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EXPORT OF LABORATORY ANIMAL DERIVED MATERIAL (INCLUDING BLOOD PRODUCTS) TO ISRAEL - 4048EHC

NOTES FOR GUIDANCE FOR THE CERTIFYING OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

### IMPORTANT

NFG should not be read as a standalone document but in conjunction with certificate 4048EHC. We strongly suggest that exporters obtain full details of the importing country's requirements from the veterinary authorities in the country concerned, or their representatives in the UK, in advance of each consignment.

#### 1. SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE

Export health certificate 4048EHC may be used for the export of laboratory animal derived material (including blood products) to Israel.

## 2. <u>CERTIFICATION BY AN OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN (OV)</u>

This certificate may be signed by an Official Veterinarian on the appropriate panel for export purposes, Veterinary Officers and Veterinary Advisers appointed by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Scottish Executive Environment and Rural Affairs Department, or National Assembly for Wales.

For Northern Ireland, any Authorised Veterinary Inspector (AVI) appointed to the appropriate export panel by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development for Northern Ireland may sign the certificate as an Official Veterinarian.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OVs}}$  should affix the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OV}}$  stamp to the certificate in the normal manner.

The health certificate must be signed and stamped with OV stamp in any ink colour **OTHER THAN BLACK**.

A certified copy of the completed certificate must be sent to the local Divisional Veterinary Manager or Divisional Veterinary Officer in NI (DVO-NI) within seven days for his/her own record keeping purposes. OVs should keep a copy for their own records.

### 3. HEALTH INFORMATION

Paragraph IV.(1) may be signed provided 'specified risk material' as defined in the OIE Code is not included in the products being certified for export. The material in question is as follows:

From cattle of any age originating from a country, <u>zone</u> or <u>compartment</u> defined in Articles  $\underline{11.6.4.}$  and  $\underline{11.6.5.}$ , the following commodities, and any commodity contaminated by them, should not be traded for the preparation of food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals including biologicals, or medical devices: tonsils and distal ileum. Protein products, food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals or medical

devices prepared using these commodities (unless covered by other Articles in this Chapter) should also not be traded.

From cattle that were at the time of *slaughter* over 30 months of age originating from a country, zone or compartment defined in Article 11.6.4., the following commodities, and any commodity contaminated by them, should not be traded for the preparation of food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals including biologicals, or medical devices: brains, eyes, spinal cord, skull and vertebral column. Protein products, food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals or medical devices prepared using these commodities (unless covered by other Articles in this Chapter) should also not be traded.

From cattle that were at the time of *slaughter* over 12 months of age originating from a country, zone or compartment defined in Article 11.6.5., the following commodities, and any commodity contaminated by them, should not be traded for the preparation of food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals including biologicals, or medical devices: brains, eyes, spinal cord, skull and vertebral column. Protein products, food, feed, fertilisers, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals or medical devices prepared using these commodities (unless covered by other Articles in this Chapter) should also not be traded.

Paragraph IV. (2)(i) refers. The former O.I.E. list "A" diseases, and the species which they affect, are:

cattle: foot and mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease, rift valley fever, bluetongue, vesicular stomatitis

foot and mouth disease, bluetongue, sheep pox, peste sheep: des petits ruminants, rift valley fever

pigs: foot and mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis, swine vesicular disease, African swine fever, classical

swine fever

highly pathogenic avian influenza, Newcastle disease poultry:

African horse sickness, vesicular stomatitis horses:

#### NOTIFIABLE DISEASE CLEARANCE 5.

The certification contained in paragraph IV. (2)(i) may be signed on behalf of the Department provided you are in receipt of written authority (form NDC) which will be sent to you by the local Divisional Veterinary Manager.

# LOCALLY REARED ANIMALS

Paragraph IV. (3) refers. This means the animals have to be resident in the UK at the time the samples are collected. It does not mean the animals have to be born in the UK.

#### 7. DISCLAIMER

The DEFRA disclaimer (Form 372DMR) will be issued to the exporter with this certificate for his/her information. The certificate is provided on the basis of information available at the time and may not necessarily comply fully with the requirements of the importing country.

against any relevant import permit or any advice provided by the competent authority in the importing country. If these do not match, the exporter should contact the International Animal Health Division via the appropriate address in the link given below. <a href="http://www.defra.gov.uk/animalh/int-trde/general/contacts.htm">http://www.defra.gov.uk/animalh/int-trde/general/contacts.htm</a>