

# Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

## The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

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WasteNotts (Reclamation) Limited

Eastcroft EFW Site  
Incinerator Road  
Off Cattle Market Road  
Nottingham  
NG2 3JH

### **Variation application number**

EPR/EP3034SN/V005

### **Permit number**

EPR/EP3034SN

# Eastcroft EFW Site

## Permit number EPR/EP3034SN

### Introductory note

#### **This introductory note does not form a part of the notice**

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

This variation has been issued to update the permit following a statutory review of the permits in the industry sector for incineration. The opportunity has also been taken to consolidate the original permit and subsequent variations. The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7th January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. The BAT conclusions for incineration were published on 03 December 2019 in the Official Journal of the European Union (L323) following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision 2017/2117/EU of 21 November 2017.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit. Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

#### **Brief description of the process**

This permit controls the operation of a waste incineration plant. The relevant listed activity is 5.1 A(1)(b). The permit implements the requirements of the EU Directives on Industrial Emissions and Waste.

The main features of the permit are as follows:

Furnace technology	Moving Grate
Number of lines	3
Principal waste type	Municipal waste
Stack height	91 m
Permitted plant capacity	300,000 tonnes per year
Heat export capacity	20 MWth

The energy from waste plant has two existing incineration lines and a third line planned with a total capacity of approximately 300,000 tonnes per year. The heat produced by lines 1 and 2 is exported to Enviroenergy Limited as steam for offsite generation of electricity and use in district heating. The heat produced by line 3 will be used to generate electricity for export to the national grid and export steam to Enviroenergy Limited for district heating.

Waste is delivered to site by lorry and tipped into refuse bunkers inside the tipping hall. Waste is transferred from the bunkers by grab crane into the feed chute of each incinerator line. Entry of the waste into the furnace chamber

is interlocked with temperature to ensure waste is not introduced to the combustion chamber if the temperature falls below 850°C.

Each incinerator furnace is a moving grate design. Primary combustion air is introduced from beneath the grate at a number of locations and secondary air is injected above the hearth at the front and rear of the furnace chamber. Combustion air is drawn from the tipping hall and boiler hall to reduce odours and dust levels in these areas. Auxiliary burners, fired on gas oil, are used to maintain adequate temperature. These are activated if temperatures at the furnace wall fall below 850°C. The auxiliary burners are also used to pre-heat the incinerators before start up.

Hot gases from the combustion chamber pass to a boiler in which steam is raised and sent to the London Road Heat Station for supply of heat to the district heating system and generation of electricity.

The bottom ash is quenched with water and deposited into the residual pit from where it is loaded into wagons by crane for removal to a licensed facility.

Fly ash entrained within the incinerator exhaust gases, together with any accumulations of dust removed from the walls of the economiser by the shot cleaning system, is treated in the air pollution control equipment.

Cooled flue gases leaving the economiser are dosed with a mixture of hydrated lime, activated carbon and recirculated reagent, in order to reduce acid gases (by reaction with the lime), and mercury and dioxins (by adsorption onto the activated carbon). The reagents are stored in enclosed silos and combined together in a single pneumatic line before injection into the exhaust stream. The exhaust gases and reagent particles are then filtered in a four-compartment fabric filter to remove dust. The fabric filters are regularly cleaned by reverse jet pulses, and the collected residues stored in a silo. The residue is loaded directly into tankers via screw conveyors and taken to a licensed Waste Treatment facility

Each of the 3 lines discharges exhaust gases through an individual flue contained in a single 91 m high stack.

Drainage from the boiler house and the residuals bunker is directed to a three-chamber settlement tank and then returned via a pump header to the process water tank. Some surface water drainage is also sent to the process water tank, whilst the rest is discharged directly to the sewer. Reclaimed process water is used to top up the ash quenching troughs and the humidifier serving the APC residue silo. During dry periods, additional water is obtained from the towns water supply. The system can overflow to the sewer (via the V notch weir) at times of excess load, eg. due to high rainfall.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

<b>Status log of the permit</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Application EPR/EP3034SN/A001 received	Received 28/03/05	Application for an Incinerator permit
Additional information received	05/08/05, 01/09/05, 27/09/05, 24/10/05, 13/12/05, 19/12/05 and 31/12/05	
Permit determined EPR/EP3034SN	22/12/05	Original permit issued to WasteNotts (Reclamation) Limited.
Application EPR/EP3034SN/V002	Duly made 20/05/11	Application to vary and update the permit to modern conditions.

Additional information received	22/07/11	Response to Schedule 5 Notice: Impact on Sensitive habitats assessment (ref: S1054-0100-0010SMO); and abnormal emissions assessment (ref: S1054-0100-0009SMO) – both received 22/07/11.
Variation determined EPR/EP3034SN/V002	28/06/12	Varied permit issued.
Agency variation determined EPR/EP3034SN/V003	27/08/13	Agency variation to implement the changes introduced by IED
Application EPR/EP3034SN/V004	Duly made 17/12/13	Changes to monitoring methods for Carbon Monoxide
Additional information received	11/02/14	Further details of assessment of impacts
Variation determined EPR/EP3034SN/V004 and Consolidated Permit issued	05/03/14	
Regulation 61 notice issued	01/02/2022	Regulation 61 Notice requiring information for Statutory review of permit. BAT Conclusions published 03 December 2019.
Regulation 61 notice response	25/04/2022	
Variation and consolidation notice issued EPR/EP3034SN/V005	01/12/2022	

End of introductory note

## Notice of variation and consolidation

### The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies

**Permit number**

**EPR/EP3034SN**

**Issued to**

**WasteNotts (Reclamation) Limited** (“the operator”)

whose registered office is

**3 Sidings Court  
White Rose Way  
Doncaster  
DN4 5NU**

company registration number 02674169

to operate part of a regulated facility at

**Eastcroft EFW Site  
Incinerator Road  
Off Cattle Market Road  
Nottingham  
NG2 3JH**

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 01/12/2022

Name	Date
Philip Lamb	01/12/2022

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

## **Schedule 1**

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

## **Schedule 2 – consolidated permit**

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

# Permit

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

### Permit number

**EPR/EP3034SN**

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/EP3034SN/V005 authorising,

**WasteNotts (Reclamation) Limited** (“the operator”),

whose registered office is

**3 Sidings Court  
White Rose Way  
Doncaster  
DN4 5NU**

company registration number 02674169

to operate an installation at

**Eastcroft EFW Site  
Incinerator Road  
Off Cattle Market Road  
Nottingham  
NG2 3JH**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Date</b>
<b>Philip Lamb</b>	<b>01/12/2022</b>

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

# Conditions

## Management

### 1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
  - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
  - (c) referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1) from 03/12/2023, in accordance with a written other than normal operating conditions (OTNOC) management plan.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 The operator shall review the written management system at least every 3 years or otherwise as requested by the Environment Agency.
- 1.1.4 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.

