## HS2

March 2023

## Construction Noise and Vibration Monthly Report - January 2023 <br> Cherwell District Council

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## Non-Technical Summary

This Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report fulfils HS2 Limited's commitment detailed in the Environmental Minimum Requirements (EMRs), Annex 1, Code of Construction Practice, to present the results of noise and vibration monitoring carried out within Cherwell District Council during the month of January 2023.

Within this period monitoring equipment was installed at the following worksites:

- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the A421 North, Warren Farm worksite (ref: A421) where piling platform preparation works, (including reinforcement, formation and platform filling), stockpiling, mulching of stumps, construction of utility protection slabs, surfacing work preparation, duct installation, lamppost installation and inspection chamber insulation, topsoil stripping, welfare cabin installation and formation testing works were underway.
- Noise monitoring was undertaken in the vicinity of the A4421 South, Shelswell Inn worksite (ref.: A4421) where ditch diversion, haul road installation, site access road diversion, drainage works, backfilling, mulching of stumps and platform piling extension, de-vegetation and pond excavation works were underway.

Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at:

- Finmere where trial ponds construction was underway.
- Featherbed Lane South where overhead electricity, material removal works, and topsoil stripping were underway.
- Featherbed Lane North where limestone cutting, reshaping and sealing limestone, topsoil stockpiling, temporary drainage works and pond excavations were underway.

There were no exceedance of the HS2 threshold levels for significant noise impacts, which are defined in Information Paper E23 (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hs2-information-papers-environment), during the reporting period.

There were no exceedances of trigger levels as defined in Section 61 consents during the reporting period.

No complaints were received during the monitoring period.

# Abbreviations and Descriptions 

The abbreviations, descriptions and project terminology used within this report can be found in Table 1.

Table 1: Table of Abbreviations

| Acronym/Term | Definition |
| :---: | :---: |
| Laeq, ${ }^{\text {T }}$ | See equivalent continuous sound pressure level |
| Ambient sound | A description of the all-encompassing sound at a given location and time which will include sound from many sources near and far. Ambient sound can be quantified in terms of the equivalent continuous sound pressure level, $\mathrm{L}_{\text {pAeq, }}$ T |
| Decibel(s), or dB | Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound there is a million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in Pascal (Pa)). Because of this wide range, a level scale called the decibel (dB) scale, based on a logarithmic ratio, is used in sound measurement. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately $0-140 \mathrm{~dB}$. |
| Decibel(s) Aweighted, or $d B(A)$ | The human ear system does not respond uniformly to sound across the detectable frequency range and consequently instrumentation used to measure sound is weighted to represent the performance of the ear. This is known as the 'A weighting' and is written as ' $\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ '. |
| Equivalent continuous sound pressure level, or LAeq,T | An index used internationally for the assessment of environmental sound impacts. It is defined as the notional unchanging level that would, over a given period of time ( T ), deliver the same sound energy as the actual time-varying sound over the same period. Hence fluctuating sound levels can be described in terms of an equivalent single figure value, typically expressed as a decibel level. |
| Exclusion of data | Measurement of noise levels can be affected by weather conditions such as prolonged periods of rain, winds speeds higher than $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and snow/ice ground cover. Noise levels measured during these periods are considered not representative of normal noise conditions at the site and, for the purposes of this report, are excluded from the assessment of exceedances and calculation of typical noise levels and are also greyed out in charts. Identifiable incongruous noise and vibration events not attributable to HS2 construction noise are also excluded. |
| Façade | A facade noise level is the noise level 1 m in front of a large reflecting surface. The effect of reflection, is to produce a slightly higher (typically +3 dB ) sound level than it would be if the reflecting surface was not there. |
| Free-field | A free-field noise level is the noise level measured at a location where no reflective surfaces, other than the ground, lies within 3.5 metres of the microphone position. |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which adverse effects on health and quality of life can be detected. |
| Peak particle velocity, or PPV | Instantaneous maximum velocity reached by a vibrating element as it oscillates about its rest position. The PPV is a simple indicator of perceptibility and risk of damage to structures due to vibration. It is usually measured in $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$. |
| SOAEL | Significant Observed Adverse Effect Level - the level above which significant adverse effects on health and quality of life occur. |
| Sound pressure level | The parameter by which sound levels are measured in air. It is measured in decibels. The threshold of hearing has been set at 0 dB , while the threshold of pain is approximately 120 dB . Normal speech is approximately 60 dB at a distance of 1 metre and a change of 3 dB in a time varying sound signal is commonly regarded as being just detectable. A change of 10 dB is subjectively twice, or half, as loud. |
| Vibration dose value, or VDV | An index used to evaluate human exposure to vibration in buildings. While the PPV provides information regarding the magnitude of single vibration events, the VDV provides a measure of the total vibration experienced over a specified period of time (typically 16h daytime and 8h night-time). It takes into account the magnitude, the number and the duration of vibration events and can be used to quantify exposure to continuous, impulsive, occasional and intermittent vibration. The vibration dose value is measured in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{1.75}$. |

