

# Remote Health Advice Syndromic Surveillance System Bulletin (England) 2022 Week 28

# Key messages

Data reported to: 17 July 2022

During week 28, NHS 111 calls and online assessments for 'heat exposure or sunburn' increased, initially peaking on 11 July and then increasing again on 17 July in line with recent hot weather. Fever and vomiting calls also increased nationally, with increases noted in children aged up to 15 years. Please note that week 28 does not include the Met Office Level 4 Alert for extreme heat on 18/19 July. There was a small decrease in 'potential COVID-19' calls and assessments during week 28.

### Syndromic indicators at a glance

Table 1: The current trend (based on previous weeks, not only the current week) and the level (compared to the expected baseline), of each indicator included in this bulletin.

Indicator	Trend <sup>1</sup>	Level
Total NHS 111 calls (Figure 1)	No trend	No baseline
Total NHS 111 online (Figure 2)	No trend	No baseline
Cold/flu NHS 111 calls (Figure 3)	No trend	Above baseline
Cold/flu NHS 111 online (Figure 4)	No trend	Similar to baseline
Fever NHS 111 calls (Figure 5)	Increasing	Above baseline
Fever NHS 111 online (Figure 6)	Decreasing	Similar to baseline
Cough NHS 111 calls (Figure 7)	Decreasing	Above baseline
Cough NHS 111 online (Figure 8)	Decreasing	Above baseline
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 calls (Figure 9)	No trend	Above baseline
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 online (Figure 10)	Decreasing	Below baseline
Sore throat NHS 111 calls (Figure 11)	No trend	Above baseline
Sore throat NHS 111 online (Figure 12)	Decreasing	Above baseline
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 calls (Figure 13)	Decreasing	No baseline
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 online (Figure 14)	Decreasing	No baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls (Figure 15)	Increasing	Below baseline
Diarrhoea NHS 111 online (Figure 16)	No trend	Above baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 calls (Figure 17)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Vomiting NHS 111 online (Figure 18)	No trend	Above baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 calls (Figure 19)	No trend	Below baseline
Eye problems NHS 111 online (Figure 20)	Decreasing	Above baseline
Insect bites NHS 111 calls (Figure 21)	Increasing	Below baseline
Insect bites NHS 111 online (Figure 22)	Increasing	Similar to baseline
Heat exposure or sunburn NHS 111 calls (Figure 23)	Increasing	Above baseline
Heat exposure or sunburn NHS 111 online (Figure 24)	Increasing	Above baseline

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> trend reports on the trend seen over most recent and earlier weeks

# **Contents**

Key messages	2
Syndromic indicators at a glance	2
Contents	3
About this syndromic surveillance system	5
Total contacts	6
NHS 111 calls	6
NHS 111 online	8
Respiratory conditions	10
Cold/flu NHS 111 calls	10
Cold/flu NHS 111 online	12
Fever NHS 111 calls	14
Fever NHS 111 online	16
Cough NHS 111 calls	18
Cough NHS 111 online	20
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 calls	22
Difficulty breathing NHS 111 online	24
Sore throat NHS 111 calls	26
Sore throat NHS 111 online	28
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 calls	30
Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 online	32
Gastrointestinal conditions	34
Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls	34
Diarrhoea NHS 111 online	36
Vomiting NHS 111 calls	38
Vomiting NHS 111 online	40
Seasonal environmental conditions	42
Eye problems NHS 111 calls	43
Eye problems NHS 111 online	45
Insect bites NHS 111 calls	47

#### Remote health advice syndromic surveillance system (England) bulletin

Insect bites NHS 111 online	49
Heat exposure or sunburn impact NHS 111 calls	
·	
Heat exposure or sunburn NHS 111 online	53
Notes and caveats	55
COVID-19 syndromic surveillance	55
Acknowledgements	57
About the UK Health Security Agency	58

# About this syndromic surveillance system

This bulletin presents data from the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) remote health advice syndromic surveillance system.

Syndromic surveillance can be used to:

- assess current trends
- assess current trends and levels compared to historical baselines
- compare trends between age groups/areas

Syndromic surveillance should not be used to:

- estimate total burden or number of 'cases' of a condition (see Notes and caveats)
- compare levels between age groups/areas

Fully anonymised, daily NHS 111 call and NHS 111 online assessment data are analysed and reported here, to identify and describe trends for a variety of syndromic indicators:

- syndromic indicators include groupings such as cold/flu, fever and diarrhoea
- syndromic indicators are based on:
  - symptoms (known as the Pathway) identified from both NHS 111 calls and NHS 111 online assessments
  - the potential COVID-19 syndromic indicator is based on the outcome (known as the Disposition), rather than the Pathway
- Key messages describes any notable trends nationally (England), by age group and/or by geographical area (based on UKHSA Regions)
- the full list of syndromic indicators reported here, along with their current level and trend, are summarised in Table 1
- charts are provided for each syndromic indicator, on a national basis, by age group and by geographical area (UKHSA Region). Each chart includes a year of data with:
  - 7-day moving averages (adjusted for weekends and bank holidays) to aid in the identification of trend
  - statistical baselines (where available) to aid in the assessment of level compared to historical expectations

For further information please see the **Notes and caveats** section.

Previous weekly bulletins from this system are available <u>here</u>.

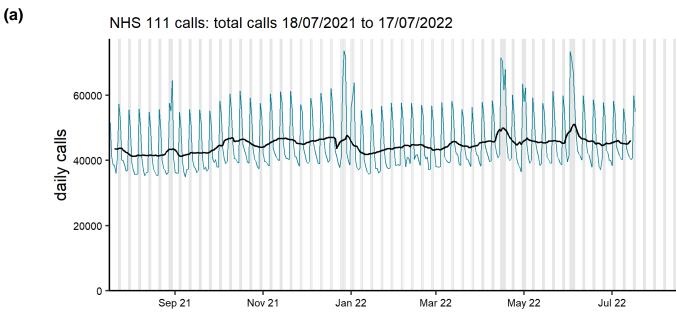
#### Data quality issues of note this week

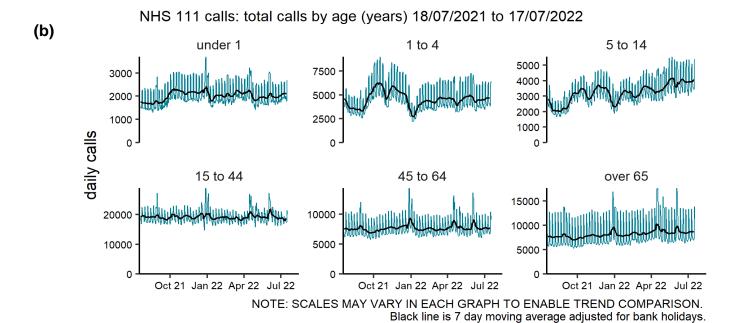
There was a decrease in NHS online assessment data received on 16 and 17 July. This is currently under investigation however trends presented in this report should be interpreted with some caution.

### **Total contacts**

#### NHS 111 calls

Figure 1: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.





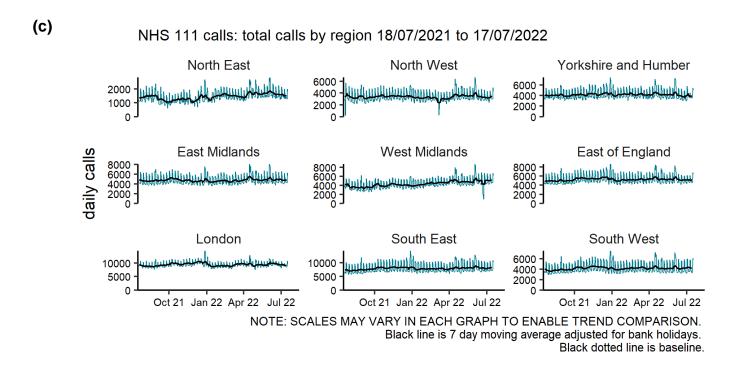
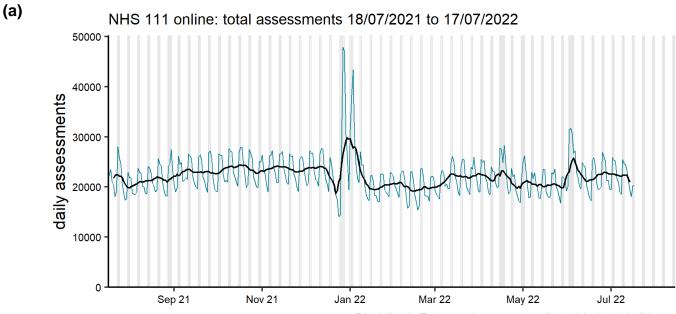