### 1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 The operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is recovered with a high level of energy efficiency and energy is used efficiently in the activities.
  - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
  - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.
- 1.2.2 The operator shall provide and maintain steam and/or hot water pass-outs such that opportunities for the further use of waste heat may be capitalised upon should they become practicable.
- 1.2.3 The operator shall review the viability of Combined Heat and Power (CHP) implementation at least every 4 years, or in response to any of the following factors, whichever comes sooner:
- (a) new plans for significant developments within 15 km of the installation;
  - (b) changes to the Local Plan;
  - (c) changes to the UK CHP Development Map or similar; and
  - (d) new financial or fiscal incentives for CHP.

The results shall be reported to the Agency within 2 months of each review, including where there has been no change to the original assessment in respect of the above factors

### 1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 The operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
  - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;



- (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
- (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

## **1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities**

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
  - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
  - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
  - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

## **Operations**

### **2.1 Permitted activities**

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the “activities”).
- 2.1.2 Waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

### **2.2 The site**

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit, which is within the area edged in red on the site plan that represents the extent of the installation covered by this permit and that of the other operator of the installation.

### **2.3 Operating techniques**

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
  - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 table S2.2; and

- (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer or holder.
- 2.3.5 Waste paper, metal, plastic or glass that has been separately collected for the purpose of preparing for re-use or recycling shall not be accepted. Waste from the treatment of these separately collected wastes shall only be accepted if incineration delivers the best environmental outcome in accordance with regulation 12 of the Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011.
- 2.3.6 Separately collected fractions other than those listed in condition 2.3.5 shall not be accepted unless they are unsuitable for recovery by recycling.
- 2.3.7 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
- (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
  - (b) the composition of the waste;
  - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
  - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
  - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.8 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.9 Waste shall not be charged if:
- (a) the combustion chamber temperature is below 850 °C, (Line 1 and Line 2 incinerators shall be deemed to be operating at a temperature of at least 850°C if the average reading of the three thermocouples installed in the roof of the combustion chamber on each incineration line is at least 720°C, or if one of the thermocouples in the roof is not operational, the average reading of the other two thermocouples installed in the roof of the combustion chamber on each incineration line is at least 720°C)
  - (b) any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1(a) is exceeded during abnormal operation; or
  - (c) any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1 is exceeded, other than during abnormal operation; or
  - (d) continuous emission monitors to demonstrate compliance with any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1 are unavailable other than during abnormal operation; or
  - (e) there is a stoppage, disturbance or failure of the activated carbon abatement system, other than during abnormal operation.
  - (f) continuous emission monitors to demonstrate compliance with the emission limit values for particulates, TOC or CO in schedule 3 are unavailable unless alternative techniques, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency, are used to demonstrate compliance with those emission limit values.
- 2.3.10 The operator shall record the beginning and end of each period of “abnormal operation”.
- 2.3.11 During a period of “abnormal operation”, the operator shall restore normal operation of the failed equipment or replace the failed equipment as soon as possible.
- 2.3.12 The operator shall interpret the start of the period of “abnormal operation” as the earliest of the following:
- (a) a technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of continuous emission monitors.
  - (b) a technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of the activated carbon abatement system
  - (c) Any other technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of the plant which is causing or could lead to an exceedance of an emission limit value in table S3.1.

- 2.3.13 The operator shall interpret the end of the period of “abnormal operation” as the earliest of the following:
- (a) when the failed equipment is repaired and brought back into normal operation;
  - (b) when the operator initiates a shut down of the waste combustion activity, as described in the application or as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency;
  - (c) The failed equipment has not been repaired and brought back into normal operation and a single period of abnormal operation reaches a duration of 4 hours after the start of abnormal operation on an incineration line
  - (d) Abnormal operation occurs on an incineration line and the cumulative duration of abnormal operation periods over 1 calendar year has reached 60 hours on that incineration line;

2.3.14 The operator shall have at least one auxiliary burner in each line which shall be operated at start up, shut down and as required during operation to ensure that the operating temperature specified in condition 2.3.9 is maintained as long as incompletely burned waste is present in the combustion chamber. Unless the temperature specified in condition 2.3.9 is maintained in the combustion chamber, such burner(s) shall be fed only with fuels which result in emissions no higher than those arising from the use of gas oil, liquefied gas or natural gas.

2.3.15 Bottom ash and APC residues shall not be mixed.

## **2.4 Improvement programme**

2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

## **2.5 Pre-operational conditions**

2.5.1 The operations specified in schedule 1 table S1.4 shall not commence until the measures specified in that table have been completed.

# **3 Emissions and monitoring**

## **3.1 Emissions to water, air or land**

3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1 and S3.2.

3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3, subject to condition 3.2.1, shall not be exceeded.

3.1.3 Wastes produced at the site shall, as a minimum, be sampled and analysed in accordance with schedule 3 table S 3.4. Additional samples shall be taken and tested and appropriate action taken, whenever:

- (a) disposal or recovery routes change; or
- (b) it is suspected that the nature or composition of the waste has changed such that the route currently selected may no longer be appropriate.

