



Deep Geological Storage of CO₂ on the UK Continental Shelf: Containment Certainty

Supplementary Note A: Breakdown of Combined Well and Geological Storage Risks for Typical Storage Sites



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This note is supplementary to the report "Deep Geological Storage of CO₂ on the UK Continental Shelf: Containment Certainty", and other associated supplementary notes. It is aimed at a technically experienced scientific audience.

The purpose of this Supplementary Note is to provide further detailed tables showing how the leakage risks have been combined for both mechanical and geological pathways, to derive indicative overall risks for 'typical' permitted CCS storage sites that could be commissioned for the UK Continental Shelf (UKCS).

The different leakage pathways are defined and further described in the main report and other Supplementary Notes. Tables in this note combine the probabilities of occurrence, reasonable worst case leakage rates and durations per feature, and an estimate of typical numbers of features for typical sites, to derive a risked estimate of the minimum contained amount of CO₂. These numbers underpin the values given in Table 20 in the main report. For discussion of the significance of these tables please see either the corresponding supplementary note or the main report.

The probability of any leakage event occurring from a UKCS storage site that has been granted a storage permit is inherently low. To understand the combined total significance of these different potential leakage events for a store, it is necessary to combine probability of occurrence for the different leakage pathways. To provide an illustration of how geological and well leaks could combine to produce an overall view on the total amount and probability of leaks during the operational and post-closure period, two 'typical' storage complexes have been conceived and overall containment probabilities derived. Parameters were chosen to reflect realistic values for 'typical' depleted oil and gas fields and confined saline aquifer sites, and to allow evaluations of risk to be scaled-up easily for future sites that contain varying numbers of specific leakage pathways. For ease of comparison, the typical depleted fields and confined aquifers are defined to have the same overall parameters where reasonable, except where characteristic differences between the two are likely to exist for permitted sites (e.g. size of monitoring area, the number of decommissioned wells and faults, brine production wells).

Parameters used to estimate leakage risk for typical depleted field and fully and partially confined saline aquifer CO₂ stores on the UK Continental Shelf (UKCS).

Parameter	Depleted Field	Confined Saline	Impact in calculation of containment risks per feature or in a typical site
	i ieiu	Aquifer	risks per reature or in a typical site
Storage Capacity	125	125	Used when calculating minimum % of store
(Mt)			capacity expected to be contained during
			operations + 100 years
Depth (m)	2500	2500	Used in Peloton (failure frequency given per
			km of well)
Area (km²)	100	150	Not used in this analysis (would have impact
			on seismic monitoring costs)
Number of Active	5	5	Used in assessment of active well risk
Wells			
Number of	1	1	Used in assessment of active well risk
Monitoring wells			
Number of Brine	0	2	Used in assessment of active well risk
Producing Wells			
Injection Rate per	1	1	Used to constrain the number of wells for
well (Mtpa)			capacity and duration of the site.
Number of Legacy	5	2	Used for inactive well risk. Likely to be more
Wells			in depleted field.
Years of Injection	25	25	Multiplier for per annum well risks
Operations			
Years Post-	100	100	Multiplier for inactive well risks after CO ₂
Closure			injection operations have ceased
Caprock thickness	400	400	Used in derivation of potential leakage rates
(m)			for through caprock risk
Number of large	1	0	Assumed unlikely to be present in permitted
block-bounding			UKCS saline aquifer site, but could be
fault zones			present in depleted field
Number of map-	4	0	Assumed unlikely to be present in permitted
scale faults			UKCS saline aquifer site, but could be
			present in depleted field

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Notes:

Well leakage rates are more accurately measured than geological leaks. Many sources on leakage rates from wells are quoted in tonnes per day, whereas geological leakage rates are less accurately measured and stated in tonnes per year. Numbers in the tables that are derived by converting between rates per year and per day may be reported with multiple decimal places; this is to make the derivation of the numbers clear, and does not imply either correspondingly high precision or accuracy in the stated values.

