

Contents

Chief Executive's foreword	3
Introduction	5
Our core regulatory functions and services	8
Corporate services and central governance	13
Key statistics	15
Strategic priorities	17
Resources	21
Measuring our performance	25
Strategic risks	30

Chief Executive's foreword



Michelle Russell Chief Executive, SIA

As we launch this year's business plan, the third under this corporate plan, the Authority members, the executive and I are determined in our conviction and commitment to driving forward delivery on the strategic direction we have set for the SIA.

Public protection will be at the heart of everything we do, as we licence security officers and deploy this year a significantly more visible presence and proactive approach to our work improving standards and enforcing compliance right across the UK. These changes will have a positive and sustainable impact on supporting public confidence in the private security industry and their role in protecting the public.

We are committed to delivering lasting impact in each of the four objectives in the corporate plan. We have made good progress on efficiency and effectiveness in our core statutory functions, but there is still more we can and want to do. Building on some of the positive changes we made during COVID-19, we will continue making improvements in our digital licensing services to benefit our customers. We will also look ahead to ensure the licensing system remains fit for the future.

We will continue with energy and tenacity our work on public protection where private security has a key role to play. We will work with the industry and partners on effectively preventing and responding to violence, particularly against women and girls. We will continue to support the Home Office and private security to take forward the learning from the Manchester Arena Inquiry findings and recommendations to deal with the threat to the security of the UK from terrorist activities.

The value and importance the public places on private security, their skill and professionalism, will drive and inform us and our work. It is from these foundations that we will push

ahead with our plans with vigour and determination but remain agile to adapt to changing expectations.

I am grateful to all the teams in the SIA for helping shape and deliver these plans. Heather Baily (the SIA Chair), the Authority members, the executive and I have every confidence in our teams realising our ambitions. We are committed to realising longer lasting outcomes for the benefit of public protection and enhancing public trust and confidence in the private security industry.

Introduction

The SIA set out its strategic direction in our published 3-year corporate plan for 2020-23. This business plan sets out what we plan to do in 2022-23 to deliver on that corporate plan, the resources that will be deployed to do that, the performance indicators and measures we will use to monitor progress and the key strategic risks we need to manage. It covers the third and final of the 3 financial years of the corporate plan.

Our absolute priority is always delivery of our statutory responsibilities and core functions: licensing individuals, setting standards and ensuring compliance with the regulatory regime set out in the Private Security Industry Act 2001. Our commitment and drive are to continually improve how we do so for the benefit of our customers and ultimately to improve the contribution private security can make to public protection outcomes. This is reflected in the theme for this year's business plan which is implementing the suite of strategies which underpin our corporate direction.

We will deliver the commitments embodied in those strategies (developed during 2021-22) resulting in tangible and sustainable progress against our corporate plan objectives. These include:

- significantly increasing resourcing, our visibility and impact in our compliance, inspection and enforcement work across the UK
- improving our legacy systems and continuing to make more improvements to the systems which support the licensing processes through implementation of our data and digital strategy
- evolving our ways of working, continuing to adapt as we learn to live and work with COVID-19 in society, as well as contributing to wider government agendas on levelling up

Our plans for 2022-23 will result in:

- improvements for our customers using our digital systems and licensing services including speedy management of simpler cases
- freeing up time to deal with the more complex matters where public trust is critically dependent on obtaining additional assurances
- improved communications with customers whose cases take longer for good reason
- an approved contractor scheme fit for the future supporting high standards in security provision

- earlier detection of compliance issues, proactive interventions and robust enforcement actions which deter non-compliance and reduce crime
- improved awareness of the important role security has and improved ability to effectively respond on key public protection areas including preventing and dealing with violence and terrorism
- an industry which is increasing its ownership of the issues important to them and where it (rather than the SIA) needs to be in the lead
- a more agile and progressive organisation, able to attract and retain talent and so enhance our capability for delivering excellent outcomes effectively and efficiently
- realisation of sustainable efficiencies that enable us to keep maintaining the licence fee at current levels or reducing it

We are conscious that as we adjust to living after and around COVID-19, this will present continued challenges to the health and welfare of those who work in the industry, as well as financial and capacity pressures on security businesses. The pandemic has shone a light on the importance and professionalism of those who work in private security protecting property, premises and people across the UK.

Our role in public protection

As an arms' length body of the Home Office, our work directly contributes to its overarching work to prioritise keeping people safe, reducing crime and the risk from terrorism to the UK. Our work with the private security industry within the remit of the Private Security Industry Act 2001 supports and makes important contributions to all of these.

Our plan for 2022-23 includes work taking robust action against those who supply unlicensed security and profit from their crimes, reducing violence against women and girls, and taking action on the learning from the Manchester Arena Inquiry and working with the industry on improving security at publicly accessible locations.

