

EXPORT OF PRIMATES TO HUNGARY

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE (NFG) FOR OFFICIAL VETERINARIANS AND EXPORTERS

This document should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with 9021EHC.

Scope of the certificate

This certificate may be issued for the export of primates where the certification takes place in Wales, Scotland or England, i.e. Great Britain only.

A note on the English text and translation:

Please note that this certificate is taken from an English translation provided by Hungarian Authorities and the English text is therefore constrained by their model certificate.

2: COUNTRY OF ORIGIN: Although the certificate has been prepopulated with UNITED KINGDOM, this certificate should and can only be issued for animals that are certified in England, Scotland and Wales (i.e. Great Britain).

5: PLACE OF LOADING and MEANS OF TRANSPORT: The place of loading is normally intentioned as the port or station where the consignment is loaded onto the means of transport that will convey the consignment across international borders and between countries. Please see footnote at the end of the certificate. Please note that although not directly mentioned, road vehicle may also be a valid option and then the vehicle registration number is required.

9 & 10: NUMBERS OF ANIMALS: If more than 4 animals are to be certified in one consignment, please either add all or just the additional animal's details in a schedule duly referenced to the required fields in the certificate.

CERTIFICATION

The basic principles of certification apply and although this is not a harmonised EU level EU entry certificate, the general requirements that the EU specifies for its harmonised certificates should be followed.

Residency and origin:

The residency period at the establishment of origin is implied and is 24 months or two years. These premises must be under veterinary supervision, and this can be the veterinary care provided by private contracted or employed veterinarians supplying services to the establishment, if not the OV themselves.

Suitable health monitoring program: Establishments that are Balai approved and in future will be approved under legislation replacing BALAI, are obliged to carry out a program of monitoring for the health status of their resident populations of animals. Evidence of this should be verified.

Health status

Disease clearance is only required at the establishment level and not nationally. As such you, as should establish and confirm that the establishment was or is not under official animal health restrictions and has been free of the specified diseases during the time period required. You do **not** need to obtain diseases clearance from the Centre for International Trade, APHA, Carlisle.

Notifiable Disease Clearance

Where it is possible for the Official Veterinarian (OV) in Great Britain to obtain disease clearance themselves, the Centre for international Trade - Carlisle (CITC) will not issue a 618NDC notifiable disease clearance.

OVs must check the following sources of disease information for the United Kingdom immediately prior to certification, to ensure disease freedom statements can be certified:

- the Notifiable Disease Occurrence List for Great Britain (ET171) available on the [Exports > Certification Procedures](#) page of the APHA Vet Gateway
- the UK Status for Non-Notifiable Diseases Relevant to Export Certification (ET152) available on the [Exports > Certification Procedures](#) page of the APHA Vet Gateway.

[http://apha.defra.gov.uk//External OV Instructions/Export Instructions/Certification Procedures/index.htm](http://apha.defra.gov.uk//External%20OV%20Instructions/Export%20Instructions/Certification%20Procedures/index.htm)

For Great Britain:

In the absence of a specific Notifiable Disease Clearance (618NDC) from CITC: OVs may certify that the UK has disease free status or region free status for those diseases mentioned in the health certificate, once they have checked the disease list(s) for the last occurrence of the disease and have ensured it complies with the time frames in the certificate.

In the event of a disease outbreak that affects an OV being able to obtain their own disease clearance, CITC will notify OVs to make it clear which disease freedom statements should not be certified and where necessary, will issue a 618NDC notifiable disease clearance if the EHC can continue to be issued for certain regions that retain free status.

In the event of a disease outbreak after the EHC has been issued that affects the disease clearance, OVs must not certify the EHC and must contact CITC immediately for advice on whether certification can still take place. If a disease outbreak affects the OV disease clearance procedures for this EHC, a 618NDC will be reinstated by CITC which will be issued with the EHC until a time when OV disease clearance can be reinstated.

Clinical histories: Please note that the acceptance of the certificate by Hungary is dependent on full clinical histories being provided supported by laboratory issued documentation containing test outcomes. These are not specified as being part of the certificate and need not be made into a schedule to the certificate. However, therefore copies may **NOT be** officially endorsed as certified copies with the Official Stamp although this may be done in a private veterinary capacity but is not required.

A number of disease requirements have been footnoted '(3)' and this permits these statements to be deleted. However, take note that these tests are still required, if not at source, then at destination. Arrangements for this should have been made between the trading parties.

With respect to tuberculosis, endo and ectoparasites testing, where the test is not a laboratory-based test, the clinical records or veterinary statement relating to the test will suffice as evidence supporting the test outcome.

Disclaimer: This certificate is provided based on information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country. It is the exporter's responsibility to check the certificate against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the APHA Centre for International Trade, in Carlisle, see the link below.

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