Table 2: The number of NHS 111 calls in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

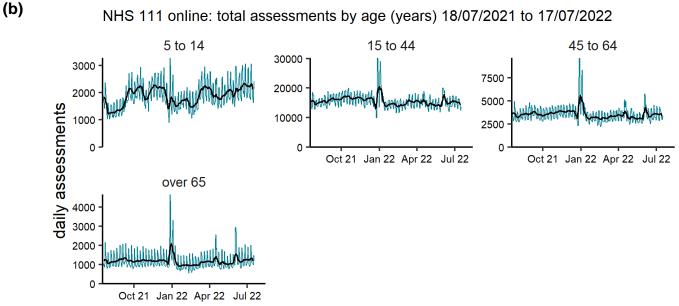
Date	Number of calls
11 July 2022	43,803
12 July 2022	42,128
13 July 2022	41,002
14 July 2022	40,271
15 July 2022	40,628
16 July 2022	59,818
17 July 2022	54,901

#### NHS 111 online

Figure 2: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (with 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) recorded in this syndromic surveillance system in England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



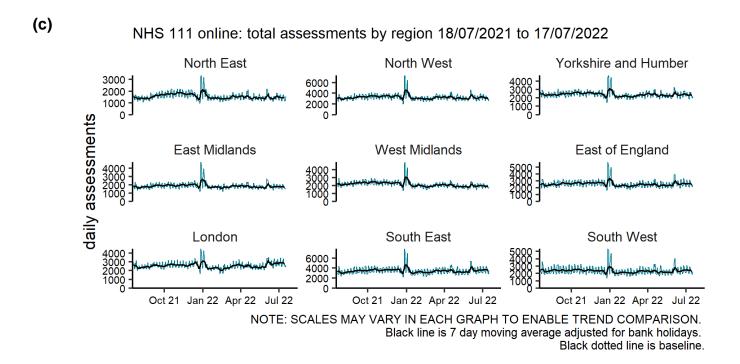


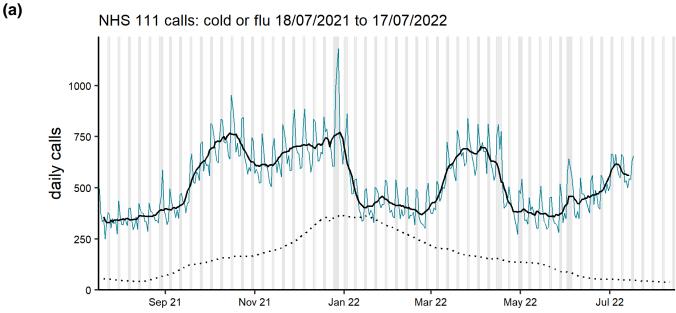
Table 3: The number of completed NHS 111 online assessments in England recorded each day in the most recent week.

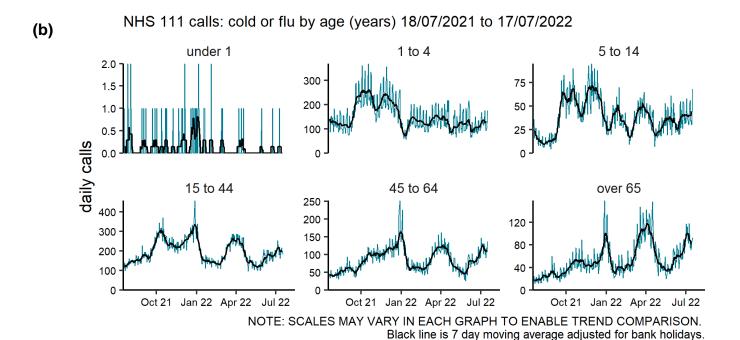
Date	Number of completed assessments
11 July 2022	24,186
12 July 2022	22,836
13 July 2022	20,834
14 July 2022	19,157
15 July 2022	17,852
16 July 2022	19,979
17 July 2022	20,060

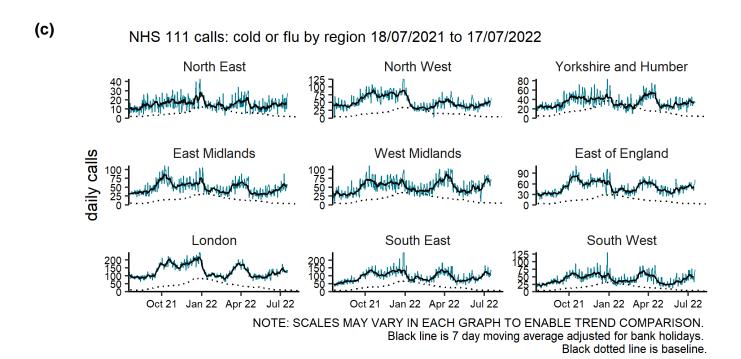
# **Respiratory conditions**

### Cold/flu NHS 111 calls

Figure 3: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cold/flu, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

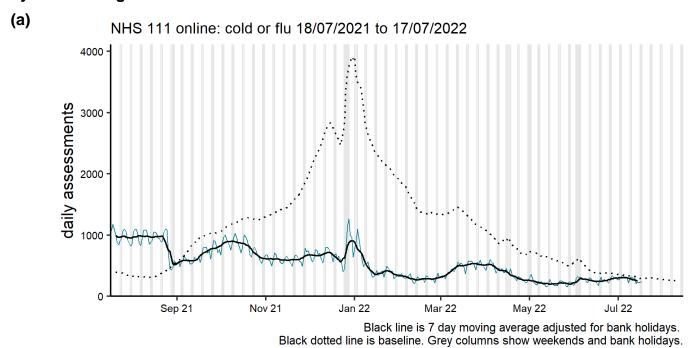




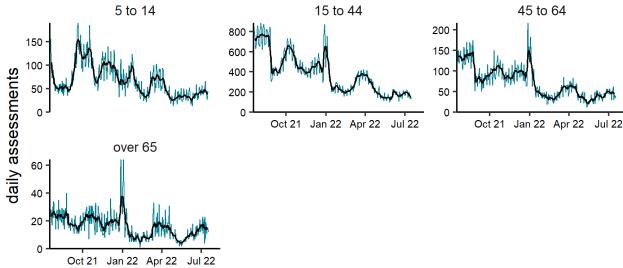


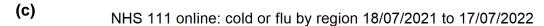
### Cold/flu NHS 111 online

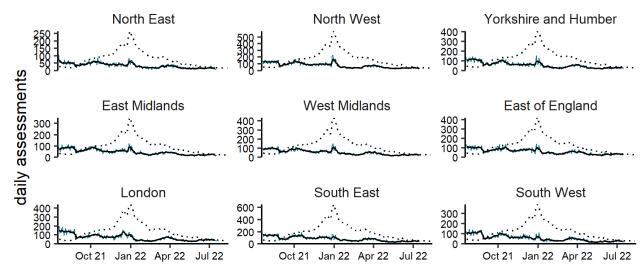
Figure 4: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cold/flu, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



(b) NHS 111 online: cold or flu by age (years) 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022







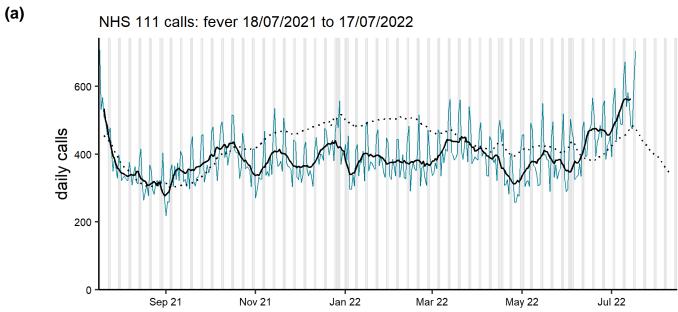
NOTE: SCALES MAY VARY IN EACH GRAPH TO ENABLE TREND COMPARISON.

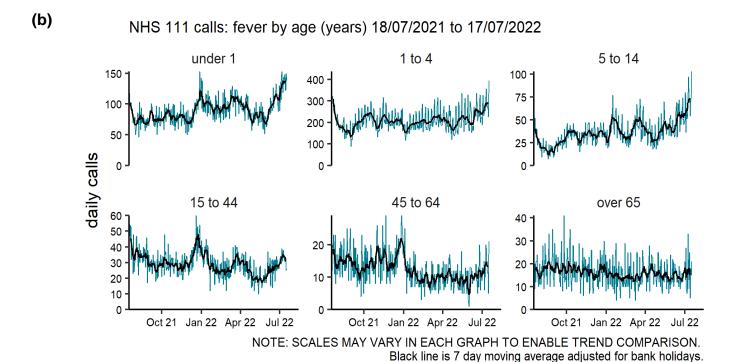
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays.