In addition to our increased enforcement work to ensure those who profit from supplying unlicensed security are stopped, our strong partnerships with a number of agencies such as the police, local authorities, GLAA, and HMRC ensure we are working smartly and effectively together with all the tools available to disrupt and tackle criminal activity. Alongside this, the private security industry has a clear role in deterring and disrupting crime, as they guard premises and property across the UK and our work with the police's National Business Crime Centre supports their work to reduce business crime.

Effectively preventing, deterring and responding to acts of violence against women and girls, including spiking, requires joined-up, widespread and sustained effort by all, including the security industry. As the private security industry operates in so many physical locations across the UK it must play its part in both deterring and disrupting

perpetrators and in supporting victims and all those – male or female – who find themselves in vulnerable situations. Success is dependent on good awareness, disruptive actions and continued vigilance. We will continue to raise awareness with licence holders, supporting security operatives working in the night-time economy and events, on transport, in streets, higher education and other workplaces by reminding licence holders of their training and responsibilities. We will also work to support other partners including the police, by improved intelligence sharing.

Similarly, the private security industry has a specific role to play in preventing, deterring and disrupting suspicious behaviour which could be a sign of terrorist activity. Our work in this area supports the government's counterterrorism strategy and the priority to reduce the risk from terrorism to the UK. We will work closely with national and regional counter-terrorism policing and the Centre for the Protection of National Infrastructure, both of which recognise that private security is key to fighting terrorism. We will promote ACT e-learning and the use of the ACT app. We will act as a conduit between the private security industry and policing through our communications channels and facilitating the establishment and maintenance of productive working relationships.

We will continue to work closely with and support the Home Office with its consideration of the findings of the Manchester Arena Inquiry's report in June 2021. This includes the two recommended changes to the licensing regime in the areas of CCTV licensed security and business licensing during 2022-23. We will support the Home Office in its considerations and decision-making. We will continue with our own actions on training, public assurance of the Approved Contractor Scheme (ACS) and increased, visible enforcement. In 2022-23, we will also support the government and industry to implement requirements affecting security which may result from the expected new Protect Duty.

The breadth of work across our core statutory functions, corporate objectives and wider government priorities will positively impact on public protection.

Our values

Our values, developed by our staff, are our guiding force in how we deliver our work.

- COURAGEOUS

We are confident in our approach, integrity and independence. We enforce proportionately without fear or favour. We are not afraid to challenge.

RESPONSIVE

We listen, and we continually strive to improve.

- EFFICIENT AND PROFESSIONAL

We deliver increasing value for money every year. We recognise and enjoy success; we are brave by recognising poor performance or failure. We put it right, share the learning and move on to the next success.

- TOGETHER, UNITED

We are one team working with a common purpose. Everyone has value.

Our core regulatory functions and services

Licensing and Service Delivery

Licensing individuals is a key primary function. The number of active licences now stands at over 445,000. Last year saw the highest ever number of applications received and processed since the SIA was established. In the third year in the cycle, the number of licence renewals is always lower than in the previous 2 years. In 2022-23, we predict a total of 140,000 applications for individual licences will be received, around 10,000 higher than experienced in the corresponding year of the preceding 3-year licensing cycle. We are planning to support over 230,000 individual service requests and 60,000 telephone calls in support of applications.

We will continue to make improvements to our core licensing systems and processes to enhance the user experience and the efficiency with which we deliver that experience.

These improvements have been identified by teams within the SIA and from customer feedback including the annual customer satisfaction surveys conducted with individuals and businesses. They typically fall into 3 categories: data and reporting, operational, and system based. These improvements will enable us to better manage our dependency on third parties and will result in a slicker and smoother user experience for more customers. It will also enable us to focus our resource on those complicated cases which require greater consideration and careful judgement in protecting the public.

We will prioritise the timeliness of our decision-making. We are keeping our stretching targets of completing 90% of simple decisions within 5 working days and 85% of complex decisions within 25 working days. We recognise that these will not be easy targets as the application process depends heavily on the actions of third parties.

Towards the end of 2021-22, a new contact strategy was developed to deliver our aim of reducing avoidable customer contact by 20%. It recognises our two main customer bases - private security businesses and individual operatives. The first phase of implementation focuses on better addressing the underlying reasons for customer contact. The second phase focuses on maximising the effective use of different contact channels to manage the contact we want, need or is necessary. During 2022-23, we will be improving the updates and notifications to individual customers during the licensing process; developing tools to facilitate self-service to support customers in making and tracking their application; and changing the way we support and deal with issues specific to businesses.