## **3.2 Emissions limits and monitoring for emission to air for incineration plant**

- 3.2.1 The limits for emissions to air apply as follows:
- (a) The limits in table S3.1 shall not be exceeded except during periods of abnormal operation.
  - (b) The limits in table S3.1 (a) shall not be exceeded during abnormal operation.
- 3.2.2 Where Continuous Emission Monitors are installed to comply with the monitoring requirements in schedule 3 table S3.1 and S3.1(a); the Continuous Emission Monitors shall be used such that;
- (a) the values of the 95% confidence intervals of a single measured result at the daily emission limit value shall not exceed the following percentages of the emission limit values:
 

• Carbon monoxide	10%
• Sulphur dioxide	20%
• Oxides of nitrogen (NO & NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	20%
• Particulate matter	30%
• Total organic carbon (TOC)	30%
• Hydrogen chloride	40%
• Ammonia	40%
  - (b) valid half-hourly average values or 10-minute averages shall be determined within the effective operating time (excluding the start-up and shut-down periods) from the measured values after having subtracted the value of the confidence intervals in condition 3.2.2 (a).
  - (c) where it is necessary to calibrate or maintain the monitor and this means that data are not available for a complete half-hour or 10 minute period, the half-hourly average or 10-minute average shall in any case be considered valid if measurements are available for a minimum of 20 minutes or 7 minutes during the half-hour or 10-minute period respectively. The number of half-hourly or 10-minute averages so validated shall not exceed 5 or 15 respectively per day;
  - (d) daily average values shall be calculated as follows:
    - (i) the average of valid half hourly averages or 10 minute averages over a calendar day excluding half hourly averages or 10 minute averages during periods of abnormal operation. The daily average value shall be considered valid if no more than five half-hourly average or fifteen 10-minute average values in any day have been determined not to be valid;
  - (e) no more than ten daily average values per year shall be determined not to be valid.

### **3.3 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits**

- 3.3.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
  - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

- 3.3.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.
- 3.3.4 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

### **3.4 Odour**

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.4.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
  - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.5 Noise and vibration**

- 3.5.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
  - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.6 Monitoring**

- 3.6.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
- (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1, S3.1(a) and S3.2;
  - (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.3;
  - (c) residue quality in table S3.4.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.6.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.6.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate) unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency. Newly installed CEMs, or CEMs replacing existing CEMs, shall have MCERTS certification and unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment

Agency have an MCERTS certified range which is not greater than 1.5 times the daily emission limit value (ELV) specified in schedule 3 table S3.1. The CEM shall also be able to measure instantaneous values over the ranges which are to be expected during all operating conditions. If it is necessary to use more than one range setting of the CEM to achieve this requirement, the CEM shall be verified for monitoring supplementary, higher ranges. Newly installed Data handling and acquisition systems (DAHS), or DAHS replacing existing DAHS, shall have MCERTS certification.

- 3.6.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.1(a), S3.2 and unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.7 Pests**

- 3.7.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
  - (b) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.8 Fire prevention**

- 3.8.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.8.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
  - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## **4 Information**

### **4.1 Records**

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
- (a) be legible;
  - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
  - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
  - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:

- (i) off-site environmental effects; and
- (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.

4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## 4.2 Reporting

4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year using the annual report form specified in schedule 4, table S4.4 or otherwise in a format agreed with the Environment Agency. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:

- (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
- (b) the annual production /treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2;
- (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3
- (d) the functioning and monitoring of the incineration plant in a format agreed with the Environment Agency. The report shall, as a minimum requirement (as required by Chapter IV of the Industrial Emissions Directive) give an account of the running of the process and the emissions into air and water compared with the emission standards in the IED.

4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:

- (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
- (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
- (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.

4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.

4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.

## 4.3 Notifications

4.3.1 In the event:

- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately:
  - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
  - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
  - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;

- (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately:
  - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
  - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.

4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.

4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.

4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

4.3.5 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:

- (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
- (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.

4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

## 4.4 Interpretation

4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.

4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately" in which case it may be provided by telephone.



# Schedule 1 – Operations

<b>Table S1.1 activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity</b>
AR1	S5.1 A1 (b)	The incineration of non-hazardous waste in a waste incineration plant with a capacity of 3 tonnes per hour or more.	From receipt of waste to emission of exhaust gas and removal from site of waste arising.  Waste types and quantities as specified in Table S2.2 of this permit.
<b>Directly Associated Activity</b>			
AR2	Electricity Generation	Generation of electrical power using a steam turbine from energy recovered from the flue gases in line 3	
AR3	Steam generation	Steam generation and export to London Road Heat Station	

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
Application EPR/EP3034SN/A001	The response to question B2.1 in the application form and section 2.1 of the application text (in process controls) with the exception of responses to B2.1.2 which details the incineration capacity; B2.1.14 which details the annual waste throughput, and B2.1.4.4 which details temperature monitoring.	28/03/05
	The response to question 2 in the Schedule 4 Notice (plant schematic).	05/08/05
	Section 2.2 of the application text (abatement techniques).	28/03/05
	Section 2.4 of the application text (raw materials and wastes to be incinerated with the exception of section 2.4.2.2, "Wastes to be incinerated").	28/03/05
	Section 2.5 of the application text (residual waste handling)	28/03/05
	Section 2.7.1 of the application text (energy recovery).	28/03/05
	The response to question B2.10 in the application form and section 2.10 of the application text (monitoring) with the exception of Table 2.8.	28/03/05
	The additional information supplied concerning surrogate monitoring techniques and wastes to be incinerated with the exception of the surrogate monitoring techniques for particulates.	13/12/05
Minor operational change as detailed in letter from Operator dated 9 <sup>th</sup> October 2008.	The parts describing a change to the way the APCR (dry dust) is loaded into the tanker for removal off site, by the construction of a new purpose built enclosure which will	09/10/08

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
	speed up the process and provide increased protection for the environment.	
Minor operational change as detailed in letter from Operator dated 8 <sup>th</sup> January 2009.	The letter describes a programme of refurbishment works listed below: Replacement of the grate; Replacement feed chute and feeder table; Combustion controls; Replacement of the ash discharger; Replacement of boiler panels; Control systems; and Other general work.	08/01/09
Application EPR/EP3034SNV002	Supporting information document reference S1054-0100-0007SMO, sections 1 and 2 which refer to the changes to the permit including the annual waste throughput, removal of restrictions on certain waste types and the changes to temperature monitoring.	20/05/11
Email from Operator	Email confirming abnormal operations provisions are required and the surrogate method for TOC.	Dated 09/12/11
Response to regulation 61 notice	Operating techniques as set out in the response to the regulation 61 notice.	25/04/2022