## 1 Introduction

1.1.1 HS2 is required to undertake noise (and vibration) monitoring as necessary to comply with the requirements of the High Speed Rail (London-West Midlands) Environmental Minimum Requirements, including specifically Annex 1: Code of Construction Practice, in addition to any monitoring requirements arising from conditions imposed through consents under Section 61 of the Control of Pollution Act, 1974 or through Undertakings \& Assurances given to third parties. Such monitoring may be undertaken for the following purposes:

- monitoring the impact of construction works;
- to investigate complaints, incidents and exceedance of trigger levels; or
- monitoring the effectiveness of noise and vibration control measures.
1.1.2 Monitoring data and interpretive reports are to be provided to each relevant local authority on a monthly basis and shall include a summary of the construction activities occurring, the data recorded over the monitoring period, any complaints received, any periods in exceedance of agreed trigger levels, the results of any investigations and any actions taken or mitigation measures implemented. This report provides noise data, and interpretation thereof, for monitoring carried out by HS2 within the Cherwell District Council (CDC) area for the period $1^{\text {st }}$ to $31^{\text {st }}$ January 2023.
1.1.3 Construction sites in the local authority area where monitoring was undertaken during this period include:
- A421 North Warren Farm worksite ref.: A421 North (see Works Identification Plan 1 in Appendix A), where the following work activities were undertaken:
- Piling works, including abutment, reinforcement and filling works.
- Stockpiling.
- Mulching of stumps.
- Construction of utility protection slabs.
- Surfacing work preparation.
- Duct installation.
- Lamppost and inspection chamber installation.
- Topsoil stripping.
- Welfare cabin installation.
- Formation testing.
- A4421 South, Shelswell Inn, worksite ref.: A4421 South (see Works Identification Plan 1 in Appendix A), where the following work activities were undertaken:
- Haul road installation and repair.
- Ditch diversion.
- Site access road diversion.
- Drainage works.
- Backfilling.
- Mulching of stumps.
- Platform piling extension works.
- De-vegetation works.
- Pond excavation.
1.1.4 Further works, where monitoring did not take place, were also undertaken at:
- Finmere where trial ponds construction was underway.
- Featherbed Lane South where area clearing for limestone processing and topsoil stripping were underway.
- Featherbed Lane North where limestone cutting, reshaping and sealing limestone, topsoil stockpiling, temporary drainage works, and pond excavations were underway.
1.1.5 The applicable standards, guidance, and monitoring methodology are outlined in the construction noise and vibration monitoring methodology report which can be found at the following location.
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/monitoring-the-environmental-effects-of-hs2. Noise and vibration monitoring reports for previous months can also be found at this location.


### 1.2 Measurement Locations

1.2.1 Two monitoring installations were active during January in the CDC area.
1.2.2 Table 2 summarises the position of noise monitoring installations within the CDC area in January 2023.
1.2.3 Maps showing the position of noise monitoring installations are presented in Appendix B.

Table 2: Monitoring Locations

| Worksite <br> Reference | Measurement <br> Reference | Address |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A4421 South | NPF-N1 | A4421 South, Shelswell Inn |
| A421 North | A421-N1 | A421 North, Warren Farm |

## 2 Summary of Results

### 2.1 Summary of Measured Noise Levels

2.1.1 Table 3 presents a summary of the measured noise levels at each monitoring location over the reporting period. The $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ is presented for each of the relevant time periods averaged over the calendar month, along with the highest single period $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ that was found to occur within the month.

| Worksite Reference | Measurement Reference | Site Address | Free-Field or Façade <br> Measurement | Weekday Average LAeq, $^{\text {T }}$ (Highest Day LAeq, $^{\text {T }}$ ) |  |  |  |  | Saturday Average LAeq,T $^{T}$ <br> (Highest Day Leq, $_{\text {A }}$ ) |  |  |  |  | Sunday / <br> Public Holiday <br> Average $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ <br> (Highest Day <br> $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0700- \\ 0800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0800- \\ 1800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1800- \\ 1900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1900- \\ 2200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2200- \\ 0700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0700- \\ 0800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0800- \\ 1300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1300- \\ 1400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1400- \\ 2200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2200- \\ 0700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0700- \\ 2200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2200- \\ 0700 \end{gathered}$ |
| A4421 South | NPF-N1 | A4421 South, Shelswell Inn | Free field | $54.8$ <br> (56.5) | $\begin{gathered} 54.3 \\ (56.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52.9 \\ (54.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49.7 \\ (52.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47.2 \\ (54.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50.8 \\ (53.8) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52.9 \\ (53.4) \end{gathered}$ | $53.2$ <br> (54.3) | $\begin{gathered} 51.7 \\ (56.6) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 43.3 \\ (46.9) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51.0 \\ (54.3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 46.3 \\ (54.0) \end{gathered}$ |
| A421 North | A421-N1 | A421 North | Free field | $\begin{gathered} 51.0 \\ (55.7) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 54.9 \\ (60.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50.6 \\ (54.3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 48.8 \\ (54.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47.3 \\ (56.3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51.3 \\ (55.9) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52.9 \\ (54.8) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 52.7 \\ (55.8) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50.1 \\ (54.0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45.5 \\ (50.8) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50.6 \\ (53.8) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 46.0 \\ (52.3) \end{gathered}$ |