Our aim to ensure we better understand the nature of the licensed community we regulate forms part of our corporate approach to equality, diversity and inclusion. In 2022-23 we will improve and seek to publish more demographic data on those who apply for licences. Analysis of that data will inform whether changes are necessary to ensure equality of treatment in the SIA's regulatory actions and licence decision making.

Individual Standards

A strategic priority in our current corporate plan is improving standards, including a keen focus on individual standards. The deliverables for 2022-23 (set out in section F) are fulfilling the skills strategy developed in 2019. We will

continue our work on apprenticeships to finalise and roll out a scheme for security control room operatives. This will pave the way for apprenticeships in other sectors of the private security industry and contribute towards a legacy encouraging professionalisation and careers in the industry.

Recognising that some areas of the industry face difficulties in recruiting enough security operatives, we will continue to work with industry representatives to share data that will assist in identifying labour market trends and help inform future recruitment decisions.

We will protect the integrity of the new standards and refreshed framework of licence-linked qualifications launched in 2021-22. We will be working to new contractual arrangements with awarding organisations to monitor delivery of the licence-linked qualifications.

Working with Ofqual and awarding organisations to ensure qualification training is delivered to the standard set is one way in which our work contributes towards public safety and the government strategies on violence against women and girls and spiking. Training for door supervisors includes how to recognise and deal with predatory behaviour and those possessing drugs that may be used to facilitate sexual assault, and how to safely support those that may be in situations that leave them vulnerable.

We will be taking further steps to identify and guard against training malpractice by reviewing the quality monitoring of training provision and increased visits to training providers, informed by intelligence and risk assessment. This latter commitment is in response to the findings and observations of the Manchester Arena Inquiry report, beyond the two monitored recommendations.

Business Standards

Running the voluntary Approved Contractor Scheme is a key function of the SIA. It is a quality-based scheme through which we promote good practice and improvements in industry standards. In 2022-23, we will be taking steps to ensure continued public assurance in the ACS. The importance of public assurance of the scheme was highlighted in the Manchester Arena Inquiry. Steps this year will include undertaking new assurance visits to 15% of approved contractors (of which there are around 840) and conducting assurance visits for every ACS assessor. We will also continue to make improvements to the current scheme, looking at the application process as well as refining current ACS assessment and quality assurance practices.

In 2022-23, to ensure the ACS remains relevant, attractive and fit for the future, we will finalise a new strategy for the scheme, following engagement and consultation with key stakeholders, the public and industry. Work will begin on its implementation including a review of the entire process covering approval, renewal, assessment and quality assurance.

We will maintain the integrity of the scheme by removing businesses that are no longer eligible or no longer meet the standard. For businesses within the scheme, we will expand our engagement programme through network events, exhibitions and webinars. We will support the private security industry's own efforts to promote the importance of equality, diversity and inclusion in the industry.

Compliance and Inspections

Having agreed our new compliance, supervision and enforcement strategy in 2021-22, we will focus on its implementation this year. We will increase our resources significantly in this area which will result in better visibility and proactivity of our inspections and enforcement work across the UK. We will improve the consistency of our approach, take robust action and ensure we are deploying those resources to manage the greatest public protection risks. This will be an important part of our contribution to reducing violence against women and girls, tackling terrorism and ensuring compliance on our licensing standards.

We will achieve this through an increase to our intelligence-led work, including risk and intelligence-led field inspection checks and feeding in detected intelligence for analysis. We will increase the number of investigators we have across the UK and the uptake of local authority partner organisations using delegated powers. This will enable us to

increase the number of inspections we carry out and to focus on large event arenas, major outdoor events, shopping complexes, larger sports grounds and licensed premises.

We will consolidate our experience from high-profile events in 2021-22 (including festivals, COP26 and the G7 Summit) to support delivery of successful and safe events in 2022-23. This will involve working with the Department for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport and the Organising Committee for the Birmingham Commonwealth Games and the organisers of the Rugby League World Cup to ensure full compliance by private security contractors at both events. This work is focussed on delivering public protection outcomes.

Intelligence and partner work

In 2022-23, we will consolidate our drive to detect, identify and assess emerging and changing regulatory risks. We will continue to make operational improvements to increase our effectiveness in processing intelligence reports in a timely manner. We will produce more proactively identified intelligence products and increase the number of Government Agency Intelligence Network referrals and tactical assessments we use. These steps will ensure our activities are directed towards dealing with the greatest threat, risk and harm and will shift our approach from responding to events to proactively seeking out potential and actual non-compliance.

We will carry out more work with law enforcement partners on issues of mutual interest affecting public protection, including counter-terrorism and serious and organised crime. This will support us in taking disruptive actions to protect the public, premises and property, as well as support Home Office strategic priorities. Smarter partnership working will be progressed by better use and sharing of data and relevant intelligence information. Key to this is our strategic threat assessment which we will refresh and disseminate the findings of appropriately.