				R	esults per featu	re		Results applied to 'typical' Depleted Field site											
Overall Depleted Oil or Gas Field Storage Site Results	Leak catego	Leak category and pathway sub-mechanism)		bility of rence	Context of probability estimate	Leak rate (tonne/day) <i>[B]</i>		Duration (years/ event) [C]			Maximum % Store Volume per event [D / 125Mt %]	features during t operating period (25 years)	period (100 years)	Overall Probability of event during Operations + 100 years [F=E*A] or [F=Σ(E*A*(25 or 100))]		amount leaked during Operations + 100 years* (Tonnes)		Estimated risked maximum leakage amount as % of Store Capacity ***	Estimated risked minimum contained amount as % of store capacity
			max	min		max	min		max	min		[E]	[E]	max	min	max	min	125Mt %] [1	[100%-H]
	Seep		1.00E-01	1.00E-03	per well	1	0.1	25.00	9125.00	912.50	0.0073%	6	0	6.00E-01	6.00E-03	5475.00	5.48	0.004%	99.996%
Active Wells including	Minor		1.00E-03	1.00E-05	per well per annum	50	1	0.50	9125.00	182.50	0.0073%	6	0	1.50E-01	1.50E-03	1368.75	0.27	0.001%	99.999%
Monitoring Wells	Moderate		1.00E-04	1.00E-05	per well per annum	1000	50	0.33	121666.67	6083.3	0.0973%	6	0	1.50E-02	1.50E-03	1825.00	9.13	0.001%	99.999%
	Major		1.00E-05	1.00E-06	per well per annum	5000	1000	0.33	608333.33	121667	0.4867%	6	0	1.50E-03	1.50E-04	912.50	18.25	0.001%	99.999%
	Seep Minor		1.00E-01	1.00E-03	per well	1	0.1	125.00	45625.00	4562.50	0.0365%	5	11	1.10E+00	1.10E-02	44712.50	44.71	0.036%	99.964%
Inactive			1.00E-03	1.00E-04	per well per annum	50	1	0.50	9125.00	182.50	0.0073%	5	11	1.23E+00	1.23E-01	11178.13	22.36	0.009%	99.991%
Wells	Moderate		1.00E-04	1.00E-05	per well per annum	1000	50	0.33	121666.67	6083.3	0.0973%	5	11	1.23E-01	1.23E-02		74.52	0.012%	99.988%
	Major		1.00E-05	1.00E-06	per well per annum	5000	1000	0.33	608333.33	121667	0.4867%	5	11	1.23E-02	1.23E-03	7452.08	149.04	0.006%	99.994%
	diffusion		negligible	for UKCS	10x10m area, after 1,000,000 years	2.74E-06	2.74E-08	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	(0		0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
Through caprock	capillary flow through intact caprock		negligible	for UKCS	for 10x10m area, after 1,000 years	2.74E-05	2.74E-09	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	()	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	lateral variability in caprock lithology			or DOGF in	for 1x1km area, after 100 years	43.0	4.3	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	()	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	major tectonically/volcanically active fault zone		negligible	for UKCS	per fault zone	5479	27.4	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	()	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	large block-bounding fault zone	Minor	1.00E-04	1.00E-05	per fault zone	2.7	2.7	25	25000	25000	0.0200%	,	1	1.00E-04	1.00E-05	2.50	0.25	0.000%	100.000%
Faults (and fractures)		Seep	1.00E-03	2.74E-04		1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%		4	4.00E-03	1.10E-03	146.10	10.96	0.000%	100.000%
,	map-scale faults	Minor	2.74E-04	1.00E-04	per fault zone	2.7	1.0	100	100000	36525	0.0800%	4	!	1.10E-03	4.00E-04	109.59	14.61	0.000%	100.000%
	sub-seismic scale	Seep	2.50E-03	2.02E-04	nor oito	1.0	0.027	100	36525	1000	0.0292%		1	2.50E-03	2.02E-04	91.31	0.20	0.000%	100.000%
	faults & fracture network	Minor	2.02E-04	1.00E-04	per site	2.7	1.0	100	100000	36525	0.0800%	1		2.02E-04	1.00E-04	20.23	3.65	0.000%	100.000%
	reactivation of pre-	Seep	1.00E-03	5.23E-04	per site	1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%	4		1.00E-03	5.23E-04	36.53	5.23	0.000%	100.000%
Induced faulting/	existing faults	Minor	5.23E-04	1.00E-04	per site	27.4	1.0	100	1000000	36525	0.8000%		•	5.23E-04	1.00E-04	523.42	3.65	0.000%	100.000%
tracturing	initiation of new	Seep	1.00E-03	5.23E-04	per site	1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%	_	1	1.00E-03	5.23E-04	36.53	5.23	0.000%	100.000%
	faults/fractures	Minor	5.23E-04	1.00E-04	per site	27.4	1.0	100	1000000	36525	0.8000%		•	5.23E-04	1.00E-04	523.42	3.65	0.000%	100.000%
Gas	Seep		2.50E-03	2.66E-04	ner feature	1.0	0.1	100	36525	3653	0.0292%		1	2.50E-03	2.66E-04	91.31	0.97	0.000%	100.000%
chimneys/pipes	Minor		2.66E-04	1.00E-04	per feature	2.7	1.0	100	100000	36525	0.0800%		ı	2.66E-04	1.00E-04	26.64	3.65	0.000%	100.000%
Lateral Migration	Seep		2.67E-03	6.30E-04	Very site specific. Averaged geological	1.0	0.027	100	36500	1000	0.0292%		1	3.67E-03	9.04E-04	133.83	0.90	0.000%	100.000%
Lateral Wilgration	Minor		6.30E-04	1.70E-04	risks used to derive notional values.	27.4	1.0	25	250000	9125	0.2000%			9.04E-04	2.70E-04	225.95	2.46	0.000%	100.000%
	d amount of 125 000 00				s 25 years injection +										Total	89,795*	379	0.072%	99.928%

