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Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016

Lakeside Energy from Waste Limited

Lakeside EFW Facility Lakeside Road Colnbrook Slough Berkshire SL3 0EG

Variation application number

EPR/BT7116IW/V007

Permit number

EPR/BT7116IW

Lakeside EFW Facility Permit number EPR/BT7116IW

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the notice

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

This variation has been issued to update the permit following a statutory review of the permits in the industry sector for incineration. The opportunity has also been taken to consolidate the original permit and subsequent variations. The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7th January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. The BAT conclusions for incineration were published on 03 December 2019 in the Official Journal of the European Union (L323) following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision 2017/2117/EU of 21 November 2017.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit. Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

Brief description of the process

This permit controls the operation of a waste incineration plant. The relevant listed activities are 5.1 A(1)(a) and 5.1 A(1)(b). The permit implements the requirements of the EU Directives on Industrial Emissions and Waste.

The main features of the permit are as follows:

Furnace technology	Moving Grate
Number of lines	2
Principal waste type	Municipal waste
Stack height	75 m
Permitted plant capacity	464,280 tonnes per year
Electrical generation capacity	41 MWe

There are two stationary technical units on the site:

- the Energy from Waste plant regulated by this Permit
- the Clinical Waste Incinerator regulated by a separate permit

These two plants are technically linked, using the same chimney stack with separate flues and comprise a single installation.

The energy from waste plant has two incineration lines with a total a design capacity of approximately 54 tonnes per hour which equates to around 464,280 tonnes per year. The heat produced is used to generate electricity for export to the national grid. The plant generates approximately 41 MW of electricity and exports approximately 35 MW. Facilities are maintained to allow steam/ or hot water pass-outs such that opportunities for use of heat may be capitalised upon should they become practicable.

The waste is delivered to the plant by road in covered vehicles. The waste is weighed on the site weighbridge before proceeding to the tipping hall. The tipping hall is a fully enclosed building, maintained under slight negative pressure to ensure that no odours, dust or litter can escape the building. The waste containers are tipped into a waste storage pit from where it is transferred by crane to the feed hopper that feeds the furnace. The furnace is a reciprocating grate. Infectious clinical waste is received in bags and charged directly to the furnace via a conveyor system.

Primary and secondary combustion air is extracted from within the tipping hall and fed in below the waste through the grate bars and above the waste mass to promote good combustion. The combustion air is preheated to a maximum temperature of 130°C using steam from a turbine bleed.

Gas temperature in combustion chamber is continuously monitored and recorded, and audible and visual alarms will be triggered if the temperature falls below 850°C.

Auxiliary low sulphur diesel burners are fitted for start-up sequencing and to maintain temperatures above 850°C for 2 seconds in the combustion chamber. They are switched on automatically whenever the furnace temperature drops below 850°C and during shut down to ensure complete burnout of waste. The oxygen concentration and temperature are carefully controlled to minimise dioxin emissions.

Bottom ash from the grate is transported by the grate to the bottom of the hearth and into a water filled quench pit. The wet bottom ash is discharged by ash extraction conveyors into the ash storage bunker. The ash is removed for recovery of metals and recycling of bottom ash into secondary aggregate for road building and construction purposes. Liquids collected from the ash are contained within the internal drainage system for reuse within the process.

Hot gases from the waste combustion pass through a series of heat exchangers and superheaters and finally through an economiser (boiler plant). The design following a computerised fluid dynamics assessment, is such that the flue gas temperature is quickly reduced through the critical temperature range to minimise the risk of dioxin reformation.

Steam generating boilers are located at the exit of the flue gas from the main combustion chamber. The steam is fed to a steam turbine, which generate electricity. Water for steam generation is taken from the water main and is treated prior to use in the boilers. Steam is condensed and recycled to the boiler.

Steam is condensed by air cooled condensers.

Flue gases pass from the boiler to the gas cleaning equipment comprising of:

- · Lime to abate acid gases
- Activated carbon to abate dioxins/furans, dioxin like PCBs, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and mercury.
- selective non-catalytic reduction (SNCR) using ammonia solution to abate oxides of nitrogen.
- Bag filters for particulate matter including metals.
- The cleaned gas then discharges to atmosphere via one 75 metre stack containing the two flues.

The plant has been designed for zero process water discharge during normal operation. All process waste waters pass to a waste water treatment plant which is designed for, as near as practicable, closed loop recycling of waters used by the process. Excess wastewater is tested and dependant on results is either discharged to sewer or removed from site by tanker for disposal at an appropriate licensed facility.

Drainage water from potentially contaminated areas is treated as process water and is used in the process.

Emissions Monitoring is carried out as specified in the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Application EPR/BT7116IW/A001	Duly made 07/01/2003	
Permit determined EPR/BT7116IW/A001	01/12/2003	
Application EPR/BT7116IW/V002 received	30/03/2009	
Variation EPR/BT7116IW/V002 issued	25/02/2011	
Application EPR/BT7116IW/V003 received	25/02/2011	Change of registered office address
Variation EPR/BT7116IW/V003 issued	03/03/2011	
Agency variation determined EPR/BT7116IW/V004	07/02/2014	Agency variation to implement the changes introduced by IED
Application EPR/BT7116IW/V005 received	19/02/2016	
Variation EPR/BT7116IW/V005 withdrawn	21/04/2016	
Application EPR/BT7116IW/V006 (variation)	Duly made 10/09/2020	Application to add hazardous and clinical waste codes
Variation determined EPR/BT7116IW/V006	21/05/2021	Notice of variation issued
Regulation 61 notice issued	01/02/2022	Regulation 61 Notice requiring information for Statutory review of permit. BAT Conclusions published 03 December 2019.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Regulation 61 notice response	11/04/22 and 12/05/22	Updated response submitted on 12/05/22
Variation and consolidation notice issued	23/08/22	

Other Part A installation permits relating to this installation		
Operator	Permit number	Date of issue
Grundon Waste Management Ltd	EPR/BT2866IG	14/11/2003