Criminal Investigations

The more proactive we are and the greater number of inspections we carry out, the more non-compliance we are likely to detect and need to deal with. We are therefore planning for and anticipating a higher criminal investigation caseload in 2022-23. Our priority will continue to be on those that pose a serious risk or harm to the public and/or damage public confidence in the regulatory regime – whether through deliberate or careless non-compliance – and we will work to deal with these cases swiftly and robustly.

We will use the operational improvements we made in 2021-22 in our criminal casework, the disclosure process and agile resourcing, to manage the caseload increase. The actions needed to deliver the compliance, supervision and enforcement strategy include developing ways to enable our decision makers to assess the most appropriate action to take or sanction to apply,

seeking the expanded use of sanctions and the availability of investigatory powers to protect the public from the actions of those who do not comply.

We will review confiscation orders made under the Proceeds of Crime Act to ensure the effectiveness and deterrence effect is maximised. We will identify and implement a measure to gauge the success of our activity on harm reduction.

ACS assessors

- increase the quantity of visits to

deliver a conference and webinars for

notifications to customers during

the licensing process to improve

customer handling and reduce

- improve the updates and

avoidable contact

- increase the quantity of visits to training providers to a minimum of 100 over the year
- make SIA-led assurance visits to 15% of approved contractors during the year
- conduct a customer satisfaction survey for individuals and businesses

Priority deliverables

In summary, our deliverables for our core regulatory functions and services are to:

- support the Home Office in its decisions on the two monitored recommendations in the Manchester Arena Inquiry report of June 2021 about CCTV licensing and business licensing
- achieve a 40% increase in inspection activity across the UK and an increase of 15% in criminal investigations undertaken
- develop and implement tools to improve our enforcement decisionmaking process, ensuring consistency in decisions on the most appropriate enforcement responses
- provide a proactive account management service for larger approved contractors that manage licence applications, to better deal with application queries from those businesses and enable a greater level of engagement, leading to a more effective and responsive service
- create a digital self-help capability for customers making an application



Corporate services and central governance

A range of corporate services facilitate and enable the delivery of our regulatory functions and services. These functions include people, legal, technology, finance, project management, knowledge and information management, data analysis, assurance, governance, policy, strategy and communications. These ensure the effective operation of the organisation and compliance with statutory requirements.

During 2021-22, we signed a new Framework Agreement (the document which sets out governance arrangements between the Home Office and SIA) which was refreshed in line with the new guidance issued by HM Treasury in *Managing Public Money*. We will continue to work to high standards and adhere to government guidance through compliance with our public sector duties and the implementation of government functional standards, proportionate to the size and operations of the SIA.

We will support the government's identification and management of

cyber security and data risks by working collaboratively with them on several measures, including those recognised in light of tensions in Eastern Europe. We will review our processes and policies related to information management and insider threats. This will result in a clear and concise set of policy documents and guidance which are readily understood by all staff, not just those with a technical background, and help us better manage these risks

We will be held accountable for effective financial management through regular reporting to the Home Office and to the public by delivery of the annual report and accounts on time, by summer recess, with no audit recommendations.

We will maintain our sharp focus on economy, efficiency and effectiveness in all we do, to ensure we are able to set an appropriate licence fee that covers cost, conscious that the licence fee is paid by or for those on low wages and of the financial pressures faced by the private security industry. We will look for ways to reduce our overheads. We will keep making efficiencies in our running costs

where possible and keep developing our own systems and processes to ensure technology supports us in our efficiency and effectiveness – a central objective of our data and digital strategy.

We will explore, for example, the benefits of using the Home Office corporate service systems where this brings clear benefits, rather than maintaining our own. We will also be reviewing our office space needs as we embed new ways of working following COVID-19 and make a contribution to the levelling up agenda in line with Home Office direction. Our continued collaboration with other public sector bodies to learn from best practice and develop more effective models of service delivery will be a valuable source of insight.

During 2021-22, we developed a stakeholder strategy and started work to implement the associated plan. In 2022-23, we will establish some new special interest groups including a forum focussing on engagement with frontline licence holders, to improve strategic discussions with the industry and gain a greater level of insight from licence holders. This will be of great value as we develop the next 3-to-5-year corporate strategy, informed also by research

on public trust and confidence in the industry and its regulator.

We will consolidate work undertaken during 2021-22 on improving our recruitment, induction and training to optimise how we attract and retain talent and develop and motivate our staff. This will provide the capacity and capability to deliver our statutory duties and strategic priorities, including our contribution to wider government issues, and to do so to an excellent standard.

