — containing 20 % or less by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs | Manufacture in which all the cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained |  |
|  | — containing more than 20 % by weight of meat, meat offal, fish, crustaceans or molluscs | Manufacture in which:— the cereals and derivatives (except durum wheat and its derivatives) used are wholly obtained; and— all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 1903 | Tapioca and substitutes therefor prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or in similar forms | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except potato starch of heading 1108 |  |
| 1904 | Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)), in grain form, or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour, groats and meal), pre‐cooked, or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1806;— in which all the cereals and flour (except durum wheat and its derivates and Zea indurata maize) used are wholly obtained; and— in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 1905 | Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of Chapter 11 |  |
| ex Chapter 20 | Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants; except for: | Manufacture in which all the fruit, nuts and vegetables used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex 2001 | Yams, sweet potatoes and similar edible parts of plants containing 5 % or more by weight of starch, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 2004 and ex 2005 | Potatoes in the form of flour, meal or flakes, prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 2006 | Vegetables, fruit, nuts, fruit‐peel and other parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallised) | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 2007 | Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut purée and fruit or nut pastes, obtained by cooking, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 2008 | — Nuts, not containing added sugar or spirit | Manufacture in which the value of the originating nuts and oil seeds of headings 0801, 0802 and 1202 to 1207 used exceeds 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Peanut butter; mixtures based on cereals; palm hearts; maize | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
|  | — Other, except for fruit and nuts cooked otherwise than by steaming or boiling in water, not containing added sugar, frozen | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 2009 | Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices, unfermented and not containing added spirits, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 21 | Miscellaneous edible preparations; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 2101 | Extracts, essences and concentrates of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of these products or with a basis of coffee, tea or maté; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— all the chicory used is wholly obtained |  |
| 2103 | Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings; mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard: |  |  |
|  | — Sauces and preparations therefor; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, mustard flour or meal or prepared mustard may be used |  |
|  | — Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard | Manufacture from materials of any heading |  |
| ex 2104 | Soups and broths and preparations therefor | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except prepared or preserved vegetables of headings 2002 to 2005 |  |
| 2106 | Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 22 | Beverages, spirits and vinegar; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— all the grapes or any materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained |  |
| 2202 | Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured, and other non‐alcoholic beverages, not including fruit or vegetable juices of heading 2009 | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of any materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product;— all the fruit juice used (except that of pineapple, lime or grapefruit) is originating |  |
| 2207 | Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % vol or higher; ethyl alcohol and other spirits, denatured, of any strength | Manufacture:— from materials not classified in headings 2207 or 2208; and— in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained or, if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume |  |
| 2208 | Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80 % vol; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages | Manufacture:— from materials not classified in headings 2207 or 2208; and— in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained or, if all the other materials used are already originating, arrack may be used up to a limit of 5 % by volume |  |
| ex Chapter 23 | Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 2301 | Whale meal; flours, meals and pellets of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex 2303 | Residues from the manufacture of starch from maize (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40 % by weight | Manufacture in which all the maize used is wholly obtained |  |
| ex 2306 | Oil cake and other solid residues resulting from the extraction of olive oil, containing more than 3 % of olive oil | Manufacture in which all the olives used are wholly obtained |  |
| 2309 | Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding | Manufacture in which:— all the cereals, sugar or molasses, meat or milk used are already originating; and— all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained |  |
| ex Chapter 24 | Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used are wholly obtained |  |
| 2402 | Cigarettes of tobacco | Manufacture in which at least 10 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading 2401 used is already originating |  |
| ex 2403 | Smoking tobacco | Manufacture in which at least 10 % by weight of the unmanufactured tobacco or tobacco refuse of heading 2401 used is already originating |  |
| ex Chapter 25 | Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 2504 | Natural crystalline graphite, with enriched carbon content, purified and ground | Enriching of the carbon content, purifying and grinding of crude crystalline graphite |  |
| ex 2515 | Marble, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm | Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of marble (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm |  |
| ex 2516 | Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental or building stone, merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm | Cutting, by sawing or otherwise, of stone (even if already sawn) of a thickness exceeding 25 cm |  |
| ex 2518 | Calcined dolomite | Calcination of dolomite not calcined |  |
| ex 2519 | Crushed natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite), in hermetically sealed containers, and magnesium oxide, whether or not pure, other than fused magnesia or dead‐burned (sintered) magnesia | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite) may be used |  |
| ex 2520 | Plasters specially prepared for dentistry | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 2524 | Asbestos fibres | Manufacture from asbestos concentrate |  |
| ex 2525 | Mica powder | Grinding of mica or mica waste |  |
| ex 2530 | Earth colours, calcined or powdered | Calcination or grinding of earth colours |  |
| Chapter 26 | Ores, slag and ash | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 27 | Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 2707 | Oils in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non‐aromatic constituents, being oils similar to mineral oils obtained by distillation of high temperature coal tar, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzol), for use as power or heating fuels | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2709 | Crude oils obtained from bituminous minerals | Destructive distillation of bituminous materials |  |
| 2710 | Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included containing by weight 70 % or more of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(2)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr2-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0002) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2711 | Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(2)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr2-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0002) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2712 | Petroleum jelly; paraffin wax, microcrystalline petroleum wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax, other mineral waxes, and similar products obtained by synthesis or by other processes, whether or not coloured | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2713 | Petroleum coke, petroleum bitumen and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2714 | Bitumen and asphalt, natural; bituminous or oil‐shale and tar sands; asphaltites and asphaltic rocks | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2715 | Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, on natural bitumen, on petroleum bitumen, on mineral tar or on mineral tar pitch (for example, bituminous mastics, cut‐backs) | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 28 | Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare‐earth metals, of radioactive elements or of isotopes; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2805 | "Mischmetall" | Manufacture by electrolytic or thermal treatment in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 2811 | Sulphur trioxide | Manufacture from sulphur dioxide | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2833 | Aluminium sulphate | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 2840 | Sodium perborate | Manufacture from disodium tetraborate pentahydrate | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2852 | Mercury compounds of internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading 2909 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | Mercury compounds of nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined; other heterocyclic compounds | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | Mercury compounds of diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing, prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading 3002 or 3006; certified reference materials | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | Nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined; other heterocyclic compounds | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | Mercury compounds of chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 29 | Organic chemicals; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2901 | Acyclic hydrocarbons for use as power or heating fuels | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) |  |
|  |  |  | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2902 | Cyclanes and cyclenes (other than azulenes), benzene, toluene, xylenes, for use as power or heating fuels | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2905 | Metal alcoholates of alcohols of this heading and of ethanol | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 2905. However, metal alcoholates of this heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2915 | Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2915 and 2916 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 2932 | Internal ethers and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of heading 2909 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Cyclic acetals and internal hemiacetals and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives | Manufacture from materials of any heading | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2933 | Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero‐atom(s) only | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932 and 2933 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2934 | Nucleic acids and their salts; other heterocyclic compounds | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 2939 80 | Alkaloids of non‐plant origin |  |  |
|  | Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen heteroatom (s) only | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | Nucleic acids and their salts; other heterocyclic compounds | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 30 | Pharmaceutical products; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 3002 | Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions and modified immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro‐organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products: |  |  |
|  | — Products consisting of two or more constituents which have been mixed together for therapeutic or prophylactic uses or unmixed products for these uses, put up in measured doses or in forms or packings for retail sale | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other: |  |  |
|  | — Human blood | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Animal blood prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Blood fractions other than antisera, haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3002. However, materials of the same description as the product may be used, provided their total value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | Other heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen heteroatom(s) only, containing an unfused imidazole ring (whether or not hydrogenated) in the structure, in the form of peptides and proteins which are directly involved in the regulation of immunological processes | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932 and 2933 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | Other nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined, in the form of peptides and proteins which are directly involved in the regulation of immunological processes; other heterocyclic compounds, in the form of peptides and proteins which are directly involved in the regulation of immunological processes | Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932, 2933 and 2934 used may not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3003 and 3004 | Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006): |  |  |
| — Obtained from amikacin of heading 2941 | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of heading 3003 or 3004 may be used provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 3006 | Plastic appliances identifiable for ostomy use | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 31 | Fertilisers; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3105 | Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing two or three of the fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium; other fertilisers; goods of this chapter, in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg, except for:— sodium nitrate— calcium cyanamide— potassium sulphate— magnesium potassium sulphate | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product, and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 32 | Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3201 | Tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives | Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3205 | Colour lakes; preparations as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter based on colour lakes[(3)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr3-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0003) | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 3203, 3204 and 3205. However, materials from heading 3205 may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 33 | Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3301 | Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes and absolutes; resinoids; extracted oleoresins; concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by enfleurage or maceration; terpenic by‐products of the deterpenation of essential oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including materials of a different "group"[(4)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr4-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0004) in this heading. However, materials of the same group may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 34 | Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3403 | Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, provided they represent less than 70 % by weight | Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es)[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) | Other operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3404 | Artificial waxes and prepared waxes: |  |  |