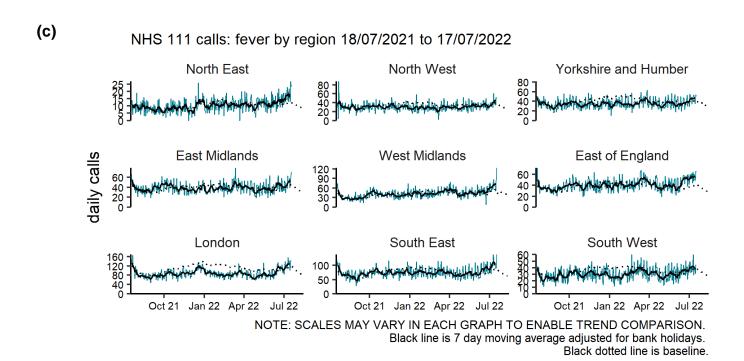
Black dotted line is baseline.

### Fever NHS 111 calls

Figure 5: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for fever, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.







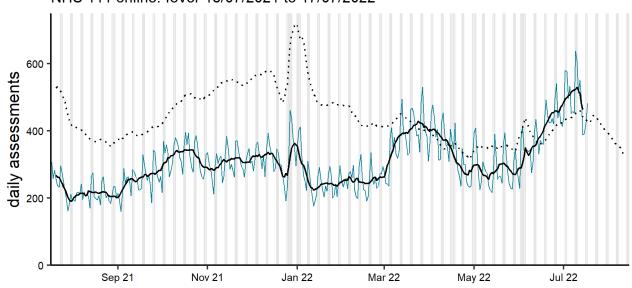
#### Fever NHS 111 online

Figure 6: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for fever, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

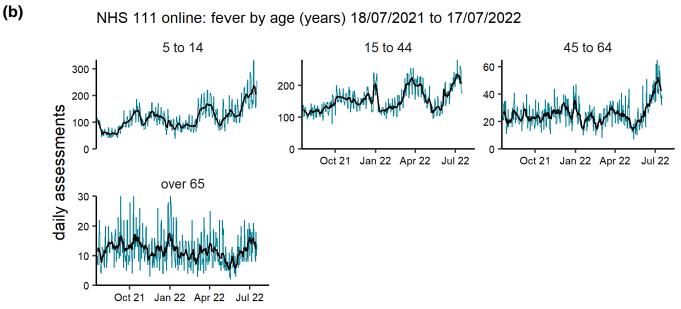
by UKHSA Region.

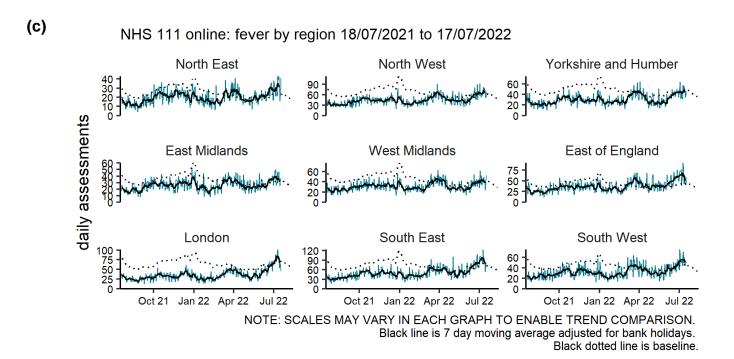
(a)

NHS 111 online: fever 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



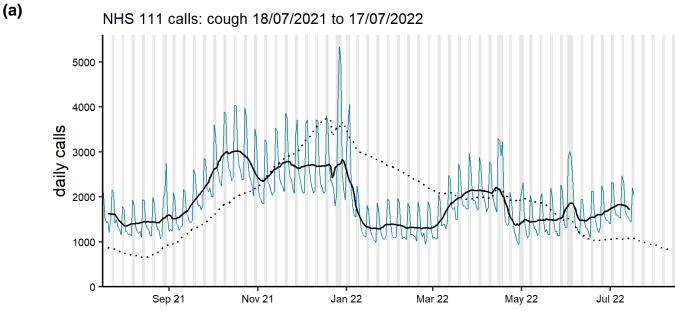
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

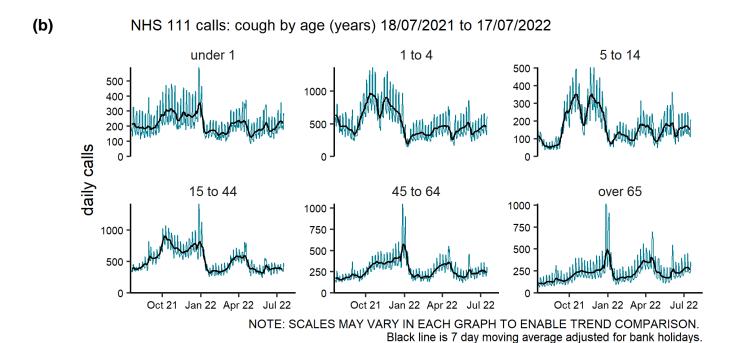


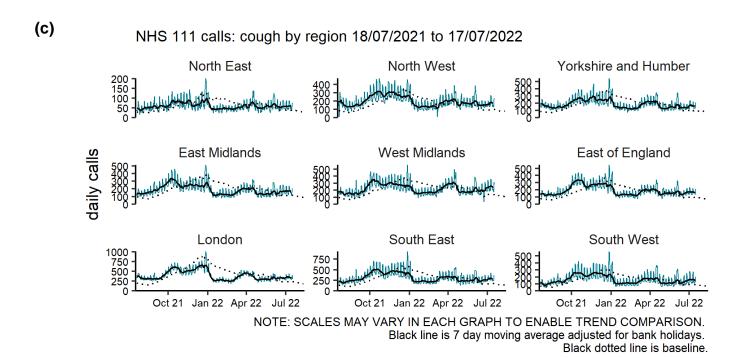


# Cough NHS 111 calls

Figure 7: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cough, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

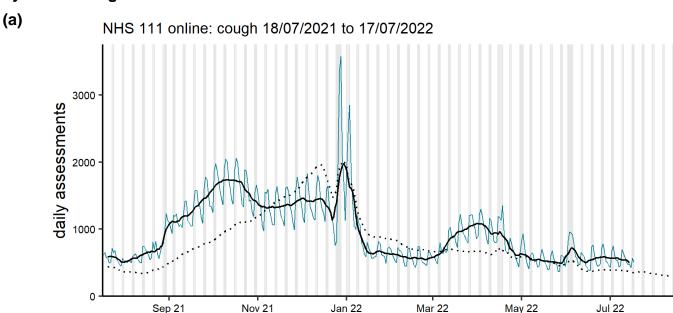




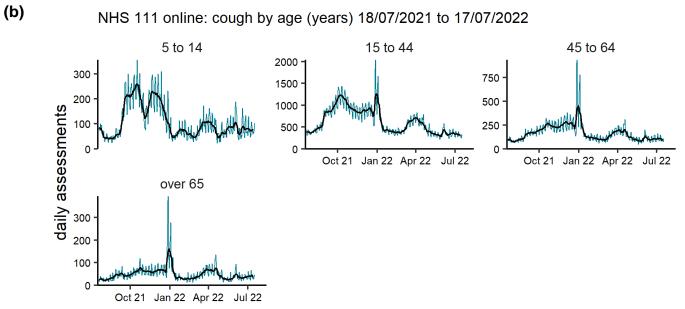


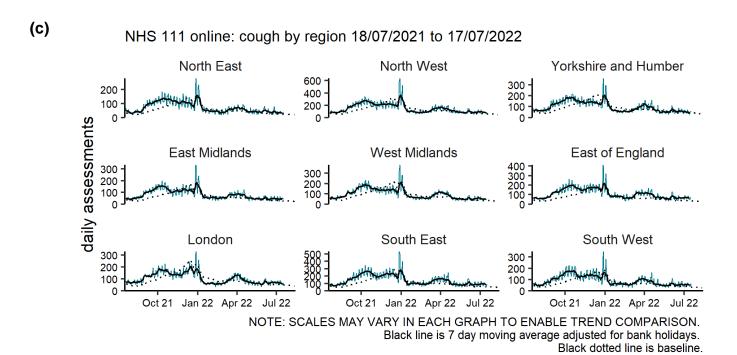
# Cough NHS 111 online

Figure 8: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for cough, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.