Key statistics

This is a snapshot of some of the volumes we forecast for 2022-23: the forecast volumes for 2021-22 are in brackets. Some figures are lower than last year – for example, reflecting the 3-year cycle where year 3 has the lowest level of applications. Other figures are higher – for example, reflecting our plans to increase efforts on compliance, inspection and enforcement.

140,000

incoming paid **licence applications** (150,000) 500

venues inspected (300)

1,600

appeals against licensing decisions (1,800) 85,000

qualifications registered leading to

62,000

first time paid applications (80,000) and (55,000)





100

Freedom
of Information
requests
completed (80)

9,000-14,000

licence decisions made each month (12,000-14,000)



4,400

items of information and intelligence assessed from members of the public, private security industry, partners and SIA staff (4,000)

820
compliance
and intervention
cases closed
(680)

1,200

licences revoked (1,200)

3,000 licence checks (2,000)



64%

licence applications processed requiring manual intervention (70%) **6**public safety
 exercises
organised (3)

500 complaints handled (400)

230,000

service requests handled (250,000)

criminal investigation cases completed (50)

65
procurement
campaigns
completed (50)

840

Approved
Contractor
Scheme
annual returns
and renewals
processed (750)

62,000

right to work checks conducted (50,000)



investigators

and assessed

(1,050)

120

new **Approved Contractor Scheme** applications processed (140)

60,000calls
handled (50,000)

round table events
organised with seniors from
largest security companies

Approved
Contractor
Scheme events
held (6)

760
compliance
and intervention
cases opened (630)



80

Subject Access Requests completed (60)

Strategic priorities

This section covers the 4 strategic priorities in the Corporate Plan 2020-23. It provides a brief overview of what we have achieved in 2021-22 and what we intend to do in 2022-23 to deliver against the plan.

Improving Standards

During 2021-22, this strategic priority has been addressed through the launch of new licence-linked qualifications and top-up training in April 2021 and the establishment of an industry-led skills board. Progress has been made on developing career pathways and establishing centres of excellence. The skills strategy was revised; a new compliance, supervision and enforcement strategy was agreed, and work initiated on a strategy for the future of the voluntary approval scheme.

In 2022-23, we are committed to

- launch the new close protection training qualifications in April 2022
- establish the close protection top-up training as a requirement for licence renewal at 1 October 2022
- support the skills board to complete and initiate a plan of skills initiatives for the industry

- decide on future accreditation for the voluntary approvals scheme (by SIA or by an external body)
- produce a high-level design of the voluntary approvals scheme based on an agreed strategy and accreditation model

We will also work on

- promoting the use of career pathways with employers and security operatives, developing existing pathways, creating additional specialist pathways
- receiving and approving applications for centres of excellence, maintaining and updating arrangements for them
- developing frameworks for continuous professional development including tariffs for learning, methods for recognising informal learning and experience
- supporting the industry-led skills board with research and information to help identify and close skills gaps
- implementing the voluntary approvals scheme strategy
- implementing the compliance, supervision and enforcement strategy

Our People

Our focus in 2021-22 was on continuing to support staff in their welfare and in working effectively in the remote environment necessitated by COVID-19. We developed and implemented a new leadership training package. We launched new staff-led networks under our corporate equality, diversity and inclusion work. We made significant improvements to our recruitment process, reducing the level of vacancies to its lowest in years. We consolidated our revised approach to induction and training new employees which has received excellent feedback at all levels and across all areas of the organisation. We held a virtual national conference with the industry and agreed a new Framework Agreement with the Home Office.

In 2022-23, we are committed to

- develop and agree a new working model for the future which meets business requirements, accommodates individual needs and contributes towards the government's levelling up agenda
- develop a new operational business model aligned with the outcomes of the data and digital strategy and planning for the right accompanying organisational design
- develop a new training strategy and programme with a focus on development and operational and technical capability
- ensure at least 50% of all Compliance and Inspections and Criminal Investigators start the Professionalising Investigation Program

We will also work on

- ensuring we support the increase of resource from across the UK in our compliance and enforcement areas by promoting and attracting talent and skills from a range of backgrounds and that reflect the diversity of the industry we regulate
- upskilling staff using recognised frameworks appropriate to their specialisms: for example, College of Policing for Intelligence and Compliance teams; Information Technology Infrastructure Library qualifications for information technology staff
- developing trainee programmes as part of our succession planning
- agreeing and implementing a new corporate equality, diversity and inclusion strategy
- aligning our requirements for office space with our new working model

Adding Value

During 2021-22, we developed and agreed a 3-year data and digital strategy. We secured the necessary approvals from the Home Office and the Government Digital Service for it. We implemented improvements to our core licensing and operating systems, including an essential upgrade of the existing database and system used for our compliance work. We secured funding from the Regulator's Pioneer Fund and used this to deliver a pilot for a web service on our main licensing platform. We also dealt with unexpected but essential changes to our digital interfaces with Post Office systems. We improved our data analysis and

reporting capability and completed our implementation of Police National Database Confidential to ensure its effective use with a full audit facility.