End of introductory note

Notice of variation and consolidation

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies

Permit number

EPR/BT7116IW

Issued to

Lakeside Energy from Waste Limited ("the operator")

whose registered office is

Thames House Oxford Road Benson Wallingford Oxfordshire OX10 6LX

company registration number 03861722

to operate part of a regulated facility at

Lakeside EFW Facility Lakeside Road Colnbrook Slough Berkshire SL3 0EG

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 23/08/2022

Name	Date
Peter Kelly	23/08/2022

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Schedule 1

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

Schedule 2 - consolidated permit

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Permit number

EPR/BT7116IW

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/BT7116IW/V007 authorising,

Lakeside Energy from Waste Limited ("the operator"),

whose registered office is

Thames House Oxford Road Benson Wallingford Oxfordshire OX10 6LX

company registration number 03861722

to operate part of an installation at

Lakeside EFW Facility Lakeside Road Colnbrook Slough Berkshire SL3 0EG

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Peter Kelly	23/08/2022

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
 - (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
 - (c) referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 and AR2) from 03/12/2023, in accordance with a written other than normal operating conditions (OTNOC) management plan.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 The operator shall review the written management system at least every 3 years or otherwise as requested by the Environment Agency.
- 1.1.4 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.

1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is recovered with a high level of energy efficiency and energy is used efficiently in the activities.
 - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
 - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.
- 1.2.2 The operator shall provide and maintain steam and/or hot water pass-outs such that opportunities for the further use of waste heat may be capitalised upon should they become practicable.
- 1.2.3 The operator shall review the viability of Combined Heat and Power (CHP) implementation at least every 4 years, or in response to any of the following factors, whichever comes sooner:
 - (a) new plans for significant developments within 15 km of the installation;
 - (b) changes to the Local Plan;
 - (c) changes to the UK CHP Development Map or similar; and
 - (d) new financial or fiscal incentives for CHP.

The results shall be reported to the Agency within 2 months of each review, including where there has been no change to the original assessment in respect of the above factors

1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
 - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;

- (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
- (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
 - (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

1.5 Multiple operator installations

1.5.1 Where the operator notifies the Environment Agency under condition 4.3.1 (a) or 4.3.1 (c), the operator shall also notify without delay the other operator(s) of the installation of the same information.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the "activities").
- 2.1.2 Waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.
- 2.1.3 Hazardous waste shall not be mixed, either with a different category of hazardous waste or with other waste, substances or materials, unless it is authorised by schedule 1 table S1.1 and appropriate measures are taken.

2.2 The site

2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in blue (excluding the area edges in red) on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit. The plan represents the extent of the installation covered by this permit and that of the other operator of the installation.

2.3 Operating techniques

2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
 - (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 table S2.2; and
 - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer or holder.
- 2.3.5 Waste paper, metal, plastic or glass that has been separately collected for the purpose of preparing for re-use or recycling shall not be accepted. Waste from the treatment of these separately collected wastes shall only be accepted if incineration delivers the best environmental outcome in accordance with regulation 12 of the Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011.
- 2.3.6 Separately collected fractions other than those listed in condition 2.3.5 shall not be accepted unless they are unsuitable for recovery by recycling.
- 2.3.7 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
 - (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
 - (b) the composition of the waste;
 - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
 - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
 - (e) the waste code of the waste.
- 2.3.8 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.9 The operator shall burn only those hazardous wastes where the throughputs, calorific values and pollutant compositions are within the ranges specified in table S2.2 of schedule 2, unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.10 The operator shall ensure that prior to accepting waste subject to condition 2.3.9 at the site, it has obtained sufficient information about the hazardous wastes to be burned to demonstrate compliance with the characteristics described in condition 2.3.9.
- 2.3.11 The operator shall take representative samples of all hazardous waste deliveries to the site unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Environment Agency and test a representative selection of these samples to verify conformity with the information obtained as required by condition 2.3.10. These samples shall be retained for inspection by the Environment Agency for a period of at least 1 month after the material is incinerated and results of any analysis made of such samples will be retained for at least 2 years after the material is incinerated.
- 2.3.12 Waste shall not be charged if:
 - (a) the combustion chamber temperature is below 850 °C,
 - (b) it is hazardous waste with a hazardous halogenated organic content of more than 1% (expressed as chlorine) and the combustion chamber temperature is below 1,100 °C.
 - (c) it is cytotoxic or cytostatic waste and the combustion chamber temperature is below 1,000°C
 - (d) any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1(a) is exceeded during abnormal operation; or

- (e) any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1 is exceeded, other than during abnormal operation; or
- (f) continuous emission monitors to demonstrate compliance with any continuous emission limit value in schedule 3 table S3.1 are unavailable other than during abnormal operation; or
- (g) there is a stoppage, disturbance or failure of the activated carbon abatement system, other than during abnormal operation.
- (h) continuous emission monitors to demonstrate compliance with the emission limit values for particulates, TOC or CO in schedule 3 are unavailable unless alternative techniques, as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency, are used to demonstrate compliance with those emission limit values.
- 2.3.13 The operator shall record the beginning and end of each period of "abnormal operation".
- 2.3.14 During a period of "abnormal operation", the operator shall restore normal operation of the failed equipment or replace the failed equipment as soon as possible.
- 2.3.15 The operator shall interpret the start of the period of "abnormal operation" as the earliest of the following:
 - (a) a technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of continuous emission monitors.
 - (b) a technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of the activated carbon abatement system
 - (c) Any other technically unavoidable stoppage, disturbance, or failure of the plant which is causing or could lead to an exceedance of an emission limit value in table S3.1.
- 2.3.16 The operator shall interpret the end of the period of "abnormal operation" as the earliest of the following:
 - (a) when the failed equipment is repaired and brought back into normal operation;
 - (b) when the operator initiates a shut down of the waste combustion activity, as described in the application or as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency;
 - (c) The failed equipment has not been repaired and brought back into normal operation and a single period of abnormal operation reaches a duration of 4 hours after the start of abnormal operation on an incineration line
 - (d) Abnormal operation occurs on an incineration line and the cumulative duration of abnormal operation periods over 1 calendar year has reached 60 hours on that incineration line;
- 2.3.17 The operator shall have at least one auxiliary burner in each line which shall be operated at start up, shut down and as required during operation to ensure that the operating temperature specified in condition 2.3.12 is maintained as long as incompletely burned waste is present in the combustion chamber. Unless the temperature specified in condition 2.3.12 is maintained in the combustion chamber, such burner(s) shall be fed only with fuels which result in emissions no higher than those arising from the use of gas oil, liquefied gas or natural gas.
- 2.3.18 If Infectious clinical waste is burned, it must be placed in the furnace without first being mixed with other categories of waste, using techniques which are no less effective than those described in the application.
- 2.3.19 Bottom ash and APC residues shall not be mixed.