|  | — With a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except:— hydrogenated oils having the character of waxes of heading 1516;— fatty acids not chemically defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of heading 3823;— materials of heading 3404However, these materials may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 35 | Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3505 | Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pregelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches: |  |  |
|  | — Starches, esterified or etherified | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3505 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 1108 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3507 | Prepared enzymes not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 36 | Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 37 | Photographic or cinematographic goods; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3701 | Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, whether or not in packs: |  |  |
|  | — Instant print film for colour photography | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading 3701 or 3702. However, materials from heading 3702 may be used provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading 3701 or 3702. However, materials of heading 3701 or 3702 may be used, provided their value, taken together, does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3702 | Photographic film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading 3701 or 3702 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3704 | Photographic plates, film, paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than headings 3701 to 3704 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 38 | Miscellaneous chemical products; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3801 | — Colloidal graphite in suspension in oil and semi‐colloidal graphite; carbonaceous pastes for electrodes | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Graphite in paste form, being a mixture of more than 30 % of graphite by weight with mineral oils | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 3403 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3803 | Refined tall oil | Refining of crude tall oil | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3805 | Spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified | Purification by distillation or refining of raw spirits of sulphate turpentine | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3806 | Ester gums | Manufacture from resin acids | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3807 | Wood pitch (wood tar pitch) | Distillation of wood tar | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3808 | Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides, anti‐sprouting products and plant‐growth regulators, disinfectants and similar products, put up in forms or packings for retail sale or as preparations or articles (for example, sulphur‐treated bands, wicks and candles, and fly‐papers) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the products |  |
| 3809 | Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the products |  |
| 3810 | Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the products |  |
| 3811 | Anti‐knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti‐corrosive preparations and other prepared additives, for mineral oils (including gasoline) or for other liquids used for the same purposes as mineral oils: |  |  |
|  | — Prepared additives for lubricating oil, containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 3811 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3812 | Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; anti‐oxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3813 | Preparations and charges for fire‐extinguishers; charged fire‐extinguishing grenades | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3814 | Organic composite solvents and thinners, not elsewhere specified or included; prepared paint or varnish removers | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3818 | Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3819 | Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared liquids for hydraulic transmission, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3820 | Anti‐freezing preparations and prepared de‐icing fluids | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 3821 | Prepared culture media for maintenance of micro‐organisms (including viruses and the like) or of plant, human or animal cells | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3822 | Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing, prepared diagnostic or laboratory reagents whether or not on a backing, other than those of heading 3002 or 3006; certified reference materials | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3823 | Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols |  |  |
|  | — Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
|  | — Industrial fatty alcohols | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 3823 |  |
| 3824 | Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: |  |  |
|  | The following of this heading:— Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores based on natural resinous products— Naphthenic acids, their water‐insoluble salts and their esters— Sorbitol other than that of heading 2905— Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines; thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts— Ion‐exchangers— Getters for vacuum tubes— Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas— Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification— Sulphonaphthenic acids, their water‐insoluble salts and their esters— Fusel oil and Dippel's oil— Mixtures of salts having different anions— Copying pastes with a basis of gelatin, whether or not on a paper or textile backing | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3826 | Biodiesel and mixtures thereof, not containing or containing less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3901 to 3915 | Plastics in primary forms; waste, parings and scrap, of plastics; except for headings ex 3907 and 3912, for which the rules are set out below: |  |  |
|  | — Addition homopolymerisation products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer content | Manufacture in which:— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3907 | — Copolymers, made from polycarbonate and acrylonitrile‐butadiene‐styrene copolymers (ABS) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used provided their value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) |  |
|  | — Polyester | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product and/or manufacture from polycarbonate of tetrabromo‐(bisphenol A) |  |
| 3912 | Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included, in primary forms | Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 3916 to 3921 | Semi‐manufactures and articles of plastics; except for products of headings ex 3916, ex 3917, ex 3920 and ex 3921, for which the rules are set out below: |  |  |
|  | — Flat products, further worked than only surface‐worked or cut into forms other than rectangular (including square); other products, further worked than only surface‐worked— Other | Manufacture in which the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Addition homopolymerisation products in which a single monomer contributes more than 99 % by weight to the total polymer content | Manufacture in which:— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of any materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 39 used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3916 and ex 3917 | Profile shapes and tubes | Manufacture in which:— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of any materials classified within the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3920 | — Ionomer sheet or film | Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralised with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Sheets of regenerated cellulose, polyamides or polyethylene | Manufacture in which the value of any materials classified in the same heading as the product does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 3921 | Foils of plastic, metallised | Manufacture from highly transparent polyester foils with a thickness of less than 23 micron [(6)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr6-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0006) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 3922 to 3926 | Articles of plastics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 40 | Rubber and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 4001 | Laminated slabs of crepe rubber for shoes | Lamination of sheets of natural rubber |  |
| 4005 | Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural rubber, does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 4012 | Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber; solid or cushion tyres, tyre treads and tyre flaps, of rubber |  |  |
|  | — Retreaded pneumatic, solid or cushion tyres, of rubber | Retreading of used tyres |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4011 or 4012 |  |
| ex 4017 | Articles of hard rubber | Manufacture from hard rubber |  |
| ex Chapter 41 | Raw hides and skins (other than fur pelts) and leather; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 4102 | Raw skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on | Removal of wool from sheep or lamb skins |  |
| 4104 to 4106 | Tanned or crust hides and skins, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared | Retanning of tanned leather | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |
| 4107, 4112 and 4113 | Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting, including parchment‐dressed leather, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, other than leather of heading 4114 | Retanning of tanned leather | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |
| ex 4114 | Patent leather and patent laminated leather; metallised leather | Manufacture from materials of headings 4104 to 4107, 4112 or 4113, provided that their total value does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 42 | Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 43 | Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 4302 | Tanned or dressed furskins, assembled: |  |  |
|  | — Plates, crosses and similar forms | Bleaching or dyeing, in addition to cutting and assembly of non‐assembled tanned or dressed furskins |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from non‐assembled, tanned or dressed furskins |  |
| 4303 | Articles of apparel, clothing accessories and other articles of furskin | Manufacture from non‐assembled tanned or dressed furskins of heading 4302 |  |
| ex Chapter 44 | Wood and articles of wood, wood charcoal; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 4403 | Wood roughly squared | Manufacture from wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of its bark or merely roughed down |  |
| ex 4407 | Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger‐jointed | Planing, sanding or finger‐jointing |  |
| ex 4408 | Sheets for veneering and for plywood, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, spliced, and other wood sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm, planed, sanded or finger‐jointed | Splicing, planing, sanding or finger‐jointing |  |
| ex 4409 | Wood continuously shaped along any of its edges or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or finger‐jointed: |  |  |
|  | — Sanded or finger‐jointed | Sanding or finger‐jointing |  |
|  | — Beadings and mouldings | Beading or moulding |  |
| ex 4410 to ex 4413 | Beadings and mouldings, including moulded skirting and other moulded boards | Beading or moulding |  |
| ex 4415 | Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood; | Manufacture from boards not cut to size |  |
| ex 4416 | Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood | Manufacture from riven staves, not further worked than sawn on the two principal surfaces |  |
| ex 4418 | — Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, cellular wood panels, shingles and shakes may be used |  |
|  | — Beadings and mouldings | Beading or moulding |  |
| ex 4421 | Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear | Manufacture from wood of any heading, except drawn wood of heading 4409 |  |
| ex Chapter 45 | Cork and articles of cork; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 4503 | Articles of natural cork | Manufacture from cork of heading 4501 |  |
| Chapter 46 | Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| Chapter 47 | Pulp of wood or of other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 48 | Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 4811 | Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined or squared only | Manufacture from paper‐making materials of Chapter 47 |  |
| 4816 | Carbon paper, self‐copy paper and other copying or transfer papers (other than those of heading 4809), duplicator stencils and offset plates, of paper, whether or not put up in boxes | Manufacture from paper‐making materials of Chapter 47 |  |
| 4817 | Envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards and correspondence cards, of paper or paperboard; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing an assortment of paper stationery | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 4818 | Toilet paper | Manufacture from paper‐making materials of Chapter 47 |  |
| ex 4819 | Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding or webs of cellulose fibres | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 4820 | Letter pads | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 4823 | Other paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres, cut to size or shape | Manufacture from paper‐making materials of Chapter 47 |  |
| ex Chapter 49 | Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts, typescripts and plans; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 4909 | Printed or illustrated postcards; printed cards bearing personal greetings, messages or announcements, whether or not illustrated, with or without envelopes or trimmings | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4909 or 4911 |  |
| 4910 | Calendars of any kind, printed, including calendar blocks: |  |  |
|  | Calendars of the "perpetual" type or with replaceable blocks mounted on bases other than paper or paperboard | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 4909 or 4911 |  |
| ex Chapter 50 | Silk; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 5003 | Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock), carded or combed | Carding or combing of silk waste |  |