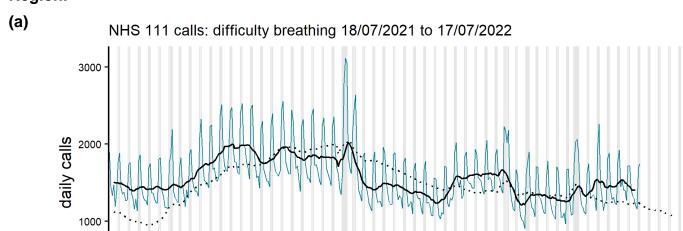


# Difficulty breathing NHS 111 calls

Sep 21

Nov 21

Figure 9: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for difficulty breathing, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

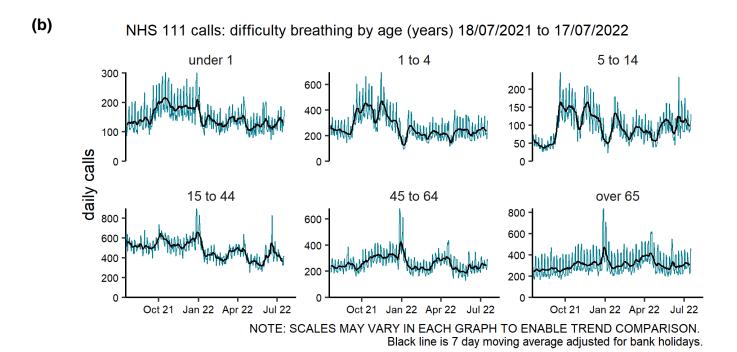


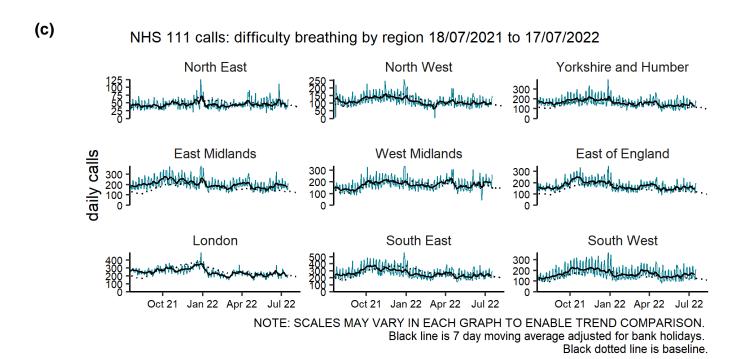
Jan 22

Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

May 22

Mar 22





500

Sep 21

Nov 21

# Difficulty breathing NHS 111 online

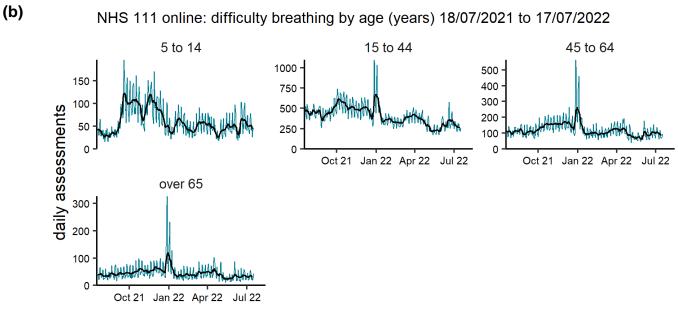
Figure 10: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for difficulty breathing, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

(a) NHS 111 online: difficulty breathing 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022 2000 daily assessments 1500 1000

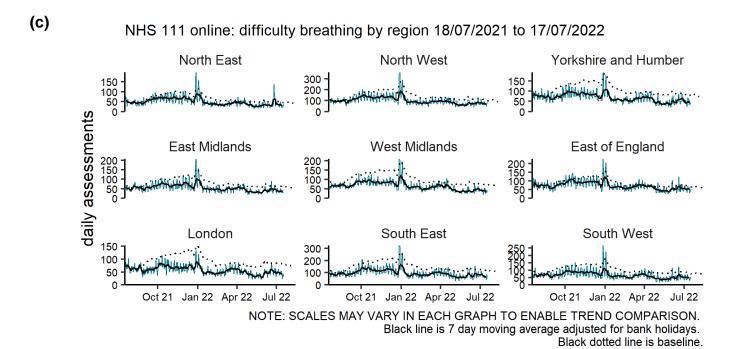
> Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

May 22

Mar 22

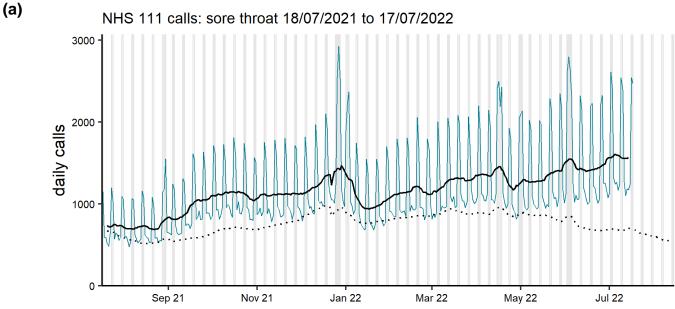


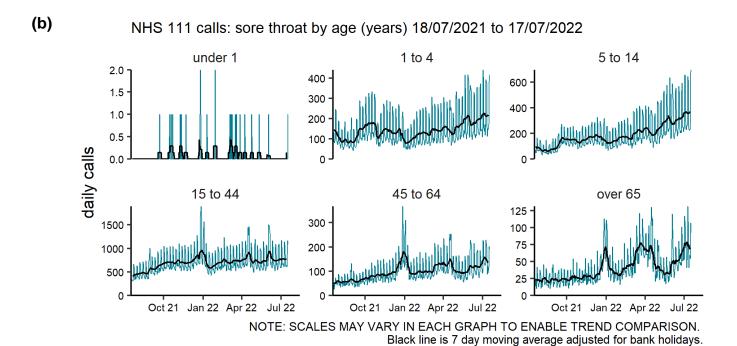
Jan 22

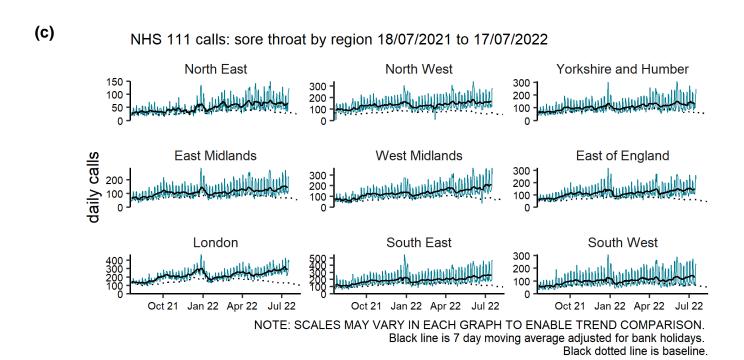


### Sore throat NHS 111 calls

Figure 11: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for sore throat, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

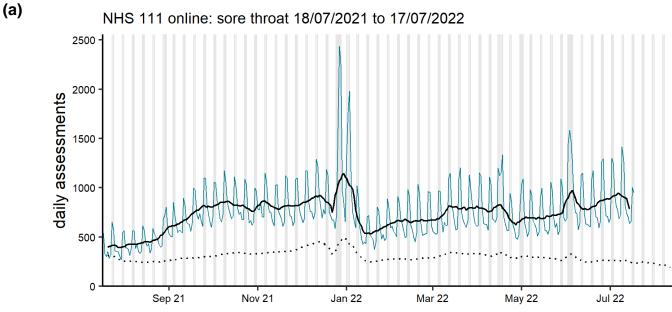




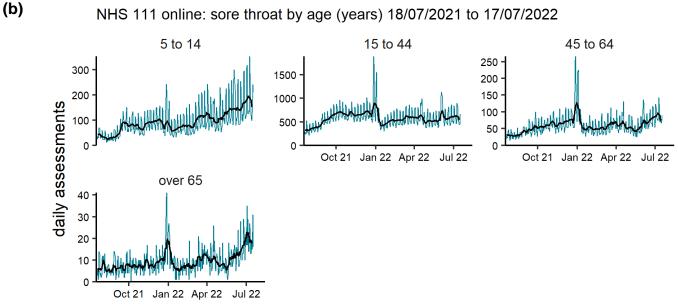


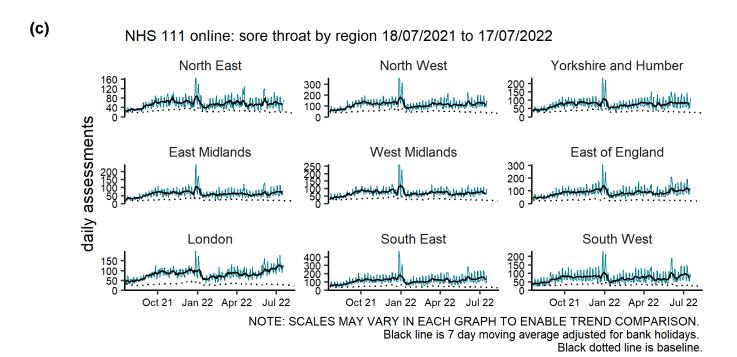
### Sore throat NHS 111 online

Figure 12: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for sore throat, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