2.4 Improvement programme

2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 tables S3.1 and S3.2.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3, subject to condition 3.2.1, shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Wastes produced at the site shall, as a minimum, be sampled and analysed in accordance with schedule 3 table S 3.4. Additional samples shall be taken and tested and appropriate action taken, whenever:
 - (a) disposal or recovery routes change; or
 - (b) it is suspected that the nature or composition of the waste has changed such that the route currently selected may no longer be appropriate.

3.2 Emissions limits and monitoring for emission to air for incineration plant

- 3.2.1 The limits for emissions to air apply as follows:
 - (a) The limits in table S3.1 shall not be exceeded except during periods of abnormal operation.
 - (b) The limits in table S3.1 (a) shall not be exceeded.
- 3.2.2 Where Continuous Emission Monitors are installed to comply with the monitoring requirements in schedule 3 table S3.1 and S3.1(a); the Continuous Emission Monitors shall be used such that;
 - (a) the values of the 95% confidence intervals of a single measured result at the daily emission limit value shall not exceed the following percentages of the emission limit values:

•	Carbon monoxide	10%
•	Sulphur dioxide	20%
•	Oxides of nitrogen (NO & NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)	20%
•	Particulate matter	30%
•	Total organic carbon (TOC)	30%
•	Hydrogen chloride	40%
•	Ammonia	40%

- (b) valid half-hourly average values or 10-minute averages shall be determined within the effective operating time (excluding the start-up and shut-down periods) from the measured values after having subtracted the value of the confidence intervals in condition 3.2.2 (a).
- (c) where it is necessary to calibrate or maintain the monitor and this means that data are not available for a complete half-hour or 10 minute period, the half-hourly average or 10-minute average shall in any case be considered valid if measurements are available for a minimum of 20 minutes or 7 minutes during the half-hour or 10-minute period respectively. The number of half-hourly or 10-minute averages so validated shall not exceed 5 or 15 respectively per day;

- (d) daily average values shall be calculated as follows:
 - the average of valid half hourly averages or 10 minute averages over a calendar day excluding half hourly averages or 10 minute averages during periods of abnormal operation. The daily average value shall be considered valid if no more than five half-hourly average or fifteen 10-minute average values in any day have been determined not to be valid;
- (e) no more than ten daily average values per year shall be determined not to be valid.

3.3 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.3.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.3.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.
- 3.3.4 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

3.4 Odour

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.4.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
 - (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Noise and vibration

- 3.5.1 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Monitoring

- 3.6.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1, S3.1(a) and S3.2;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.3;
 - (c) residue quality in table S3.4.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.6.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.6.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate) unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency. Newly installed CEMs, or CEMs replacing existing CEMs, shall have MCERTS certification and unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency have an MCERTS certified range which is not greater than 1.5 times the daily emission limit value (ELV) specified in schedule 3 table S3.1. The CEM shall also be able to measure instantaneous values over the ranges which are to be expected during all operating conditions. If it is necessary to use more than one range setting of the CEM to achieve this requirement, the CEM shall be verified for monitoring supplementary, higher ranges. Newly installed Data handling and acquisition systems (DAHS), or DAHS replacing existing DAHS, shall have MCERTS certification.
- 3.6.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1, S3.1(a) and S3.2 and unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.7 Pests

- 3.7.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
 - (b) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.8 Fire prevention

- 3.8.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.8.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
 - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
 - (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 A report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year using the annual report form specified in schedule 4, table S4.4 or otherwise in a format agreed with the Environment Agency. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
 - (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
 - (b) the annual production /treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2;
 - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3
 - (d) the functioning and monitoring of the incineration plant in a format agreed with the Environment Agency. The report shall, as a minimum requirement (as required by Chapter IV of the Industrial

Emissions Directive) give an account of the running of the process and the emissions into air and water compared with the emission standards in the IED.

- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
 - (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.

4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 In the event:
 - (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately:
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
 - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
 - (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately:
 - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
 - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;
 - (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.
- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:
 - Where the operator is a registered company:
 - (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and

(b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.
- 4.3.5 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
 - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
 - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.6 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made "immediately" or "without delay" in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 – Operations

Table S1.1 activities	3		
Activity reference	Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations	Description of specified activity	Limits of specified activity
AR1	S5.1 A1 (a)	The incineration of hazardous waste in a waste incineration plant with a capacity of 10 tonnes per day or more.	From receipt of waste to emission of exhaust gas and removal from site of waste arising. Waste types and quantities as specified in Table S2.2 of this permit.
AR2	S5.1 A1 (b)	The incineration of non-hazardous waste in a waste incineration plant with a capacity of 3 tonnes per hour or more.	From receipt of waste to emission of exhaust gas and removal from site of waste arising. Waste types and quantities as specified in Table S2.2 of this permit.
	Directly Associated A	Activities	
AR3	Electricity Generation	Generation of ~ 36 MW of electrical power using a steam turbine from energy recovered from the flue gases.	
AR4	Back up electrical generator	For providing emergency electrical power to the plant in the event of supply interruption.	Emergency use to a maximum of 500 hours operation per year. Maximum of 50 hours testing per year.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques		
Description	Parts	Date Received
Application (EPR/BT7116IW/A001)	Response to question B2.1 given in section 2.1 of the Application.	07/01/2003
	Response to question B2.2 given in section 2.2 of the Application.	
	Response to question B2.3 given in section 2.3 of the Application.	
	Response to question B2.4 given in section 2.4 of the Application.	
	Response to question B2.5 given in section 2.5 of the Application.	
	Response to question B2.6 given in section 2.6 of the Application.	
	Response to question B2.7 given in section 2.7 of the Application.	