In 2022-23, we are committed to

- redesigning our network to meet our objective to align to government's principles on use of cloud technology and cyber security standards
- upgrading essential interfaces where these would be out of support in 22-23 to maintain security and customer service
- upgrading our licensing systems to prolong the life of those products whilst progressing towards the final design set out in our data and digital strategy
- developing a proof of concept for using data more smartly across our licensing, intelligence and enforcement activities

We will also work on

- undertaking a data audit to establish rules for usage, retention, archive or deletion of SIA core data before we commence the common data platform proof of concept
- further work on the register of licence holders and its wider accessibility and use, especially in improving the integrity of the licence
- modernising how we process images to align with our plans for the licensing system
- agreeing more data and reporting requirements for additional parts of the organisation, building on work initiated in 2021-22
- improving access to and the quality of management and operational reporting data

- further improvements to the licence forecasting model to accurately predict licence demand
- scoping and delivering user requirements for our databases and systems

Some of this work is dependent on the capital allocation approved by the Home Office.

Highlighting the Industry's Capability

During 2021-22, we worked closely with partners on counter-terrorism matters through a secondment to the National Counter Terrorism Security Office. We also helped with industry awareness on prevention, deterrence and response through promotion of training material to front line operatives. We worked with the police and law enforcement agencies to run simulated exercises for security operatives to test this in practice. We delivered public protection campaigns on violence reduction, safety for women and girls and safe restraint. We engaged with buyers through the publication of guidance and attended events and spoke at numerous industry events on public protection.

In 2022-23, we are committed to

 deliver a programme of at least 6 simulated exercises to test resilience and understanding on counterterrorism responses in the industry and increasing the reach and impact of the learning from these across the industry

- engage with buyers to further develop their understanding of the value of the Approved Contractor Scheme
- deliver at least 2 targeted campaigns focused on public protection

We will also work on

- increasing visibility and participation at key industry, trade, or stakeholder events
- identifying and providing further secondees into key partnership organisations resulting in closer joint working and effective engagement on compliance with improving industry standards
- developing and updating guidance for the industry on issues such as security at events, our enforcement approach and our licensing criteria



Resources



We have developed this business plan and deliverables under it based on assumptions about the availability and deployment of resources from our income. Our funding is generated from fees from licence applications and the Approved Contractor Scheme, except for a grant from the Home Office for capital related spend.

The assumptions underpinning our budget for 2022-23 take into account:

 demand modelling is based on a 3-year cycle – year 3 is a deficit year and so funded in part from surpluses generated in the previous 2 financial years

- the licence fee (£190) continues to be part funded by accumulated historical surpluses, exceptionally agreed by Treasury to be retained and drawn down over a 6-year period
- licensing demand will remain high during the year overall, based on continued pipeline, recent performance and the apparently buoyant market – and so an estimate of 140,000 applications, based on a combination of previous average renewal behaviours for the corresponding period in the 3-year cycle and recent new application rates
- 2% inflation and other increases to normal operating costs

- however, some expenditure is forecast to be lower than previous years as a result of a number of factors including:
 - a planned fee reduction by the Disclosure and Barring Service to commence from 6th April 2022
 - the electronic verification process affecting renewals will remain in place in the next financial year and will therefore not result in increased Post Office costs
- salary costs are based on an increased approved headcount position, supporting the strategic intent to increase the activity and resource in our compliance, supervision and enforcement activities.
- vacant posts profiled to include appropriate planning and lead time which accounts for recruitment lead time, staff turnover and planned and unplanned repeat recruitment campaigns
- Home Office services recharge costs remain the same as 2021-22
- a provisional capital delegation of £1.5m has been approved by Home Office, although it is hoped further allocations may become available during the year. The extent of the allocation, and so the programme and work approved, may also impact on staffing profiles

Funding

Budget 2022-2023	£'000
Total income	29,789
Total expenditure	29,406
Surplus/(Deficit) before depreciation	383
Depreciation	2,604
Surplus/(Deficit) after depreciation	(2,221)

Income 2022-23

We expect to receive 140,000 licence applications in 2022-23 generating £27.8m. We expect to receive a further £2m in relation to the ACS scheme fees.

Expenditure 2022-23

We expect our expenditure in 2022-23 to be £32m of which £2.6m will relate to depreciation charges.