| 5004 to ex 5006 | Silk yarn and yarn spun from silk waste | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— other natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5007 | Woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 51 | Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 5106 to 5110 | Yarn of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5111 to 5113 | Woven fabrics of wool, of fine or coarse animal hair or of horsehair: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 52 | Cotton; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 5204 to 5207 | Yarn and thread of cotton | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5208 to 5212 | Woven fabrics of cotton: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 53 | Other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 5306 to 5308 | Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5309 to 5311 | Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres; woven fabrics of paper yarn: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5401 to 5406 | Yarn, monofilament and thread of man‐made filaments | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5407 and 5408 | Woven fabrics of man‐made filament yarn: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5501 to 5507 | Man‐made staple fibres | Manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp |  |
| 5508 to 5511 | Sewing thread of man‐made staple fibres | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— raw silk or silk waste, carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5512 to 5516 | Woven fabrics of man‐made staple fibres | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 56 | Wadding, felt and non‐wovens; special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— coir yarn;— natural fibres;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5602 | Felt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated: |  |  |
|  | — Needleloom felt | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres; or— chemical materials or textile pulp |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres;— artificial staple fibres; or— chemical materials or textile pulp |  |
| 5604 | Rubber thread and cord, textile covered; textile yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, impregnated, coated, covered or sheathed with rubber or plastics: |  |  |
|  | — Rubber thread and cord, textile covered | Manufacture from rubber thread or cord, not textile covered |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5605 | Metallised yarn, whether or not gimped, being textile yarn, or strip or the like of heading 5404 or 5405, combined with metal in the form of thread, strip or powder or covered with metal | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres;— man‐made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| 5606 | Gimped yarn, and strip and the like of heading 5404 or 5405, gimped (other than those of heading 5605 and gimped horsehair yarn); chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn); loop wale‐yarn | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres;— man‐made staple fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning;— chemical materials or textile pulp; or— paper‐making materials |  |
| Chapter 57 | Carpets and other textile floor coverings: |  |  |
|  | — of needleloom felt | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres; or— chemical materials or textile pulpHowever, jute fabric may be used as a backing |  |
|  | — of other felt | Manufacture from[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):— natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise processed for spinning; or— chemical materials or textile pulp |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007):However,jute fabric may be used as a backing |  |
| ex Chapter 58 | Special woven fabrics; tufted textile fabrics; lace; tapestries; trimmings; embroidery; except for: | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5805 | Hand‐woven tapestries of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needle‐worked tapestries (for example, petit point, cross stitch), whether or not made‐up | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 5810 | Embroidery in the piece, in strips or in motifs | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 5901 | Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books or the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar stiffened textile fabrics of a kind used for hat foundations | Manufacture from yarn |  |
| 5902 | Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon: | Manufacture from yarn |  |
| 5903 | Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with plastics, other than those of heading 5902 | Manufacture from yarn | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5904 | Linoleum, whether or not cut to shape; floor coverings consisting of a coating or covering applied on a textile backing, whether or not cut to shape | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| 5905 | Textile wall coverings: | Manufacture from yarn | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5906 | Rubberised textile fabrics, other than those of heading 5902 | Manufacture from yarn |  |
| 5907 | Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated, coated or covered; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back‐cloths or the like | Manufacture from yarn | Printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling) where the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 5908 | Textile wicks, woven, plaited or knitted, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles or the like; incandescent gas mantles and tubular knitted gas mantle fabric therefor, whether or not impregnated: |  |  |
|  | — Incandescent gas mantles, impregnated | Manufacture from tubular knitted gas‐mantle fabric |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 5909 to 5911 | Textile products and articles, for technical uses: |  |  |
| — Polishing discs or rings other than of felt of heading 5911 | Manufacture from yarn or waste fabrics or rags of heading 6310 |
| — Woven fabrics, of a kind commonly used in papermaking or other technical uses, felted or not, whether or not impregnated or coated, tubular or endless with single or multiple warp and/or weft, or flat woven with multiple warp and/or weft of heading 5911 | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| Chapter 60 | Knitted or crocheted fabrics | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| Chapter 61 | Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, knitted or crocheted: |  |  |
|  | — Obtained by sewing together or otherwise assembling two or more pieces of knitted or crocheted fabric which have been either cut to form or obtained directly to form | Manufacture from fabric |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| ex Chapter 62 | Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, not knitted or crocheted; except for: | Manufacture from fabric |  |
| 6213 and 6214 | Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like: |  |  |
|  | — Embroidered | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007), [(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008) | Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from yarn [(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007),[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008) | Making up, followed by printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the value of all the unprinted goods of headings 6213 and 6214 used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 6217 | Other made‐up clothing accessories; parts of garments or of clothing accessories, other than those of heading 6212: |  |  |
|  | — Embroidered | Manufacture from yarn[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008) | Manufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Fire‐resistant equipment of fabric covered with foil of aluminised polyester | Manufacture from yarn[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008) | Manufacture from uncoated fabric, provided that the value of the uncoated fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) |
|  | — Interlinings for collars and cuffs, cut out | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 63 | Other made‐up textile articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 6301 to 6304 | Blankets, travelling rugs, bed linen, etc.; curtains, etc.; other furnishing articles: |  |  |
|  | — Of felt, of non‐wovens | Manufacture from[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008):— natural fibres; or— chemical materials or textile pulp |  |
|  | — Other |  |  |
|  | — Embroidered | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007),[(9)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr9-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0009) | Manufacture from unembroidered fabric (other than knitted or crocheted), provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007), [(9)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr9-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0009) |  |
| 6305 | Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods | Manufacture from yarn[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| 6306 | Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards or landcraft; camping goods: | Manufacture from fabric |  |
| 6307 | Other made‐up articles, including dress patterns | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 6308 | Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered tablecloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale | Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non‐originating articles may be incorporated, provided their total value does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the set |  |
| ex Chapter 64 | Footwear, gaiters and the like; except for: | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components of heading 6406 |  |
| 6406 | Parts of footwear (including uppers whether or not attached to soles other than outer soles); removable in‐soles, heel cushions and similar articles; gaiters, leggings and similar articles, and parts thereof | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 65 | Headgear and parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 6505 | Hats and other headgear, knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric, in the piece (but not in strips), whether or not lined or trimmed; hair‐nets of any material, whether or not lined or trimmed | Manufacture from yarn or textile fibres[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) |  |
| ex Chapter 66 | Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking‐sticks, seat‐sticks, whips, riding‐crops, and parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 6601 | Umbrellas and sun umbrellas (including walking‐stick umbrellas, garden umbrellas and similar umbrellas) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 67 | Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 68 | Articles of stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 6803 | Articles of slate or of agglomerated slate | Manufacture from worked slate |  |
| ex 6812 | Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate | Manufacture from materials of any heading |  |
| ex 6814 | Articles of mica, including agglomerated or reconstituted mica, on a support of paper, paperboard or other materials | Manufacture from worked mica (including agglomerated or reconstituted mica) |  |
| Chapter 69 | Ceramic products | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 70 | Glass and glassware; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 7003 ex 7004 and ex 7005 | Glass with a non‐reflecting layer | Manufacture from materials of heading 7001 |  |
| 7006 | Glass of heading 7003, 7004 or 7005, bent, edge‐worked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or otherwise worked, but not framed or fitted with other materials: |  |  |
|  | — Glass‐plate substrates, coated with a dielectric thin film, and of a semiconductor grade in accordance with SEMII‐standards[(10)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr10-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0010) | Manufacture from materials of heading 7006 |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture from materials of heading 7001 |  |
| 7007 | Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass | Manufacture from materials of heading 7001 |  |
| 7008 | Multiple‐walled insulating units of glass | Manufacture from materials of heading 7001 |  |
| 7009 | Glass mirrors, whether or not framed, including rear‐view mirrors | Manufacture from materials of heading 7001 |  |
| 7010 | Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules and other containers, of glass, of a kind used for the conveyance or packing of goods; preserving jars of glass; stoppers, lids and other closures, of glass | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Cutting of glassware, provided that the total value of the uncut glassware used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 7013 | Glassware of a kind used for table, kitchen, toilet, office, indoor decoration or similar purposes (other than that of heading 7010 or 7018) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Cutting of glassware, provided that the total value of the uncut glassware used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the productorHand‐decoration (except silk‐screen printing) of hand‐blown glassware, provided that the total value of the hand‐blown glassware used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 7019 | Articles (other than yarn) of glass fibres | Manufacture from:— uncoloured slivers, rovings, yarn or chopped strands, or— glass wool |  |
| ex Chapter 71 | Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi‐precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 7101 | Natural or cultured pearls, graded and temporarily strung for convenience of transport | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 7102, ex 7103 and ex 7104 | Worked precious or semi‐precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) | Manufacture from unworked precious or semi‐precious stones |  |
| 7106, 7108 and 7110 | Precious metals: |  |  |
|  | — Unwrought | Manufacture from materials not classified within heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 | Electrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110orAlloying of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each other or with base metals |
|  | — Semi‐manufactured or in powder form | Manufacture from unwrought precious metals |  |
| ex 7107, ex 7109 and ex 7111 | Metals clad with precious metals, semi‐manufactured | Manufacture from metals clad with precious metals, unwrought |  |
| 7116 | Articles of natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi‐precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7117 | Imitation jewellery | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Manufacture from base metal parts, not plated or covered with precious metals, provided that the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 72 | Iron and steel; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 7207 | Semi‐finished products of iron or non‐alloy steel | Manufacture from materials of heading 7201, 7202, 7203, 7204 or 7205 |  |
| 7208 to 7216 | Flat‐rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of iron or non‐alloy steel | Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7206 |  |
| 7217 | Wire of iron or non‐alloy steel | Manufacture from semi‐finished materials of heading 7207 |  |
| ex 7218, 7219 to 7222 | Semi‐finished products, flat‐rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of stainless steel | Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7218 |  |
| 7223 | Wire of stainless steel | Manufacture from semi‐finished materials of heading 7218 |  |
| ex 7224, 7225 to 7228 | Semi‐finished products, flat‐rolled products, bars and rods, angles, shapes and sections of other alloy steel; hollow drill bars and rods, of alloy or non‐alloy steel | Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7206, 7218 or 7224 |  |
| 7229 | Wire of other alloy steel | Manufacture from semi‐finished materials of heading 7224 |  |
| ex Chapter 73 | Articles of iron or steel; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 7301 | Sheet piling | Manufacture from materials of heading 7206 |  |
