

Quarterly Epidemiological Commentary: mandatory MRSA, MSSA, Gram-negative bacteraemias and *C. difficile* infection

January - March 2022

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Gram-negative bacteraemias (E. coli, Klebsiella spp. and P. aeruginosa)

P. aeruginosa bacteraemia



January - March 2021

8 out of every

100,000 persons developed a P. aeruginosa bacteraemia January - March 2022

7

out of every
100,000 persons
developed a
P. aeruginosa bacteraemia



Klebsiella spp. bacteraemia



January - March 2021

21
out of every
100,000 persons
developed a

Klebsiella spp. bacteraemia

January - March 2022

19

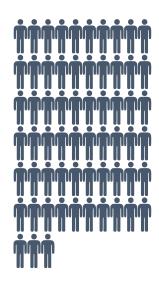
out of every

100,000 persons developed a

Klehsiella spp. bacteraemia



E. coli bacteraemia



January - March 2021

63

out of every

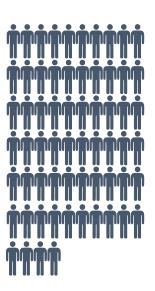
100,000 persons developed an *E. coli* bacteraemia

January - March 2022

64

out of every

100,000 persons developed an E. coli bacteraemia



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S. aureus (MRSA and MSSA) bacteraemia and C. difficile infections

MRSA bacteraemia

January - March 2021

out of every 100,000 persons developed a MRSA bacteraemia January - March 2022

out of every 100,000 persons developed a MRSA bacteraemia



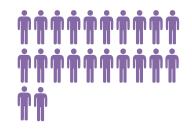
MSSA bacteraemia

January - March 2021

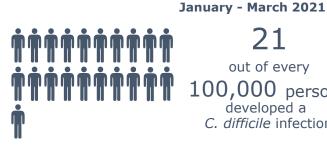
out of every 100,000 persons developed a MSSA bacteraemia

January - March 2022

out of every 100,000 persons developed a MSSA bacteraemia



C. difficile infection



out of every 100,000 persons developed a C. difficile infection

January - March 2022

out of every 100,000 persons developed a C. difficile infection