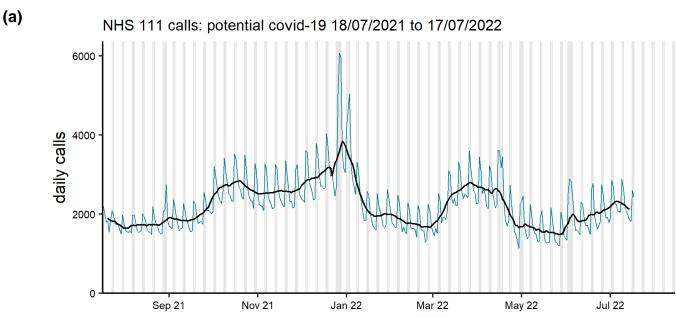
Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

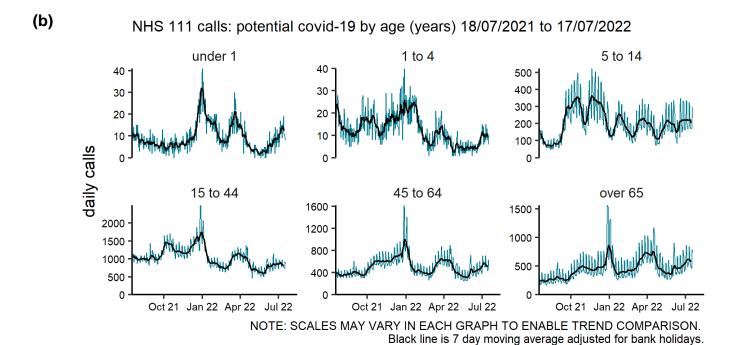


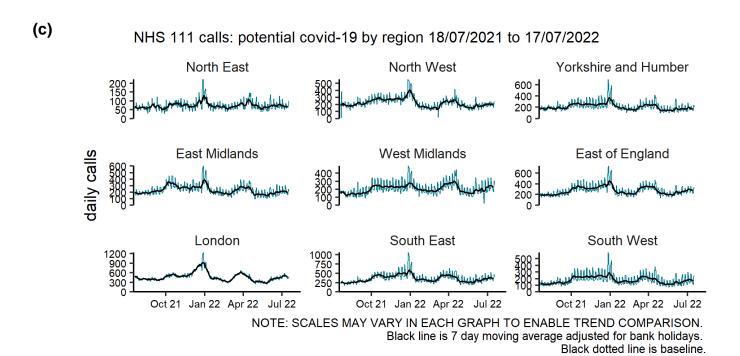


### Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 calls

Figure 13: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for potential COVID-19, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



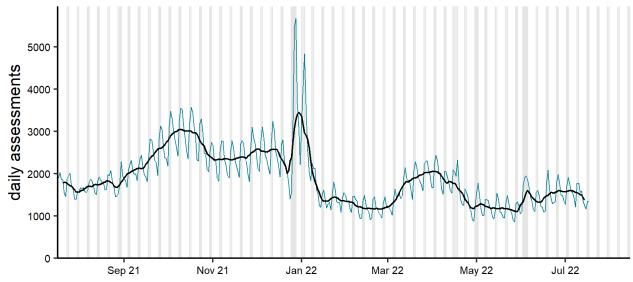




### Potential COVID-19 NHS 111 online

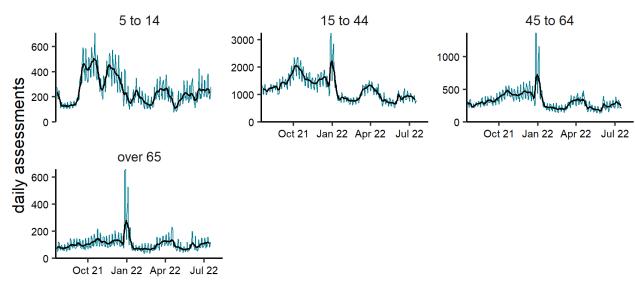
Figure 14: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for potential COVID-19, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

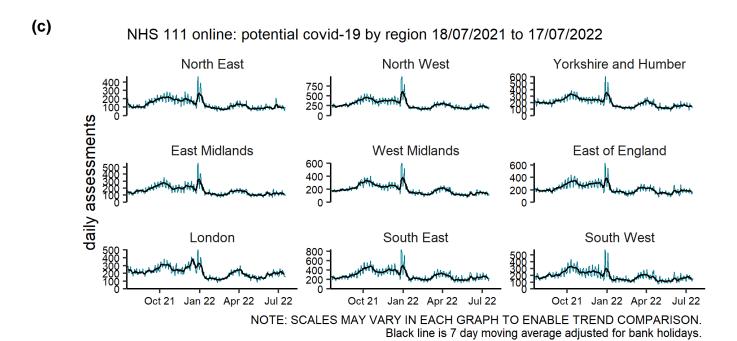
(a) NHS 111 online: potential covid-19 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

(b) NHS 111 online: potential covid-19 by age (years) 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



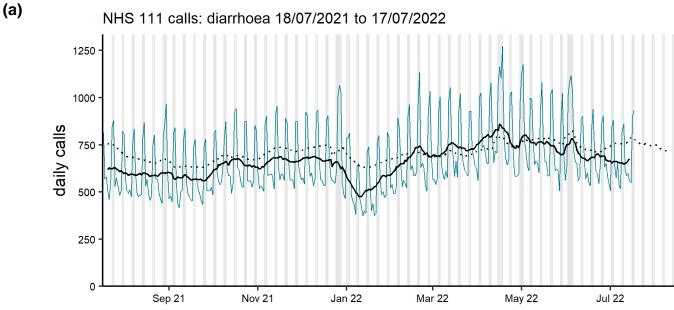


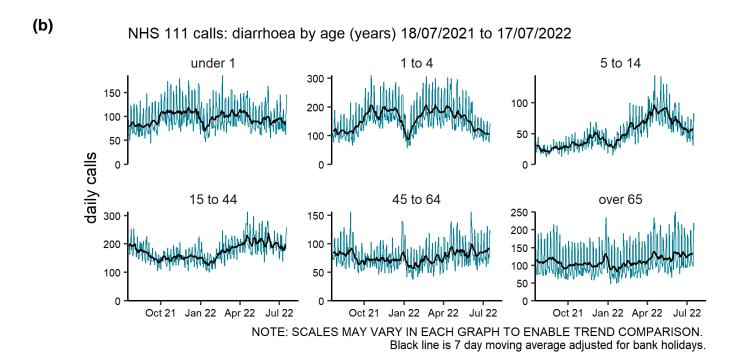
Black dotted line is baseline.