| 7302 | Railway or tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check‐rails and rack rails, switch blades, crossing frogs, point rods and other crossing pieces, sleepers (cross‐ties), fish‐plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialised for jointing or fixing rails | Manufacture from materials of heading 7206 |  |
| 7304, 7305 and 7306 | Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel | Manufacture from materials of heading 7206, 7207, 7218 or 7224 |  |
| ex 7307 | Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel (ISO No X5CrNiMo 1712), consisting of several parts | Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged blanks, provided that the total value of the forged blanks used does not exceed 35 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7308 | Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 9406) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge‐sections, lock‐gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, doors and windows and their frames and thresholds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading 7301 may not be used |  |
| ex 7315 | Skid chains | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 7315 used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 74 | Copper and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7401 | Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 7402 | Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 7403 | Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought: |  |  |
|  | — Refined copper | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
|  | — Copper alloys and refined copper containing other elements, unwrought | Manufacture from refined copper, unwrought, or waste and scrap of copper |  |
| 7404 | Copper waste and scrap | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 7405 | Master alloys of copper | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 75 | Nickel and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7501 to 7503 | Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy; unwrought nickel; nickel waste and scrap | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 76 | Aluminium and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7601 | Unwrought aluminium | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment from unalloyed aluminium or waste and scrap of aluminium |
| 7602 | Aluminium waste and scrap | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 7616 | Aluminium articles other than gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, and expanded metal of aluminium | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium may be used; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 77 | Reserved for possible future use in the HS |  |  |
| ex Chapter 78 | Lead and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7801 | Unwrought lead |  |  |
| — Refined lead | Manufacture from "bullion" or "work" lead |
| — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading 7802 may not be used |
| 7802 | Lead waste and scrap | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 79 | Zinc and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 7901 | Unwrought zinc | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading 7902 may not be used |  |
| 7902 | Zinc waste and scrap | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 80 | Tin and articles thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8001 | Unwrought tin | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, waste and scrap of heading 8002 may not be used |  |
| 8002 and 8007 | Tin waste and scrap; other articles of tin | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| Chapter 81 | Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof: |  |  |
|  | — Other base metals, wrought; articles thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials classified within the same heading as the product used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 82 | Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base metal; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| 8206 | Tools of two or more of headings 8202 to 8205, put up in sets for retail sale | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than headings 8202 to 8205. However, tools of headings 8202 to 8205 may be incorporated into the set, provided that their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the set |  |
| 8207 | Interchangeable tools for hand tools, whether or not power‐operated, or for machine‐tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, punching, tapping, threading, drilling, boring, broaching, milling, turning, or screwdriving), including dies for drawing or extruding metal, and rock drilling or earth boring tools | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8208 | Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8211 | Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives of heading 8208 | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, knife blades and handles of base metal may be used |  |
| 8214 | Other articles of cutlery (for example, hair clippers, butchers' or kitchen cleavers, choppers and mincing knives, paper knives); manicure or pedicure sets and instruments (including nail files) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used |  |
| 8215 | Spoons, forks, ladles, skimmers, cake‐servers, fish‐knives, butter‐knives, sugar tongs and similar kitchen or tableware | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, handles of base metal may be used |  |
| ex Chapter 83 | Miscellaneous articles of base metal; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 8302 | Other mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for buildings, and automatic door closers | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided that their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8306 | Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading 8306 may be used, provided that their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 84 | Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8401 | Nuclear fuel elements | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the finished product |  |
| 8402 | Steam or other vapour‐generating boilers (other than central‐heating hot‐water boilers capable also of producing low‐pressure steam); super‐heated water boilers | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8403 and ex 8404 | Central‐heating boilers other than those of heading 8402 and auxiliary plant for central‐heating boilers | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than heading 8403 or 8404 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8406 | Steam turbines and other vapour turbines | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8407 | Spark‐ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8408 | Compression‐ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi‐diesel engines) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8409 | Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading 8407 or 8408 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8411 | Turbojets, turbopropellers and other gas turbines | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8412 | Other engines and motors | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8413 | Rotary positive displacement pumps | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8414 | Industrial fans, blowers and the like | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8415 | Air‐conditioning machines, comprising a motor‐driven fan and elements for changing the temperature and humidity, including those machines in which the humidity cannot be separately regulated | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8418 | Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment, electric or other; heat pumps other than air conditioning machines of heading 8415 | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8419 | Machines for wood, paper‐pulp, paper and paperboard industries | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8420 | Calendering or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefor | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8423 | Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight‐operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8425 to 8428 | Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product, and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8429 | Self‐propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers: |  |  |
|  | — Road rollers | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8430 | Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile‐drivers and pile‐extractors; snow‐ploughs and snow‐blowers | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8431 | Parts suitable for use solely or principally with road rollers | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8439 | Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8441 | Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including cutting machines of all kinds | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within the same heading as the product are only used up to a value of 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8443 | Office machines (for example, typewriters, calculating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8444 to 8447 | Machines of these headings for use in the textile industry | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8448 | Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of headings 8444 and 8445 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8452 | Sewing machines, other than book‐sewing machines of heading 8440; furniture, bases and covers specially designed for sewing machines; sewing‐machine needles: |  |  |
|  | — Sewing machines (lock stitch only) with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg with motor | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product,— where the value of all the non‐originating materials used in assembling the head (without motor) does not exceed the value of the originating materials used, and— the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms used are originating |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8456, 8457 to 8465 and ex 8466 | Machine‐tools and machines and their parts and accessories of headings 8456 to 8466; except for: | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Water‐jet cutting machines— Parts and accessories for water‐jet cutting machines | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8469 to 8472 | Office machines (for example, typewriters, calculating machines, automatic data processing machines, duplicating machines, stapling machines) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8480 | Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials, rubber or plastics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8482 | Ball or roller bearings | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8484 | Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings; mechanical seals. | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8486 | — Machine tools for working any material by removal of material, by laser or other light or photon beam, ultrasonic, electrodischarge, electrochemical, electron beam, ionic‐beam or plasma arc processes and parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Machine tools (including presses) for working metal by bending, folding, straightening, flattening, and parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Machine tools for working stone, ceramics, concrete, asbestos‐cement or like mineral materials or for cold‐working glass and parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Marking‐out instruments which are pattern‐generating apparatus of a kind used for producing masks or reticles from photoresist coated substrates; parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Moulds, injection or compression types | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8431 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8487 | Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils, contacts or other electrical features, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 85 | Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers; television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8501 | Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets) | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8503 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8502 | Electric generating sets and rotary converters | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading 8501 or 8503, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8504 | Power supply units for automatic data‐processing machines | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 8517 | Other apparatus for the transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, including apparatus for communication in a wireless network (such as a local or wide area network), other than transmission or reception apparatus of heading 8443, 8525, 8527 or 8528 | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8518 | Microphones and stands therefore; loudspeakers, whether or not mounted in their enclosures; audio‐frequency electric amplifiers; electric sound amplifier sets | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8519 | Sound recording or reproducing apparatus | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product, and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8521 | Video recording or reproducing apparatus | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product, and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8522 | Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading 8519 or 8521 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8523 | Discs, tapes, solid-state non-volatile storage devices, "smart cards" and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, whether or not recorded, including matrices and masters for the production of discs, but excluding products of Chapter 37: |  |  |
|  | — Unrecorded discs, tapes, solid‐state non‐volatile storage devices and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, but excluding products of Chapter 37 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Recorded discs, tapes, solid‐state non‐volatile storage devices and other media for the recording of sound or of other phenomena, but excluding products of Chapter 37 | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8523 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Matrices and masters for the production of discs, but excluding products of Chapter 37 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Proximity cards and "smart cards" with two or more electronic integrated circuits | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — "Smart cards" with one electronic integrated circuit | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8525 | Transmission apparatus for radio‐broadcasting or television, whether or not incorporating reception apparatus or sound recording or reproducing apparatus; television cameras; digital cameras and video camera recorders | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8526 | Radar apparatus, radio navigational aid apparatus and radio remote control apparatus | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8527 | Reception apparatus for radio‐broadcasting, whether or not combined, in the same housing, with sound recording or reproducing apparatus or a clock | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8528 | Monitors and projectors, not incorporating television reception apparatus; reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio‐broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus |  |  |
|  | — Monitors and projectors, not incorporating television reception apparatus, of a kind solely or principally used in an automatic data‐processing system of heading 8471 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other monitors and projectors, not incorporating television reception apparatus; reception apparatus for television, whether or not incorporating radio‐broadcast receivers or sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8529 | Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 8525 to 8528: |  |  |