Outcome 2022-23

We expect a deficit of £2.2m to be generated in 2022-23 which is in line with our £190 fee model. A section 102 agreement is in place which enables us to break even over a 3-year funding cycle.

People

Our planned staffing figures for 2022-23 are set out below.

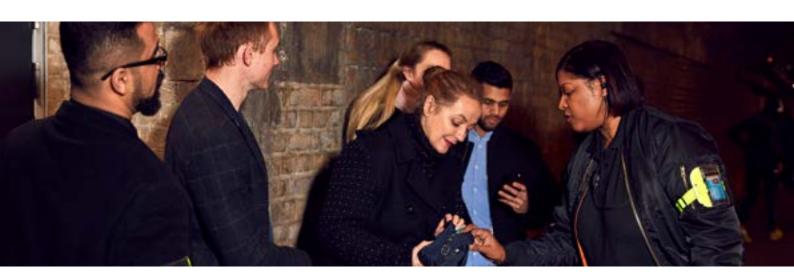
Directorate	Posts
Chief Executive Comprises the board, Risk and Assurance, Strategy and Governance	35
Licensing and Standards Comprises Business Standards, Individual Standards, Licensing and Service Delivery	145
Inspections and Enforcement Comprises Compliance and Inspections, Criminal Investigations, Intelligence, Integrity	130
Corporate Services External Communications, Finance and Procurement, Legal Services, People Services	50
Transformation Comprises Corporate Information, Technology, Transformation	47
TOTALS	407

Measuring our performance

Achievement of the plan and deliverables against the 3-year corporate plan is the collective responsibility of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT). This is made up of the chief executive, the executive directors and heads of 13 functional areas. Progress of specific deliverables will be monitored by the relevant heads of function and individual directors and material updates provided to the Executive Directors Meetings (EDM), chaired by the chief executive. In addition, progress against the plan is collectively scrutinised, monitored and tracked at quarterly SLT meetings.

Performance against the plan will also be reported quarterly at board meetings. In addition, we will be held to account on this business plan and our performance by the Home Office, our sponsoring department, through regular engagement with the senior policy sponsor (director level), and quarterly meetings with the Home Office Sponsorship Unit. Our performance is reported to Parliament by the minister responsible for the SIA, the Minister for Safeguarding.

We have established a set of key performance indicators to track progress against each strategic priority in the Corporate Plan 2020-23 and monitor key performance in our core functional activity and service delivery. These ensure we are on track with our plan and help us make informed decisions where those plans may need to be updated or refreshed.



Progress against our strategic priorities

Strategic Priority	What we hope to achieve	Measure our success through
Improving standards	An industry which increasingly assumes responsibility for improving standards beyond those set by the regulator and for which buyers will pay because they recognise the value.	KPI 5 Annual customer satisfaction survey
Our people	An organisation where people want to work and give their best because they are valued, developed and motivated. One that evolves to address challenges.	Staff survey Staff retention levels KPI 12 KPI 13
Adding Value	A regulator that is well regarded for its expertise and has a reputation for achieving excellent outcomes for its stakeholders, the industry and the public	KPI 2 KPI 3 KPI 10 KPI 11
Highlighting the Industry's Capability	An industry that is trusted and valued by the public, police and stakeholders. One that is recognised as key to the protection of people, property and premises.	Research on public trust and confidence

Key performance in our core activity of our business functions and service delivery

Our key performance indicators have remained consciously consistent across the period of our corporate plan, in line with good practice. We have made a couple of minor adjustments to presentation and reporting measurements to improve transparency and accuracy of reporting.

Measure

Performance

Theme: The SIA protects the public through operating an efficient and effective licensing function	
KPI 1 Improving the timeliness of licensing decisions	 a) 85% of all <i>complex</i> individual licence application decisions are made within 25 working days b) 90% of all <i>simple</i> individual licence applications decisions are made within 5 working days
KPI 2 Reducing manual intervention in licensing cases	Maximise automated applications by 25% over a 3-year period (starting 1 April 2020)
KPI 3 Reducing avoidable customer contact in our front-line services	Reduce the amount of avoidable contact from applicants by 20% over a 3-year period to reach 41% (starting 1 April 2020)
KPI 4 Acting quickly on licensing matters on public safety	99% of decisions to suspend a licence are made within 5 working days from receipt of sufficient information
KPI 5 Increasing the impact of the ACS standard	90% of eligible businesses re-register or renew their ACS approval

Theme:
The SIA protects the public through effective compliance and enforcement activity