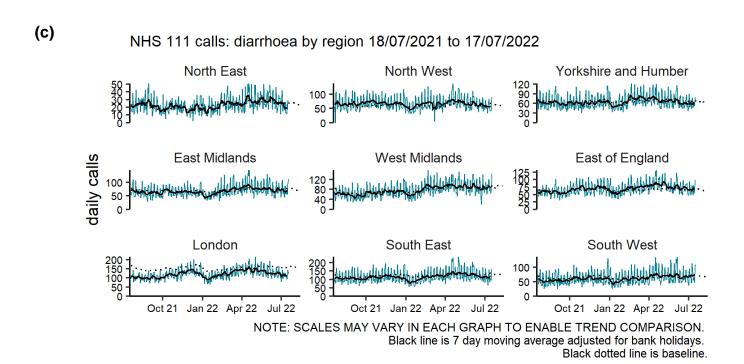
## **Gastrointestinal conditions**

#### Diarrhoea NHS 111 calls

Figure 15: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



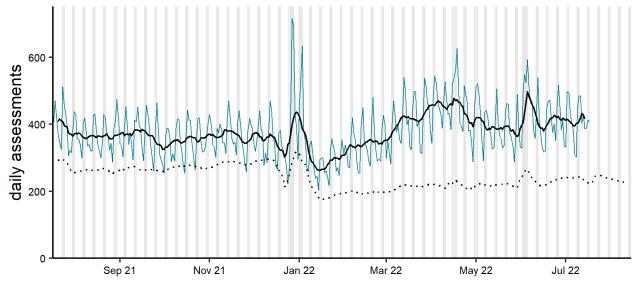




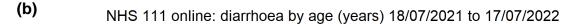
#### Diarrhoea NHS 111 online

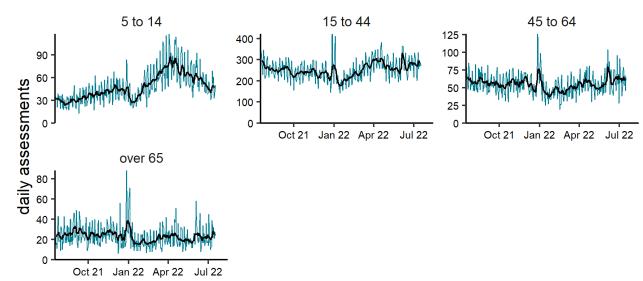
Figure 16: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for diarrhoea, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

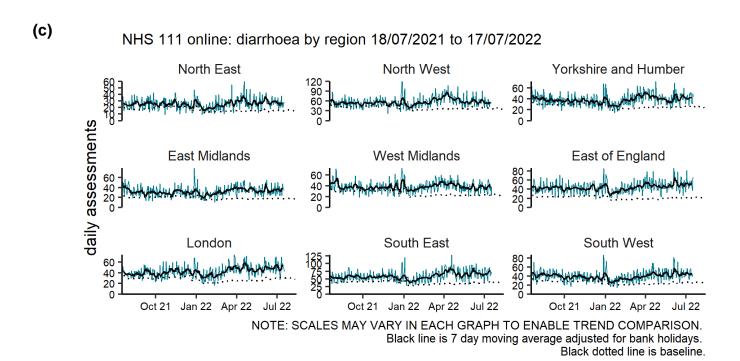
(a) NHS 111 online: diarrhoea 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

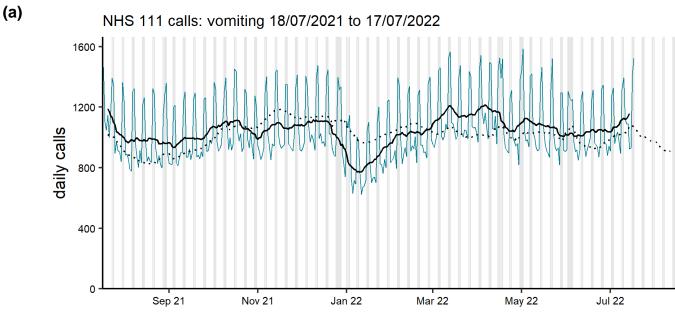


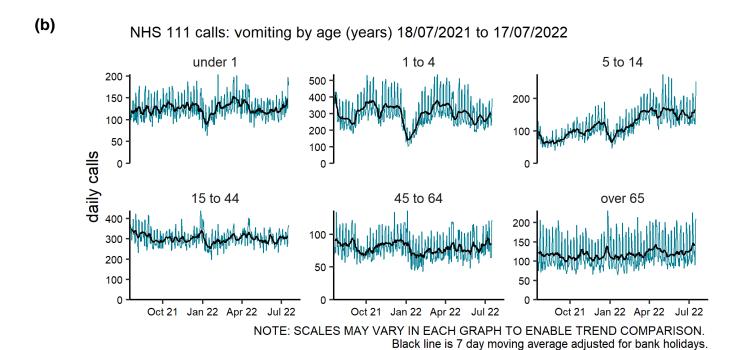


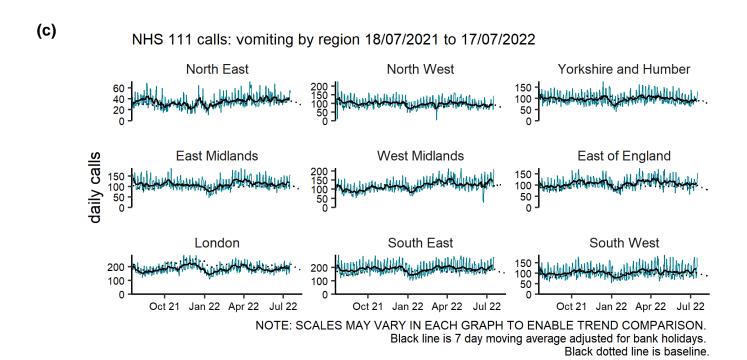


## Vomiting NHS 111 calls

Figure 17: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

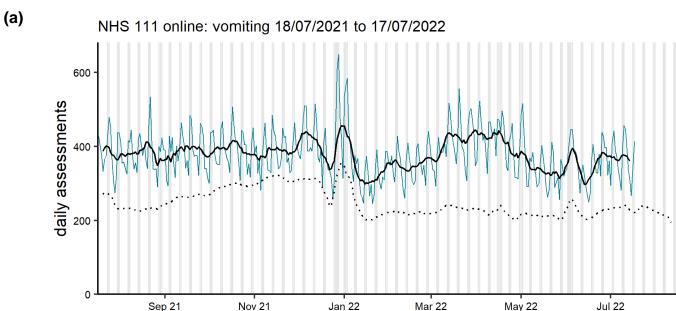




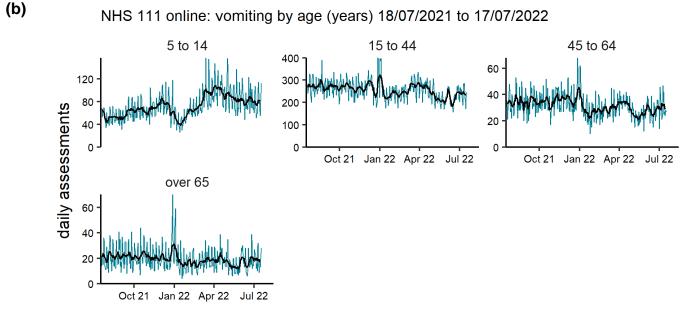


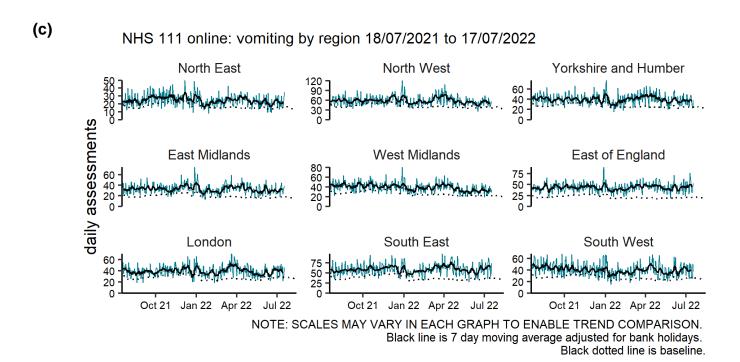
## Vomiting NHS 111 online

Figure 18: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for vomiting, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.





#### Seasonal environmental conditions

During set periods of the year the Met Office operates both heat and cold weather watch systems, in association with UKHSA. Syndromic indicators are used to monitor the impact of both extreme hot and cold weather in England during these periods and will be included below (where an appropriate syndromic indicator is available).