|  | — Suitable for use solely or principally with video recording or reproducing apparatus | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Suitable for use solely or principally with monitors and projectors, not incorporating television reception apparatus, of a kind solely or principally used in an automatic data‐processing system of heading 8471 | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8535 | Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits, for a voltage exceeding 1 000 V | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8536 | Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits, for a voltage not exceeding 1 000 V; connectors for optical fibres, optical fibre bundles or cables: |  |  |
|  | — Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits for a voltage not exceeding 1 000 V | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Connectors for optical fibres, optical fibre bundles or cables |  |  |
|  | — Of plastics | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Of ceramics | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
|  | — Of copper | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8537 | Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 8535 or 8536, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading 8517 | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 8538 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8541 | Diodes, transistors and similar semi‐conductor devices, except wafers not yet cut into chips | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8542 | Electronic integrated circuits: |  |  |
|  | — Monolithic integrated circuits | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Multichips which are parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8544 | Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable (including coaxial cable) and other insulated electric conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors; optical fibre cables, made up of individually sheathed fibres, whether or not assembled with electric conductors or fitted with connectors | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8545 | Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for electrical purposes | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8546 | Electrical insulators of any material | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8547 | Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings wholly of insulating materials apart from any minor components of metal (for example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of assembly, other than insulators of heading 8546; electrical conduit tubing and joints therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8548 | Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter: |  |  |
|  | — Electronic microassemblies | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the materials classified within heading 8541 or 8542, taken together, are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 86 | Railway or tramway locomotives, rolling stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings and parts thereof; mechanical (including electro‐mechanical) traffic signalling equipment of all kinds; except for: | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8608 | Railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings; mechanical (including electro‐mechanical) signalling, safety or traffic control equipment for railways, tramways, roads, inland waterways, parking facilities, port installations or airfields; parts of the foregoing | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 87 | Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 8709 | Works trucks, self‐propelled, not fitted with lifting or handling equipment, of the type used in factories, warehouses, dock areas or airports for short distance transport of goods; tractors of the type used on railway station platforms; parts of the foregoing vehicles | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8710 | Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised, whether or not fitted with weapons, and parts of such vehicles | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8711 | Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without sidecars; sidecars: |  |  |
|  | — with reciprocating internal combustion piston engine of a cylinder capacity: |  |  |
|  | — Not exceeding 50 cc | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Exceeding 50 cc | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8712 | Bicycles without ball bearings | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of heading 8714 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8715 | Baby carriages and parts thereof | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8716 | Trailers and semi‐trailers; other vehicles, not mechanically propelled; parts thereof | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 88 | Aircraft, spacecraft, and parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8804 | Rotochutes | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 8804 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 8805 | Aircraft launching gear; deck‐arrestor or similar gear; ground flying trainers; parts of the foregoing articles | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 89 | Ships, boats and floating structures | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, hulls of heading 8906 may not be used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 90 | Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus; parts and accessories thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9001 | Optical fibres and optical fibre bundles; optical fibre cables other than those of heading 8544; sheets and plates of polarising material; lenses (including contact lenses), prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, unmounted, other than such elements of glass not optically worked | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9002 | Lenses, prisms, mirrors and other optical elements, of any material, mounted, being parts of or fittings for instruments or apparatus, other than such elements of glass not optically worked | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9004 | Spectacles, goggles and the like, corrective, protective or other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 9005 | Binoculars, monoculars, other optical telescopes, and mountings therefor | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 9006 | Photographic (other than cinematographic) cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited flashbulbs | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9007 | Cinematographic cameras and projectors, whether or not incorporating sound recording or reproducing apparatus | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9011 | Compound optical microscopes, including those for photomicrography, cinephotomicrography or microprojection | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 9014 | Other navigational instruments and appliances | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9015 | Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic, oceanographic, hydrological, meteorological or geophysical instruments and appliances, excluding compasses; rangefinders | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9016 | Balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better, with or without weights | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9017 | Drawing, marking‐out or mathematical calculating instruments (for example, drafting machines, pantographs, protractors, drawing sets, slide rules, disc calculators); instruments for measuring length, for use in the hand (for example, measuring rods and tapes, micrometers, callipers), not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9018 | Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary sciences, including scintigraphic apparatus, other electro‐medical apparatus and sight‐testing instruments: |  |  |
|  | — Dentists' chairs incorporating dental appliances | Manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading 9018 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product;— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9019 | Mechano‐therapy appliances; massage apparatus; psychological aptitude‐testing apparatus; ozone therapy, oxygen therapy, aerosol therapy, artificial respiration or other therapeutic respiration apparatus | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9020 | Other breathing appliances and gas masks, excluding protective masks having neither mechanical parts nor replaceable filters | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9024 | Machines and appliances for testing the hardness, strength, compressibility, elasticity or other mechanical properties of materials (for example, metals, wood, textiles, paper, plastics) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9025 | Hydrometers and similar floating instruments, thermometers, pyrometers, barometers, hygrometers and psychrometers, recording or not, and any combination of these instruments | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9026 | Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking the flow, level, pressure or other variables of liquids or gases (for example, flow meters, level gauges, manometers, heat meters), excluding instruments and apparatus of heading 9014, 9015, 9028 or 9032 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9027 | Instruments and apparatus for physical or chemical analysis (for example, polarimeters, refractometers, spectrometers, gas or smoke analysis apparatus); instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking viscosity, porosity, expansion, surface tension or the like; instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking quantities of heat, sound or light (including exposure meters); microtomes | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9028 | Gas, liquid or electricity supply or production meters, including calibrating meters therefor: |  |  |
|  | — Parts and accessories | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9029 | Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, mileometers, pedometers and the like; speed indicators and tachometers, other than those of heading 9014 or 9015; stroboscopes | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9030 | Oscilloscopes, spectrum analysers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities; instruments and apparatus for measuring or detecting alpha, beta, gamma, X‐ray, cosmic or other ionising radiations | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9031 | Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter; profile projectors | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9032 | Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9033 | Parts and accessories (not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter) for machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 91 | Clocks and watches and parts thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9105 | Other clocks | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9109 | Clock movements, complete and assembled | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— the value of all the non‐originating materials used does not exceed the value of all the originating materials used | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9110 | Complete watch or clock movements, unassembled or partly assembled (movement sets); incomplete watch or clock movements, assembled; rough watch or clock movements | Manufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— where, within the above limit, the value of the materials classified within heading 9114 are only used up to a value of 10 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9111 | Watch cases and parts thereof | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9112 | Clock cases and cases of a similar type for other goods of this Chapter, and parts thereof | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9113 | Watch straps, watch bands and watch bracelets, and parts thereof: |  |  |
|  | — of base metal, whether or not gold‐ or silver‐plated, or of metal clad with precious metal | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
|  | — Other | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 92 | Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| Chapter 93 | Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 94 | Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated nameplates and the like; prefabricated buildings; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 9401 and ex 9403 | Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight of 300 g/m2 or less | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use with materials of heading 9401 or 9403, provided that:— the value of the cloth does not exceed 25 % of the ex‐works price of the product; and— all the other materials used are originating and are classified in a heading other than heading 9401 or 9403 | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 9405 | Lamps and lighting fittings including searchlights and spotlights and parts thereof, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated nameplates and the like, having a permanently fixed light source, and parts thereof not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9406 | Prefabricated buildings | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex Chapter 95 | Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 9503 | Other toys; reduced-size ("scale") models and similar recreational models, working or not; puzzles of all kinds | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 9506 | Golf clubs and parts thereof | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, roughly shaped blocks for making golf‐club heads may be used |  |
| ex Chapter 96 | Miscellaneous manufactured articles; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |
| ex 9601 and ex 9602 | Articles of animal, vegetable or mineral carving materials | Manufacture from "worked" carving materials of these headings |  |
| ex 9603 | Brooms and brushes, (except for besoms and the like and brushes made from marten or squirrel hair), hand‐operated mechanical floor sweepers, not motorised; paint pads and rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9605 | Travel sets for personal toilet, sewing or shoe or clothes cleaning | Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, non‐originating articles may be incorporated, provided their total value does not exceed 15 % of the ex‐works price of the set |  |
| 9606 | Buttons, press‐fasteners, snap‐fasteners and press‐studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| 9608 | Ball‐point pens; felt‐tipped and other porous‐tipped pens and markers; fountain pens, stylograph pens and other pens; duplicating stylos; propelling or sliding pencils; pen‐holders, pencil‐holders and similar holders; parts (including caps and clips) of the foregoing articles, other than those of heading 9609 | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product.However, nibs or nib‐points classified within the same heading may be used |  |
| 9612 | Typewriter or similar ribbons, inked or otherwise prepared for giving impressions, whether or not on spools or in cartridges; ink‐pads, whether or not inked, with or without boxes | Manufacture in which:— all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product; and— the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 9613 | Lighters with piezo‐igniter | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of heading 9613 used does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |  |
| ex 9614 | Pipes and pipe bowls | Manufacture from roughly‐shaped blocks |  |
| Chapter 97 | Works of art, collectors' pieces and antiques | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |  |