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
<b>IC11</b>	The Operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency on the commissioning of Line 3. The report shall summarise the environmental performance of the plant as installed for Line 3 against the design parameters set out in the Application. The report shall also include a review of the performance of Line 3 against the conditions of this permit and details of procedures developed during commissioning for achieving and demonstrating compliance with permit conditions.	Within 4 months of the completion of commissioning of Line 3.
<b>IC12</b>	The Operator shall carry out checks to verify the residence time, minimum temperature and oxygen content of the exhaust gases in the furnace on Line 3 whilst operating under the anticipated most unfavourable operating conditions to demonstrate compliance with Articles 6(1) and 11(3) of the Waste Incineration Directive. The results shall be submitted in writing to the Environment Agency.	Within 4 months of the completion of commissioning of Line 3.
<b>IC13</b>	The Operator shall submit a written summary report to the Agency to confirm by the results of calibration and verification testing that the performance of Continuous Emission Monitors on line 3 for parameters as specified in Table S3.1 and Table S3.1(a) complies with the requirements of BS EN 14181, specifically the requirements of QAL1, QAL2 and QAL3	Initial calibration report to be submitted to the Agency within 3 months of completion of commissioning of Line 3.

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements		
Reference	Requirement	Date
		Full summary evidence compliance report to be submitted within 18 months of commissioning of line 3.
IC14	<p>The operator shall perform a study to determine the extent to which the operation of the current systems in place at the plant to minimise NOx emissions can be further optimised such that emissions are reduced as far as possible below 180 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>, as a daily average, without significantly increasing emissions of other pollutants or having a significant negative effect on plant operation, reliability or bottom ash quality. The study shall be based on the results of trials carried out at the installation and shall have regard to the recommendations for test conditions set out in Section 5.4.3 of report titled 'Establishing factors that influence NOx reduction at waste incineration plant to levels below the upper end of the BAT-AELs' (dated 14/01/2022), or other methodology agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. A written report of the study shall be submitted to the Environment Agency which shall include but not necessarily be limited to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A brief description of the currently installed measures at the installation to minimise NOx emissions, including details of how the reagent dosing system responds to emissions monitoring data and historic data which illustrates the current achievable level of daily NOx emissions.</li> <li>• The results of trials conducted to further reduce daily average NOx emissions using currently installed measures, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ a description of the parameters that were varied during the trial e.g. ammonia or urea feed rates, physical form of urea injected, air flows, and the range over which they were varied</li> <li>○ the levels of NOx achieved and associated levels of ammonia and nitrous oxide emissions and reagent consumption</li> <li>○ observed effects and predicted long-term impacts on plant operation, reliability and maintenance regime</li> <li>○ any changes to the composition of the bottom ash and boiler ash and the implications of those changes for the ability to process and use the ash, as well as for the pollution potential of the ash both during processing and its subsequent use as a secondary aggregate</li> <li>○ any other relevant cross-media effects</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>The report shall also include a description of the extent to which current systems in place at the plant to minimise NOx emissions can be optimised on a permanent basis, including justification and an implementation plan where relevant.</p>	30/09/23

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
<b>IC15</b>	The operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency on whether waste feed to the plant can be proven to have a low and stable mercury content. The report shall have regard to BAT 4 of the BAT conclusions, be based on historic mercury emissions monitoring data and have regard to the Environment Agency Mercury Monitoring Protocol.	30/09/23
<b>IC16</b>	The operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency on whether dioxin emissions to air are stable. The report shall have regard to BAT 4 of the BAT conclusions, be based on historic dioxin emissions monitoring data and have regard to the Environment Agency Dioxins Monitoring Protocol.	30/09/23

<b>Table S1.4 Pre-operational measures for future development</b>	
<b>Operation</b>	
	The third line shall not be brought into operation until the following information has been submitted to the Environment Agency and the Environment Agency has confirmed in writing its acceptance of the information:
<b>PO1</b>	A detailed description of the selected design for the incineration plant and all new associated facilities, including plans and diagrams as appropriate, and including the firing diagram for the third line.
<b>PO2</b>	No later than one month after the final design of the furnace and combustion chamber, the operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency, and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it, of the details of the computational fluid dynamic (CFD) modelling. The report shall explain how the furnace has been designed to comply with the residence time and temperature requirements as defined by Chapter IV and Annex VI of the IED whilst operating under normal load and the most unfavourable operating conditions (including minimum turn down and overload conditions), and that the design includes sufficient monitoring ports to support subsequent validation of these requirements during commissioning.
<b>PO3</b>	At least 3 months before the commencement of commissioning (or other date agreed in writing with the Environment Agency) the Operator shall submit, for approval by the Environment Agency, a methodology (having regard to Technical Report P4-100/TR Part 2 Validation of Combustion Conditions) to verify the residence time, minimum temperature and oxygen content of the gases in the furnace whilst operating under normal load, minimum turn down and overload conditions.
<b>PO4</b>	If the selected design for the third line does not include flue gas recirculation for control of nitrogen oxides, a full BAT assessment to justify exclusion of this technique.
<b>PO5</b>	A summary of the automated process control systems for the third line, including inter alia, combustion monitoring and control, process interlocks, start up and shut down procedures, alarm conditions and responses;
<b>PO6</b>	Details of the design and operation of the effluent treatment plant and the performance guarantees for the quality of effluent discharged to sewer. The Operator shall undertake an assessment of the impact on the water environment using design data. The operator shall use the methodology prescribed in the guidance "Risk assessments for your environmental permit" - GOV.UK ( <a href="http://www.gov.uk">www.gov.uk</a> ) in making this assessment. The Operator shall identify substances present in the effluent that are considered significant and submit proposed emission limit values for these substances in the form of a report. Flow rate must also be considered as part of this assessment. The report shall also include an effluent monitoring plan for any key substances identified and an action plan to reduce releases of those substances that are considered significant as part of the assessment. The operator shall implement any improvements or measures as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