Cold weather alert period: 1 November to 31 March

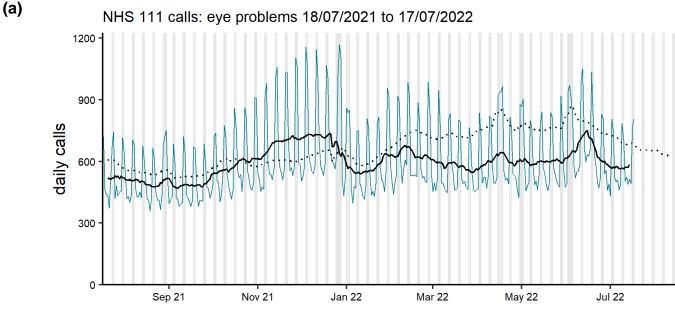
Heat-Health Alert period:1 June to 15 September

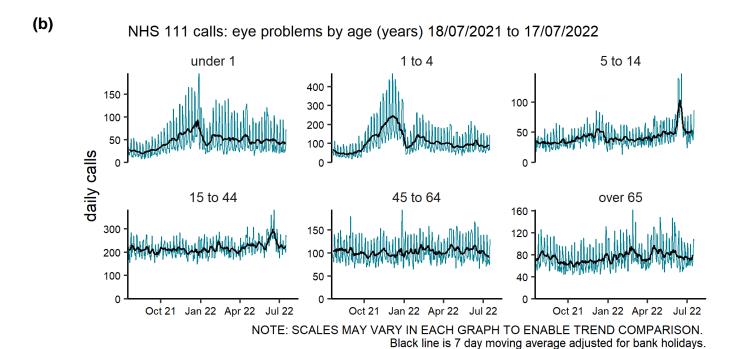
Highest weather alert level duing the current reporting week:

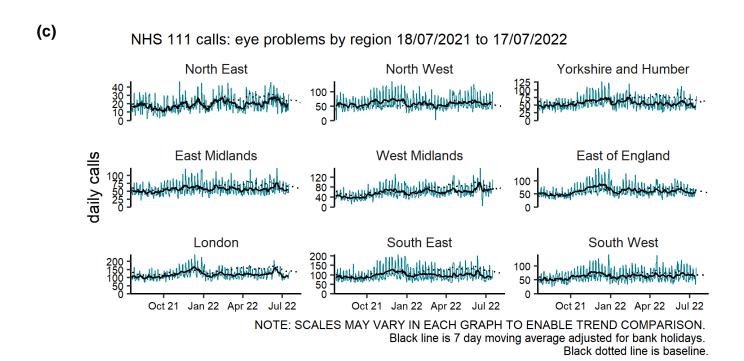
Level 3 - Heatwave action

## Eye problems NHS 111 calls

Figure 19: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

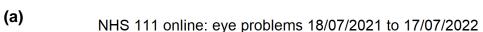


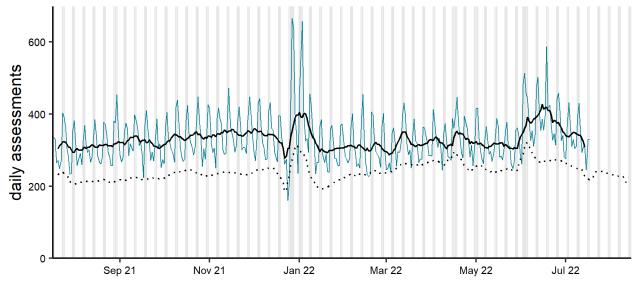




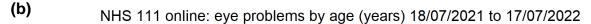
## Eye problems NHS 111 online

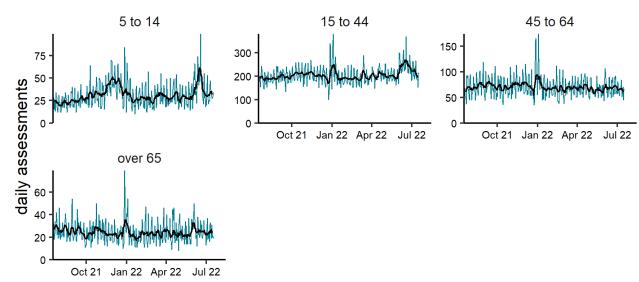
Figure 20: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for eye problems, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

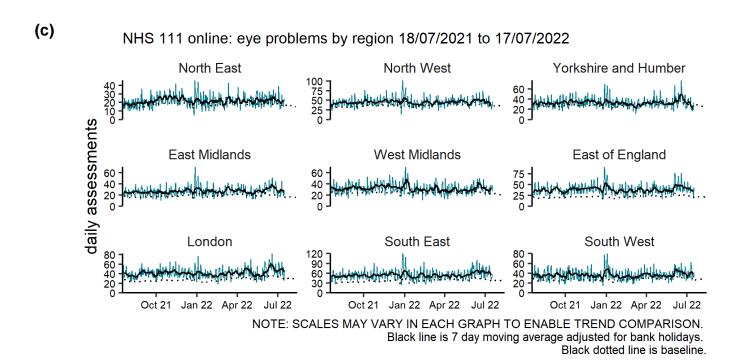




Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.





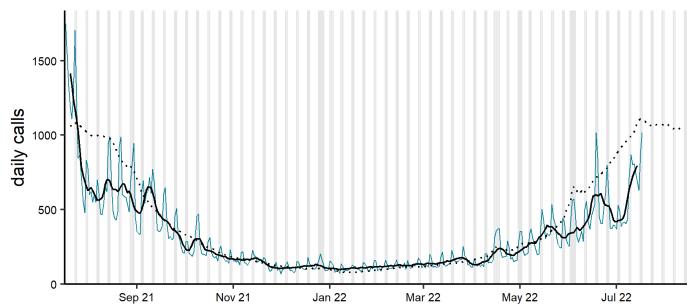


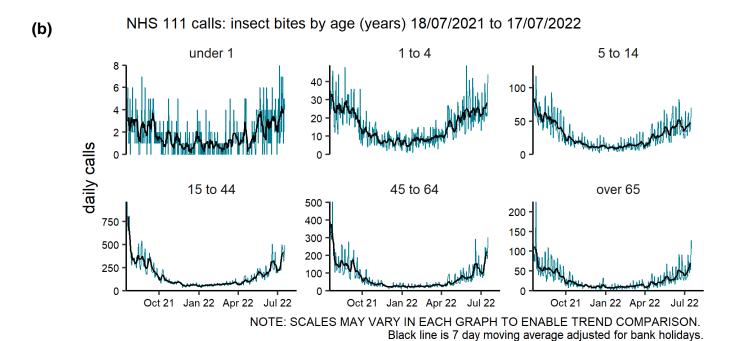
#### Insect bites NHS 111 calls

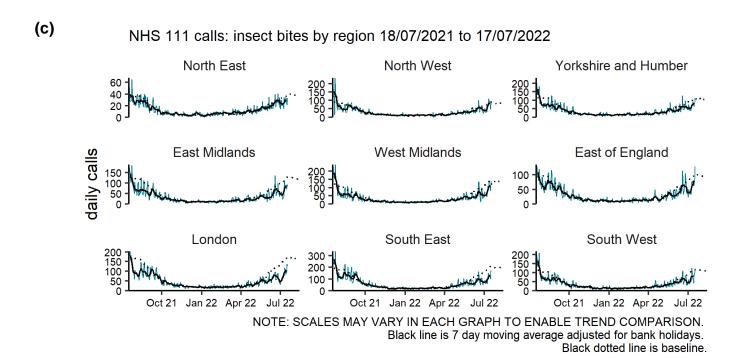
Figure 21: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for insect bites, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

(a)

NHS 111 calls: insect bites 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



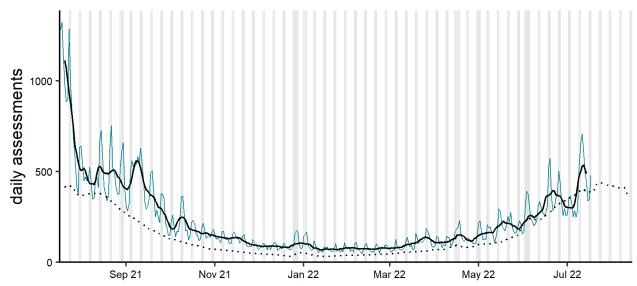




#### Insect bites NHS 111 online

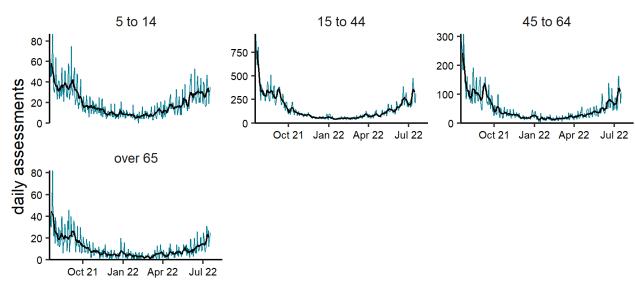
Figure 22: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for insect bites, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

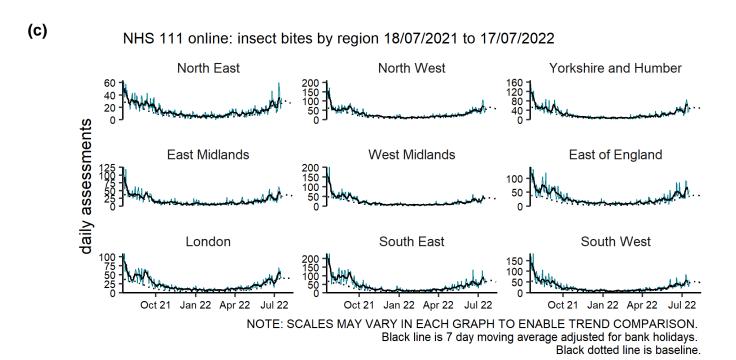
(a) NHS 111 online: insect bites 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.