[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc1-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0001) For the special conditions relating to "specific processes", see Introductory Notes 7.1 and 7.3.

[(2)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc2-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0002) For the special conditions relating to "specific processes", see Introductory Note 7.2.

[(3)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc3-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0003) Note 3 to Chapter 32 says that these preparations are those of a kind used for colouring any material or used as ingredients in the manufacture of colouring preparations, provided that they are not classified in another heading in Chapter 32.

[(4)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc4-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0004) A "group" is regarded as any part of the heading separated from the rest by a semicolon.

[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc5-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0005) In the case of the products composed of materials classified both within headings 3901 to 3906, on the one hand, and within headings 3907 to 3911, on the other hand, this restriction only applies to that group of materials which predominates by weight in the product.

[(6)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc6-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0006) The following foils shall be considered as highly transparent: foils, the optical dimming of which, measured according to ASTM-D 1003-16 by Gardner Hazemeter (i.e. Hazefactor), is less than 2 %.

[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc7-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0007) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc8-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0008) See Introductory Note 6.

[(9)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc9-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0009) For knitted or crocheted articles, not elastic or rubberised, obtained by sewing or assembling pieces of knitted or crocheted fabrics (cut out or knitted directly to shape), see Introductory Note 6.

[(10)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc10-L_2019332EN.01005201-E0010) SEMII – Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Incorporated.

**ANNEX II‐A**

**DEROGATIONS FROM THE LIST OF WORKING OR PROCESSING REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT ON NON‐ORIGINATING MATERIALS IN ORDER FOR THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED TO OBTAIN ORIGINATING STATUS**

The products included in the list may not all be covered by the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement. It is, therefore, necessary to consult the other parts of the United Kingdom-Ghana Agreement.

Common provisions

* 1. For the products described in the table below, the following rules may also apply instead of the rules set out in Annex II to this Origin Reference Document.
	2. The proof of origin issued or made out in accordance with this Annex shall include the following statement in English:

"Derogation – Annex II-A to Protocol No.1 - Materials of HS heading No. originating from used."

This statement shall be contained in box 7 of the EUR.1 movement certificate referred to in Article 18 of this Origin Reference Document, or shall be added to the origin declaration referred to in Article 21 of this Origin Reference Document.

3. Ghana and the UK shall, each for their own part, take the measures necessary in order to implement this Annex.

| **Chapter / heading** | **Description of product** | **Specific derogation concerning the working or processing carried out on non‐originating materials which confers originating status** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Chapter 2 | Meat and edible meat offal | All the meat and edible meat offal is wholly obtained |
| Chapter 4 | Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture in which:— all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained— the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| Chapter 6 | Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage | Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 6 used are wholly obtainedorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 0812 to 0814 | Fruit and nuts, provisionally preserved; fruit, dried, other than that of headings 0801 to 0806;peel of citrus fruits or melons | Manufacture in which the content of materials of Chapter 8 used does not exceed 30 %, by weight, of the final product |
| Chapter 9 | Coffee, tea, maté and spices | Manufacture from materials of any heading |
| 1101 to 1104 | Products of the milling industry | Manufacture from materials of Chapter 10, except rice of heading 1006 |
| 1105 to 1109 | Flour, meal, powder, flakes of potatoes, etc.; starches; inulin; wheat gluten | Manufacture in which the content of non‐originating materials does not exceed 20 %, by weightorManufacture from materials of Chapter 10, except materials of heading 1006, in which the materials of heading 0710 and sub‐heading 0710 10 are wholly obtained |
| Chapter 12 | Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit; industrial or medicinal plants; straw and fodder | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product |
| 1301 | Lac; natural gums, resins, gum‐resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams) | Manufacture from materials of any heading |
| 1302 | Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar‐agar and other mucilages and thickeners, whether or not modified, derived from vegetable products:— Mucilages and thickeners, modified, derived from vegetable products | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 1506 | Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product |
| ex 1507 to 1515 | Vegetable oils and their fractions:— Soya, groundnut, palm, copra, palm kernel, babassu, tung and oiticica oil, myrtle wax and Japan wax, fractions of jojoba oil and oils for technical or industrial uses other than the manufacture of foodstuffs for human consumption, except olive oils of headings 1509 and 1510 | Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product |
| 1516 | Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or wholly hydrogenated, inter‐esterified, re‐esterified or elaidinised, whether or not refined, but not further prepared | Manufacture from materials classified in a heading other than that of the product |
| Chapter 18 | Cocoa and cocoa preparations | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except that of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| 1901 | Food preparations of flour, groats, meal, starch or malt extract, containing less than 40 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included; food preparations of goods of headings 0401 to 0404 containing less than 5 % by weight of cocoa calculated on a totally defatted basis, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except that of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| 1902 | Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed (with meat or other substances) or otherwise prepared, such as spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, lasagne, gnocchi, ravioli, cannelloni; couscous, whether or not prepared | Manufacture in which:— the content of materials of Chapter 11 used does not exceed 20 %, by weight— the weight of materials of Chapters 2 and 3 used does not exceed 20 %, by weight, of the final product |
| 1903 | Tapioca and substitutes thereof prepared from starch, in the form of flakes, grains, pearls, sifting or similar forms:— with a content of materials of heading 1108 13 (potato starch) not more than 30 % by weight | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product |
| 1904 | Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (for example, corn flakes); cereals (other than maize (corn)) in grain form or in the form of flakes or other worked grains (except flour and meal), pre‐cooked or otherwise prepared, not elsewhere specified or included | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except heading 1806— in which the content of materials of Chapter 11 used does not exceed 20 %, by weight— in which the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight of the final product |
| 1905 | Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products | Manufacture in which the content of materials of Chapter 11 used does not exceed 20 % by weight |
| ex Chapter 20 | Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants:from materials other than those of headings 2002, 2003 | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except that of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final productorManufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex‐works price of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| Chapter 21 | Miscellaneous edible preparations | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except that of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapters 4 and 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final productorManufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex‐works price of the product— in which the content of materials of Chapters 4 and 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| Chapter 23 | Residues and waste from the food industries; prepared animal fodder | Manufacture:— from materials of any heading, except that of the product— in which the content of maize or materials of Chapters 2, 4 and 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final productorManufacture:— in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex‐works price of the product— in which the content of maize or materials of Chapters 2, 4 and 17 used does not exceed 40 %, by weight, of the final product |
| Chapter 32 | Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 33 | Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 34 | Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing preparations, lubricating preparations, artificial waxes, prepared waxes, polishing or scouring preparations, candles and similar articles, modelling pastes, "dental waxes" and dental preparations with a basis of plaster; except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 70 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3404 | Artificial waxes and prepared waxes:— with a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes, waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, slack wax or scale wax | Manufacture from materials of any heading |
| Chapter 35 | Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 36 | Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 37 | Photographic or cinematographic goods | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 38 | Miscellaneous chemical products | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, materials classified within the same heading may be used, provided their value does not exceed 20 % of the ex‐works price of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 3922 to 3926 | Articles of plastics | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product |
| ex Chapter 41 | Raw hides and skins (other than fur skins) and leather | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 4101 to 4103 | Raw hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment‐dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split; raw skins of sheep or lambs (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment‐dressed or further prepared), whether or not with wool on or split, other than those excluded by Note 1(c) to Chapter 41; other raw hides and skins (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment‐dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split, other than those excluded by Note 1(b) or 1(c) to Chapter 41 | Manufacture from materials of any heading |
| 4104 to 4106 | Tanned or crust hides and skins, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared | Retanning of tanned leather |
| Chapter 42 | Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut (other than silk worm gut) | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 46 | Manufactures of straw, of esparto or of other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 48 | Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 6117 | Other made‐up clothing accessories; knitted or crocheted parts of garments or of clothing accessories | Spinning of natural and/or man‐made staple fibres, or extrusion of man‐made filament yarn, accompanied by knitting (knitted‐to‐shape products)orDyeing of yarn of natural fibres accompanied by knitting (knitted‐to‐shape products) |
| 6213 and 6214 | Handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like:— embroidered | Weaving accompanied by making‐up (including cutting)orManufacture from unembroidered fabric, provided that the value of the unembroidered fabric used does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01012601-E0001)orMaking‐up preceded by printing accompanied by at least two preparatory or finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
|  |  | Weaving accompanied by making‐up (including cutting)orMaking‐up preceded by printing accompanied by at least two preparatory finishing operations (such as scouring, bleaching, mercerising, heat setting, raising, calendering, shrink resistance processing, permanent finishing, decatising, impregnating, mending and burling), provided that the value of the unprinted fabric used does not exceed 47.5 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| — other |  |
| 6307 | Other made‐up articles, including dress patterns | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 6308 | Sets consisting of woven fabric and yarn, whether or not with accessories, for making up into rugs, tapestries, embroidered tablecloths or serviettes, or similar textile articles, put up in packings for retail sale | Each item in the set must satisfy the rule which would apply to it if it were not included in the set. However, the value of any non‐originating articles must not exceed 35 % of the ex‐works price of the set |
| ex Chapter 64 | Footwear, gaiters and the like | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components |
| Chapter 69 | Ceramic products | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex Chapter 71 | Natural or cultured pearls, precious or semi‐precious stones, precious metals, metals clad with precious metal, and articles thereof; imitation jewellery; coin, except for: | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| 7106, 7108 and 7110 | Precious metals:— unwrought | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings 7106, 7108 and 7110orElectrolytic, thermal or chemical separation of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110orFusion and/or alloying of precious metals of heading 7106, 7108 or 7110 with each other or with base metals |
| — semi‐manufactured or in powder form | Manufacture from unwrought precious metals |
| 7115 | Other articles of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal | Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product |
| Chapter 83 | Miscellaneous articles of base metal | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8302 | Other mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for buildings, and automatic door closers | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided their value does not exceed 30 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| ex 8306 | Statuettes and other ornaments, of base metal | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the product. However, the other materials of heading 8306 may be used, provided their value does not exceed 40 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 84 | Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 85 | Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers, television image and sound recorders and reproducers, and parts and accessories of such articles | Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 87 | Vehicles other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50 % of the ex‐works price of the product |
| Chapter 94 | Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not elsewhere specified or included; illuminated signs, illuminated nameplates and the like; prefabricated buildings; | Manufacture in which all the materials used are classified within a heading other than that of the productorManufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 60 % of the ex‐works price of the product |