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2.1.2 Appendix C presents graphs of the noise monitoring data over the month for each of the measurement locations. Noise data presented consists of the hourly $L_{\text {Aeq }}$ values and, where relevant, the $L_{\text {Aeq,T }}$ values (where the time period $T$ has been taken to be the averaging period as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23). The full data set for the monitoring equipment can be found at the following location: https://data.gov.uk/dataset/24542ae7-dd44-444f-b259-871c4cc43b5e/environmental-monitoring-data.

### 2.2 Exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL

2.2.1 The lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) is defined in the Planning Practice Guidance - Noise (PPG) as the level above which "noise starts to cause small changes in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. turning up volume of television; speaking more loudly; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to close windows for some of the time because of the noise. Potential for some reported sleep disturbance. Affects the acoustic character of the area such that there is a perceived change in the quality of life".
2.2.2 The significant observed adverse effect level (SOAEL) is defined in the 'Planning Practice Guidance - Noise' as the level above which "noise causes a material change in behaviour and/or attitude, e.g. avoiding certain activities during periods of intrusion; where there is no alternative ventilation, having to keep windows closed most of the time because of the noise. Potential for sleep disturbance resulting in difficulty in getting to sleep, premature awakening and difficulty in getting back to sleep. Quality of life diminished due to change in acoustic character of the area."
2.2.3 HS2 Phase One Information Paper E23: Control of Construction Noise and Vibration sets out the LOAELs and SOAELs for construction noise.
2.2.4 Where reported construction noise levels exceed the LOAEL and SOAEL, relevant periods will be identified. Summary statistics to evaluate ongoing qualification for noise insulation and temporary rehousing are also presented where relevant.
2.2.5 Table 4 presents a summary of recorded exceedances of the LOAEL and SOAEL at each measurement location over the reporting period, including the number of exceedances during each time period.

Table 4: Summary of Exceedances of LOAEL and SOAEL

| Worksite <br> Reference | Measurement <br> Reference | Site <br> Address | Day <br> (Weekday, <br> Saturday, <br> Sunday, <br> Night) | Time <br> Period | Number of <br> Exceedances <br> of LOAEL | Number of <br> Exceedances <br> of SOAEL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A4421 South | NPF-N1 | A4421, <br> Shelswell <br> Inn | All periods | All periods | No exceedances | No exceedances |
| A421 North | A421-N1 | A421 <br> North | All Periods | All periods | No exceedances | No exceedances |

2.2.6 No exceedances of the LOAEL, due to HS2 construction works, were recorded during January 2023.
2.2.7 No exceedances of the SOAEL, due to HS2 construction works, were recorded during January 2023.

### 2.3 Exceedances of Trigger Level

2.3.1 Table 5 provides a summary of exceedances of the Section 61 trigger noise levels determined to be due to HS2 related construction noise measured during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 5: Summary of Exceedances of Trigger Levels

| Complaint <br> Reference <br> Number (if <br> applicable) | Worksite <br> Reference | Date and <br> Time Period | Identiffed <br> Source | Results of <br> Investigation <br> (including noise <br> monitoring results) | Actions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |

### 2.4 Complaints

2.4.1 Table 6 provides a summary of complaint information related to noise and vibration received during the reporting period, along with the findings of any investigation.

Table 6: Summary of Complaints

| Complaint <br> Reference Number | Worksite <br> Reference | Description of <br> Complaint | Results of <br> Investigation | Actions Taken |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | - | - | - | - |

## Appendix A Site Locations

## HS2 Worksite Identification Plan - Overview



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## Appendix B Monitoring Locations

## HS2 Noise and Vibration Monitoring Plan - 1



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## HS2 Noise and Vibration Monitoring Plan - 2



## Appendix C Data

## Noise

The following graphs show the hourly measured ambient noise level $L_{\text {Aeq,1h }}$ and, where relevant, the averaged noise level $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ values, where the time period $T$ is as specified in Table 1 of HS2 Information Paper E23. Periods with adversely weather affected noise levels are greyed out and have been excluded from the calculation of the $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ values in Table 3 of the main report.

Worksite: A421 North - Monitoring Ref: A421-N1





Note: Missing data between 15:00 and 16:00 on 20th January was due to monitor maintenance .


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Worksite: A4421 South - Monitoring Ref: NPF-N1



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