<b>Table S1.4 Pre-operational measures for future development</b>	
	The proposals shall be implemented by the Operator from the date of approval in writing by the Environment Agency;
<b>PO7</b>	Details of the make and model, and mode of operation of the continuous emission monitoring instrumentation;
<b>PO8</b>	A revised noise impact assessment to show the effect of the third line on local noise sensitive receptors, including any newly redeveloped sites in the adjacent area.
<b>PO9</b>	Prior to the commencement of commissioning, the Operator shall submit to the Environment Agency, and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it, a written commissioning plan, including timelines for completion, for approval by the Environment Agency. The commissioning plan shall include the expected emissions to the environment during the different stages of commissioning, the expected durations of commissioning activities and the actions to be taken to protect the environment and report to the Environment Agency in the event that actual emissions exceed expected emissions. Commissioning shall be carried out in accordance with the commissioning plan as approved.
<b>PO10</b>	Prior to the commencement of commissioning, the Operator shall send a report to the Environment Agency which will contain a comprehensive review of the options available for utilising the heat generated by the waste incineration process in order to ensure that it is recovered as far as practicable. The review shall detail any identified proposals for improving the recovery and utilisation of waste heat (including the use of CHP) and shall provide a timetable for their implementation.
<b>PO11</b>	<p>Prior to the commencement of operation of line 3 the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval (using the form provided by the Environment Agency) a report that addresses compliance with each BAT conclusion listed in the Waste Incineration BAT Conclusions (Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2010 of 12 November 2019). The report shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. A list of any BAT conclusions that are not relevant, including justification.</li> <li>ii. A description of how the installation complies with the standards set out in each relevant BAT conclusion, including those for new plants.</li> </ul> <p>The permitted activities shall only commence once the operator has obtained the Environment Agency's written approval to the report and the Environment Agency has issued a variation notice to implement new plant BAT standards.</p>

## Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification
Fuel Oil	< 0.1% sulphur content

Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for incineration plant	
Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste incinerated in Lines 1 and 2 shall not exceed 200,000 tonnes per annum. The total quantity of waste incinerated in Lines 1, 2 and 3 shall not exceed 300,000 tonnes per annum.
Waste code	Description
<b>02</b>	<b>Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing</b>
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 02	Animal tissue waste
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 04	waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
<b>02 02</b>	<b>wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin</b>
02 02 02	animal-tissue waste
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>02 06</b>	<b>wastes from the baking and confectionery industry</b>
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>03</b>	<b>Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard</b>
<b>03 01</b>	<b>wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture</b>
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 01	waste bark and wood
03 03 07	mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
<b>04</b>	<b>Wastes from the leather, fur and textile industries</b>
<b>04 01</b>	<b>wastes from the leather and fur industry</b>
04 01 08	waste tanned leather (blue sheetings, shavings, cuttings, buffing dust) containing chromium
04 01 09	wastes from dressing and finishing
<b>04 02</b>	<b>wastes from the textile industry</b>
04 02 09	wastes from composite materials (impregnated textile, elastomer, plastomer)
04 02 10	organic matter from natural products (for example grease, wax)
04 02 21	wastes from unprocessed textile fibres
04 02 22	wastes from processed textile fibres
<b>06</b>	<b>Wastes from inorganic chemical processes</b>

<b>06 13</b>	<b>wastes from inorganic chemical processes not otherwise specified</b>
06 13 03	carbon black
<b>07</b>	<b>Wastes from organic chemical processes</b>
<b>07 02</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres</b>
07 02 13	waste plastic
<b>07 05</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of pharmaceuticals</b>
07 05 14	solid wastes other than those mentioned in 07 05 13 – not including cytotoxic or cytostatic medicines
<b>08</b>	<b>Wastes from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of coatings (paints, varnishes and vitreous enamels), adhesives, sealants and printing inks</b>
<b>08 01</b>	<b>wastes from MFSU and removal of paint and varnish</b>
08 01 12	waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11
<b>08 02</b>	<b>wastes from MFSU of other coatings (including ceramic materials)</b>
08 02 01	waste coating powders
<b>09</b>	<b>Wastes from the photographic industry</b>
<b>09 01</b>	<b>wastes from the photographic industry</b>
09 01 07	photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds
09 01 08	photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds
09 01 10	single-use cameras without batteries
09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11
<b>12</b>	<b>Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics</b>
<b>12 01</b>	<b>wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics</b>
12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings
12 01 21	spent grinding bodies and grinding materials other than those mentioned in 12 01 20
<b>15</b>	<b>Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
15 01 09	textile packaging
<b>15 02</b>	<b>absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing</b>
15 02 03	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02
<b>16</b>	<b>Wastes not otherwise specified in the list</b>
<b>16 03</b>	<b>off-specification batches and unused products</b>
16 03 04	inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03
16 03 06	organic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 05
<b>17</b>	<b>Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)</b>
<b>17 02</b>	<b>wood, glass and plastic</b>
17 02 01	wood
17 02 03	Plastic
<b>17 06</b>	<b>insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials</b>
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
<b>19</b>	<b>Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use</b>
<b>19 01</b>	<b>wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste</b>
19 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash
19 01 12	bottom ash and slag other than those mentioned in 19 01 11

<b>19 02</b>	<b>wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)</b>
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mentioned in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
<b>19 05</b>	<b>wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes</b>
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 08	textiles
19 12 10	combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11
<b>20</b>	<b>Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 01	paper and cardboard
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 10	clothes
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 25	edible oil and fat
20 01 32	medicines other than those mentioned in 20 01 31
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 02 03	other non-biodegradable wastes
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets



## Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Particulate matter	Incineration exhausts gases	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Particulate matter	Incineration exhausts gases	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Incineration exhausts gases	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Incineration exhausts gases	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Hydrogen chloride	Incineration exhausts gases	60 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Hydrogen chloride	Incineration exhausts gases	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
		Incineration exhausts gases	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Hydrogen fluoride	Incineration exhausts gases	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually	CEN TS 17340
			1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Carbon monoxide	Incineration exhausts gases	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	95% of all 10-minute averages in any 24-hour period	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Carbon monoxide	Incineration exhausts gases	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Sulphur dioxide	Incineration exhausts gases	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Sulphur dioxide		50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7		Incineration exhausts gases	Until 02/12/2023			
			40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	Incineration exhausts gases	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	Incineration exhausts gases	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Cadmium & thallium and their compounds (total)	Incineration exhausts gases	0.05 until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually	BS EN 14385
			0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023			
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Mercury and its compounds	Incineration exhausts gases	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually until 02/12/2023	BS EN 13211
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Mercury and its compounds	Incineration exhausts gases	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually from 03/12/2023	BS EN 13211

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
			Limit does not apply if continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency		Not required if continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency	
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Mercury and its compounds	Incineration exhausts gases	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023	Daily average	Continuous from 03/12/2023 Not required unless continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Sb, As, Pb, Cr, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and V and their compounds (total)	Incineration exhausts gases	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Until 02/12/2023 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually	BS EN 14385
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Exhaust gas temperature	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	-	Continuous	Traceable to national standards
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Exhaust gas pressure	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	-	Continuous	Traceable to national standards

<b>Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.</b>						
<b>Emission point ref. &amp; location</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Limit (including unit)</b>	<b>Reference period</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)</b>
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Exhaust gas flow	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	-	Continuous from 01/01/2023	BS EN 16911-2
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Exhaust gas oxygen content	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	-	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Exhaust gas water vapour content	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	-	Continuous	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	½-hr average and daily average	Continuous until 02/12/2023	EN 14181
			15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023	daily average	Continuous from 03/12/2023	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Nitrous oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	Periodic over minimum 1 hour period until 31/12/2022	Bi-annually until 01/01/2023	EN ISO 21258
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan	Nitrous oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	½-hr average and daily average from 01/01/2023	Continuous from 01/01/2023	EN 14181

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.						
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
in schedule 7						
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Carbon dioxide	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	Continuous	Continuous from 01/01/2023	EN 14181
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Dioxins / furans (I-TEQ)	Incineration exhausts gases	0.1 ng/m <sup>3</sup> Until 02/12/2023	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually until 02/12/2023	BS EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Dioxins / furans (I-TEQ)	Incineration exhausts gases	0.06 ng/m <sup>3</sup> from 03/12/2023  and 0.08 ng/m <sup>3</sup> if long term limit is specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol from 03/12/2023	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period  and value over sampling period of 2 to 4 weeks for long term sampling	Bi-annually from 03/12/2023  and long term sampling if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol from 03/12/2023	EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3  and CEN TS 1948-5 if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan	Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO-TEQ Humans / Mammals, Fish, Birds)	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours,	Bi-annually	EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 4

<b>Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements.</b>						
<b>Emission point ref. &amp; location</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Limit (including unit)</b>	<b>Reference period</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)</b>
in schedule 7				maximum 8 hour period and		
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Dioxins / furans (WHO-TEQ Humans / Mammals, Fish, Birds)	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually	BS EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Polybrominated dibenzodioxins and furans	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually from 01/01/2023	Method based on procedural requirements of EN 1948
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Specific individual polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), as specified in Schedule 6.	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Annually	BS ISO 11338 Parts 1 and 2.

**Table S3.1(a) Point source emissions to air during abnormal operation of incineration plant – emission limits and monitoring requirements**

<b>Emission point ref. &amp; location</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Limit (including unit)</b>	<b>Reference period</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Particulate matter	Incineration exhausts gases	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181  or alternative surrogate as agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181  or alternative surrogate as specified in the application or agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor
A1, A2 and A3 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	Carbon monoxide		150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	95% of all 10-minute averages in any 24-hour period	Continuous	EN 14181  or alternative surrogate as agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor



<b>Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-site—emission limits and monitoring requirements</b>						
<b>Emission point ref. &amp; location</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Limit (incl. Unit)</b>	<b>Reference period</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>
S2 shown on the site plan in schedule 7	To be approved by the Environment Agency in accordance with Pre-operational condition PO6.					

<b>Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
As identified in the Application	Wind Speed and Direction	Continuous	Anemometer	
In accordance with condition 2.3.9  Line 3 -Location close to the Combustion Chamber inner wall or as identified and justified in Application.	Temperature (° C)	Continuous	Traceable to national standards	As agreed in writing with the Agency.
Incineration plant	Gross energy efficiency	within 6 months of any modification that significantly affects energy efficiency	Performance test at full load or other method as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	

<b>Table S3.4 Residue quality</b>					
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Limit</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method *</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
Bottom Ash	TOC or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	3% or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Quarterly	EN 14899 and either EN 13137 or EN 15936 or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'
Bottom Ash	Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs.		Quarterly	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'	
Bottom Ash	Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions		Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'	
APC Residues	Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs.		Quarterly	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'	

<b>Table S3.4 Residue quality</b>					
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Limit</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method *</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
APC Residues	Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions		Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'	

\* Or other equivalent standard as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

## Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

<b>Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data</b>			
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Emission or monitoring point/reference</b>	<b>Reporting period</b>	<b>Period begins</b>
Emissions to air Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1.	A1, A2, A3	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct
Emissions to sewer Parameters as required by condition 3.3.1	S2	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct
TOC or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct
Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct
Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	
Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	APC Residues	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct
Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	APC Residues	Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	

<b>Table S4.2: Annual production/treatment</b>	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>
Total Municipal Waste Incinerated (EWC '20' codes)	tonnes
Total Commercial and Industrial Waste Incinerated (Non EWC '20' codes)	tonnes
Electrical energy produced	KWh
Electrical energy exported	KWh
Thermal energy produced e.g. steam	KWh
Electrical energy used on installation	KWh
Waste heat utilised by the installation	KWh

<b>Table S4.3 Performance parameters</b>		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Frequency of assessment</b>	<b>Units</b>
Annual Report as required by condition 4.2.2	Annually	-
Electrical energy exported, imported and used at the installation	Annually	KWh / tonne of waste incinerated
Fuel oil consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated
Bottom Ash residue	Annually	Route, tonnes and tonnes / tonne of waste incinerated
APC residue	Annually	Route, tonnes and tonnes / tonne of waste incinerated
Ammonia / Urea consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated
Activated Carbon consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated
Lime / sodium bicarbonate consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated
Water consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated
Periods of abnormal operation	Annually	No of occasions and cumulative hours for current calendar year for each line.