[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc1-L_2019332EN.01012601-E0001) For special conditions relating to products made of a mixture of textile materials, see Introductory Note 5.

**ANNEX III**

**FORM FOR MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE EUR.1**

* 1. Movement certificates EUR.1 shall be made out on the basis of the form of which a specimen appears in this Annex. This form shall be printed in English. Certificates shall be made out in English and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in printed characters.
	2. Each certificate shall measure 210 × 297 mm; a tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 60 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
	3. The exporting States may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

**MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1. Exporter** *(name, full address, country)* | **EUR.1 No A** 000.000 |
| See notes overleaf before completing this form |
| **2. Certificate used in preferential trade between** |
| **3. Consignee** *(name, full address, country)* | **and** |
| (*optional*) | *(insert appropriate countries or groups of countries or territories)* |
| **4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating** | **5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination** |
| **6. Transport details** *(optional)* | **7. Remarks** |
| **8. Item number; marks, numbers, number and description of goods** | **kind of packages (1);** | **9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)** | **10. Invoices***(Optional)* |
| **11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT** | **12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER** |
| Declaration certified | I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the requisite conditions for the issue of this certificate. |
| Export document (2) |  |  |
| Form  | No  |  |  |
| Customs office  |  |  |
| Issuing country or territory |  |  |  |
|  | Stamp | Place and date  |
| Date  |  |  |
|   |   |
| *(Signature)* |  | *(Signature)* |  |
| **13. Request for verification**, to: | **14. Result of verification** |
|  | Verification carried out shows that this certificate (\*) |
|  |  was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate. |
|  |  does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended). |
| Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested |  |
|   |   |
| *(Place and date)* | *(Place and date)* |
|

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|   | Stamp |
|   | *(Signature)* |

 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|   | Stamp |
|   | *(Signature)* |

 |

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

(2) Fill in only where the regulations of the exporting country or territory so require.

(\*) Insert X in the appropriate box.

NOTES

1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.

2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.

3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

**APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1. Exporter** *(name, full address, country)* | **EUR.1 No A** 000.000 |
| See notes overleaf before completing this form |
| **2. Application for a Certificate used in preferential trade between** |
| **3. Consignee** (*name, full address, country*) (*optional*) | **and** |
|  | *(insert appropriate countries or groups of countries or territories)* |
| **4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating** | **5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination** |
| **6. Transport details** *(optional)* | **7. Remarks** |
| **8. Item number; marks, numbers, number and kind of packages (1); description of goods** | **9. Gross mass (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)** | **10. Invoices***(Optional)* |

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

**DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER**

|  |
| --- |
| I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf, |
| DECLARE | that the goods meet the requisite conditions for the issue of the attached certificate; |
| SPECIFY | as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:     |
| SUBMIT | the following supporting documents (1)     |
| UNDERTAKE | to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate; and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities; |
| REQUEST | the issue of the attached certificate for these goods. |

(*Place and date*)

*(Signature)*

(1) For example, import documents, movement certificates, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

**ANNEX IV**

**ORIGIN DECLARATION**

The origin declaration, the text of which is given below, must be made out in accordance with the footnotes. However, the footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

**English version**

The exporter of the products covered by this document (customs authorisation …(1)) declares that, except where otherwise clearly indicated, these products are of (2) preferential origin.

 (3)

(Place and date)

 (4)

(Signature of the exporter; in addition the name of the person signing the declaration has to be indicated in clear script)

(1) Where the origin declaration is made out by a registered exporter as provided for in Article 21(1), or an approved exporter within the meaning of Article 22 of this Protocol, the authorisation number of the registered or the approved exporter must be entered in this space. Where the origin declaration is not made out by a registered or an approved exporter, the words in brackets shall be omitted or the space left blank.

(2) Origin of products to be indicated.

(3) These indications may be omitted if the information is contained on the document itself.

(4) See Article 21(5) of this Protocol. In cases where the exporter is not required to sign, the exemption of signature also implies the exemption of the name of the signatory.

**ANNEX V‐A**

**SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION FOR PRODUCTS HAVING PREFERENTIAL ORIGIN STATUS**

I, the undersigned, declare that the goods listed on this document …………………………(1) originate in ………………………. (2) and satisfy the rules of origin governing preferential trade between Ghana and the United Kingdom.

I undertake to make available to the customs authorities, if required, evidence in support of this declaration.

 (3)

 (4)

 (5)

*Note*

The text above, suitably completed in conformity with the footnotes below, constitutes a supplier's declaration. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

(1)

— If only some of the goods listed on the invoice are concerned, they should be clearly indicated or marked and this marking entered on the declaration as follows: ".............. listed on this invoice and marked .............. were produced ………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..".

— If a document other than an invoice or an annex to the invoice is used (see Article 27(5) of th Protocol), the name of the document concerned should be mentioned instead of the word "invoice".

(2) The United Kingdom, a Member State of the European Union, Ghana, an OCT or another ACP State which has a preferential trade arrangement with the UK. Where Ghana, an OCT or another ACP State which has a preferential trade arrangement with the UK is given, a reference must also be made to the UK customs office holding any EUR.1 certificate(s) concerned, giving the number of the certificate(s) concerned and, if possible, the relevant customs entry number involved.

(3) Place and date.

(4) Name and function in company.

(5) Signature.