^{*} of a total injected amount of 125,000,000 tonnes of CO₂

^{**} duration is 25 years injection + 100 years

				R	Results per feature Results applied to 'typical' Confined Saline Aquifer site														
Overall Confined Saline Aquifer Storage Site Results	Leak catego (and pathway mec		Probability of occurrence		Context of probability estimate	Leak rate		Duration (years/ event) [C]			% Store Volume per event	features during t operating period (25 years)	Number of items/ features during closure period (100 years)	of event during		ing amount leaked during Operations + 100 years* (Tonnes)		Estimated risked maximum leakage amount as % of Store Capacity ***	Estimated risked minimum contained amount as % of store capacity ***
			max	min		max	min		max min			[E]	[E]	max	min	max	min	125Mt %] [10	[100%-H]
	Seep		1.00E-01	1.00E-03	per well	1	0.1	25.00	9125.00	912.50	0.0073%	8	0	8.00E-01	8.00E-03	7300.00	7.30	0.006%	99.994%
Active Wells	Minor		1.00E-03	1.00E-05	per well per annum	50	1	0.50	9125.00	182.50	0.0073%	8	0	2.00E-01	2.00E-03	1825.00	0.37	0.001%	99.999%
including Monitoring Wells	Moderate		1.00E-04	1.00E-05	per well per annum	1000	50	0.33	121666.67	6083.33	0.0973%	8	0	2.00E-02	2.00E-03	2433.33	12.17	0.002%	99.998%
	Major		1.00E-05	1.00E-06	per well per annum	5000	1000	0.33	608333.33	121667	0.4867%	8	0	2.00E-03	2.00E-04	1216.67	24.33	0.001%	99.999%
	Seep Minor		1.00E-01	1.00E-03	per well	1	0.1	125.00	45625.00	4562.50	0.0365%	2	10	1.00E+00	1.00E-02	38325.00	38.33	0.031%	99.969%
Inactive			1.00E-03	1.00E-04	per well per annum	50	1	0.50	9125.00	182.50	0.0073%	2	10	1.05E+00	1.05E-01	9581.25	19.16	0.008%	99.992%
Wells	Moderate		1.00E-04	1.00E-05	per well per annum	1000	50	0.33	121666.67	6083.33	0.0973%	2	10	1.05E-01	1.05E-02	12775.00	63.88	0.010%	99.990%
	Major		1.00E-05	1.00E-06	per well per annum	5000	1000	0.33	608333.33	121667	0.4867%	2	10	1.05E-02	1.05E-03	6387.50	127.75	0.005%	99.995%
	diffusion		negligible	for UKCS	10x10m area, after 1,000,000 years	2.74E-06	2.74E-08	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	0		0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
Through caprock	capillary flow through intact caprocl		negligible	for UKCS	for 10x10m area, after 1,000 years	2.74E-05	2.74E-09	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	0		0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	lateral variability in capr	rock lithology	5.00E-03	5.00E-04	for 1x1km area, after 100 years	43.0	4.3	10	2.36E+06	2.36E+05	1.8847%	1		5.00E-03	5.00E-04	11,779	117.79	0.009%	99.991%