Table S1.2 Operating techniques			
Description	Parts	Date Received	
	Response to question B2.8 given in section 2.8 of the Application.		
	Response to question B2.9 given in section 2.9 of the Application.		
	Response to question B2.10 given in section 2.10 of the Application.		
	Response to question B2.11 given in section 2.11 of the Application.		
Schedule 4 Notice dated 21/03/2003	Response to questions 1, 2, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 57, 58, 59, 60 and 61	13/04/2003	
Application for Variation dated 26/03/2009	Whole application.	30/03/2009	
Further information	All additional information to the application for variation dated 26/03/2009.	01/07/2009	
Application for	Document titled 'S2986-0320-0001KLH Supporting	10/09/2020	
Variation Duly Made on 10/09/2020	Information EP Variation R4_Clean' Parts 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.1.1, 3.1.2 and 3.2.		
Information received in response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 04/12/2020	Responses 1a, 1b, 2, 3a, 3b, 3c.	17/12/2020	
Response to regulation 61 notice	Operating techniques as set out in the response to the regulation 61 notice.	12/05/2022	

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements		
Reference	Requirement	Date
IC1	The operator shall perform a study to determine the extent to which the operation of the current systems in place at the plant to minimise NOx emissions can be further optimised such that emissions are reduced as far as possible below 180 mg/Nm³, as a daily average, without significantly increasing emissions of other pollutants or having a significant negative effect on plant operation, reliability or bottom ash quality. The study shall be based on the results of trials carried out at the installation and shall have regard to the recommendations for test conditions set out in Section 5.4.3 of report titled 'Establishing factors that influence NOx reduction at waste incineration plant to levels below the upper end of the BAT-AELs' (dated 14/01/2022), or other methodology agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. A written report of the study shall be submitted to the Environment Agency which shall include but not necessarily be limited to the following: • A brief description of the currently installed measures at the installation to minimise NOx emissions, including details of how the	30/09/23

Reference	Requirement	Date
	reagent dosing system responds to emissions monitoring data and historic data which illustrates the current achievable level of daily NOx emissions. • The results of trials conducted to further reduce daily average NOx emissions using currently installed measures, including: o a description of the parameters that were varied during the trial e.g. ammonia or urea feed rates, physical form of urea injected, air flows, and the range over which they were varied o the levels of NOx achieved and associated levels of ammonia and nitrous oxide emissions and reagent consumption o observed effects and predicted long-term impacts on plant operation, reliability and maintenance regime o any changes to the composition of the bottom ash and boiler ash and the implications of those changes for the ability to process and use the ash, as well as for the pollution potential of the ash both during processing and its subsequent use as a secondary aggregate	
	o any other relevant cross-media effects The report shall also include a description of the extent to which current systems in place at the plant to minimise NOx emissions can be optimised on a permanent basis, including justification and an implementation plan where relevant.	
IC2	The operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency on whether waste feed to the plant can be proven to have a low and stable mercury content. The report shall have regard to BAT 4 of the BAT conclusions, be based on historic mercury emissions monitoring data and have regard to the Environment Agency Mercury Monitoring Protocol.	30/09/23
IC3	The operator shall submit a report to the Environment Agency on whether dioxin emissions to air are stable. The report shall have regard to BAT 4 of the BAT conclusions, be based on historic dioxin emissions monitoring data and have regard to the Environment Agency Dioxins Monitoring Protocol.	30/09/23

Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels				
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification			
Fuel Oil	< 0.1% sulphur content			

Table S2.2 Permitte	ed waste types and quantities for incinc	eration plant					
Maximum quantity	464,280 tonnes per year For hazardous wastes listed in table S2.2 - Calorific values and pollutant composition ranges as specified in the application						
	Hazardous tobacco wastes (16 03 05*)	6,900 tonnes per year					
	Hazardous clinical waste (18 01 03*)	13,800 tonnes per year					
Waste code	Description						
02	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture fishing, food preparation and proces		g and				
02 02	wastes from the preparation and pro animal origin	cessing of meat, fish and other	foods of				
02 02 02	animal-tissue waste						
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing						
02 03	wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereal tobacco preparation and processing extract production, molasses prepar	; conserve production; yeast ar					
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or	r processing					
02 05	wastes from the dairy products indu	stry					
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing						
02 06	wastes from the baking and confecti	onery industry					
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or	r processing					
02 06 02	wastes from preserving agents						
02 07	wastes from the production of alcoh coffee, tea and cocoa)	olic and non-alcoholic beverage	es (except				
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and me	chanical reduction of raw material	s				
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation						
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or	r processing					
03	Wastes from wood processing and to pulp, paper and cardboard	he production of panels and fur	niture,				
03 01	wastes from wood processing and the	ne production of panels and fur	niture				
03 01 01	waste bark and cork						

wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing 3 0 3 0 1 waste bark and wood 3 0 3 0 5 de-inking sludges from paper recycling 3 0 3 0 7 mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard 3 0 3 0 8 wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling 3 0 3 1 0 fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation 4 Wastes from the leather, fur and textile industries 4 0 1 wastes from the leather and fur industry 4 0 1 0 8 wastes from the leather and fur industry 4 0 1 0 9 wastes from the textile industry 4 0 2 0 9 wastes from the textile industry 4 0 2 0 9 wastes from composite materials (impregnated textile, elastomer, plastomer) 4 0 2 1 0 organic matter from natural products (for example grease, wax) 4 0 2 1 1 wastes from inishing other than those mentioned in 04 02 14 4 0 2 2 1 wastes from unprocessed textile fibres 4 0 2 2 2 wastes from processed textile fibres 5 0 0 0 2 waste from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of coatings (paints, varnishes and vitreous enamels), adhesives, sealants and printing inks 5 0 1 wastes from MFSU and removal of paint and varnish 5 0 1 wastes from MFSU and removal other than those mentioned in 08 01 11 5 0 2 wastes from MFSU of other coatings (including ceramic materials) 5 0 2 0 1 1 2 wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including water proofing products) 5 0 0 10 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
de-inking sludges from paper recycling 3 0 3 0 7 mechanically separated rejects from pulping of waste paper and cardboard 3 0 3 0 8 wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling 3 0 3 10 fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation 4 Wastos from the leather, fur and toxilio industries 4 0 1 0 wastes from the leather fur and fur industry 4 0 1 0 wastes from dressing and finishing 4 0 1 0 wastes from the textile industry 4 0 2 wastes from dressing and finishing 4 0 2 wastes from composite materials (impregnated textile, elastomer, plastomer) 5 0 0 2 10 organic matter from natural products (for example grease, wax) 5 0 0 2 12 wastes from inishing other than those mentioned in 0 4 0 2 1 4 6 0 2 2 wastes from inishing other than those mentioned in 0 4 0 2 1 4 6 0 2 2 wastes from processed textile fibres 6 Wastos from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of coatings (paints, varnishes and vitreous enamels), adhesives, sealants and printing links 8 0 1 wastes from paper wastes from paper order than those mentioned in 0 8 0 1 1 1 8 0 1 1 2 wastes from paper order than those mentioned in 0 8 0 1 1 1 8 0 2 wastes from paper order than those mentioned in 0 8 0 1 1 1 8 0 3 1 8 wastes from paper order than those mentioned in 0 8 0 1 1 7 8 0 2 wastes from MFSU of other coatings (including ceramic materials) 8 0 3 1 8 waste printing toner other than those mentioned in 0 8 0 3 1 7 8 0 4 wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including water proofing products) 9 0 1 wastes from the photographic industry 9 0 1 0 7 photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds 9 0 1 10 single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 0 9 0 1 1 1 12 wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	03 03	wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing
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wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including water proofing products) waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09 Wastes from the photographic industry wastes from the photographic industry photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds ingle-use cameras without batteries ingle-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	08 02 01	waste coating powders
products) waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09 Wastes from the photographic industry wastes from the photographic industry photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds single-use cameras without batteries single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	08 03 18	waste printing toner other than those mentioned in 08 03 17
Wastes from the photographic industry wastes from the photographic industry photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds single-use cameras without batteries single-use cameras without batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	08 04	
09 01wastes from the photographic industry09 01 07photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds09 01 08photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds09 01 10single-use cameras without batteries09 01 12single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 1112Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics12 01wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	08 04 10	waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09
photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds single-use cameras without batteries single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09	Wastes from the photographic industry
photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds single-use cameras without batteries single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09 01	wastes from the photographic industry
99 01 10 single-use cameras without batteries 99 01 12 single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09 01 07	photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds
12 Single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11 Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09 01 08	photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds
Wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09 01 10	single-use cameras without batteries
metals and plastics 12 01 wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics	09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11
metals and plastics	12	
12 01 05 plastics shavings and turnings	12 01	
F	12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings

15	Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
15 01 09	textile packaging
16	Wastes not otherwise specified in the list
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 03	end-of-life tyres
16 01 19	plastic
16 01 22	components not otherwise specified
16 02	wastes from electrical and electronic equipment
16 02 14	discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 09 to 16 02 13
16 02 16	components removed from discarded equipment other than those mentioned in 16 02 15
16 03	off-specification batches and unused products
16 03 04	inorganic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 03
16 03 05*	organic wastes containing hazardous substances (tobacco products only)
16 03 06	organic wastes other than those mentioned in 16 03 05
17	Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
17 02	wood, glass and plastic
17 02 01	wood
17 02 03	plastic
17 03	bituminous mixtures, coal tar and tarred products
17 03 02	bituminous mixtures other than those mentioned in 17 03 01
17 06	insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
17 08	gypsum-based construction material
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
17 09	other construction and demolition wastes
17 09 04	mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03
18	Wastes from human or animal health care and/or related research (except kitchen and restaurant wastes not arising from immediate health care)
18 01	wastes from natal care, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease in humans

18 01 03*	wastes whose collection and disposal is subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection
18 01 04	wastes whose collection and disposal is not subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection (for example dressings, plaster casts, linen, disposable clothing, diapers)
18 01 09	medicines other than those mentioned in 18 01 08
18 02	wastes from research, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease involving animals
18 02 03	wastes whose collection and disposal is not subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection
18 02 08	medicines other than those mentioned in 18 02 07
19	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use
19 02	wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)
19 02 03	premixed wastes composed only of non-hazardous wastes
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mentioned in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
19 03	stabilised/solidified wastes
19 03 05	stabilised wastes other than those mentioned in 19 03 04
19 03 07	solidified wastes other than those mentioned in 19 03 06
19 05	wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
19 06	wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 99	wastes not otherwise specified
19 08	wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified
19 08 01	screenings
19 08 02	waste from desanding
19 08 09	grease and oil mixture from oil/water separation containing only edible oil and fats
19 09	wastes from the preparation of water intended for human consumption or water for industrial use
19 09 01	solid waste from primary filtration and screenings
19 10	wastes from shredding of metal-containing wastes
19 10 04	fluff-light fraction and dust other than those mentioned in 19 10 03
19 10 06	other fractions other than those mentioned in 19 10 05
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified
19 12 01	paper and cardboard
19 12 04	plastic and rubber
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
19 12 08	textiles
	•

19 12 10	combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)
19 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11
19 13	wastes from soil and groundwater remediation
19 13 02	solid wastes from soil remediation other than those mentioned in 19 13 01
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 01	paper and cardboard
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 10	clothes
20 01 11	textiles
20 01 25	edible oil and fat
20 01 28	paint, inks, adhesives and resins other than those mentioned in 20 01 27
20 01 30	detergents other than those mentioned in 20 01 29
20 01 32	medicines other than those mentioned in 20 01 31
20 01 36	discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35
20 01 38	wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37
20 01 39	plastics
20 01 41	wastes from chimney sweeping
20 01 99	other fractions not otherwise specified
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 02 03	other non-biodegradable wastes
20 03	other municipal wastes
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets
20 03 03	street-cleaning residues
20 03 04	septic tank sludge
20 03 06	waste from sewage cleaning
20 03 07	bulky waste
20 03 99	municipal wastes not otherwise specified
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan	Particulate matter	Incineration exhausts gases	30 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
received 16/08/22)	Particulate matter		10 mg/m ³ Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			5 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023			
	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		20 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		10 mg/m ³	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Hydrogen chloride Hydrogen chloride		60 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
			10 mg/m ³ Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			8 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023			