<b>Table S4.4 Reporting forms</b>		
<b>Media/parameter</b>	<b>Reporting format</b>	<b>Date of form</b>
Annual report required by condition 4.2.2	Annual performance report template	01/12/2022
Emissions to air until 02/12/2023	As agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	01/08/2009
Emissions to air from 03/12/2023	Forms air 1-9 or other forms as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	01/12/2022

<b>Table S4.4 Reporting forms</b>		
<b>Media/parameter</b>	<b>Reporting format</b>	<b>Date of form</b>
Emissions to sewer	Form Sewer 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	07/02/14
Residue quality	Form residue 1 and 2 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	01/12/2022

# Schedule 5 – Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

## Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

<b>(a) Notification requirements for any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

<b>(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below</b>	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	

<b>(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below</b>	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

<b>Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit</b>	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Notification period</b>

<b>(c) Notification requirements for the breach of permit conditions not related to limits</b>	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Condition breached	
Date, time and duration of breach	
Details of the permit breach i.e. what happened including impacts observed.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to restore permit compliance.	

<b>(d) Notification requirements for the detection of any significant adverse environmental effect</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

**Part B – to be submitted as soon as practicable**

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
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Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

\* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

## Schedule 6 – Interpretation

“abatement equipment” means that equipment dedicated to the removal of polluting substances from releases from the installation to air or water media.

“abnormal operation” means: any technically unavoidable stoppages, disturbances, or failures of the plant or the measurement devices. Abnormal operation starts as defined in condition 2.3.15 and ends as defined in condition 2.3.16. Abnormal operation is limited to 4 hours for a single occurrence and a total of 60 hours per year per line.

“accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“APC residues” means air pollution control residues

“application” means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

“authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“BAT conclusions” means Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2010 of 12 November 2019 establishing the best available techniques (BAT) conclusions, under Directive 2010/75/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, for Waste Incineration

“bottom ash” means ash falling through the grate or transported by the grate

“CEM” Continuous emission monitor

“CEN” means Comité Européen de Normalisation

“bi-annual” means twice per year with at least five months between tests;

“Commissioning” means testing of the new incineration plant that involves any operation of the furnace or as agreed with the Environment Agency.

Daily average emissions value means ‘the average of at least 43 valid half hourly averages or for CO the average of at least 43 valid half hourly averages or 129 valid 10 min averages’

“dioxin and furans” mean polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans.

“disposal” means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“emissions to land” includes emissions to groundwater.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits” means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

“groundwater” means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

‘Hazardous property’ has the meaning in Annex III of the Waste Framework Directive

‘Hazardous waste’ has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 (as amended)

“incineration line” means all of the incineration equipment related to a common discharge to air location.

“Industrial Emissions Directive” means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions

“infectious clinical waste” means clinical waste incorporating substances containing viable micro-organisms or their toxins which are known or reliably believed to cause disease in man or other living organisms

“ISO” means International Standards Organisation.

‘List of Wastes’ means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time

“LOI” means loss on ignition a technique used to determine the combustible material by heating the ash residue to a high temperature

“MCERTS” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“PAH” means Poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbon, and comprises Anthanthrene, Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[b]naph(2,1-d)thiophene, Benzo[c]phenanthrene, Benzo[ghi]perylene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Cholanthrene, Chrysene, Cyclopenta[c,d]pyrene, Dibenzo[ah]anthracene, Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene Fluoranthene, Indo[1,2,3-cd]pyrene, Naphthalene

“PCB” means Polychlorinated Biphenyl. Dioxin-like PCBs are the non-ortho and mono-ortho PCBs listed in the table below.

“Pests” means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

“quarter” means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

“recovery” means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“start up” is any period, where the plant has been non-operational, until waste has been fed to the plant in a sufficient quantity to initiate steady-state conditions as described in the application or as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

“shut down” is any period where the plant is being returned to a non-operational state as described in the application or as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

“TOC” means Total Organic Carbon. In respect of releases to air, this means the gaseous and vaporous organic substances, expressed as TOC. In respect of Bottom Ash, this means the total carbon content of all organic species present in the ash (excluding carbon in elemental form).

‘Waste code’ means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk

“Waste Framework Directive” or “WFD” means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- (a) in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- (b) in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content
- (c) in relation to gases from incineration plants other than those burning waste oil, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 11% dry.

For dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs the determination of the toxic equivalence concentration (I-TEQ, & WHO-TEQ for dioxins/furans, WHO-TEQ for dioxin-like PCBs) stated as a release limit and/ or reporting requirement, the mass concentrations of the following congeners have to be multiplied with their respective toxic equivalence factors before summing. When reporting on measurements of dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs, the toxic equivalence concentrations should be reported as a range based on: all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be zero as a minimum, and all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be at the detection limit as a maximum. However the minimum value should be used when assessing compliance with the emission limit value in table S3.1.