	major tectonically/volca fault zone		negligible	for UKCS	per fault zone	5479	27.4	0	0.00	0.00	0.0000%	0		0	0	0.00	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	large block-bounding fault zone	Minor	1.00E-03	5.00E-04	per fault zone	1370	2.7	25	12,500,000	25,000	10.0000%	0		0	0	0	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
Faults (and fractures)		Seep	1.00E-02	5.23E-03		1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%			0	0	0	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
,	map-scale faults	Minor	5.23E-03	1.00E-03	per fault zone	27.4	1.00	100	1000000	36525	0.8000%	0	0		0	0	0.00	0.000%	100.000%
	sub-seismic scale	Seep	1.25E-02	3.35E-03		1.0	0.027	100	36525	1000	0.0292%				3.35E-03	457	3.35	0.000%	100.000%
	faults & fracture network	Minor	3.35E-03	1.00E-03	per site	27.4	1.00	100	1000000	36525	0.8000%	1		3.35E-03	1.00E-03	3,355	36.53	0.003%	99.997%
	reactivation of pre-	Seep	1.00E-02	5.23E-03	parait-	1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%			1.00E-02	5.23E-03	365	52.34	0.000%	100.000%
Induced faulting/	existing faults	Minor	5.23E-03	1.00E-03	per site	27.4	1.00	100	1000000	36525	0.8000%	1		5.23E-03	1.00E-03	5,234	36.53	0.004%	99.996%
fracturing	initiation of new	Seep	1.00E-02	5.23E-03		1.0	0.27	100	36525	10000	0.0292%			1.00E-02	5.23E-03	365	52.34	0.000%	100.000%
	faults/fractures	Minor	5.23E-03	1.00E-03	per site	27.4	1.00	100	1000000	0000 36525 0.8	0.8000%	1		5.23E-03	1.00E-03	5,234	36.53	0.004%	99.996%
Gas	Seep		1.00E-02	3.00E-03	ner site	1.0	0.100	100	36525	3653	0.0292%	1		1.00E-02	3.00E-03	365	10.97	0.000%	100.000%
chimneys/pipes	Minor		3.00E-03	1.00E-03	per site	8.2	1.000	100	300000	36525	0.2400%	'		3.00E-03	1.00E-03	901	36.53	0.001%	99.999%
Lotorol Migratic	Seep		1.75E-02	5.40E-03	Very site specific. Averaged geological	1.0	0.027	100	36500	1000	0.0292%			1.42E-02	5.61E-03	517.08	5.61	0.000%	100.000%
Lateral Migration	Minor		5.40E-03	1.83E-03	risks used to derive notional values.	27.4	1.0	25	250000	9125	0.2000%	1		5.61E-03	1.33E-03	1402.32	12.17	0.001%	99.999%
															Total	109,819*	694	0.088%	99.912%

[^] assumes 10% of area of storage site has lower quality caprock that is reached by the CO₂ plume

^{*} of a total injected amount of 125,000,000 tonnes of CO₂

^{**} duration is 25 years injection + 100 years

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