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan	Hydrogen fluoride	Incineration exhausts gases	2 mg/m³ until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at	Bi-annually	CEN TS 17340
received 16/08/22)			1 mg/m³ from 03/12/2023	least 30 minutes each		
	Carbon monoxide		150 mg/m ³	95% of all 10-minute averages in any 24- hour period	Continuous	EN 14181
	Carbon monoxide		50 mg/m ³	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Sulphur dioxide		200 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Sulphur dioxide		50 mg/m ³ Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			40 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023			
	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)		400 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	EN 14181
	Oxides of nitrogen (NO and NO ₂ expressed as NO ₂)		200 mg/m ³ Until 02/12/2023	daily average	Continuous	EN 14181
			180 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	-		

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan	Cadmium & thallium and their compounds (total)	Incineration exhausts gases	0.05 until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at	Bi-annually	BS EN 14385
received 16/08/22)			0.02 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	least 30 minutes each		
	Mercury and its compounds		0.05 mg/m ³ until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually until 02/12/2023	BS EN 13211
	Mercury and its compounds		0.02 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at least 30 minutes each	Bi-annually from 03/12/2023	BS EN 13211
			Limit does not apply if continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency		Not required if continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency	
	Mercury and its compounds		0.02 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	Daily average	Continuous from 03/12/2023 Not required unless continuous monitoring has been specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol	EN 14181

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown	Sb, As, Pb, Cr, Co, Cu, Mn, Ni and V and their	Incineration exhausts	0.5 mg/m ³ Until 02/12/2023	Average of three consecutive measurements of at	Bi-annually	BS EN 14385
on site plan received 16/08/22)	compounds (total)	gases	0.3 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	least 30 minutes each		
	Exhaust gas temperature		No limit set	-	Continuous	Traceable to national standards
	Exhaust gas pressure		No limit set	-	Continuous	Traceable to national standards
	Exhaust gas flow		No limit set	-	Continuous from 01/01/2023	BS EN 16911-2
	Exhaust gas oxygen content		No limit set	-	Continuous	EN 14181
	Exhaust gas water vapour content		No limit set	-	Continuous	EN 14181
	Ammonia (NH ₃)		No limit set	½-hr average and daily average	Continuous until 02/12/2023	EN 14181
			15 mg/m ³ from 03/12/2023	daily average	Continuous from 03/12/2023	EN 14181
	Nitrous oxide (N ₂ O)		No limit set	Periodic over minimum 1 hour period until 01/01/2023	Bi-annually until 01/01/2023	EN ISO 21258

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan received 16/08/22)	shown exhausts site plan gases sived	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	½-hr average and daily average from 01/01/2023	Continuous from 01/01/2023	EN 14181
	Carbon dioxide		No limit set	Continuous	Continuous from 01/01/2023	EN 14181
	Dioxins / furans (I-TEQ)		0.1 ng/m³ periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour Bi-annually until 02/12/2023	-	BS EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3	
		_		period		
	Dioxins / furans (I-TEQ)	2)	0.06 ng/m ³	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually from 03/12/2023	EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3
			and	and	and	and
			0.08 ng/m³ if long term limit is specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol from 03/12/2023	value over sampling period of 2 to 4 weeks for long term sampling	long term sampling if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol from 03/12/2023	CEN TS 1948-5 if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan received 16/08/22)	Dioxin-like PCBs (WHO- TEQ Humans / Mammals, Fish, Birds)	Incineration exhausts gases	No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	bi-annually	EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 4
10/00/22)				and	and	and
				value over sampling period of 2 to 4 weeks for long term sampling	long term sampling if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol from 03/12/2023.	CEN TS 1948-5 if specified by the Environment Agency in line with sampling protocol
					No monitoring is required if emissions have been shown to be below 0.01 ng/m³ as agreed with the Environment Agency.	
	Dioxins / furans (WHO-TEQ Humans / Mammals, Fish, Birds)		No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually	BS EN 1948 Parts 1, 2 and 3
	Polybrominated dibenzo- dioxins and furans		No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Bi-annually from 01/01/2023	Method based on procedural requirements of EN 1948
	Specific individual polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), as specified in Schedule 6.		No limit set	periodic over minimum 6 hours, maximum 8 hour period	Annually	BS ISO 11338 Parts 1 and 2.

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard(s) or method(s)
A3 (as shown on site plan received 16/08/22)	Carbon monoxide	Back-up electrical generator	No limit set	In line with web guide 'Monitoring stack emissions: low risk MCPs and specified generators' Published 16 February 2021 (formerly known as TGN M5)	Every 1500 hours of operation or once every five years (whichever comes first) from 01/01/2030	In line with web guide 'Monitoring stack emissions: low risk MCPs and specified generators' Published 16 February 2021 (formerly known as TGN M5)

Emission Parameter Source Limit (including Pafarance period Manitaring Manitaring of						Manatania a standard
Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
A1 & A2 (as shown on site plan received 16/08/22)	Particulate matter	Incineration exhausts gases	150 mg/m ³	½-hr average	Continuous	or alternative surrogate as agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor
	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		20 mg/m ³	1/₂-hr average	Continuous	or alternative surrogate as agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor
	Carbon monoxide		150 mg/m ³	95% of all 10-minute averages in any 24- hour period	Continuous	or alternative surrogate as agreed in writing with the environment agency during failure of the continuous emission monitor

Table S3.2 Point source emissions to sewer, effluent treatment plant or other transfers off-siteemission limits and monitoring requirements **Emission point** Parameter Monitoring Source Limit Reference Monitoring ref. & location (incl. period frequency standard or Unit) method Soakaways Uncontaminated No limit No roof water and set (shown on site parameters surface water plan received set from hard 16/08/22, standings through the groundwater systems and