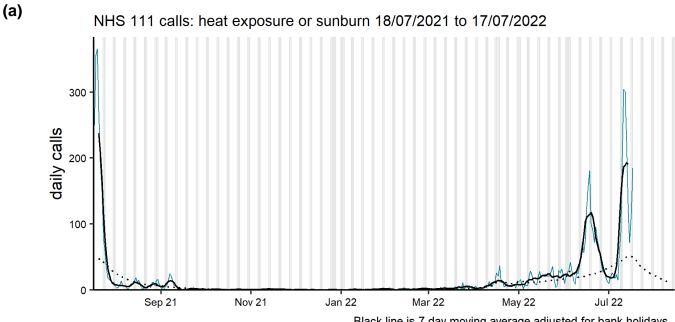
(b) NHS 111 online: insect bites by age (years) 18/07/2021 to 17/07/2022

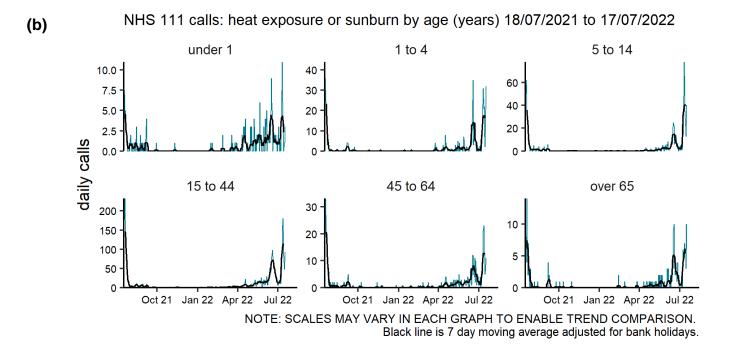


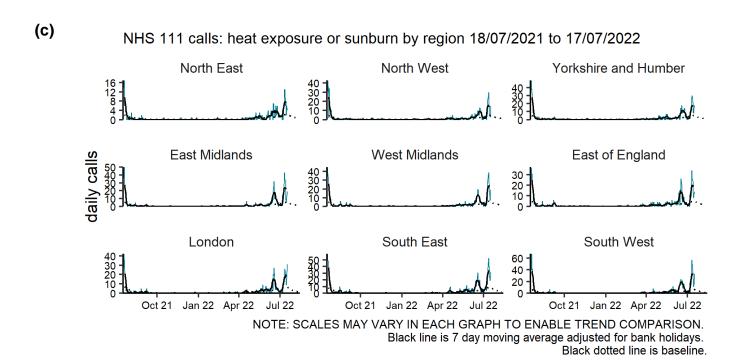


## Heat exposure or sunburn NHS 111 calls

Figure 23: Daily number of NHS 111 calls (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for heat exposure or sunburn, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.

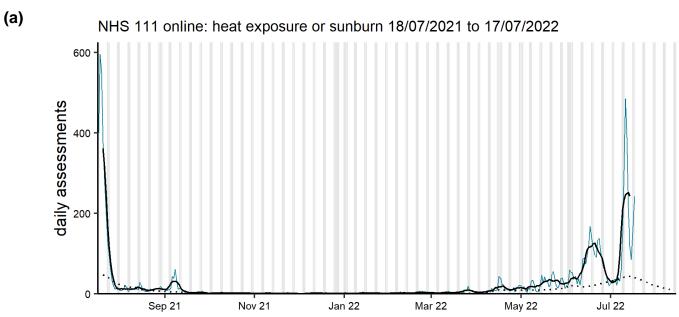




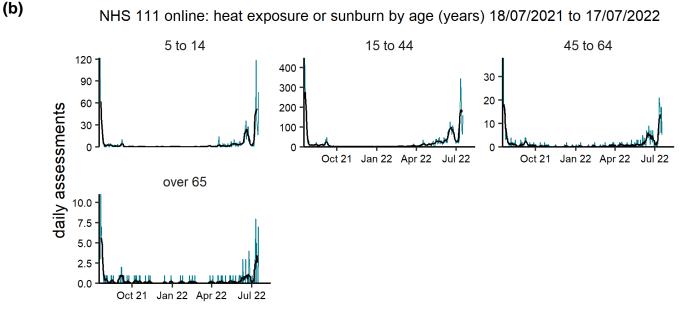


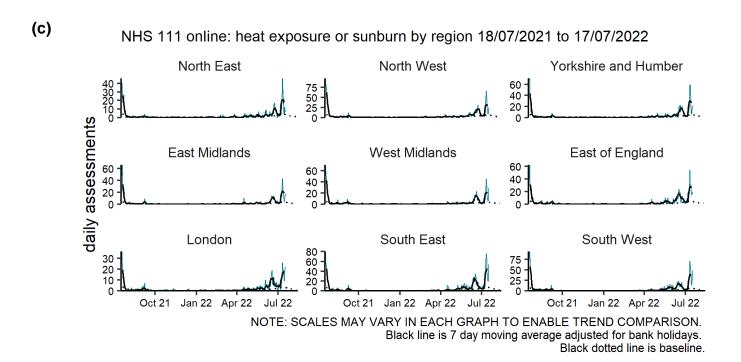
#### Heat exposure or sunburn NHS 111 online

Figure 24: Daily number of completed NHS 111 online assessments (and 7-day moving average adjusted for bank holidays) for heat exposure or sunburn, England (a) nationally, (b) by age and (c) by UKHSA Region.



Black line is 7 day moving average adjusted for bank holidays. Black dotted line is baseline. Grey columns show weekends and bank holidays.





#### **Notes and caveats**

The following additional caveats apply to the UKHSA remote health advice syndromic surveillance system:

- all NHS 111 syndromic trends should be interpreted with caution due to changes in national advice and guidance regarding access to health care services as well as updates and changes to service provision during the COVID-19 pandemic
- data presented should be used to monitor trends rather than numbers of 'cases':
  - NHS 111 calls data may not include the most urgent calls which are rapidly redirected to ambulance services
  - any user that launches an online assessment may access the service multiple times and can change their answers and follow multiple journeys through the online system: only complete assessments are included here
  - an individual may use both the NHS 111 online and NHS 111 telephony services; counts from the two services cannot be considered as distinct counts of individuals
  - NHS 111 online assessment data does not include children under 5 years of age

#### baselines:

- o were last remodelled May 2021
- o are constructed from historical data since January 2018
- represent seasonally expected levels of activity
- take account of any known substantial changes in data collection, population coverage or reporting practices
  - the COVID-19 pandemic period is excluded, to show seasonally expected levels if COVID-19 had not occurred
- may be remodelled to include the impacts seen during periods of the COVID-19 pandemic if/when appropriate due to introduction of large scale public health interventions which affect NHS 111 usage
- as NHS 111 systems evolve to meet service needs, we continue to work with NHS 111 and NHS England to ensure that:
  - changes impacting on syndromic indicators reported in this bulletin are identified and accounted for as far as possible
  - changes are described in: Data quality issues of note this week
- further information about NHS 111 can be found here

#### COVID-19 syndromic surveillance

The 'potential COVID-19' syndromic indicator reported here for all NHS 111 data is based on the outcome of each call or online assessment (known as the disposition), not the symptom (Pathway) selected:

potential COVID-19 is the only syndromic indicator which is based on disposition

- potential COVID-19 calls and online assessments may therefore also appear in other syndromic indicators based on the Pathway of each call or online assessment
- these data are based on potential COVID-19 symptoms reported and are not based on outcomes of tests for coronavirus

# **Acknowledgements**

We are grateful to NHS 111 and to NHS Digital for their assistance and support in providing the anonymised data that underpin this system.

# About the UK Health Security Agency

UKHSA is responsible for protecting every member of every community from the impact of infectious diseases, chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear incidents and other health threats. We provide intellectual, scientific and operational leadership at national and local level, as well as on the global stage, to make the nation heath secure.

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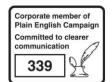
Prepared by: Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team

For queries relating to this document, please contact: syndromic.surveillance@ukhsa.gov.uk

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