<b>TEF schemes for dioxins and furans</b>				
<b>Congener</b>	<b>I-TEF</b>	<b>WHO-TEF</b>		
	<b>1990</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>1997/8</b>	
		<b>Humans / Mammals</b>	<b>Fish</b>	<b>Birds</b>
<b>Dioxins</b>				
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	1	1	1
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	1	1	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.05
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.01	0.001	<0.001
OCDD	0.001	0.0003	-	-
<b>Furans</b>				
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.1	0.05	1
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.1
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.3	0.5	1
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
OCDF	0.001	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001

<b>TEF schemes for dioxin-like PCBs</b>			
<b>Congener</b>	<b>WHO-TEF</b>		
	<b>2005</b>	<b>1997/8</b>	
	<b>Humans / mammals</b>	<b>Fish</b>	<b>Birds</b>
<b>Non-ortho PCBs</b>			
3,4,4',5-TCB (81)	0.0001	0.0005	0.1

TEF schemes for dioxin-like PCBs			
Congener	WHO-TEF		
	2005	1997/8	
	Humans / mammals	Fish	Birds
3,3',4,4'-TCB (77)	0.0003	0.0001	0.05
3,3',4,4',5 - PeCB (126)	0.1	0.005	0.1
3,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB(169)	0.03	0.00005	0.001
<b>Mono-ortho PCBs</b>			
2,3,3',4,4'-PeCB (105)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3,4,4',5-PeCB (114)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3',4,4',5-PeCB (118)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001
2',3,4,4',5-PeCB (123)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001
2,3,3',4,4',5-HxCB (156)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3,3',4,4',5'-HxCB (157)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001
2,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB (167)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001
2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-HpCB (189)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001

“year” means calendar year ending 31 December.

When the following terms appear in the waste code list in Schedule 2, table 2.2 for that table/those tables, they have the meaning given below:

‘hazardous substance’ means a substance classified as hazardous as a consequence of fulfilling the criteria laid down in parts 2 to 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

‘heavy metal’ means any compound of antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium (VI), copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, tellurium, thallium and tin, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances

‘PCBs’ means

- polychlorinated biphenyls
- polychlorinated terphenyls
- monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl methane, Monomethyl-dichloro-diphenyl methane, Monomethyldibromo-diphenyl methane
- any mixture containing any of the above mentioned substances in a total of more than 0,005 %by weight

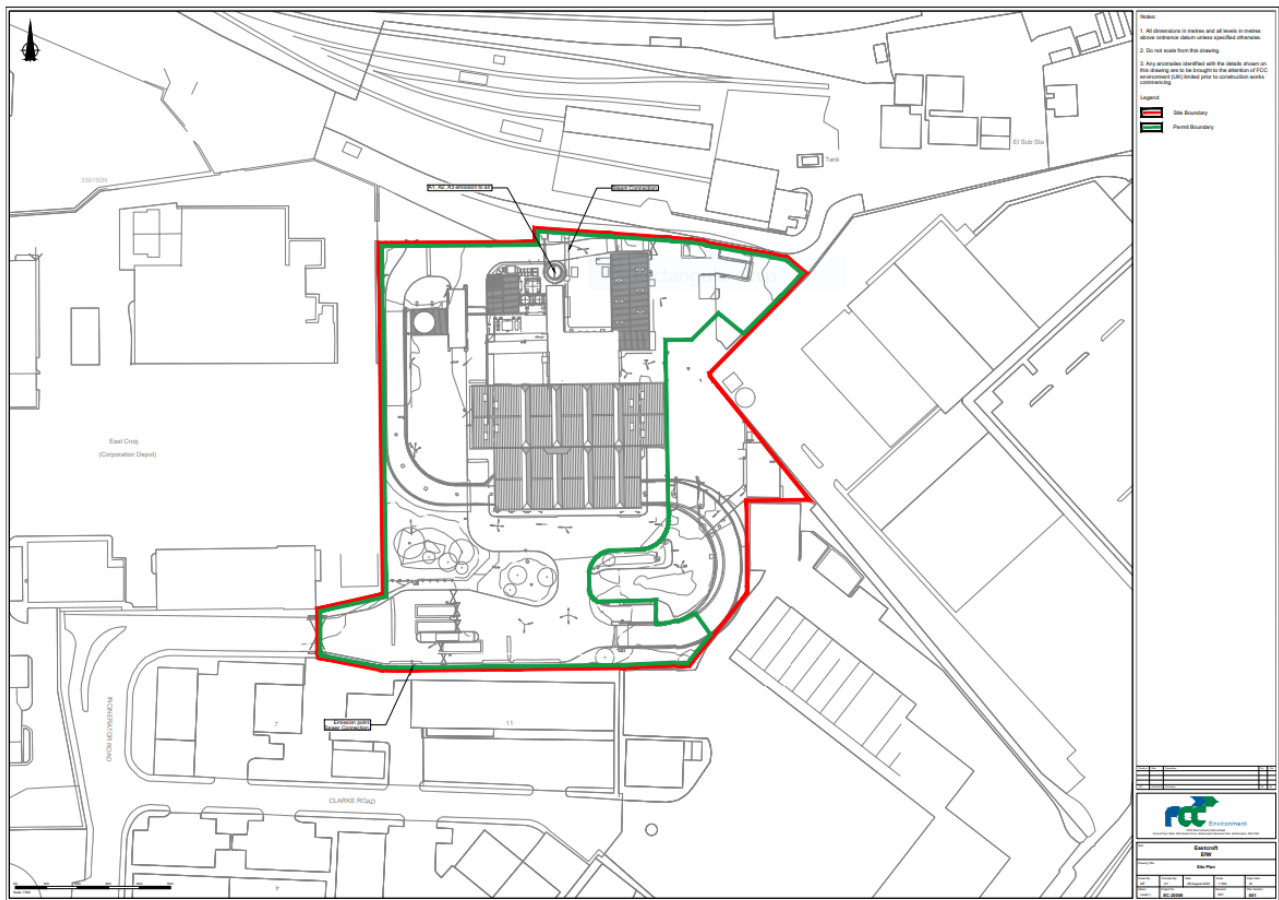
‘transition metals’ means any of the following metals: any compound of scandium, vanadium, manganese, cobalt, copper, yttrium, niobium, hafnium, tungsten, titanium, chromium, iron, nickel, zinc, zirconium, molybdenum and tantalum, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances

‘stabilisation’ means processes which change the hazardousness of the constituents in the waste and transform hazardous waste into non-hazardous waste

‘solidification’ means processes which only change the physical state of the waste by using additives without changing the chemical properties of the waste

'partly stabilised wastes' means wastes containing, after the stabilisation process, hazardous constituents which have not been changed completely into non-hazardous constituents and could be released into the environment in the short, middle or long term.

# Schedule 7 – Site plan



END OF PERMIT