No limit

set

Table S3.3 Process monitoring requirements					
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications	
As identified in the Application	Wind Speed and Direction	Continuous	Anemometer		
Location close to the Combustion Chamber inner wall or as identified and justified in Application.	Temperature (° C)	Continuous	Traceable to national standards	As agreed in writing with the Agency.	
Incineration plant	Gross electrical efficiency	within 6 months of any modification that significantly affects energy efficiency	Performance test at full load or other method as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency		

gravels leading to the River Colne

catchment (via oil and silt interceptors))

Waste water

from operations

No

set

parameters

S1

Table S3.4 Residue quality							
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Limit	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method *	Other specifications		
Bottom Ash	or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	3% or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Quarterly	EN 14899 and either EN 13137 or EN 15936 or otherwise as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'		
Bottom Ash	Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs.		Quarterly	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'			
Bottom Ash	Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions		Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'			
APC Residues	Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs.		Quarterly	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'			

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Limit	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method *	Other specifications
APC Residues	Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions		Before use of a new disposal or recycling route	Environment Agency Guidance, 'TGN M4 – Guidelines for Ash Sampling and Analysis'	

^{*} Or other equivalent standard as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data					
Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins		
Emissions to air Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1.	A1, A2	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct		
TOC Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct		
Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct		
Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	Bottom Ash	Before use of a new disposal or recycling route			
Metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) and their compounds, dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	APC Residues	Quarterly	1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct		
Total soluble fraction and metals (Antimony, Cadmium, Thallium, Mercury, Lead, Chromium, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Arsenic, Cobalt, Vanadium, Zinc) soluble fractions Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1	APC Residues	Before use of a new disposal or recycling route			

Table S4.2: Annual production/treatment		
Parameter	Units	
Total waste incinerated	tonnes	
Total hazardous clinical waste incinerated	tonnes	
Total other hazardous waste incinerated	tonnes	

Table S4.2: Annual production/treatment			
Parameter	Units		
Electrical energy produced	kWh		
Electrical energy exported	kWh		
Electrical energy used on installation	kWh		
Waste heat utilised by the installation	kWh		

Table S4.3 Performance parameters				
Parameter	Frequency of assessment	Units		
Annual Report as required by condition 4.2.2	Annually	-		
Electrical energy exported, imported and used at the installation	Annually	kWh / tonne of waste incinerated		
Fuel oil consumption	Annually	kg / tonne of waste incinerated		
Bottom Ash residue	Annually	Route, tonnes and tonnes / tonne of waste incinerated		
APC residue	Annually	Route, tonnes and tonnes / tonne of waste incinerated		
Ammonia / Urea consumption	Annually	kg / tonne of waste incinerated		
Activated Carbon consumption	Annually	kg / tonne of waste incinerated		
Lime consumption	Annually	kg / tonne of waste incinerated		
Water consumption	Annually	Kg / tonne of waste incinerated		
Periods of abnormal operation	Annually	No of occasions and cumulative hours for current calendar year for each line.		

Table S4.4 Reporting forms				
Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form		
Annual report required by condition 4.2.2	Annual performance report template	29/08/2022		
Emissions to air until 02/12/2023	As agreed in writing with the Environment Agency	01/08/2009		
Emissions to air from 03/12/2023	Forms air 1-9 or other forms as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/08/2022		
Residue quality	Form residue 1 and 2 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	29/08/2022		

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	
	any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, ince not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is pollution
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	
(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a limit
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless otherwise specified below
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	

Date and time of monitoring

(b) Notification requirements for t	the breach of a li	mit	
To be notified within 24 hours of	detection unless	otherwise specified bel	ow
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission			
Time periods for notification follo	wina detection o	of a breach of a limit	
Parameter	3		Notification period
			<u>l</u>
(c) Notification requirements for t	ho brooch of more	mit conditions and aslate	nd to limits
To be notified within 24 hours of def		mit conditions not relate	tu to minis
Condition breached	ection		
Date, time and duration of breach			
Details of the permit breach i.e.			
what happened including impacts			
observed.			
Measures taken, or intended to be			
taken, to restore permit			
compliance.			
(d) Natification requirements for t			an income antal officet
(d) Notification requirements for to be notified within 24 hours of		any significant adverse e	environmental effect
	detection		
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected			
Substances(s) detected			
Concentrations of substances			
detected			
Date of monitoring/sampling			
.		41 11	
Part B – to be submit	ted as soo	n as practicable	9
Any more accurate information on the	ne matters for		
notification under Part A.	.5		

Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	
Name*	
Post	
Signature	

Date

^{*} authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

"abatement equipment" means that equipment dedicated to the removal of polluting substances from releases from the installation to air or water media.

"abnormal operation" means: any technically unavoidable stoppages, disturbances, or failures of the plant or the measurement devices. Abnormal operation starts as defined in condition 2.3.15 and ends as defined in condition 2.3.16. Abnormal operation is limited to 4 hours for a single occurrence and a total of 60 hours per year per line. "accident" means an accident that may result in pollution.

"APC residues" means air pollution control residues

"application" means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

"authorised officer" means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

"BAT conclusions" means Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2010 of 12 November 2019 establishing the best available techniques (BAT) conclusions, under Directive 2010/75/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, for Waste Incineration

"bottom ash" means ash falling through the grate or transported by the grate

"CEM" Continuous emission monitor

"CEN" means Commité Européen de Normalisation

"bi-annual" means twice per year with at least five months between tests;

"Commissioning" means testing of the new incineration plant that involves any operation of the furnace or as agreed with the Environment Agency.

Daily average emissions value means 'the average of at least 43 valid half hourly averages or for CO the average of at least 43 valid half hourly averages or 129 valid 10 min averages'

"dioxin and furans" means polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans.

"disposal" means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"emissions to land" includes emissions to groundwater.

"EP Regulations" means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

"emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits" means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

"groundwater" means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

'Hazardous property' has the meaning in Annex III of the Waste Framework Directive

'Hazardous waste' has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 (as amended)

"incineration line" means all of the incineration equipment related to a common discharge to air location.

"Industrial Emissions Directive" means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions

"infectious clinical waste" means clinical waste incorporating substances containing viable micro-organisms or their toxins which are known or reliably believed to cause disease in man or other living organisms

"ISO" means International Standards Organisation.