KPI 6 Providing assurance on high standards of licensing compliance	Maintaining or improving compliance with the Private Security Industry Act (PSIA); 98% compliance with the requirement to hold a valid licence (or licence dispensation notice)
KPI 7 Securing timely (willing) compliance	80% of those businesses or controlling minds, issued with formal warnings, improvement notices or who are prosecuted, are re-assessed as compliant (businesses are issued with improvement notices and individuals with warnings but both can be prosecuted).
KPI 8 Taking effective, robust action against those who choose not to comply or present significant public harm risks	80% success rate for prosecutions brought for PSIA and non-PSIA offences
KPI 9 Taking robust action against those who choose not to comply or present significant public harm risks	Report on value of criminal funds successfully awarded for confiscation in proceedings

Theme:

The SIA is an efficient and effective customer-focussed organisation

KPI 10 Improving our core costs and efficiency	Make savings or efficiencies of 1.5% per annum (over £480,000) on our overall resource expenditure
KPI 11 Improving IT services availability	Providing at least 98% service availability at optimum levels for our IT-STEP licensing system, by rolling month, quarter and 12 months

Theme:

The SIA supports its people to ensure we perform well as an organisation

KPI 12 Managing staff turnover within stable, healthy rates	Staff retention rates remain 85% or higher
KPI 13 Managing staff welfare and caring about staff wellbeing	Over 80% of staff who respond to the staff survey, feel they are supported by their manager and the SIA



Strategic risks

The management of our corporate risks is a key process which underpins the successful achievement of our priorities and outcomes. We maintain active oversight, management and tracking of key risks in line with our risk assurance framework and the risk appetite statement set by the board. Our risk register operates at functional, directorate and corporate levels to support this, as well as capturing risks related to key projects and initiatives.

Last year, many of our corporate and strategic risks related to managing the impact that COVID-19 has had on both our statutory functions and delivery of our strategic outcomes. This affected our core activities, including enforcement and field activities, licensing demand and in turn the SIA's income and expenditure and other risks arising from third party dependencies to provide our services to customers. This year, many of these are more contained as we, the industry and public all adapt to living amongst COVID-19.

We will continue to prioritise our staff's welfare, as we adhere to government guidance about COVID-19 and as we deliver our plans. Our business continuity plans will be kept under review: these proved sound in our responsiveness

last year. We will work with our people to ensure we adjust smoothly as an organisation to the more medium – and long-term changes to the way we live and work, recognising these changes will be unsettling for some. We will ensure we continue to manage these risks through clear communication, good employee engagement and ensuring our mental health and wellbeing services continue to provide appropriate support.

Over the last year we managed some unexpected risks to our service delivery (due to third party actions beyond our control) and put the right mitigations in place through effective risk management by identifying the risks ahead of time and creating strong controls as part of our action plans.

As we move into 2022-23, the main strategic risks we face and are managing centre on different aspects of threats to business continuity and operational delivery due to capacity and implementing findings and recommendations from the Manchester Arena Inquiry, to the containment of staff turnover levels and the challenges with accurately predicting future licensing demand levels and consequently income.

Alongside these there are a collection of risks that continue from 2021-22 and remain a risk with significant consequences but where there are limited further controls or actions the SIA can take and are dependent on Home Office action. These include risks relating to potential gaps in the regulatory framework and oversight, capacity at board level due to continued vacancies and the time taken to appoint Authority members, and the decisions to be made by the Home Office on the Manchester Arena Inquiry recommendations.

We are also alert to heightened risks around security and cyber security across government and society. Alongside this, there are several other corporate but more routine functional and directorate risks we are managing around operational delivery, reputation, security, data, ICT, and health and safety.

All our corporate strategic risks are and will continue to be regularly reviewed and actively managed, with a range of mitigations in place. Each is managed by the register lead, with the Risk and Assurance function continuing to monitor their management and quarterly scrutiny collectively by the Senior Leadership Team continuing into 2022-23

In the latter half of 2021-22 we assessed ourselves against all of the government's functional standards and are striving for compliance not just in the mandatory areas, but also in the advisory areas. We identified that we already have a high level of compliance, exceeding the minimum standard in many areas. For those areas where there is still some

work to do, we have developed plans to achieve the required level of compliance during 2022-23 with targets set for June, September and March. Those plans will be included in our second line assurance checks this year, enhancing and fortifying our risk management approach. Whilst not complacent, our risk management processes are aligned to supporting us to be efficient and effective in achieving our goals.

Throughout 2022-23 we will continue to review the risks identified across all business areas, being alert to identifying new risks where they emerge, compliance-checking validity of mitigations and by reporting independent findings from the Risk and Assurance function to our chief executive, Authority members and through ARAC (the board's Audit and Risk Assurance Committee). These will be highlighted in the new management assurance framework created by the Risk and Assurance function and will work as a compliance checklist for all areas of the business.

The SIA logo is owned by the Security Industry Authority and may not be used without the express permission of the SIA

gov.uk/sia

GEN/21-22/048