**ANNEX V‐B**

**SUPPLIER'S DECLARATION FOR PRODUCTS NOT HAVING PREFERENTIAL ORIGIN STATUS**

I, the undersigned, declare that the goods listed on this document …[……………………(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr1-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0001) originate in ………………………[(2)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntr2-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0002) and incorporate the following components or materials which do not originate in the United Kingdom, Ghana, in another ACP State which has a preferential trade arrangement with the United Kingdom, in an OCT or in the European Union for preferential trade:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  (3) |  (4) |
|  (5) |  |
|   |
|  (6) |
| I undertake to make available to the customs authorities, if required, evidence in support of this declaration. |
|  (7) |  (8) |
|  (9) |  |

*Note*

The text above, suitably completed in conformity with the footnotes below, constitutes a supplier's declaration. The footnotes do not have to be reproduced.

[(1)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc1-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0001)

— If only some of the goods listed on the invoice are concerned, they should be clearly indicated or marked and this marking entered on the declaration as follows: "… listed on this invoice and marked… were produced…".

— If a document other than an invoice or an annex to the invoice is used (see Article 27(5) of th Protocol), the name of the document concerned should be mentioned instead of the word "invoice".

[(2)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc2-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0002) The United Kingdom, the European Union, a Member State of the European Union, Ghana, an OCT or another ACP State that has a preferential trade arrangement with the United Kingdom.

[(3)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc3-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0003) The product description must be given in all cases. The description must be adequate and should be sufficiently detailed to allow the tariff classification of the goods concerned to be determined.

[(4)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc4-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0004) Customs values should be given only if required.

[(5)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc5-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0005) The country of origin should be given only if required. The origin to be given must be a preferential origin, all other origins should be given as "third country".

[(6)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc6-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0006) Add the following: "and have undergone the following processing in [the United Kingdom] [European Union Member State] [Ghana] [OCT] [other ACP State that has a preferential trade arrangement with the UK]…", along with a description of the processing carried out if this information is required.

[(7)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc7-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0007) Place and date.

[(8)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc8-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0008) Name and function in company.

[(9)](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?qid=1588177095177&uri=CELEX:32019D2208#ntc9-L_2019332EN.01014301-E0009) Signature.

**ANNEX VI**

**INFORMATION CERTIFICATE**

1. The information certificate form given in this Annex shall be used and printed in English and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. Information certificates shall be completed in English; if they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in block letters. They shall bear a serial number, whether or not printed, by which they can be identified.

2. The information certificate shall measure 210 x 297 mm (A4 format); a tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper must be white, sized for writing, not contain mechanical pulp and weigh not less than 65 g/m2.

3. The national administrations may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by printers approved by them. In the latter case, each certificate shall include a reference to such approval. The forms shall bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Supplier(1) | INFORMATION CERTIFICATE |
|  | to facilitate the issue of a |
|  | MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE |
| 2. Consignee(1) | for preferential trade between the |
|  | THE UNITED KINGDOM |
|  | and |
|  | Ghana |
| 3. Processor(1) | 4. State in which the working or processing has been carried out |
| 6. Customs office of importation(1) | 5. For official use |
| 7. Import document (2) |  |
|

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | No  |

 |  |
| Form:  |  |
| Series:  |  |
|  |  |
|

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| of |  |  |  |

 |  |
|  |  |
| **GOODS SENT TO THE STATE OF DESTINATION** |
| 8. Marks, numbers, number and kind of packages | 9. Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System number heading/subheading (HS heading) | 10. Quantity(3) |
|  |  | 11. Value(4) |
| **IMPORTED GOODS USED** |
| 12. Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System heading/subheading (HS heading) | 13. Country of origin | 14. Quantity(3) | 15. Value(2)(5) |
| 16. Nature of the working or processing carried out |  |  |
| 17. Remarks |  |  |
| 18. **CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT** | 19. **CONSIGNOR'S DECLARATION** |  |
| Declaration certified: | I, the undersigned, declare that the information on this certificate is accurate. |  |
| Document  |  |  |
| No  | Done at , |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

 |
| Form  |  |
| Customs office  |  |  |
|

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| On |  |  |  | Official stamp |

 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|   |   |
| (Signature) | (Signature) |

(1)(2)(3)(4)(5) See footnotes overleaf

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION** | **RESULT OF VERIFICATION** |
| The undersigned customs official requests verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this information certificate. | Verification carried out by the undersigned customs official shows that this information certificate: |
|  | (a) was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate(\*). |
|  | (b) does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy |
|  | (see notes appended)(\*). |
| Done | at , | on | Done | at , | on |
|   |   |
| **Official stamp** | **Official stamp** |
|   |   |
| (Official's signature) | (Official's signature) |
|  | (\*) Delete where not applicable. |  |  |

CROSS REFERENCES

1. Name of individual or business and full address.

2. Optional information.

3. Kg, hl, m³ or other measure.

4. Packaging is considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. However, this provision does not apply to packaging which is not of the normal type for the article packed, and which has a lasting utility value of its own, apart from its function as packaging.

5. The value must be indicated in accordance with the provisions on rules of origin.

**ANNEX VII**

**FORM FOR APPLICATION FOR A DEROGATION**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Commercial description of the finished product1.1. Customs classification (HS code) | 2. Anticipated annual quantity of exports to the United Kingdom (weight, number of pieces, metres or other unit) |
| 3. Commercial description of third country materialsCustoms classification (HS code) | 4. Anticipated annual quantity of third country materials to be used |
| 5. Value of third country materials | 6. Ex‐works value of finished product |
| 7. Origin of third country materials | 8. Reasons why the rule of origin for the finished product cannot be satisfied |
| 9. Commercial description of materials originating in countries or territories referred to in Article 7 | 10. Anticipated annual quantity of materials originating in countries or territories referred to in Article 7 to be used |
| 11. Value of materials originating in countries or territories referred to in Article 7 | 12. Working or processing carried out in countries or territories referred to in Article 7 without obtaining origin |
| 13. Duration requested for derogation from ……… to ………. | 14. Detailed description of working and processing in Ghana |
| 15. Capital structure of the firm(s) concerned | 16. Amount of investments made/planned |
| 17. Staff employed/expected | 18. Value added by the working or processing in Ghana:18.1. Labour:18.2. Overheads:18.3. Other: |
| 19. Other possible sources of supply for materials | 20. Possible development to overcome the need for a derogation |
| 21. Remarks |  |
| *NOTES*1. If the boxes in the form are too small for the relevant information, you may attach additional pages to the form. In this case, you should indicate "see annex" in the box concerned.2. If possible, samples or other illustrative material (pictures, designs, catalogues, etc.) of the final product and of the materials should accompany the form.3. You must complete a form for each product covered by the request.Boxes 3, 4, 5, 7: "third country" means any country which is not referred to in Article 7 of the Protocol.Box 12: If third country materials have been worked or processed in the countries or territories referred to in Article 7 of the Protocol without obtaining origin before being further processed in Ghana, you should indicate the working or processing carried out in the countries or territories referred to in Article 7 of the Protocol.Box 13: The dates to be indicated are the initial and final one for the period in which movement certificates EUR.1 may be issued under the derogation.Box 18: Indicate either the percentage of added value in respect of the ex‐works price of the product, or the monetary amount of the added value per unit of product.Box 19: If alternative sources of material exist, indicate here what they are and, if possible, the reasons of cost or other reasons why they are not used.Box 20: Indicate possible further investments or suppliers' differentiation which make the derogation necessary for only a limited period of time. |

**ANNEX VIII**

**OVERSEAS COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES**

For the purposes of this Origin Reference Document "overseas countries and territories" means the countries and territories listed below:

(This list is without prejudice to the status of these countries and territories, or future changes in their status.)

1. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the Kingdom of Denmark:

— Greenland.

2. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the French Republic:

— New Caledonia and Dependencies,

— French Polynesia,

— Saint Pierre and Miquelon,

— Saint Barthélemy,

— French Southern and Antarctic Territories,

— Wallis and Futuna.

3. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the Kingdom of the Netherlands:

— Aruba,

— Bonaire,

— Curaçao,

— Saba,

— Sint Eustatius,

— Sint Maarten.

4. Overseas countries and territories that have special relations with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland:

— Anguilla,

— Bermuda,

— Cayman Islands,

— Falkland Islands,

— South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands,

— Montserrat,

— Pitcairn,

— Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha,

— British Antarctic Territory,

— British Indian Ocean Territory,

— Turks and Caicos Islands,

— British Virgin Islands.

1. 1 The other West African countries are: Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Gambia, Côte d'Ivoire, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone and Togo. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. 2 Such ACP preferential trade arrangements do not include arrangements under the UK's Trade Preference Scheme for developing countries, which are addressed under Article 8 of this Origin Reference Document. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. 3)The Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, the Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. This example is given for the purpose of explanation only. It is not legally binding. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. See introductory note 7.4. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. See introductory note 7.4 . [↑](#footnote-ref-6)