'List of Wastes' means the list of wastes established by Commission Decision 2000/532/EC replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, as amended from time to time

"LOI" means loss on ignition a technique used to determine the combustible material by heating the ash residue to a high temperature

"MCERTS" means the Environment Agency's Monitoring Certification Scheme.

"PAH" means Poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbon, and comprises Anthanthrene, Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[b]naph(2,1-d)thiophene, Benzo[c]phenanthrene, Benzo[ghi]perylene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Cholanthrene, Chrysene, Cyclopenta[c,d]pyrene, Dibenzo[ah]anthracene, Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene Fluoranthene, Indo[1,2,3-cd]pyrene, Naphthalene

"PCB" means Polychlorinated Biphenyl. Dioxin-like PCBs are the non-ortho and mono-ortho PCBs listed in the table below.

"Pests" means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

"quarter" means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

"recovery" means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

"start up" is any period, where the plant has been non-operational, until waste has been fed to the plant in a sufficient quantity to initiate steady-state conditions as described in the application or agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

"shut down" is any period where the plant is being returned to a non-operational state as described in the application or agreed in writing with the Environment Agency.

"TOC" means Total Organic Carbon. In respect of releases to air, this means the gaseous and vaporous organic substances, expressed as TOC. In respect of Bottom Ash, this means the total carbon content of all organic species present in the ash (excluding carbon in elemental form).

'Waste code' means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk

"Waste Framework Directive" or "WFD" means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- (a) in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- (b) in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content
- (c) in relation to gases from incineration plants other than those burning waste oil, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 11% dry.

(d) where hazardous wastes are burned in plant covered by Schedule 13 of Environmental Permitting Regulations and the emissions of pollutants are reduced by gas treatment, standardisation of the gas with respect to oxygen content shall be carried out only if the oxygen concentration measured over the same period exceeds the relevant oxygen content defined in conditions (a) – (c) above. In other cases, the measured emissions shall be standardised only for moisture, pressure and temperature.

For dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs the determination of the toxic equivalence concentration (I-TEQ, & WHO-TEQ for dioxins/furans, WHO-TEQ for dioxin-like PCBs) stated as a release limit and/ or reporting requirement, the mass concentrations of the following congeners have to be multiplied with their respective toxic equivalence factors before summing. When reporting on measurements of dioxins/furans and dioxin-like PCBs, the toxic equivalence concentrations should be reported as a range based on: all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be zero as a minimum, and all congeners less than the detection limit assumed to be at the detection limit as a maximum. However the minimum value should be used when assessing compliance with the emission limit value in table S3.1.

TEF schemes for dioxins and furans					
Congener	I-TEF	WHO-TEF	WHO-TEF		
	1990	2005	1997/8		
		Humans / Mammals	Fish	Birds	
Dioxins					
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	1	1	1	
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	1	1	1	
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.05	
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.01	
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.1	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.01	0.001	<0.001	
OCDD	0.001	0.0003	-	-	
Furans					
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.1	0.05	1	
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.1	
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.3	0.5	1	
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8_HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
OCDF	0.001	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	

TEF schemes for dioxin-like PCBs				
Congener	WHO-TEF			
	2005	1997/8		
	Humans /	Fish	Birds	
	mammals			
Non-ortho PCBs				
3,4,4',5-TCB (81)	0.0001	0.0005	0.1	
3,3',4,4'-TCB (77)	0.0003	0.0001	0.05	
3,3',4,4',5 - PeCB (126)	0.1	0.005	0.1	
3,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB(169)	0.03	0.00005	0.001	
Mono-ortho PCBs				
2,3,3',4,4'-PeCB (105)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001	
2,3,4,4',5-PeCB (114)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001	
2,3',4,4',5-PeCB (118)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001	
2',3,4,4',5-PeCB (123)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001	
2,3,3',4,4',5-HxCB (156)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001	
2,3,3',4,4',5'-HxCB (157)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.0001	
2,3',4,4',5,5'-HxCB (167)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001	
2,3,3',4,4',5,5'-HpCB (189)	0.00003	<0.000005	0.00001	

[&]quot;year" means calendar year ending 31 December.

When the following terms appear in the waste code list in Schedule 2, table 2.2 for that table/those tables, they have the meaning given below:

'hazardous substance' means a substance classified as hazardous as a consequence of fulfilling the criteria laid down in parts 2 to 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

'heavy metal' means any compound of antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium (VI), copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, tellurium, thallium and tin, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances

'PCBs' means

- polychlorinated biphenyls
- polychlorinated terphenyls
- monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl methane, Monomethyl-dichloro-diphenyl methane, Monomethyldibromo-diphenyl methane
- any mixture containing any of the above mentioned substances in a total of more than 0,005 %by weight

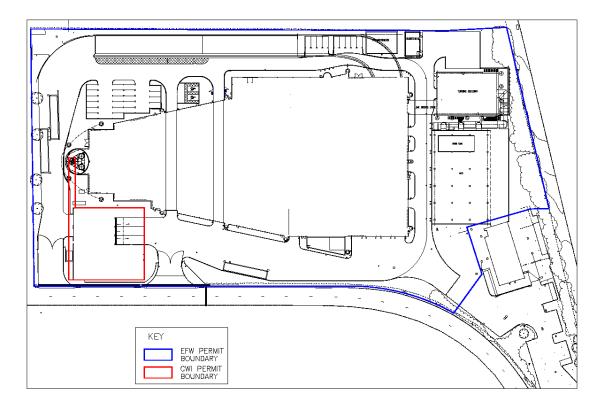
'transition metals' means any of the following metals: any compound of scandium, vanadium, manganese, cobalt, copper, yttrium, niobium, hafnium, tungsten, titanium, chromium, iron, nickel, zinc, zirconium, molybdenum and tantalum, as well as these materials in metallic form, as far as these are classified as hazardous substances

'stabilisation' means processes which change the hazardousness of the constituents in the waste and transform hazardous waste into non-hazardous waste

'solidification' means processes which only change the physical state of the waste by using additives without changing the chemical properties of the waste

'partly stabilised wastes' means wastes containing, after the stabilisation process, hazardous constituents which have not been changed completely into non-hazardous constituents and could be released into the environment in the short, middle or long term.

Schedule 7 – Site plan



END OF PERMIT